Third Quarter results • 2012



Q3 /2012

THIRD QUARTER FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS Compared to the same period a year ago:

TOTAL REVENUE AFTER PCLs OF P\$4,244 MILLION, VERSUS P\$3.576 MILLION

NET INCOME OF P\$1,318 MILLION VERSUS P\$759 MILLION PRODUCTIVITY RATIO OF 67.0% VERSUS 65.9% BANK'S CAPITAL RATIO OF 17.2% VERSUS 16.3% PROVISIONS FOR CREDIT LOSSES OF P\$186 MILLION, VERSUS P\$512 MILLION

Grupo Scotiabank reports earnings of P\$1,318 million for the third quarter

Scotiabank Mexico

Financial and Operating Indicators:

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CONTINUED GROWTH:

- Business loans up 2%
- Mortgages up 10%
- Demand and Savings account balances up 5%

CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT:

- Past due portfolio at 2.6% of total loans, without change in comparison to 2.6% in the prior year
- Allowance for credit losses coverage at 103% of past due portfolio compared to 117% in the prior year
- 2 EFFICIENCY:
 - Productivity ratio of 69.2% versus 65.8% in the prior year

Mexico D.F., October 31, 2012 – Grupo Scotiabank today announced results for the Third quarter of 2012. Consolidated net income was P\$1,318 million in the quarter, an increase of P\$559 million or 74% from the same period last year. This result includes the effect of a tax recovery from past periods in one of the Group's companies. On a core basis, this quarter's results show an increase of P\$406 million or 53% from the same period last year.

The main drivers of these results compared to the prior year were higher net interest income, lower provisions for credit losses and lower tax expense, partially offset by lower non-interest revenues and higher operating expenses.

Total revenue for the quarter, after provisions for credit losses, increased P\$668 million or 19% compared to the same period last year, reflecting higher net interest income from the positive growth in retail volumes as well as a decrease in provisions for credit losses. Total business loans increased 2% while retail volumes grew 10% particularly in mortgages, credit cards and personal loans compared to the same quarter last year. Low cost demand and savings deposits were up 5% during the same period.

Loan loss provisions decreased P\$326 million or 64% from the same quarter last year, due mainly to lower provisions in the commercial portfolio and in mortgages. Operating expenses grew 10% or P\$273 million due to higher salaries and fees, depreciation and amortization costs and other costs as a result of growth initiatives.

The Bank's capital ratio remained strong at 17.2% this quarter from 16.3% a year ago; well above regulatory requirements. Return on equity this quarter was 17%, compared to 10% during the same period last year.

Items of note:

In August Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V. had a tax recovery from past periods mainly because of a favorable ruling allowing the deductibility of certain losses from those periods, this had a net effect of P\$153 million.

In August 2012 Scotiabank Inverlat Group announced that it had signed an agreement under which, subject to regulatory approval, it will acquire all of the assets of Credito Familiar, S.A. de C.V (Credito Familiar). Credito Familiar is a Sociedad Financiera de Objeto Multiple, Entidad Regulada a regulated, specialized emerging retail and micro-lending company, part of Grupo Financiero Banamex.

In early October, Scotiabank Inverlat Group named Troy Wright as the new Executive Vice President and CEO of both Scotiabank Inverlat, S.A. and Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, S.A.

Non-Financial Highlights:

Standard & Poor's confirmed both Scotiabank Inverlat's and Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa's local ratings of mxAAA, for long term and mxA-1+, for short term, and, for Scotiabank, a global rating of BBB /A-2, with a stable outlook.

Scotiabank Inverlat was recognized by the Mexico City Government as a health champion in recognition for its diverse initiatives promoting employee health and wellbeing.

A survey by Expansion magazine ranked Scotiabank Inverlat as second best place amongst financial institutions to launch and develop your professional career.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Grupo Scotiabank Condensed Financial Information	Nine mont	Nine months ended	
	Sep	Sep	
	30, 2012	30, 2011	
Net Income (P\$ millions):			
Scotiabank Mexico	3,291	2,117	
Holding company and other subsidiaries	415	194	
Total Group	3,706	2,311	
ROE	16%	10%	

Three months ended			
Sep	Jun	Sep	
30, 2012	30, 2012	30, 2011	
1,090	1,152	689	
228	79	70	
1,318	1,231	759	
17%	16%	10%	

Grupo Scotiabank Condensed Statement of Income	Nine months ended	
(P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	Sep	Sep
	30, 2012	30, 2011
Net Interest income	7,992	7,456
Other Income	5,381	4,895
Revenue	13,373	12,351
Provision for credit losses	(639)	(1,526)
Total Revenue after provisions for credit losses	12,734	10,825
Operating expenses	(8,539)	(7,688)
Operational Profit	4,195	3,137
Participation in results of non-consolidated subsidiaries		
and associated companies	1	1
Profit before income tax	4,196	3,138
Income tax	(490)	(827)
Profit after income tax	3,706	2,311

Three months ended			
Sep	Jun	Sep	
30, 2012	30, 2012	30, 2011	
2,803	2,681	2,378	
1,627	1,836	1,710	
4,430	4,517	4,088	
(186)	(131)	(512)	
4,244	4,386	3,576	
(2,966)	(2,875)	(2,693)	
1,278	1,511	883	
-	1	-	
1,278	1,512	883	
40	(281)	(124)	
1,318	1,231	759	

Grupo Scotiabank is a member of the Scotiabank family. Scotiabank is one of North America's premier financial institutions and Canada's most international bank.

Grupo Scotiabank is one of the leading financial groups in Mexico, with 711 branches and 1,565 ATMs throughout the country. It employs approximately 10,595 people in its main subsidiaries: Scotiabank Mexico, Scotia Fondos, Scotia Casa de Bolsa and Servicios Corporativos Scotia. Together these companies offer an extensive range of financial products and services for individuals, small businesses and multinational corporations.

See Scotiabank Mexico at: www.scotiabank.com.mx

Shares held by Grupo Scotiabank

Scotiabank Mexico99.9999%Scotia Casa de Bolsa99.9864%Scotia Fondos99.9999%Servicios Corporativos Scotia99.9999%

Grupo Scotiabank, Scotia Casa de Bolsa, Scotia Fondos and Servicios Corporativos Scotia are the trade names of, respectively: Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, S.A de C.V.; Scotiabank Inverlat S.A.; Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa S.A. de C.V.; Scotia Fondos S.A. de C.V. and Servicios Corporativos Scotia S.A. de C.V.

Scotiabank Mexico

Total revenue, after provision for credit losses, was P\$3,788 million for the third quarter of 2012, a P\$462 million or 14% increase from the same period last year. The year-over-year growth was due primarily to higher net interest revenue and lower provisions for credit losses. The increase in net interest income from last year was due mainly to the growth in the mortgage and personal loan portfolio, as well as in demand and savings deposits. These were partially offset by lower non-interest revenues, lower trading revenues and lower loan loss recoveries.

Compared to last quarter, total revenues, after provisions for credit losses, were lower by P\$308 million or 8%. This decrease was the result of lower non-interest revenues and higher provisions for credit losses, partially offset by higher net interest revenue.

Net income after tax was P\$1,090 million this quarter compared to P\$689 million in the same period last year. The increase was primarily the result of higher net interest income, lower provisions for credit losses and lower taxes, partially offset by higher operating expenses and lower non-interest revenues.

Net income after tax decreased P\$62 million from last quarter due to lower non-interest revenues and higher provisions for credit losses, partially offset by higher net interest income and lower taxes.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012, after-tax income was P\$3,291 million, compared to P\$2,117 million in the same period last year. The increase was largely due to higher net interest income, higher non-interest revenues, lower provisions for credit losses and a lower effective tax rate, partially offset by higher expenses.

Scotiabank Mexico Condensed Statement of Income	Nine months ended	
(P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	Sep 30, 2012	Sep 30, 2011
Interest earned	11,760	10,906
Interest paid	(3,952)	(3,568)
Net interest income	7,808	7,338
Other income	4,484	4,216
Revenue	12,292	11,554
Provision for credit losses	(639)	(1,526)
Total Revenue after provision for credit losses	11,653	10,028
Operating expenses	(7,990)	(7,166)
Operational Profit	3,663	2,862
Participation in results of non-consolidated subsidiaries and associated companies	1	1
Profit before income tax	3,664	2,863
Income tax	(373)	(746)
Profit after income tax	3,291	2,117

Three months ended			
Sep	Jun	Sep	
30, 2012	30, 2012	30, 2011	
4,091	3,917	3,715	
(1,349)	(1,308)	(1,279)	
2,742	2,609	2,436	
1,232	1,618	1,402	
3,974	4,227	3,838	
(186)	(131)	(512)	
3,788	4,096	3,326	
(2,749)	(2,705)	(2,525)	
1,039	1,391	801	
-	1	-	
1,039	1,392	801	
51	(240)	(112)	
1,090	1,152	689	

Net Interest Income

Net interest income was P\$2,742 million in the third quarter of 2012, P\$306 million or 13% higher compared to the same quarter last year and P\$133 million or 5% higher when compared to last quarter. The increase from last quarter was driven by higher revenue from securities investments and higher volumes in retail loans, as well as higher demand and savings deposits. The increase from the same period last year was driven by higher revenue from securities investments and higher volumes in retail loans.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012, net interest income was P\$7,808 million, up P\$470 million or 6% from the same period last year. This increase was due primarily to higher retail and business loan volumes as well as higher volumes from demand and saving deposits.

Based on the Bank's overall cost of funds, the interest spread on earning assets was as follows:

Scotiabank Mexico	Nine months ended			
Analysis of Interest Income	September 30, 2012		September	30, 2011
(P\$ millions, whole year average)	Volume	Spread	Volume	Spread
Deposits with banks	21,070	1.7%	20,799	1.7%
Securities	17,515	3.3%	10,652	3.2%
Loans	110,103	8.5%	106,597	8.6%

Other Income

Scotiabank Mexico Other Income	Nine months ended	
(P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	Sep	Sep
	30, 2012	30, 2011
Commissions and fees (net)	1,703	1,365
Revenues from trading and intermediation	429	541
Other operational income (net)	2,352	2,310
Total Other Income	4,484	4,216

Three months ended			
Sep	Jun	Sep	
30, 2012	31, 2012	30, 2011	
567	627	493	
(23)	109	249	
688	882	660	
1,232	1,618	1,402	

Other income for the quarter was P\$1,232 million, down P\$170 million or 12% from the same period last year. This was due to lower trading revenues and lower recoveries. These were partially offset by higher revenues from checking account and credit card commissions, insurance and mutual fund fees, as well as higher revenues from the sale of foreclosed assets.

Compared to last quarter, the P\$386 million decrease in Other income was due primarily to lower revenue from trading activities, lower checking account commissions and loan related fees, lower recoveries as well as higher write offs.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012, Other income was P\$4,484 million, P\$268 million or 6% higher than the same period last year. The increase resulted from higher checking account and credit card commissions, higher loan loss recoveries and lower write offs. These were partially offset by lower other recoveries and lower trading revenues.

Scotiabank Mexico Commissions and fees (net)	Nine mont	Nine months ended	
(P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	Sep 30, 2012	Sep 30, 2011	
Loan commissions	150	157	
Account handling commissions	397	165	
Credit card commissions	503	426	
Trust	144	160	
Electronic banking	181	169	
Other	328	288	
Total commissions and fees (net)	1,703	1,365	

Three months ended			
Sep	Jun	Sep	
30, 2012	30, 2012	30, 2011	
49	51	48	
133	152	56	
181	165	160	
46	52	57	
58	65	57	
100	142	115	
567	627	493	

Net commissions and fees were P\$567 million this quarter, P\$74 million or 15% higher than the same period last year but P\$60 million or 10% lower than last quarter. The year-over-year increase was due mainly to higher commissions and fees from checking accounts, credit cards and electronic banking, partially offset by lower trust fees, loan related fees, in other. The quarter-over-quarter reduction is the result of lower commissions and fees from checking accounts and electronic banking, lower trust fees, as well as by lower loan related fees, in other.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012, net commissions and fees were P\$1,703 million, P\$338 million or 25% higher than the same period last year. This was mainly due to higher fees from checking accounts, credit cards and electronic banking and loan related fees in other, partially offset by lower loan commissions and trust fees.

Scotiabank Mexico Other operational income (net)	Nine mont	Nine months ended	
(P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	Sep 30, 2012	Sep 30, 2011	
Loan loss recoveries	432	369	
Other recoveries	317	694	
Gain on loan assets purchase	3	-	
Write-offs & other	(57)	(339)	
Revenue from sale of foreclosed assets	103	268	
Staff loan interest	59	56	
Rental income	47	40	
Other revenues and expenses (net)	1,384	1,163	
Other	64	59	
Total other operational income (net)	2,352	2,310	

Three months ended				
Sep	Jun	Sep		
30, 2012	30, 2012	30, 2011		
121	157	147		
93	117	137		
-	3	-		
(52)	27	(60)		
35	39	10		
20	20	19		
18	16	16		
446	447	388		
7	56	3		
688	882	660		

Other operational income (net) was P\$688 million this quarter, P\$28 million or 4% higher than the same quarter last year but P\$194 million or 22% lower than last quarter. The year-over-year results were driven by lower write offs and higher mutual fund and insurance fees (in Other revenues and expenses (net)) and higher revenues from the sale of foreclosed assets. These were partially offset by lower revenues from loan loss recoveries and other recoveries. The quarter-over-quarter change was the result of lower loan loss and other recoveries, higher write offs, lower revenues from the sale of foreclosed assets and dividends from investments, partially offset by higher insurance fees (in Other revenues and expenses (net)).

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012, other operational income (net) was P\$2,352 million, basically unchanged in comparison with the same period last year. This was due to higher loan loss recoveries, lower write offs and higher insurance and mutual fund fees (in Other revenues and expenses (net)). These were offset by lower other recoveries and lower revenues from the sale of foreclosed assets.

Provision for credit losses

Scotiabank Mexico Provision for credit losses (net)	Nine months ended	
(P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	Sep 30, 2012	Sep 30, 2011
Provision for credit losses	(639)	(1,526)
Loan loss recoveries (reported in Other operational income, net)	432	369
Total provision for credit losses (net)	(207)	(1,157)

Three months ended			
Sep	Jun	Sep	
30, 2012	30, 2012	30, 2011	
(186)	(131)	(512)	
121	157	147	
(65)	26	(365)	

Provisions for credit losses, net of recoveries, were P\$65 million this quarter, P\$300 million lower than the same quarter last year. Provisions for credit losses, excluding recoveries, were P\$186 million, a decrease of P\$326 million or 64% from the same quarter last year. The reduction was mostly due to lower delinquencies and lower provisions in mortgages, as well as in the rest of the retail portfolio. In addition, there was a reduction in commercial loan loss provisions this quarter due to the implementation of a new provisioning calculation methodology based on loss given default which was applied to a significant portion of this portfolio. This methodology was certified by the CNBV.

Provisions for credit losses, net of recoveries, were up P\$91 million from last quarter. Excluding recoveries, provisions for credit losses increased P\$55 million or 42% from the previous quarter. This increase was due to higher provisions in mortgages, credit cards and personal loans, partially offset by aforementioned reduction of provisions in commercial loans.

On a year-to-date basis, net provisions for credit losses, net of recoveries, decreased P\$950 million or 82%. Excluding recoveries provisions for credit losses decreased P\$887 million due to lower provisions in mortgages and retail products and the aforementioned reduction of provisions in commercial loans.

Non-Interest Expenses

The Bank's productivity ratio was 69.2% this quarter, up from 65.8% in the same quarter last year, and from 64.0% last quarter.

Scotiabank Mexico Non-Interest Expenses	Nine mont	Nine months ended	
(P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	Sep 30, 2012	Sep 30, 2011	
Personnel expenses	(3,271)	(3,148)	
Other operating expenses	(4,719)	(4,018)	
Total non-interest expenses	(7,990)	(7,166)	

Three months ended				
Sep	Jun	Sep		
30, 2012	30, 2012	30, 2011		
(1,111)	(1,075)	(1,051)		
(1,638)	(1,630)	(1,474)		
(2,749)	(2,705)	(2,525)		

Non-interest expenses were P\$2,749 million this quarter, up P\$224 million from the same quarter last year and P\$44 million from last quarter. Personnel expenses increased P\$60 million from last year and P\$36 million from and last quarter. Compared to the same quarter last year, Other operating expenses increased P\$164 million but remained virtually unchanged in comparison to last quarter. The year-over-year increase was due to higher fees and costs related to leases and depreciation and amortization associated with the past investment strategies.

On a year-to-date basis, total expenses increased P\$824 million or 11% to P\$7,990 million. Personnel expenses increased P\$123 million or 4%. Other operating expenses were P\$701 million higher, due primarily to higher fees, lease and maintenance costs associated from the ongoing investment strategies.

Participation in results of non-consolidated subsidiaries and associated companies

The income this quarter from the non-consolidated subsidiaries and associated companies was not significant.

Tax

Scotiabank Mexico Taxes	Nine mont	Nine months ended	
(P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	Sep 30, 2012	Sep 30, 2011	
Income tax current	(849)	(652)	
Income tax deferred	476	(94)	
Total Taxes	(373)	(746)	

Three months ended			
Sep	Jun	Sep	
30, 2012	30, 2012	30, 2011	
(77)	(493)	(197)	
128	253	85	
51	(240)	(112)	

Total income tax had a recovery of P\$51 million this quarter, down P\$163 million from the same quarter last year. The decline in total tax expense was due primarily to higher deductible loan loss provisions and higher inflationary adjustments, as well as the recognition of a future tax asset. This decline has resulted in a lower effective tax rate this quarter compared to the same quarter last year.

The total income tax expense for the quarter was down P\$291 million from last quarter due primarily to higher inflation adjustments, as well as the aforementioned future tax asset. The effective tax rate for the quarter was lower than last quarter.

On a year-to-date basis, total income tax expense decreased P\$373 million. The effective tax rate for the year to date was lower than the comparative period in 2011. The decrease was due to higher deductible loan loss provisions, higher inflationary adjustments, deduction for other items, as well as the aforementioned future tax asset.

¹ Productivity ratio is defined as Non-interest expenses as a percentage of the sum of net interest income and other income. A lower ratio indicates improved productivity.

Balance Sheet

As at September 30, 2012, the Bank's total assets were P\$193.7 billion, P\$9.6 billion or 5% higher than a year ago but P\$6.3 billion or 3% lower than last quarter. When compared with the previous year, there was growth in securities.

Total liabilities totalled P\$164.2 billion, an increase of P\$8.5 billion or 5% from a year ago but P\$7.4 billion or 4% lower than last quarter. The year-over-year increase mainly resulted from higher demand deposits and higher other liabilities.

Scotiabank Mexico – Condensed Balance Sheet (P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	September 30, 2012	June 30, 2012	September 30, 2011
Cash, banks, securities	60,835	65,159	51,416
Performing loans	112,775	109,862	112,562
Past due loans	2,977	2,917	2,993
Allowance for loan losses	(3,062)	(3,190)	(3,490)
Other assets	20,133	25,185	20,573
Total assets	193,658	199,933	184,054
Deposits	120,665	135,054	122,909
Loans from Banks	5,556	5,352	6,612
Other liabilities	38,013	31,192	26,187
Capital	29,424	28,335	28,346
Total liabilities and capital	193,658	199,933	184,054

Performing Loans

Scotiabank Mexico – Performing Loan Portfolio (P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	September 30, 2012	June 30, 2012	September 30, 2011
Credit card and other personal loans	16,853	16,747	15,307
Mortgages	46,409	44,840	42,087
Total personal loans	63,262	61,587	57,394
Business loans	41,469	40,606	40,479
Loans to financial institutions	2,437	2,291	4,459
Loans to government entities	5,607	5,378	10,230
Total business, financial institution and government loans	49,513	48,275	55,168
Total performing loans	112,775	109,862	112,562

The Bank's retail lending portfolio grew by P\$5.9 billion from last year. This growth was in the mortgage portfolio which increased by P\$4.3 billion or 10% from the same period last year and P\$1.6 billion or 3% from last quarter and in credit card and other personal loans which grew P\$1.5 billion or 10% from last year and P\$0.1 billion from last quarter.

Total business, financial and government loans decreased by P\$5.6 billion or 10% from the same quarter last year but grew P\$1.2 billion or 3% from last quarter. The year-over-year decline was the result of a P\$4.6 billion or 45% decrease in loans to government entities and P\$ 2.0 billion or 45% decrease in loans to financial institutions, both due to maturities. These were partially compensated by a P\$1.0 billion or 2% increase in business loans. The quarter-over-quarter growth was due to the increase in loans in all segments.

Past due loans

Scotiabank Mexico – Past Due Loan Portfolio (P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	September 30, 2012	June 30, 2012	September 30, 2011
Past due loans	2,977	2,917	2,993
Allowance for credit losses	(3,062)	(3,190)	(3,490)
Net past due loans	(85)	(273)	(497)
Past due loans as a percent of total loans	2.6%	2.6%	2.6%
Allowance for credit losses as a percent of past due loans	103%	109%	117%

Gross past due loans totalled P\$2,977 million this quarter, virtually unchanged in comparison from the same period last year and showed an increase of P\$60 million or 2% from last quarter. The Bank's allowance for credit losses was lower both year-over-year and quarter-over-quarter due to lower provisions for commercial loans partially offset with higher provisions in the mortgage portfolio given slightly higher delinquencies.

As a percentage of past due loans, allowance for credit losses was 103% as at September 30, 2012, down from 117% a year ago and from 109% last quarter.

At September 30, 2012, the Bank's past due loan portfolio was 2.6% of the total portfolio without change with respect to both, the same period last year and the prior quarter.

Deposits

Scotiabank Mexico – Deposits	September	June	September
(P\$ millions; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	30, 2012	31, 2012	30, 2011
Total demand and saving	65,235	69,191	62,385
Term deposits from customers	49,118	49,429	47,385
Money market term deposits (Wholesale)	71	10,217	6,900
Total term deposits	49,189	59,646	54,285
Investment Certificates	6,241	6,217	6,239
Total deposits	120,665	135,054	122,909

Demand and saving deposits totalled P\$65.2 billion as at September 30, 2012, an increase of P\$2.8 billion or 5% over the same period last year but P\$4.0 billion or 6% lower from last quarter. The year-over-year increase reflects the Bank's continuing emphasis on growing its core demand and savings deposit base. The quarter-over-quarter reduction is primarily due to seasonal factors.

Total term deposits declined P\$5.1 billion or 9% year-over-year and P\$10.4 billion or 18% from last quarter. Both the year-over-year and quarter-over-quarter reduction were mainly due to lower money market term deposits reflecting market conditions.

Investment certificates were in line with the last year and last quarter.

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Attachment 1 Notes

This document has been prepared by the Group solely for the purposes of providing financial and other information to the markets. All official information (financial and other) of the Group and its subsidiaries is published in Spanish and is furnished to the Mexican financial authorities as required under applicable law and regulations. The information (financial and other) in Spanish published by the Group and its subsidiaries and furnished to the Mexican financial authorities is the only official information (financial and other) of the Group and its subsidiaries that should be used for purposes of determining the financial situation of the Group and its subsidiaries.

The information contained herein is based on financial information of each of the entities described herein. Results for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of results that maybe achieved for a full fiscal year or any other interim period. The financial information contained herein has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles and regulations issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission. for financial group holding companies in Mexico, which in general conform to Mexican Financial Reporting Standards (FRS) issued by the Mexican Board of Financial Reporting Standards (Consejo Mexicano de Normas de Información Financiera or CINIF). The accounting criteria include particular rules, the application of which, in certain cases, differs from the aforementioned standards.

The accounting criteria provide that the Banking Commission will issue particular rules for specialized operations and that in the absence of an express accounting criterion of the Banking Commission for financial group holding companies, and in a wider context the FRS, the suppletory processes as established by FRS A-8 shall be applicable, and only when the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) referred to by FRS A-8 do not resolve the accounting treatment, the suppletory application of an accounting standard pertaining to other regulatory framework may be opted for, providing all the requirements set out by the FRS are met by the standard. The suppletory application shall be in the following order: U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (US GAAP), and any other formal and recognized accounting standard, provided it complies with the requirements of criterion A-4 of the Banking Commission.

The information contained herein is not, and should not be interpreted as a solicitation of an offer to purchase, or an offer to sell, any securities of the companies described herein.

Some figures from the balance sheet and consolidated income statement presented, include certain reclassifications to conform to the classifications used in 2012, consequently some of the ratios, percentages or figures may not be identical to those presented in the previous quarterly reports.

Some balances, totals and percentage calculations in this press release may differ slightly to the same balances, totals and/or percentage calculations disclosed elsewhere within this document and/or to the same balances, total and/or percentage calculations in the financial statements due to rounding

Special Accounting rules

Changes in accounting standards applicable to credit institutions, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission (Comisión Nacional Bancaria y de Valores / CNBV)

On July 5, 2012, the resolution revising the regulations generally applicable to credit institutions was published in the Official Gazette, the accounting standards were amended with effective date of July 6th, 2012. The applicable changes to the accounting standards are summarized below:

B-10 Trusts

- Adds the definition of estate trust
- Recognition and measurement. For publicly listed estate trusts shall be valued according to the accounting standards for such purposes established by the CNBV through regulations generally applicable to issuers and other participants in the stock exchange.
- The new standard stipulates that trusts shall maintain separate accounting for every trust agreement and the estate trust accounting should match the Bank off balance sheet accounts.
- The Bank may apply the accrual method to recognize revenues after the trust has fallen into arrears and subsequently paid its arrears in full.

C-5 Consolidation of Special Purpose Entities (SPEs)

According to the new standard, the consolidating entity shall comply with the Mexican Financial Reporting Standard B-8.

Credito Familiar, S.A. acquisition

Grupo Financiero Scotiabank, S.A. de C.V. announced 13, August 2012 the agreement to purchase Credito Familiar, S.A. de C.V. from Grupo Financiero Banamex, S.A. de C.V. the deal is subject to regulatory approval by the Secretaría de Hacienda y Crédito Público (SHCP) and Comisión Federal de Competencia (COFECO). The final purchase price will be disclosed once the regulatory approval is granted.

Attachment 2

GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. DE C.V. LORENZO BOTURINI No. 202, COL. TRANSITO, C.P. 06820, MEXICO, D.F. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

400	NETO.	(EXPRESSED IN MIL	LION OF MEXICAN PESOS)	FOURTY	
FUNDS AVAILABLE	SETS	21,462	LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'	EQUITY	
			Demand and saving deposits	65,232	
MARGIN ACCOUNTS FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		53	Term deposits General public 49,095	49,166	
Securities – available for trading	24,8	95	Money Market 71		
Securities – available for sale	24,2	14	Issue credit certificates	6,241	120,639
Securities – held to maturity	2,0	<u>42</u> 51,151	DANK AND OTHER LOANS		
REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (DEBTOR)		725	BANK AND OTHER LOANS Demand	495	
` ,			Short term	2,833	
DERIVATIVES	4.0		Long term	2,228	5,556
Trading Hedge	1,8	58 1,946	REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS		31,501
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1,010			,
MADIC TO MADICET AD INCOMENT DELATED TO			COLLATERAL SOLD OR GIVEN IN GUARANTEE		
MARK TO MARKET ADJUSTMENT RELATED TO HEDGING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		86	Securities Receivable	104	104
LOAN PORTFOLIO	40 E	ne .	LIABILITIES RELATED TO SECURITIES IN THE COURSE OF SETTLEMENT		3,284
Business loans Commercial	49,5 41,469	Jo	OF SETTLEMENT		
Financial intermediaries	2,429				
Government loans	5,607		DERIVATIVES	4.440	
Consumer loans Mortgages loans	16,8 46,4		Trading Hedge	4,412 495	4,907
TOTAL CURRENT LOAN PORTFOLIO	112,7				.,
DAST DUE LOAN PORTEOLIO			OTHER PAYABLES	200	
PAST-DUE LOAN PORTFOLIO Business loans	3	71	Income taxes Employee profit sharing	386 360	
Commercial	371		Creditors pending settlements	3,625	
Consumer loans		23	Sundry creditors and other payables	5,516	9,887
Mortgages loans	2,0	83_			
TOTAL PAST-DUE PORTFOLIO	2,9	77			
			DEFERRED CREDITS AND ADVANCED COLLECTIONS	_	794
LOAN PORTFOLIO	115,7	44			
(-) LESS:	2.0	20	TOTAL LIABILITIES		476 670
ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES LOAN PORTFOLIO (NET)	3,0 112,6		TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	176,672
·	,.	,			
SECURITIZATION RECEIVABLE		167	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
OTHER RECEIVABLES (NET)		13,366			
			PAID-IN CAPITAL		
FORECLOSED ASSETS (NET)		27	Capital stock	4,507	4,507
PROPERTY, FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT (NET)	4,091	CARITAL CURRILIE		
LONG-TERM INVESTMENT IN EQUITIES		86	CAPITAL SURPLUS Capital reserves	901	
			Results from previous years	22,940	
DEFERRED TAXES AND EMPLOYEE PROFIT SHA	ADING		Effects from valuation of securities available for sale Effects from valuation of hedging instruments	395 (190)	
(NET)	AKING	1,446	Net result	3,706	27,752
OTHER ASSETS Deferred, advanced and intangibles charges	Q	02	TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		32,259
Short and long term assets		41 1,643	TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUIT	_	32,239
-					
TOTAL ASSETS		208,931	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	_	208,931
		MEMORAN	DUM ACCOUNTS		
Customer current accounts		10	A 4 18 1897 - 0 4		_
Cash Balances Transaction settlement		10 41	Assets and liabilities contingent Assets in trust s or mandate		7
Other		33 384	Trust	124,303	
			Mandate	28,874	153,177
Custody operations Securities held in custody	203,5	14 203,514	Assets in custody or under administration		685,481
Cooking the Cooking and Cooking the Cookin		200,014	Commitment loans		348,147
Transactions on behalf of customers			Collateral received for the entity		•
Securities operations Securities receivable operations	75,6 1:	60 38	Government paper Other securities	37,497 341	
Collaterals received in guarantee	42,5	39	Investment in Financial Instruments	222	
Collaterals given in guarantee	34,9		Other	23,671	61,732
Administrative trusts		99 153,495	Collateral received and sold or delivered in guarantee for the entity Government paper	49,056	
				647	
			Bank paper	041	
Investment bank transaction on behalf of third pa	arts	78,391			
Investment bank transaction on behalf of third pa (net)	arts	78,391	Other securities Investment in Financial Instruments	342 104	50,149
	arts	78,391	Other securities Investment in Financial Instruments Interest not collected from past due portfolio	342	161
	arts	78,391 435,784	Other securities Investment in Financial Instruments	342	

[&]quot;These balance sheets, consolidated with those of the financial and other entities comprising the Group that are subject to consolidation, were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for financial group holding companies issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 30 of the Law that Regulates Financial Groups, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the transactions carried out by the Holding Company and the financial and other entities comprising the Group that are subject to consolidation, through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These balance sheets were approved by the Board of Directors under the responsibility of the following officers."

The historical capital stock amounts to \$ 3,111 million as September 30, 2012".

CARLOS M. LOMELÍ ALONZO	DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER	AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER	H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ
INTERIM CEO OF OPERATION MEXICO	DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND	DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP	DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE www.scotiabank.com.mx/ES/quienessomos/relacionconinversionistas/estadosfinancieros/Paginas/default.aspx

www.cnbv.gob.mx/prensa/paginas/boletinesestadisticos.aspx

GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. DE C.V. LORENZO BOTURINI No. 202, COL. TRANSITO, C.P. 06820, MEXICO, D.F. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Total interest earned Total interest paid Net interest profit	12,589 4,597 7,992
Net interest profit	7,992
Provision for credit losses	639_
Net interest profit, after provision for credit losses	7,353
Commissions earned2,796Commissions paid310Revenues from intermediation472Other operational net income2,423Administrative and operating expenses8,539	(3,158)
Total operating revenues	4,195
Participation in the results of subsidiaries unconsolidated and associated companies	1_
Net income before income tax	4,196
Current income tax 1,014 Deferred income tax (net) (524)	490
Net Income before discontinued operations	3,706
Net Income	3,706
Net Income including Controller Participation	3,706

These consolidated statements of income were approved by the Board of Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

CARLOS M. LOMELÍ ALONZO INTERIM CEO OF OPERATION MEXICO DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

[&]quot;These statement of income, consolidated with those of the financial and other entities comprising the Group that are subject to consolidation, were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for financial group holding companies issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on article 30 of the Law that Regulates Financial Groups, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the revenues and costs relating to the transactions carried out by the Holding Company and the financial and other entities comprising the Group that are subject to consolidation, through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. DE C.V. LORENZO BOTURINI No. 202 COL. TRANSITO, C.P. 06820, MEXICO, D.F. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD DECEMBER 31, 2011 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLIONS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	Paid-in Capital			Capital Surplus			
CONCEPT	Capital stock	Statutory reserves	Results from Previous years	Result from valuation of available-for-sale securities	Result from valuation of Hedging instruments	Net income	Total stockholders' equity
Balances as of December 31 , 2011	4,507	901	20,798	372	(57)	3,142	29,663
ITEMS RELATED TO STOCKHOLDERS DECISIONS							
Transfer of prior years results Dividend payment	-	-	3,142 (1,000)	-	-	(3,142)	(1,000)
Total	-	-	2,142	-	-	(3,142)	(1,000)
ITEMS RELATED TO RECOGNITION OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME							
Net income Result from valuation of available-for-sale securities Result from valuation of hedging instruments		-		23	(133)	3,706	3,706 23 (133)
Total	-	-	•	23	(133)	3,706	3,596
Balances as of September 30, 2012	4,507	901	22,940	395	(190)	3,706	32,259

"These statement of changes stockholders' equity, consolidated with those of the financial and other entities comprising the Group that are subject to consolidation, were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for financial group holding companies issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on article 30 of the Law that Regulates Financial Groups, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they all the stockholders' equity account entries relating to the transactions carried out by the Holding Company and the financial and other entities comprising the Group that are subject to consolidation, through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These consolidated statements of changes in stockholders' equity were approved by the Board of Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

CARLOS M. LOMELÍ ALONZO INTERIM CEO OF OPERATION MEXICO DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER
DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP

H. VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. DE C.V. LORENZO BOTURINI No. 202 COL. TRANSITO, C.P. 06820, MEXICO, D.F. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLIONS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Net income	=	3,706
Adjustments for items that not imply cash flow: Losses for deterioration or cancel effect associated with investment and funding activities Depreciation of property plant and equipment Amortization of intangible assets Provisions Income tax (current and deferred) Participation in the results of subsidiaries Other	42 287 21 1,140 490 (1) 262	2,241
Operation activities: Change in margin accounts Change in investment securities Change in repurchase agreements (debtor) Change in derivates (assets) Change in loan portfolio (net) Change in securitizatión receivable Change in foreclosed assets (net) Change in other operational assets (net) Change in funding Change in bank and other loans Change in repurchase agreements (creditor) Change in Securities Receivable (creditor) Change in collateral sold or in guarantee Change in derivates (liabilities) Change in other operational liabilities Collections for income taxes (refunds) Payments for income taxes		16 (14,480) 2,428 2,882 (2,378) 67 (11) (1,101) (2,399) (50) 12,176 (1) (42) (2,639) 4,205 324 (974)
Operation activities cash flow		(1,977)
Investment activities: Payments for acquisition of property, furniture and equipment Payments for acquisition of intangible assets Other	_	(301) (101) 1
Investment activities cash flow		(401)
Financing activities: Payments in cash (dividends)	-	(1,500)
Financing activities cash flow		(1,500)
Net Increase or Decrease in net cash and cash equivalents	_	2,069
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period	_	19,393
Cash and cash equivalent at the final of the period	-	21,462

"These statement of cash flow, consolidated with those of the financial and other entities comprising the Group that are subject to consolidation, were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for financial group holding companies issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on article 30 of the Law that Regulates Financial Groups, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the cash entrance and cash outflow of funds relating to the transactions carried out by the Holding Company and the financial and other entities comprising the Group that are subject to consolidation, through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These consolidated statement of cash flow were approved by the Board of Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

CARLOS M. LOMELI ALONZO INTERIM CEO OF OPERATION MEXICO

DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER
DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP

H. VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. DE C.V. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXIC	CAN PESOS)		
ASSETS	SEP-12	JUN-12	SEP-11
Funds Available	21,462	19,534	20,292
Margin Accounts	53	43	83
Financial Instruments	51,151	46,084	42,190
Securities – available for trading	24,895	28,180	36,175
Securities – available for sale	24,214	15,884	4,059
Securities – available for sale Securities – held to maturity	2,042	2,020	1,956
		,	
Repurchase Agreements (Debtor)	725	8,531	858
Derivatives	1,946	1,971	3,977
Trading	1,858	1,909	3,932
Hedge	88	62	45
Mark to Market Adjustment Related to Heading of Financial Instruments	86	108	195
Current Loan Portfolio	112,767	109,855	112,553
Business loans	49,505	48,269	55,159
Consumer loans	16,853	16,746	15,307
Mortgage loans	46,409	44.840	42,087
Past Due Loan Portfolio	2,977	2,917	2,993
Business loans	371	366	262
	523	505	611
Consumer loans			
Mortgage loans	2,083	2,046	2,120
oan Portfolio	115,744	112,772	115,546
-) Less Allowance for Loan Losses	3,062	3,190	3,490
oan Portfolio (Net)	112,682	109,582	112,056
Securitization Receivable	167	178	211
Other Receivable (Net)	13,366	18,530	15,083
Foreclosed Assets (Net)	27	27	11
Property, Furniture and Equipment (Net)	4,091	4,046	3,963
ong-term Investment in Equities	86	86	85
Deferred Taxes and Employee Profit Sharing (Net)	1,446	1,252	737
Other Assets	•	,	
Other Assets	1,643	1,604	1,541
Total Assets	208,931	211,576	201,282
Funding Demand and saving deposits	120,639 65,232	134,998 69,180	122,774 62,380
Term deposits	49,166	59,601	54,155
Issue credit certificates	6,241	6,217	6,239
Bank and Other Loans	5,556	5,352	6,612
Repurchase Agreements	31,501	16,803	19,337
	· ·	10,803	
Collateral Sold or Given in Guarantee	104		101
Liabilities Related to Securities in the Course of Settlement	3,284	5,627	4,876
Derivatives	4,907	5,287	6,209
Trading	4,412	4,776	5,778
Hedge	495	511	431
Other Payables	9,887	11,645	9,861
Income Taxes	386	515	81
Employee profit sharing	360	319	250
Creditors pending settlements	3,625	5,214	3,368
Creditors by colateral receivable in cash	-,	-,	34
Sundry creditors and other payables	5,516	5,597	6,128
Deferred Credits and Advanced Collections	794	818	694
Total Liabilities	176,672	180,638	170,464
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Paid -In Capital	4,507	4,507	4,507
Capital Surplus	4,507 27,752	4,507 26,431	4,50 <i>7</i> 26,311
		•	
Capital reserves	901	901	901
Results from previous years	22,940	22,940	22,798
Effects from valuation of securities available for sale	395	380	337
Effects from valuation of hedging instruments	(190)	(178)	(36)
Net result	3,706	2,388	2,311
Total Stockholder´s Equity	32,259	30,938	30,818
otal Liabilities and Stockholder´s Equity	208,931	211,576	201,282
our Endamines and Grookington & Equity	200,331	211,070	201,202

GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. DE C.V. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS) MEMORANDUM ACCOUNTS SEP- 12 JUN- 12 SEP-11 **OPERATIONS ON BEHALF THIRD PARTIES Customer current accounts** 384 672 1,462 Cash Balances 10 9 20 Transaction settlement 141 430 1,222 220 Other 233 233 203,514 **Custody Operations** 199,884 200,736 Securities held in custody 203,514 199,884 200,736 **Transactions on Behalf of Customers** 130,820 121,530 153,495 Securities operations 75,660 64,404 59,802 Securities receivable operations 138 111 101 Collateral received in guarantee 42,589 37,427 38,193 Collateral given in guarantee 34,909 28.689 23,269 Administrative trusts 199 189 165 Investment bank transaction on behalf of third parts (net) 78,391 73,414 60,512 **TOTAL ON BEHALF OF THIRD PARTIES** 435,784 404,790 384,240 **OWN OPERATIONS** 7 466 3,556 Assets and liabilities contingent Assets in trust or mandate 153,177 161,831 153,184 126,365 Trust 124,303 134.974 Mandate 28,874 26,857 26,819 Assets in custody o under administration 685,481 647,061 745,982 Commitment loans 348,147 366,901 332,488 Collateral received for the entity 61,732 69,745 90,137 Goverment paper 37,497 46,444 38,804 Bank paper 800 Other securities 342 Investment in Financial Instruments 222 212 197 Other 23,671 23,104 50,321 Collateral received and sold or delivered in guarantee for the entity 50,149 37,672 36,295 49,056 36,194 Goverment paper 36,964 Bank paper 647 600 Other Securities 342 Investment in Financial Instruments 104 108 101 Interest not collected from past due portfolio 161 149 156 472,076 Other control accounts 422,599 551,758

TOTAL OWN OPERATIONS

1,706,424

1,770,930

1,913,556

GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. DE C.V. CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	9 MO	NTHS	(3 MONTHS	ONTHS			
	SEP-12	SEP-11	SEP-12	JUN-12	SEP-11			
Total interest earned Total interest paid	12,589 4,597	11,869 4,413	4,299 1,496	4,233 1,552	3,943 1,565			
Net interest profit	7,992	7,456	2,803	2,681	2,378			
Provision for credit losses	639	1,526	186	131	512			
Net interest profit, after provision for credit losses	7,353	5,930	2,617	2,550	1,866			
Commissions earned Commissions paid Revenues from intermediation Other operational net income Administrative and operating expenses	2,796 310 472 2,423 8,539	2,430 309 602 2,172 7,688	912 101 (31) 847 2,966	987 96 109 836 2,875	857 112 364 601 2,693			
Total operating revenues	4,195	3,137	1,278	1,510	883			
Participation in the results of subsidiaries unconsolidated and associated	1	1	-	1	-			
Net income before income tax	4,196	3,138	1,278	1,511	883			
Current income tax Deferred income tax (net)	1,014 (524) (490)	747 (80) (827)	111 (151) 40	544 (264) (281)	200 (76) (124)			
Net Income before discontinued operations	3,706	2,311	1,318	1,231	759			
Net Income	3,706	2,311	1,318	1,231	759			
Net Income including Controller Participation	3,706	2,311	1,318	1,231	759			

SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. INSTITUCION DE BANCA MULTIPLE GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT. LORENZO BOTURINI 202 COL.TRÁNSITO, C.P. 06820, MEXICO D.F. BALANCE SHEETS CONSOLIDATED WITH ITS SUBSIDIARIES AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

ASSETS			LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS	EQUITY	
FUNDS AVAILABLE MARGIN ACCOUNTS		21,441 51	FUNDING Demand and saving deposits	65,235	
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS		31	Term deposits	49,189	
Securities – available for trading	10,891		General public 49,118	45,105	
Securities – available for sale	23,671		Money market 71		
Securities – held to maturity	2,042	36,604	Issue credit certificate	6,241	120,665
REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS (DEBTOR)		724	BANK AND OTHER LOANS		
DERIVATIVES			Demand	495	
Trading	1,841		Short term	2,833	
Hedge	88	1,929	Long term	2,228	5,556
MARK TO MARKET ADJUSTMENT RELATED TO HEDGING OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	F	86	LIABILITIES RELATED TO SECURITIES IN THE COURSE OF SETTLEMENT		3,281
LOAN PORTFOLIO	40.542		REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS		22.246
Business loans Commercial	49,513 41,469		REPORCHASE AGREEMENTS		22,216
Financial intermediaries	2.437				
Government loans	5,607				
Consumer loans	16,853				
Mortgages loans	46,409		DERIVATIVES		
			Trading	22,074	
			Hedge	495	2,569
TOTAL CURRENT LOAN PORTFOLIO	112,775				
PAST-DUE LOAN PORTFOLIO			OTHER PAYABLES		
Business loans	371		Income Taxes	305	
Commercial	371_			288	
Consumer loans	523		Creditors pending settlements	3,384	
Mortgages loans	2,083		Sundry creditors and other payables	5,177	9,154
TOTAL PAST-DUE PORTFOLIO	2,977				
LOAN PORTFOLIO (-) LESS:	115,752		DEFERRED CREDITS AND ADVANCED COLLETIONS		793
ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES	3,062				
LOAN PORTFOLIO (NET)		112,690	TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	164,234
SECURITIZATION RECEIVABLE		167	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
			PAID-IN CAPITAL		
OTHER RECEIVABLES (NET)		12,985	Capital stock	7,451	
			Premium from the sale of shares	473	7,924
FORECLOSED ASSETS (NET)		27			
			CAPITAL SURPLUS		
PROPERTY, FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT (NET)		3,892	Capital reserves	2,974	
			Results from previous years	15,244	
			Effects from valuation of securities available for sale	181	
LONG-TERM INVESTMENT IN EQUITIES		77	Effects from valuation of hedging instruments	(190)	
DEFENDED TAYER AND EMPLOYEE PROFIT CHARING (NET)		4 400	Net result	3,291	21,500
DEFERRED TAXES AND EMPLOYEE PROFIT SHARING (NET)		1,492			
OTHER ASSETS	700				
Deferred, advanced and intangible charges Short and long term other assets	786 707	1,493	TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		29,424
TOTAL ASSETS		193,658	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		193,658
TOTAL ASSETS		193,030	TOTAL EIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUIT		193,030
	Assets and liabilities contingent	MORANDUM	ACCOUNTS 3		
	Commitment loans		348,146		
	Assets in trust or mandate		153,168		
	Trust		124,293		
	Mandate		28,875		
	Assets in custody or under administra	ation	547,979		
	Collateral received for the entity		56,193		
	Collateral received and sold or delive Investment bank transaction on beha	red in guarantee	e for the entity 30,573 net) 78,392		
	Investment bank transaction on bena Interest not collected from past due p		net) 78,392 161		
	Other control accounts		463,960		

[&]quot;These balance sheets consolidated were prepared in accordance criteria for institutions issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on articles 99, 101 and 102 of the Credit Institutions Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the transactions carried out by the Bank through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound banking practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These balance sheets consolidated were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers."

The Bank's historical capital stock amounts to \$6,200 million of pesos as September 30, 2012.

CARLOS M. LOMELI ALONZO
INTERIM CEO OF OPERATION MEXICO

DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER
DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP

H. VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. INSTITUCION DE BANCA MULTIPLE GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT. LORENZO BOTURINI 202, COL TRANSITO, C.P. 06820, MEXICO D.F. STATEMENT OF INCOME OF THE BANK CONSOLIDATED WITH ITS SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Total interest earned Total interest paid	11,760 3,952
Net interest profit	7,808
Provision for credit losses	639
Net interest profit, after provision for credit losses	7,169
Commissions paid Revenues from intermediation Other operational net income 2,3	990 287 429 352 990 (3,506)
Total operating revenues	3,663
Participation in the results of subsidiaries unconsolidated and associated	1
Net income before income tax	3,664
	349 376 373
Net Income before discontinued operations	3,291
Net Income	3,291

These statement of income consolidated were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

CARLOS M. LOMELI ALONZO INTERIM CEO OF OPERATION MEXICO DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP H. VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

[&]quot;These statement of income consolidated was prepared in accordance criteria for institutions issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on articles 99, 101 and 102 of the Credit Institutions Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the revenues and costs the transactions carried out by the institution through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and value in accordance with sound banking practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. INSTITUCION DE BANCA MULTIPLE

GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT

LORENZO BOTURINI 202, COL TRANSITO, C.P.06820, MEXICO D.F CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN THE CAPITAL OF THE BANK WITH ITS SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE PERIOD DECEMBER 31, 2011 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	Paid-in Capital Capital Surplus												
CONCEPT	Capital stock	Contribution s for future increases by the Shareholders 'assembly	Premium from the sale of shares	Subordinate debentures	Statutory reserves	Results from previous years	Result from valuation of available- for-sale securities	Results from valuation of hedging instruments	Cumulativ e effect of restatemen t	Result from holding non- monetary assets	Net income	Non- controller participatio n	Total stockholder s' equity
Balances as of December 31, 2011	7,451	-	473		2,687	13,659	203	(57)		-	2,872		27,288
ITEMS RELATED TO STOCKHOLDERS DECISIONS													
Creation of reserves Transfer of prior year's results Dividend payment					287	2,585 (1,000)					(2,872)		- (1,000)
Total	-	-			287	1,585	-		-	-	(2,872)		(1,000)
ITEMS RELATED TO RECOGNITION OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME													
Net income Result from valuation of available-for-sale securities Result from valuation of hedging instruments							(22)	(133)			3,291		3,291 (22) (133)
Total	-	-		-		-	(22)	(133)	-	-	3,291		3,136
Balances as of September 30, 2012	7,451	-	473	-	2,974	15,244	181	(190)	-		3,291	-	29,424

[&]quot;These statement of changes in stockholders' equity consolidated were prepared in accordance criteria for institutions issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Articles 99, 101 and 102 of the Credit Institutions Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the stockholders' equity account entries relating to the transactions carried out by the Bank through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and value in accordance with sound banking practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These statement of changes in stockholders' equity consolidated were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

CARLOS M. LOMELÍ ALONZO INTERIM CEO OF OPERATION MEXICO DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER
DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP

H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. INSTITUCION DE BANCA MULTIPLE

GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT

LORENZO BOTURINI 202, COL. TRANSITO C.P. 06820, MEXICO D.F.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW OF THE BANK WITH ITS SUBSIDIARIES FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Net income	3,291
Losses for deterioration or cancel effect associated with investment and funding activities	41
Depreciation of property plant and equipment	273
Amortization of intangible assets	20
Provisions	997
Income tax (current and deferred)	373
Participation in the results of subsidiaries unconsolidated and associated	(1)
Other	180
Adjustments for items that not imply cash flow	1,883
Operation activities	
Change in margin accounts	9
Change in investment securities	(12,593)
Change in repurchase agreements (debtor)	4,233
Change in derivates (assets)	3,166
Change in loan portfolio (net)	(2,380)
Change in securitization receivable	67
Change in foreclosed assets (net)	(11)
Change in other operational assets (net)	(763)
Change in funding	(2,408)
Change in bank and other loans	(50)
Change in repurchase agreements (creditor) Change in derivates (liabilities)	12,374
Change in other operational liabilities	(3,318) 1,663
Payments for income taxes	(1,183)
,	
Operation activities cash flow	(1,194)
Investment activities	
Payments for acquisition of property, furniture and equipment	(294)
Charges dividends paid in cash	4
Payments for acquisition of intangible assets	(131)
Investment activities cash flow	(421)
Financing activities	
Dividends paid in cash	(1,500)
Financing activities cash flow	(1,500)
Net Increase or Decrease in net cash and cash equivalents	2,059
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period	19,382
Cash and cash equivalent at the final of the period	21,441

"These statement of cash flow consolidated were prepared in accordance criteria for institutions issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Articles 99, 101 and 102 of the Credit Institutions Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the stockholders' equity account cash entrance and cash outflow relating to the transactions carried out by the Bank through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and value in accordance with sound banking practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These statement of cash flow consolidated were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

CARLOS M. LOMELÍ ALONZO INTERIM CEO OF OPERATION MEXICO DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT BALANCE SHEETS CONSOLIDATED WITH ITS SUBSIDIARIES (EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAL	N PESOS)		
ASSETS	SEP-12	JUN-12	SEP-11
Funds Available	21,441	19,515	20,292
Margin Accounts	51	43	80
Financial Instruments	36,604	30,685	21,214
Securities – available for trading	10,891	13,317	15,620
Securities – available for sale	23,671	15,348	3,638
Securities – held to maturity	2,042	2,020	1,956
Repurchase Agreements (Debtor)	724	12,790	5,562
Derivatives	1,929	2,018	4,073
Trading	1,841	1,957	4,028
Hedge	88	61	45
Mark to Market Adjustment Related to Heading of Financial Instruments	86	108	195
Current Loan Portfolio	112,775	109,862	112,562
Business loans	49,513	48,276	55,168
Consumer loans	16,853	16,746	15,307
Mortgage loans	46,409	44,840	42,087
Past Due Loan Portfolio	2,977	2,917	2,993
Business loans	371 523	366 505	262 611
Consumer loans	2,083	2,046	2,120
Mortgage loans Loan Portfolio	2,063 115.752	2,046 112.779	,
(-) Less Allowance for Loan Losses	3,062	3,190	115,552 3,490
Loan Portfolio (Net)	3,062 112,690	109,589	3,490 102,065
Securitization Receivable	112,090	109,369	211
Other Receivable (Net)	12,985	18,277	14,394
Foreclosed Assets (Net)	12,363	27	14,394
Property, Furniture and Equipment (Net)	3,892	3,846	3,757
Long-term Investment in Equities	77	3,640 77	3,737 79
Deferred Taxes and Employee Profit Sharing (Net)	1,492	1,328	792
Other Assets	1,493	1,452	1,329
Total Assets	193,658	199,933	184,054
	·		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Funding	120,665	135,054	122,909
Demand and saving deposits	65,235	69,191	62,385
Term deposits	49,189	59,646	54,286
Issue credit certificates	6,241	6,217	6,239
Bank and Other Loans	5,556	5,352	6,612
Liabilities Related to Securities in the Course of Settlement	3,281	5,627	4,394
Repurchase Agreements	22,216	10,754	7,535
Derivatives	2,569	3,209	4,401
Trading	2,074	2,698	3,970
Hedge	495	511	431
Other Payables	9,154	10,784	9,162
Income Taxes	305	449	66
Employee profit sharing	288	263	214
Creditors pending settlements	3,384	4,720	2,857
Creditors by collaterals received in cash	-	-	33
Sundry creditors and other payables	5,177	5,352	5,992
Deferred Credits and Advanced Collections	794	818	694
Total Liabilities	164,234	171,598	155,707
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	7,924	7.024	7.024
Paid -In Capital		7,924 20,411	7,924 20,423
Capital Surplus Capital reserves	21,500	20,411	20,423
Results from previous years	2,974 15,244	2,974 15,244	2,687 15,450
Effects from valuation of securities available for sale			15,459
Effects from valuation of hedging instruments	181 (190)	171 (179)	196 (36)
Net result	3,291	2,201	2,117
Total Stockholder's Equity	29,424	28,335	28,347
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	102 650	100 022	104.054
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	193,658	199,933	184,054

SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET WITH SUBSIDIARIES

MEMORANDUM ACCOUNTS	SEP- 12	JUN- 12	SEP-11
OWN OPERATIONS			
Assets and liabilities contingent	3	-	71
Commitment loans	348,146	366,901	332,488
Assets in trust s or mandate	153,168	161,826	153,176
Trust	124,293	134,969	126,358
Mandate	28,875	26,857	26,818
Assets in custody or under administration	547,979	509,999	614,245
Collaterals received for the entity	56,193	61,229	85,008
Collaterals received and sold or delivered in guarantee for the entity	30,573	24,983	27,321
Investment bank transaction on behalf of third parts (net)	78,392	73,414	60,512
Interest not collected from past due portfolio	161	149	156
Other control accounts	463,960	414,272	546,793
TOTAL OWN OPERATIONS	1,678,575	1,612,773	1,819,710

SCOTIABANK INVERLAT, S.A. GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME WITH ITS SUBSIDIARIES (EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	9 MOI	NTHS	3	MONTHS			
	SEP-12	SEP-11	SEP-12	IIIN-12	SEP-11		
	OLI -12	OLI -III	OLI -12	JUN-12	OLI -II		
Total interest earned	11.760	10.906	4.091	3,917	3,715		
Total interest paid	3,952	3,568	1,349	1,308	1,279		
	-,	-,	,	,	, -		
Net interest profit	7,808	7,338	2,742	2,609	2,436		
Provision for credit losses	639	1,526	186	131	512		
Net interest profit, after provision for credit losses	7,169	5,812	2,556	2,478	1,923		
Commissions earned	1,990	1,649	661	729	596		
Commissions paid	287	284	94	102	103		
Revenues from intermediation	429	541	(23)	110	250		
Other operational net income	2,352	2,310	688	882	660		
Administrative and operating expenses	7,990	7,166	2,749	2,705	2,525		
Total operating revenues	3,663	2,862	1,039	1,391	801		
Participation in the results of subsidiaries unconsolidated and associated	1	1	-	1	-		
Net income before income tax	3,664	2,863	1,039	1,392	801		
Current income tax	849	652	77	493	(197)		
Deferred income tax (net)	(476)	94	128	253	85		
Dolottod moothly task (mot)	373	746	51	240	(112)		
	0.0	170	01	270	(112)		
Net Income before discontinued operations	3,291	2,117	1,090	1,152	689		
Net Income	3,291	2,117	1,090	1,152	689		

SCOTIA INVERLAT CASA DE BOLSA, S.A. DE C.V. GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT. BOSQUE DE CIRUELOS No. 120, COL. BOSQUES DE LAS LOMAS, C.P. 11700, MEXICO D.F. BALANCE SHEETS AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

			or WEXICAN PESOS)		
OPERATIONS ON BEHALF THIRD PARTIES CUSTOMER CURRENT ACCOUNTS	MEI	MORANDUM A	CCOUNTS OWN OPERATIONS ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CONTINGENT		
Cash balances	10				
Transaction settlement	141				
Other	232	383			
			COLLATERAL RECEIVED BY THE ENTITY		
CUSTODY OPERATIONS			Government debt	32,364	
Securities held in custody		203,514	Bank Paper	647	
Coounties field in businey		200,014	Other	199	
			Own instruments	222	33,432
MANAGEMENT ODER ATIONS			Own instruments	222	33,432
MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS					
			COLLATERAL RECEIVED, SOLD OR DELIVERED IN		
Securities operations	75,660		GUARANTEE FOR THE ENTITY		
Securities receivable operations	138		Government debt	32,364	
Collaterals received in guarantee	42,589		Bank Paper	647	
Collaterals given in guarantee	34,909		Other	199	
January San	. ,		Own instruments	104	33,314
					00,011
Administrative trusts	199	153,495	Other	_	8,117
TOTAL ON BEHALF OF THIRD PARTIES		357,392	TOTAL BROKERAGE FIRM	=	74,863
ASSETS			LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUI	ΓY	
FUNDS AVAILABLE		34	BANK AND OTHER LOANS		
		•	Short term		8
MARGIN ACCOUNTS (DERIVATES)		9	Chort term		•
MARON ACCOUNTS (BERIVATES)		3	LIABILITIES RELATED TO SECURITIES IN THE COURSE OF		
					•
			SETLEMENT		3
FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS					
Securities – available for trading	13,350				
Securities – available for sale	553	13,893	REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS – CREDITORS		9,285
REPURCHASE AGREEMENTS - DEBTORS		1	COLLATERAL SOLD OR GIVEN IN GUARANTEE		
		•	Securities receivable		104
			Occurries receivable		104
DEDIVATES					
DERIVATES To a dia co		004	DERIVATEO		
Trading		384	DERIVATES		
			Trading		2,704
			OTHER PAYABLES		
			Income tax	70	
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (NET)		367	Employee profit sharing	48	
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (RE1)		001	Creditors pending settlements	244	
DEODERTY FURNITURE AND FOURMENT (NET)		163		314	676
PROPERTY, FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT (NET)		103	Sundry creditors and other payables	314	6/6
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS IN EQUITIES		3			
			DEFERRED TAXES AND EMPLOYEE PROFIT SHARING		
			(NET)		40
			` '	-	
			TOTAL LIABILITIES		12.000
OTHER ASSETS			TOTAL LIABILITIES	-	12,820
OTHER ASSETS					
Deferred, advanced and intangible charges	103				
Short and long term other assets	33	136	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
			PAID-IN CAPITAL		
			Capital stock		551
			CAPITAL SURPLUS		
			Statutory reserves	65	
			Results from prior years	1,043	
			Results for valuation of securities available for sale	213	
			Net results	298	1,619
			=		
			TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	-	2,170
TOTAL ASSETS	<u> </u>	14,990	EQUITY TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'	_	14,990
	-			-	

[&]quot;These balance sheets have been prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for brokerage firms, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 205 last paragraph, 210 second paragraph and 211 of the Securities Market Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the transactions carried out by the Brokerage Firm through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These balance sheets were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers."

The historical capital stock amount is \$386 million as at September 30, 2012.

GONZALO ROJAS RAMOS PRESIDENT DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE

SCOTIA INVERLAT CASA DE BOLSA, S.A. DE C.V. GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT

BOSQUE DE CIRUELOS No. 120 COL. BOSQUES DE LAS LOMAS, C.P. 11700, MEXICO D.F. STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Commissions and fees collected		435
Commissions and fees paid		(32)
Financial advisory income		76
Service Income		479
Gain on purchase and sale of securities	820	
Loss on purchase and sale of securities	(707)	
Interest income	1,683	
Interest expense	(1,503)	
Valuation gain (loss) on securities	(83)	210
Net Interest Profit for Intermediation		210
Other operational net income	246	
Administrative and operating expenses	(573)	(327)
	<u>-</u>	
Operating income		362
Net income before income tax		362
Current income tax	114	
Deferred income tax (net)	(50)	64
Net income before discontinued operations		298
Net income		298
Not illoulid		290

[&]quot;These statement of income were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for brokerage firms, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 205 last paragraph, 210 second paragraph and 211 of the Securities Market Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the revenues and disbursement relating to the transactions carried out by the Brokerage Firm through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These statement of income were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers."

GONZALO ROJAS RAMOS

PRESIDENT

DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER

DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE

AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

SCOTIA INVERLAT CASA DE BOLSA, S.A. DE C.V. GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT

BOSQUE DE CIRUELOS No. 120, COL. BOSQUES DE LAS LOMAS, C.P. 11700, MEXICO D.F.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD DECEMBER 31, 2011 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

		Paid-in Ca	apital				,	Capital	Surplus			
CONCEPT	Capital stock	Contributions for future increases by the Shareholders' assembly	Premium from the sale of shares	Subordinated debentures	Statutory reserves	Results from previous years	Result for valuation of securities available for sale	Result from valuation of hedging instruments	Cumulative effect of restatement	Result from holding non- monetary assets	Net income	Total stockholders' equity
Balances as of December 31, 2011	551	-	-	-	58	908	169	-	-	-	142	1,828
ITEMS RELATED TO STOCKHOLDERS DECISIONS												
Creation of reserves Transfer of prior year's results Dividend payment					7	(7) 142					(142)	-
Total	-	-	-	-	7	135		-		-	(142)	-
ITEMS RELATED TO RECOGNITION OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME												
Net income Result from valuation of available-for-											298	298
sale securities							44					44
Total	-	-	-	-	-		44	-	-	-	298	342
Balances as of September 30, 2012	551	-	-		65	1,043	213	-	-	-	298	2,170

"These statements of changes in stockholders' equity have been prepared in conformity with the accounting criteria for brokerage firms, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 205 last paragraph, 210 second paragraph and 211 of the Securities Market Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect all the stockholders' equity account entries relating to the transactions carried out by the Brokerage Firm through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These statement of changes in stockholders' equity were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

GONZALO ROJAS RAMOS PRESIDENT DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER
DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP

H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

SCOTIA INVERLAT CASA DE BOLSA, S.A. DE C.V. GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT

BOSQUE DE CIRUELOS No. 120 COL. BOSQUES DE LAS LOMAS, C.P. 11700, MEXICO D.F. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW, FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Net income		298
Adjustments for items that do not imply flow of cash:		
Depreciation and amortization	9	
Amortizations of intangible assets	1	
Provisions	77	
Income tax (current and deferred)	64	
Other	83	234
Operation Activities:		
Change in margin accounts		3
Change in investment securities		915
Change in derivates (assets)		(257)
Change in other operational assets		(104)
Change in bank and other loans		2
Change in liabilities related to securities in the course of settlement		3
Change in repurchase agreements (creditor)		(2,145)
Change in Securities receivable (liabilities)		(1)
Change in collateral sold or in guarantee		(42)
Change in derivates (liabilities)		719
Change in other operational liabilities		113
Charges for income taxes (refunds)		324
Payments for income taxes		(53)
Operation activities cash flow		(523)
Investment Activities		
Payments for acquisition of property, furniture and equipment		(3)
Payments for acquisition of intangible assets		(1)
Investment activities cash flow		(4)
Net Increase or Decrease in cash		5
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period		29
Cash and cash equivalent at the final of the period		34

[&]quot;These statements of cash flow have been prepared in conformity with the accounting criteria for brokerage firms, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 205 last paragraph, 210 second paragraph and 211 of the Securities Market Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the cash entrance and cash outflow of funds relating to the transactions carried out by the Brokerage Firm through the dates noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions."

These statement of cash flow were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

GONZALO ROJAS RAMOS PRESIDENT DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER DEPUTY DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

SCOTIA INVERLAT CASA DE BOLSA, S.A. DE C.V. GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT BALANCE SHEETS (EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

ASSETS	SEP-12	JUN-12	SEP-11
runds Available	34	41	17
Margin Accounts (Derivatives)	9	11	30
inancial Instruments	13,893	14,830	20,472
Securities – available for trading	13,350	14,294	20,051
Securities – available for sale	543	536	421
Repurchase Agreements (Debtor)	1	1	1
Perivatives	384	304	186
Trading	384	304	186
ccounts Receivable (Net)	367	1,753	755
roperty, Furniture and Equipment (Net)	163	165	170
ong-term Investment in Equities	3	3	3
ther Assets	136	135	185
otal Assets	14,990	17,243	21,819
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Bank and Other Loans			
iabilities Related to Securities in the Course of Settlement	8	7	9
Repurchase Agreements	3	-	482
ollateral Sold or Given in Guarantee	9,285	10,309	16,557
Perivatives	104	108	101
Trading	2,704	2,430	2,090
Other Payables	2,704	2,430	2,090
Income Taxes	676	2,340	769
Employee profit sharing	70	57	9
Creditors pending settlements	48	35	17
Sundry creditors and other payables	244	1.984	511
Deferred Taxes and Employee Profit Sharing (Net)	314	264	232
	40	69	46
otal Liabilities	12,820	15,263	20,054
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY			
Paid -In Capital	551	551	551
apital Surplus	1,619	1,429	1,214
apital reserves	65	65	[′] 58
esults from previous years	1.043	1.043	908
ffects from valuation of securities available for sale	213	209	140
et Income	298	112	108
otal Stockholder´s Equity	2,170	1,980	1,765

SCOTIA INVERLAT CASA DE BOLSA, S.A. DE C.V. GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT BALANCE SHEET (EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

MEMORANDUM ACCOUNTS	SEP-12	JUN-12	SEP-11
OPERATIONS ON BEHALF THIRD PARTIES			
Customer Current Accounts	383	672	1,462
Cash Balances	10	9	20
Transaction settlement	141	430	1,222
Other	232	233	220
Custody Operations	203,514	199,884	200,736
Securities held in custody	203,514	199,884	200,736
Management Operations	153,495	130,820	121,530
Securities operations	75,660	64,404	59,802
Securities receivable operations	138	111	101
Collaterals received in guarantee	42,589	37,427	38,193
Collaterals given in guarantee	34,909	28,689	23,269
Administrative trusts	199	189	165
TOTAL ON BEHALF THIRD PARTIES	357,392	331,376	323,728
OWN OPERATIONS			
Assets and liabilities contingent	_	462	3,482
Collaterals received for the entity	33,432	27,142	21,791
Government paper	32,364	26,046	21,579
Bank Paper	647	900	
Other	199	-	-
Investment in Financial Instruments	222	196	212
Collaterals received and sold or delivered in guarantee for the entity	33,314	27,054	21,681
Goverment paper	32,364	26,046	21,579
Bank Paper	647	900	, -
Other	199	-	-
Investment in Financial Instruments	104	108	102
Other control accounts	8,117	8,327	4,965
TOTAL OWN OPERATIONS	74,863	62,985	51,919

SCOTIA INVERLAT CASA DE BOLSA, S.A. DE C.V. GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT STATEMENT OF INCOME (EXPRESSED IN MILLION OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	9 MO	NTHS	3 MONTHS			
	SEP-12	SEP-11	SEP-12	JUN-12	SEP-11	
Commissions and fees collected Commissions and fess paid Financial advisory Income	435 (32) 76	452 (33) 64	124 (9) 26	133 (11) 29	145 (12) 22	
Service Income	479	483	141	151	155	
Gain on purchase and sale of securities Loss on purchase and sale of securities Interest income Interest expense Valuation gain (loss) on securities	820 (707) 1,683 (1,503) (83)	832 (826) 1,437 (1,324) 47	107 (72) 585 (526) (48)	470 (462) 564 (492)	280 (188) 371 (430) 19	
Net Interest Profit for Intermediation	210	166	46	81	52	
Other operational net income Administrative and operating expenses	246 (573)	7 (505)	217 (226)	10 (174)	(2) (169)	
Operating income	362	151	178	68	36	
Net income before income tax	362	151	178	68	36	
Current income tax Deferred income tax (net)	114 (50) 64	52 (9) 43	16 (24) (8)	29 (5) 24	(9) 7 2	
Net income before discontinued operations	298	108	186	44	38	
Net income	298	108	186	44	38	

Attachment 5

SCOTIA FONDOS, S.A. DE C.V. SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE SOCIEDADES DE INVERSION GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT BOSQUE DE CIRUELOS No. 120, COL. BOSQUES DE LAS LOMAS, C.P. 11700, MEXICO D.F.

BALANCE SHEET AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

ASSETS		LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
FUNDS AVAILABLE	14	OTHER PAYABLES Income tax Sundry creditors and other payables	8,695 68,517	77,212		
SECURITIES INVESTMENT Securities – available for trading	420,739	TOTAL LIABILITIES		77,212		
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (NET)	84,336	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
LONG-TERM INVESTMENT IN EQUITIES	6,330	PAID-IN CAPITAL Capital stock		2,586		
DEFERRED TAXES AND EMPLOYEE PROFIT SHARING (NET)	863	CAPITAL SURPLUS Statutory reserves Results from prior years	517 339,242	400.000		
OTHER ASSETS Deferred, advanced and intangible charges Short and Long term assets	185 23 208	Net results TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	92,933	432,692 435,278		
TOTAL ASSETS	512,490	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	-	512,490		
	MEMORA	NDUM ACCOUNTS				
	Assets and Liabilities contingent	3,851				
	Assets in custody or under administration	127,730,456				

[&]quot;These balance sheets were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for mutual fund management companies, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 76 of the Investment Companies Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the transactions carried out by the Management Companies through the dates indicated above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These balance sheets were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers."

The historical capital stock amount is \$2,000 thousands of pesos as at September 30, 2012.

ERNESTO DIEZ SANCHEZ PRESIDENT

H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DEPUTY DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

SCOTIA FONDOS, S.A. DE C.V. SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE SOCIEDADES DE INVERSION **GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT**

BOSQUE DE CIRUELOS No. 120, COL. BOSQUES DE LAS LOMAS, C.P. 11700, MEXICO D.F. STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Commissions and fees collected Commissions and fees paid	619,102 475,292	143,810
Continues ions and tees paid	475,292	143,010
Service Income		143,810
Interest income	33	
Valuation gain (loss) on securities	958	
Gain and loss on purchase and sale of securities	11,189	12,180
Net Interest Profit		12,180
Other Operational Net Income		295
Administrative expenses		26,992
Operational income		129,293
Participation in the results of subsidiaries unconsolidated and associated	_	12
Net income before income tax		129,305
Current income tax	36,814	
Deferred income tax (net)	(442)	36,372
Results before discontinued operations	_	92,933
Net income	<u></u>	92,933
	_	

"These statement of income were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for mutual fund management companies, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 76 of the Investment Companies Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the revenues and costs relating to the transactions carried out by the Management Companies through the dates indicated above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative

These statement of income were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

ERNESTO DIEZ SANCHEZ **PRESIDENT**

H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DEPUTY DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

SCOTIA FONDOS, S.A. DE C.V. SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE SOCIEDADES DE INVERSION GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT

BOSQUE DE CIRUELOS No. 120, COL. BOSQUES DE LAS LOMAS, C.P. 11700, MEXICO D.F. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD DECEMBER 31, 2011 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	Paid-in Capital			Capital Surplus					
CONCEPT	Capital stock	Contributions for future increases by the Shareholders' assembly	Premium from the sale of shares	Statutory reserves	Results from previous years	Result from valuation of available for sale securities	Result form holding non-monetary assets	Net income	Total stockholders' equity
Balances as of December 31, 2011	2,586	-	-	517	231,574	-	-	107,668	342,345
ITEMS RELATED TO STOCKHOLDERS DECISIONS									
Transfer of prior year's results					107,668			(107,668)	-
Total	-	-	-	-	107,668	-	-	(107,668)	-
ITEMS RELATED TO RECOGNITION OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME									
Comprehensive Income Net income								92,933	92,933
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,933	92,933
Balances as of September 30, 2012	2,586	-	-	517	339,242	-	-	92,933	435,278

[&]quot;These statement of changes in stockholders' equity have been prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for mutual fund management companies, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 76 of the Investment Companies Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect all the stockholders' equity account entries relating to the transactions carried out by the Management Companies through the dates indicated above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These statement of changes in stockholders' equity were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

ERNESTO DIEZ SANCHEZ PRESIDENT H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DEPUTY DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

SCOTIA FONDOS, S.A. DE C.V. SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE SOCIEDADES DE INVERSION GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT

BOSQUE DE CIRUELOS No. 120, COL. BOSQUES DE LAS LOMAS, C.P. 11700, MEXICO D.F. STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW, FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Net income		92,933
Adjustments for items that not imply cash flow: Provisions Income tax (current and deferred) Participation in the result of subsidiaries non consolidated and associated Other	1,680 36,372 (12) (958)	37,082
Operation activities:		
Change in investment securities Change in other operational assets (net) Change in other operational liabilities Payment income taxes		(82,044) (3,748) (992) (34,231)
Operation activities cash flow		(127,015)
Investment Activities: Payments for acquisition of subsidiaries and associated		(3,000)
Investment activities cash flow		(3,000)
Net Increase or Decrease in cash		
Cash and cash equivalent at the beginning of the period		14
Cash and cash equivalent at the final of the period		14

[&]quot;This statement of cash flow has been prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for mutual fund management companies, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 76 of the Investment Companies Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the cash entrance and cash outflow of funds relating to the transactions carried out by the Management Companies through the dates indicated above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

This statement of cash flow was approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

ERNESTO DIEZ SANCHEZ PRESIDENT H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DEPUTY DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

SCOTIA FONDOS, S.A. DE C.V. SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE SOCIEDADES DE INVERSION GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT

BOSQUE DE CIRUELOS No. 120, COL. BOSQUES DE LAS LOMAS, C.P. 11700, MEXICO D.F. STATEMENT OF INVESTMENT LOAN VALUATION, AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO	ISSUER	SERIES	SECURITY TYPE	MARKET RATE	TYPE OF RATE	CREDIT RATING	No. OF SECURITIES MANAGEMENT	No. OF SECURITIES SETTLEMENTS	No. OF SECURITIES ISSUED	AVERAGE ACQUISITION COST / UNIT	TOTAL ACQUISIT ION COST	MARKET PRICE	TOTAL MARKET VALUE	DAYS TO MATU RITY
%	TRADING SECURITIES														
	Investment in financial instruments														
	Mutual funds in debt instruments														
2.22	Scotia Gubernamental, S.A. de C.V., S I I D	SCOTIAG	C1	51	-	TR	AAA/2	151,003,108	4,144,718	6,697,120,557	2.785989	420,693	2.786296	420,739	-
%	INVESTMENT IN EQUITIES:														
	Investment in equities														
	Mutual funds in debt instruments														
100	Fondo de Fondos Scotiabank de Mediano Plazo, S.A. de C.V., S I I D	SBANKMP	Α	51	-	TR	-	999,999	999,999	1,000,000	1.000000	1,000	1.011409	1,011	-
0.26	Scotia Gubernamental Plus, S.A. de C.V., SIID Equity Mutual funds	SCOTLPG	Α	51	-	TR	AAA/7	999,999	999,999	349,158,743	1.000000	1,000	1.000000	1,000	-
0.08	Scotia Cartera Modelo, S.A. de C.V., S I R V	SCOT-CM	A	52	-	TR	-	999,999	999,999	1,321,072,969	1.000000	1,000	1.000000	1,000	-
1.83	Scotia Progresivo, S.A. de C.V., S I R V	SCOT-FX	Α	52	-	TR	-	62,500	62,500	6,375,957	17.492212	1,093	18.571815	1,161	-
1.66	Scotia Diversificado, S.A. de C.V., S I R V	SCOTEME	Α	52	-	TR	-	80,645	80,645	5,584,535	14.082951	1,136	14.354169	1,158	-
0.23	Scotia Global, S. A. de C.V., S I R V	SCOTGLO	Α	52	-	TR	-	999,999	999,999	456,134,710	1.000000	1,000	1.000000	1,000	-
											¤	426,922		427,069	

[&]quot;These statement of investment loan valuation have been prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria for mutual fund management companies, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 76 of the Investment Companies Law, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the operations of investment assests relating to the transactions carried out by the Management Companies through the dates indicated above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions.

These statement of investment loan valuation were approved by the Board Directors under the responsibility of the following officers".

ERNESTO DIEZ SANCHEZ PRESIDENT H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DEPUTY DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING

www.scotiabank.com.mx/ES/quienessomos/relacionconinversionistas/estadosfinancieros/Paginas/default.aspx www.cnbv.gob.mx/prensa/paginas/boletinesestadisticos.aspx

SCOTIA FONDOS, S.A. DE C.V. SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE SOCIEDADES DE INVERSION **GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT** BALANCE SHEET (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

(EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)							
ASSETS	SEP-12	JUN-12	SEP-11				
FUNDS AVAILABLE	14	14	14				
SECURITIES INVESTMENT	420,739	384,677	303,013				
Securities – available for trading	420,739	384,677	303,013				
OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (NET)	84,336	83,671	78,253				
LONG – TERM INVESTMENT IN EQUITIES	6,330	6,318	3,248				
DEFERRED TAXES AND EMPLOYEE PROFIT SHARING (NET)	863	485	657				
OTHER ASSETS	208	240	220				
Deferred, advanced and intangible charges Short and long term assets	185 23	208 32	200 20				
Short and long term assets	23						
TOTAL ASSETS	512,490	475,405	385,405				
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY							
OTHER PAYABLES	77,212	73,952	73,296				
ncome tax	8,695	6,747	6,617				
Sundry creditors and other payables	68,517	67,205	66,679				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	77,212	73,952	73,296				
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY							
PAID IN CAPITAL	2,586	2,586	2,586				
CAPITAL SURPLUS	432,692	398,867	309,523				
Statutory reserves	517	517	517				
Results from prior years	339,242	339,242	231,574				
Net results	92,933	59,108	77,432				
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	435,278	401,453	312,109				
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	512,490	475,405	385,405				
MEMOR ANDUM ACCOUNTS							
MEMORANDUM ACCOUNTS							
Assets and Liabilities contingent	3,851	3,572	2,880				
Assets in custody or under administration	127,730,456	127,291,159	121,966,243				

SCOTIA FONDOS, S.A. DE C.V. SOCIEDAD OPERADORA DE SOCIEDADES DE INVERSIÓN GRUPO FINANCIERO SCOTIABANK INVERLAT STATEMENT OF INCOME (EXPRESSED IN THOUSAND OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	9 MOI	NTHS		3 MONTHS	
	SEP-12	SEP-11	SEP-12	JUN-12	SEP-11
Commissions and fees collected Commissions and fees paid	619,103 475,292	585,094 457,639	208,029 157,481	411,074 317,811	202,823 158,347
Service Income	143,811	127,455	50,548	93,263	44,476
Interest income Valuation gain (loss) on securities Gain and loss on purchase and sale of securities	33 958 11,189	- 828 7,213	33 452 3,938	505 7,251	- 84 2,844
Net Interest Profit	12,180	8,041	4,423	7,756	2,928
Other Operational Net Income Administrative expenses	295 26,992	(587) 25,628	26 9,015	269 17,977	(62) 9,375
Operational income	129,294	109,281	45,982	83,311	37,967
Participation in the results of subsidiaries unconsolidated and associated	12	19	11	1	23
Net income before income tax	129,306	109,300	45,993	83,312	37,990
Current income tax Deferred income tax (net)	36,815 (442) 36,373	32,168 (301) 31,867	12,546 (378) 12,168	24,268 (64) 24,204	10,848 (225) 10,623
Results before discontinued operations	92,933	77,433	33,825	59,108	27,367
Operational Income	-	-	-	-	-
Net income	92,933	77,433	33,825	59,108	27,367

Attachment 6

SERVICIOS CORPORATIVOS SCOTIA, S.A. DE C.V. LORENZO BOTURINI 202, COL. TRÁNSITO, MÉXICO, D.F. C.P. 06820. CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2012

(EXPRESSES IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

ASSETS		LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY				
FUNDS AVAILABLE	231,589	OTHER PAYABLES Income Taxes	2,543			
OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (NET)	58,777	Employee profit sharing Sundry creditors and other payables	24,504 89,487	116,534		
		DEFERRED TAXES AND EMPLOYEE PROFIT SHARING (NET)		11,136		
PROPERTY, FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT (NET)	35,508	TOTAL LIABILITIES		127,670		
LONG-TERM INVESTMENT IN EQUITIES	-	STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
DEFERRED TAXES AND EMPLOYEE PROFIT SHARING (NET)	-	PAID-IN CAPITAL Capital stock	267,080	267,080		
OTHER ASSETS		CAPITAL SURPLUS				
Deferred, advanced and intangible charges	.338	Results from prior years	(80,915)			
Short and long term assets	429 13,767	Net results	25,806	(55,109)		
		TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	_	211,971		
TOTAL ASSETS	339,641	EQUITY TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'		339,641		

JAVIER E. ACEVES OLIVARES DIRECTOR HR SHARED SERVICES JESUS VELASCO RODRIGUEZ DIRECTOR FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

SERVICIOS CORPORATIVOS SCOTIA, S.A. DE C.V. LORENZO BOTURINI 202, COL. TRÁNSITO, MÉXICO, D.F. C.P. 06820. STATEMENT OF INCOME FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Income: Service income	407,019
Expenses:	
Salaries and personnel benefits Professional fees Rental expenses Other expenses	(226,232) (74,135) (30,611) (35,479)
Total expenses	(366,457)
Operating income	40,562
Other income (expenses) Employee profit sharing Over legal base Deffered	(8,562) 3,691
Other products	2,423
Other expenses (net)	(2,448)
Financial integral results: Interest earned (net)	5,245
Net income before tax	43,359
Current Deffered Income tax	(14,829) (2,724) (17,553)
Net income for discontinued operations	25,806
Loss for discontinued operations, net of income tax	<u> </u>
Net results	25,806

JAVIER E. ACEVES OLIVARES DIRECTOR HR SHARED SERVICES

JESUS VELASCO RODRIGUEZ DIRECTOR FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

SERVICIOS CORPORATIVOS SCOTIA, S.A. DE C.V.

LORENZO BOTURINI No. 202 COL. TRANSITO, MÉXICO, D.F. C.P. 06820

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Capital paid

	Fixed update	Variable update	Results from previous years	Net result	Total stockholders' equity
Balances as of December 31, 2010	2,679	264,401	(79,264)	(24,271)	163,545
Items related to stockholders decisions: Transfer of prior year's result Items related to recognition of comprehensive income:	-	-	(24,271)	24,271	-
Net income	-	-		22,620	22,620
Balances as of December 31, 2011	2,679	264,401	(103,535)	22,620	186,165
Items related to stockholders decisions: Transfer of prior year's result. Items related to recognition of comprehensive income: Net income	- -	-	22,620	(22,620) 25,806	25,806
Balances as of September 30, 2012	2,679	264,401	(80,915)	25,806	211,971

JAVIER E. ACEVES OLIVARES DIRECTOR HR SHARED SERVICES

JESUS VELASCO RODRIGUEZ DIRECTOR FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

SERVICIOS CORPORATIVOS SCOTIA, S.A. DE C.V. LORENZO BOTURINI 202, COL. TRÁNSITO, MÉXICO, D.F. C.P. 06820 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW, FOR THE PERIOD JANUARY 1 TO SEPTEMBER 30, 2012 (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

Net income	25,806
Operation activities:	
Adjustment for items that not imply cash flow: Deferred taxes Other accounts receivable Other assets Other provisions Depreciation and amortizations	(967) (16,269) (4,554) 87,972 5,633
Subtotal	97,621
Other payables Employee profit sharing Income tax paid	(21,828) (5,511) 21,211
Operation activities cash flow	91,493
Investment activities: Furniture and equipment acquisition Investment activities cash flow	(4,374) (4,374)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	87,119
Cash and cash equivalents At the beginning of the year	144,470
By the end of the year	231,589

JAVIER E. ACEVES OLIVARES DIRECTOR HR SHARED SERVICES

JESUS VELASCO RODRIGUEZ
DIRECTOR FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION

SERVICIOS CORPORATIVOS SCOTIA, S.A. DE C.V. BALANCE SHEETS (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

ASSETS	SEP-12	JUN-12	SEP-11
FUNDS AVAILABLE	231,589	199,941	149,234
OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE (NET)	58,777	57,728	36,573
PROPERTY, FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT (NET)	35,508	35,693	36,437
OTHER ASSETS Deferred, advanced and intangible charges Short and long term assets	13,767 13,338 429	15,590 15,171 419	27,108 26,756 352
TOTAL ASSETS	339,641	308,952	249,352
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY			
OTHER PAYABLES	116,534	94,695	62,745
Income tax paid Employee profit sharing	2,543 24,504	2,100 21,625	- 19,591
Sundry creditors and other payables	89,487	70,970	43,154
DEFERRED TAXES AND EMPLOYEE PROFIT SHARING (NET)	11,136	11,487	11,944
TOTAL LIABILITIES	127,670	106,182	74,689
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY			
PAID-IN CAPITAL	267,080	267,080	267,080
CAPITAL SURPLUS	(55,109)	(64,310)	(92,417)
Results from prior years	(80,915)	(80,915)	(103,535)
Net results	25,806	16,605	11,118
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	211,971	202,770	174,663
EQUITY TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'	339,641	308,952	249,352

SERVICIOS CORPORATIVOS SCOTIA, S.A. DE C.V. STATEMENT OF INCOME (EXPRESSED IN THOUSANDS OF MEXICAN PESOS)

	9 MONTHS			3 MONTHS		
	SEP-12	SEP-11	SEP-12	JUN-12	SEP-11	
Income: Service income	407,019	236,486	152,859	133,774	93,511	
Expenses: Salaries and personnel benefits Professional fees Rental expenses Other expenses	(226,232) (74,135) (30,611) (35,479)	(111,942) (63,362) (29,110) (17,551)	(86,383) (24,100) (10,292) (16,763)	(78,989) (25,424) (10,473) (11,390)	(43,562) (25,769) (9,827) (7,579)	
Total expenses	(366,457)	(221,965)	(137,538)	(126,276)	(86,737)	
Operating income	40,562	14,521	15,321	7,498	6,774	
Other income (expenses) Employee profit sharing Over legal base Deffered Other products	(8,562) 3,691 2,423	(3,587) 1,006 1,555	(2,888) 952 161	(2,882) 2,138 641	(954) 129 (280)	
Other expenses (net)	(2,448)	(1,026)	(1,775)	(103)	(1,105)	
Financial integral results: Interest earned (net)	5,245	4,088	2,058	1,767	1,680	
Net income before tax	43,359	17,583	15,604	9,162	7,349	
Income tax Current Deferred	(14,829) (2,724)	(10,576) 4,111	(5,802) (601)	(9,027) 6,148	(87) (2,187)	
Net income for discontinued operations	25,806	11,118	9,201	6,283	5,075	
Loss for discontinued operations, net of income tax	-	-	-	-	-	
Net results	25,806	11,118	9,201	6,283	5,075	

Attachment 7 Grupo Scotiabank

Grupo Scotiabank Financial Indicators					
		2012		20	11
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
ROE					
(Annualised quarterly net income / average capital for the quarter)	16.7	16.0	15.3	11.0	10.0
ROA					
(Annualised quarterly net income / average of total assets for the quarter)	2.5	2.4	2.4	1.7	1.5
Net Interest margin					
(Net interest margin including credit loss provisions / average earning assets)	5.6	5.5	4.9	4.4	4.2
Operating efficiency					
(Annualised quarterly operating expenses / average of total assets for the quarter)	5.6	5.6	5.5	5.9	5.4
Delinquency index					
(Balance of past due loans at quarter end / balance total loans)	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.6
Reserve coverage of past due loans					
(Allowance for credit losses at quarter end / balance of past due loans)	102.9	109.3	117.1	115.0	116.6
Not conital / Cuadit risk adjustment assets					
Net capital / Credit risk adjustment assets	22.21	21.73	22.02	20.80	21.70
Not conital / Total rick adjustment accord (www.ads.ads.ads.ads.ads.ads.ads.ads.ads.ads					
Net capital / Total risk adjustment assets (credit, market and operational risk)	17.18	16.74	16.63	15.71	16.30
Liquidity					
(Liquid assets / liquid liabilities)	102.9	88.2	79.9	108.1	103.7

Grupo Scotiabank Segments; (P\$ millions; as at September 30, 2012)				
	Credit & Services	Trading & Treasury	Other	Total Group
Net interest income	6,952	824	216	7,992
Other income	3,776	429	1,176	5,381
Revenue	10,728	1,253	1,392	13,373
Provision for credit losses	(639)	-	-	(639)
Total revenue	10,089	1,253	1,392	12,734
Operating expenses	(7,188)	(413)	(938)	(8,539)
Participation in results of subsidiaries and associated companies	-	-	1	1
Operational profit	2,901	840	455	4,196
Income tax	-	-	-	(490)
Profit after income tax				3,706

Related-party transactions

During the normal course of business, The Group carries out transactions with related parties. According to the Group's policies, the Bank's Board of Directors authorizes all credit transactions with related parties, which are granted at market rates with guarantees and terms in accordance with sound banking practices.

At September 30, 2012 principal balances with related parties are for bank loans granted of P\$2,890 million.

Financial Information Disclosure

The Bank of Nova Scotia (BNS), the controlling entity, provides diversified financial services globally, and is listed on the Toronto and New York stock exchanges. As issuer, BNS issues, amongst other information, annual and quarterly financial information prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS). The consolidated financial statements also comply with the accounting requirements of the Canadian Banking Law. The financial information includes the results of entities that are consolidated in Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat (SBM).

Based on the requirements set forth by the National Banking and Securities Commission (CNBV), SBM issues, through its electronic page in the world wide web (Internet), its consolidated financial statements with figures as of March, June, September and December, prepared in accordance with the Accounting Criteria for Financial Institutions defined by the CNBV.

Reconciliation of Mexican and IFRS

The net income of MXN 1,231 million reported by SBM for the quarter ending June 30, 2012 is different from the MXN 1,191 million (CAD 90 million) figure reported by BNS since financial institutions in Mexico prepare and present their financial statements according to Mexican GAAP, which differs in some aspects from IFRS. The reconciling items can be grouped as follows:

Non-controlling interest - BNS records, as an expense, the non-controlling interest in SBM's net income.

Acquisition accounting and other IFRS adjustments- On acquisition of SBM, BNS was required to record its share of SBM's assets and liabilities at their fair value. As a result, in subsequent periods, BNS' share of SBM's net income is affected by these differences in carrying values. There are also other measurement differences between Mexican and IFRS, which are adjusted by BNS.

Summary of the main reconciling items between net income reported by SBM and net income reported by BNS for the quarter ending June 30, 2012

In MXN\$ million (except as indicated)	Q2/12
SBM consolidated net income under Mexican GAAP – per the June 2012 Press Release	1,231
Non-controlling interest – 2.7%	(33)
Acquisition accounting and other IFRS adjustments	(7)
SBM consolidated net income under IFRS as reported by BNS	1,191
SBM consolidated net income under IFRS reported by BNS in Canadian dollars	CAD \$90

Internal Control

The internal control policies establish the internal control framework for Grupo Scotiabank and its subsidiaries and the control environment in which they operate, with the objective of having a reasonable level of confidence that the institution operates in prudent and sound manner.

An internal control model has been established to clearly identify responsibilities, subject to the premise that all the members of GSB share responsibility concerning internal control matters. The internal control model is composed of:

- A Board of Directors that is responsible for overseeing that GSB operates in accordance with sound practices and
 that it is effectively and efficiently managed. The Board of Directors are also responsible for approving GSB
 objectives and Internal Control Policies, the Conduct in Business Guidelines and other internal conduct manuals, as
 well as the organization's structure. The Board is also responsible for appointing GSB internal and external
 auditors, as well as its key officers.
- An Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in determining and updating all internal control policies and procedures, and in verifying and evaluating them. The Audit Committee is composed of three regular directors and is presided over by an independent director. It meets on a quarterly basis.
- The Executive Management is responsible for establishing the internal control system that manages all GSB subsidiaries and verifies that they operate efficiently and effectively.
- Organizational and procedural controls supported by an effective management information system (MIS), for the Executive that allows managing GSB's exposure to risk.
- An independent audit area for purposes of supervising the effectiveness and efficiency of all controls in place.
- In additional for compliance and internal control activities, an independent area works for insurance integrity of the Internal Control System.
- Management Integral Risk Area, (UAIR like their initials in Spanish) gives support in all the process areas of risk
 control establishing policies and methods, keeping development and promotion which includes Self Assessment's
 methodology of Operative Risk.
- Very clear mandates in terms that each one of the areas and individuals, that compose GSB, is responsible for
 observing all internal control aspects and complying with the laws, regulations and internal policies of the
 institution.

In addition to the foregoing, GSB conducts itself in accordance with all applicable laws and regulations, it abides by and observes all best corporate practices, and keeps its annual certification under the 404 y 302 rule Sarbanes Oxley Law in 2011, in its capacity as a subsidiary of The Bank of Nova Scotia in Canada.

Treasury Policies

Grupo Scotiabank (GSB) administers and maintains conservative and adequate liquidity levels, always within the best industry practices and in accordance with regulatory requirements. To this end, a stable, traditional and well-diversified deposit base is maintained as well as an active participation in the inter-bank market. In addition to the solid deposit base, GSB has at its disposal a wide range of lines of credit for working capital purposes, as well as irrevocable letters of credit that can be used to cover part of its established liquid asset requirements required by the Bank of Mexico.

Together with the above, The Group has adopted policies, procedures and clear limits for liquidity administration which outline the timely steps to follow to maintain sufficient liquidity gaps and liquid assets in case of some unforeseen contingency. These policies promote the uniform distribution of cash flows and try to minimize the liquidity gaps between assets and liabilities, taking into consideration the historic movements and the various products that make up the liquidity gaps.

The Board of Directors and the Risk Committee have delegated to the Assets and Liabilities Committee, the administration and monitoring of liquidity risk within the parameters and limits established by the Board. The financial position with respect to liquidity, re-pricing, securities investment, risk and intermediation positions are periodically monitored by the Risk Administration area, that in turn, informs the Assets and Liabilities Committee and the Risk Committee for their analysis, follow-up and action as required. The Group Treasury Department is responsible for

managing the liquidity risk and strategies to cover the liquidity and re-pricing gaps including taking risk positions and investing in securities.

Remuneration System

Ordinary Compensation

- Ordinary compensation is based on an Organizational Structure that distributes the functions. After this
 distribution is done, job levels are determined according to the duties assigned and using technical methods
 of job evaluation.
- To determine the salary ranges for each job level, pay scales are built according to compensation surveys and market information.
- In order to keep motivation and productivity among employees, compensation is linked to individual results measured through Performance Evaluations.

Extraordinary Compensation

- The purpose of variable or extraordinary compensation is to reward our staff according to their individual, department and the whole organization scores.
- The different Variable Compensation schemes are primarily based on market competitive research and the corresponding regulation.
- The following basic Variable Compensation plans according to job profile that are applicable to employees under the Remuneration System:
 - o Variable Compensation Plans for Financial Group are divided as follows:
 - Staff / Administrative Positions
 - Commercial / Business Positions
 - o Annual incentive plan for executives
 - Variable Compensation Plan for Private Banking and Wealth Management
 - o Variable Compensation Plan for Global Banking & Markets

Adjustment Methodology

- Approved risk measurement models for each type of risk, are used depending on the type of risks that the employees generate in performing their duties.
- Variable Compensation can be adjusted and/or deferred if risk measurements for the different job positions are materialized.

Attachment 8 Scotiabank Mexico

Scotiabank Mexico Financial Indicators					
		2012		2011	
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3
ROE					
(Annualised quarterly net income / average capital for the quarter)	15.1	16.3	15.1	10.9	9.8
ROA					
(Annualised quarterly net income / average of total assets for the quarter)	2.2	2.3	2.3	1.7	1.5
Net Interest margin					
(Net interest margin including credit loss provisions / average earning assets)	5.9	5.7	5.1	4.7	4.8
Operating efficiency					
(Annualised quarterly operating expenses / average of total assets for the quarter)	5.6	5.5	5.5	5.9	5.6
Delinquency index					
(Balance of past due loans at quarter end / balance total loans)	2.6	2.6	2.5	2.7	2.6
Reserve coverage of past due loans					
(Allowance for credit losses at quarter end / balance of past due loans)	102.9	109.3	117.1	115.0	116.6
Not conital / Credit wish adjustment agests					
Net capital / Credit risk adjustment assets	22.21	21.73	22.02	20.80	21.70
Not conital / Total risk adjustment aggets					
Net capital / Total risk adjustment assets (credit, market and operational risk)	17.18	16.74	16.63	15.71	16.30
Liquidity					
(Liquid assets / liquid liabilities)	81.7	66.8	64.4	53.7	59.4

Scotiabank Mexico Performing Loan Portfolio; (P\$ millions, as at September 30, 2012)	MX Pesos	USD	Total
Business loans	33,265	8,204	41,469
Loans to financial institutions	2,436	1	2,437
Loans to government entities	4,400	1,207	5,607
Consumer loans	16,853	-	16,853
Mortgages	46,234	175	46,409
Total	103,188	9,587	112,775

Scotiabank Mexico Past-due Loan Portfolio; (P\$ millions, as at September 30, 2012)	MX Pesos	USD	Total
Business loans	354	17	371
Consumer loans	523	-	523
Mortgages	2,038	45	2,083
Total	2,915	62	2,977

Scotiabank Mexico	Sep,	Jun,	Sep,
Financial Information by product and region	30, 2012	30, 2012	30, 2011
Performing Loan Portfolio			
Metro South	35.0%	34.4%	31.1%
Metro North	20.1%	20.5%	23.5%
Northwest	11.6%	11.8%	11.8%
North	12.4%	12.5%	12.3%
Center	11.8%	11.7%	11.5%
South	9.1%	9.1%	9.8%
Past-due Loan Portfolio			
Metro South	21.8%	21.3%	28.9%
Metro North	20.8%	21.3%	14.4%
Northwest	14.8%	15.8%	15.1%
North	12.6%	13.3%	12.9%
Center	18.4%	17.2%	14.9%
South	11.6%	11.1%	13.8%

Scotiabank Mexico Reconciliation of Past Due Loans (P\$ millions)	
Balance as at June 30, 2012	2,917
Transfers (to) / from current loans	373
Restructured loans	-
Loans recovered	(3)
Loans written off	(310)
Foreign exchange	-
Balance as at September 30, 2012	2,977

	oank Mexico nnce for Credit Losses ons)		
Balance	e as at June 30, 2012		3,190
Plus:	Reserves created		186
Less:	Reserves taken into income		-
	Transfer from Trust to Bank		-
	Adjudications		10
	Charge-offs and applications relating to regular loans		300
	Commercial	9	
	Mortgage	92	
	Consumer	199	
	Charge-offs and applications relating to debtor support programs		-
	Foreign exchange		(4)
Balanc	e as at September 30, 2012		3,062

Scotiabank Mexico						
Authorized financing that exceeds 10% Basic Capital						
(P\$ millions as at September 30, 2012)						
No. of Credits	Amount	% Basic Capital				
Scotiabank	2,830	11.22%				
Financing to the 3 principal creditors		5,221				

Capital management

The Bank has a capital management process in place to measure, deploy and monitor its available capital and assess its adequacy. The objectives and practices of the Bank's capital management process are consistent with those in place as at September 30, 2012.

The two primary capital ratios used to assess capital adequacy are Tier 1 and total Tier 2 capital ratios, which are determined by dividing those capital components by risk-weighted assets. Risk-weighted assets represent the Bank's exposure to credit, market and operational risk and are computed by applying a combination of the Bank's internal credit risk parameters. On September 30, 2012 the Bank's Tier 1 capital ratio was 22.21% and total Tier 2 capital ratio was 17.18%.

Scotiabank Mexico – Capitalisation	Sep,	Jun,	Sep,
(P\$ thousands; Consolidated with subsidiaries)	30, 2012(*)	30, 2012	30, 2011
Share capital	29,423	28,335	28,346
Less: Investment in financial companies	820	822	585
Investment in Non-financial companies	-	-	65
PTU & Income tax, deferred assets	352	201	201
Other non-allowable assets and deferred expenses	2,329	2,290	2,228
Plus: Allowable deferred tax	352	201	201
Basic capital (tier 1)	26,274	25,223	25,468
Allowable reserves against credits	411	266	422
Complementary capital (tier 2)	411	266	422
Total net capital (tier 1 + 2)	26,685	25,489	25,890
(*)Figures pending approval Banxico			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Scotiabank	Mexico – Risk Assets	Risk asset	Capital
P\$ thousands	as at September 30, 2012)	equivalent (*)	requirement
	Operation in MXN at nominal rates	11,402	912
	Debt Instrument operations with "sur-charge" and adjustable rate	1,404	112
	Operation in MXN at real rates or rates denominated in UDIS	1,567	125
Market	Positions in UDIS or with yields related to inflation accounting	9	1
Risk	Operation in foreign currencies at nominal rates	218	17
	Foreign exchange positions	72	6
	Securities positions or with yields related to a group of securities	1,047	84
	Total market risk	15,719	1,257
	Group II (weighted at 20%)	181	14
	Group III (weighted at 20%)	1,663	133
	Group III (weighted at 50%)	337	27
	Group III (weighted at 100%)	17	1
	Group IV (weighted at 20%)	1,545	124
	Group V (weighted at 20%)	501	40
	Group V (weighted at 50%)	454	36
	Group V (weighted at 150%)	1,182	95
Credit	Group VI (weighted at 50%)	12,995	1,040
Risk	Group VI (weighted at 75%)	12,065	965
	Group VI (weighted at 100%)	21,249	1,700
	Group VII – A (weighted at 20%)	197	16
	Group VII – A (weighted at 23%)	14	1
	Group VII – A (weighted at 50%)	667	53
	Group VII – A (weighted at 57.5%)	1,612	129
	Group VII – A (weighted at 100%)	41,490	3,319
	Group VII – A (weighted at 115%)	3	-
	Group VII – A (weighted at 120%)	47	4
	Group VI (weighted at 125%)	2,078	166
	Group VII (weighted at 125%)	162	13
	Group IX (weighted at 100%)	21,707	1,737
	Total credit risk	120,166	9,613
	Total operational risk	19,439	1,555
	Total Risk Assets	155,324	12,425

^(*) Figures pending approval Banxico

Scotiabank Mexico	Sep,	Jun,	Sep,
Capital Ratios	30, 2012 (*)	30, 2012	30, 2011
(1) Capital to credit risk:			
Basic capital (tier 1)	21.87%	21.50%	21.34%
Complementary capital (tier 2)	0.34%	0.23%	0.36%
Total net capital (tier 1+ 2)	22.21%	21.73%	21.70%
(2) Capital total risk (credit, market and operational risk):			
Basic capital (tier 1)	16.92%	16.57%	16.04%
Complementary capital (tier 2)	0.26%	0.17%	0.26%
Total net capital (tier 1+ 2)	17.18%	16.74%	16.30%
Classification according to the general rules referred to in Article 134 bis			
of the Credit Institutions Law	I	I	I

^(*)Figures pending approval Banxico

Scotiabank Mexico Composition of Securities Po (P\$ million as at September 30, 2012)	rtfolio (reasonable value)				
Category	Government Paper	Debt Securities	Investments in Financial Instruments	Other	Total
Trading	10,762	91	12	26	10,891
Without restriction	-	-	7	-	7
Restricted	10,762	91	5	26	10,884
Repurchase agreements	8,595	91	-	23	8,709
Others	2,167	-	5	3	2,175
Available for sale	15,347	5,514	1	2,809	23,671
Without restriction	1,612	4,905	1	2,040	8,558
Restricted	13,735	609	-	769	15,113
Repurchase agreements	13,735	609	-	199	14,543
Others	-	-	-	570	570
Held to maturity	2,042	-	-	-	2,042
Without restriction	2,042	-	-	-	2,042
Total securities	28,151	5,605	13	2,835	36,604

Scotiabank Mexico Investments in non-Government Securities (In excess of 5% of net capital) (P\$ million as at September 30, 2012)						
Issuer	Securities	Rate	Term	Value		
I_BANORTE_12474	1,010,569,996	4.53%	84	1,004		
I_BANSAN_12401	3,901,452,744	4.47%	85	3,901		
Total	4,912,022,740			4,905		

Scotiabank Mexico Rates paid on core deposits (as at September 30, 2012)						
	Average rate paid					
	Pesos	Usd	Udis			
Demand and savings	1.15%	0.06%	-			
Term Deposits	3.80%	0.40%	0.01%			

Scotiabank Mexico	Sep,	Jun,	Sep,
Financial Information by product and region	30, 2012	30, 2012	30, 2011
Demand deposits	57.0%	53.7%	53.5%
Metro South	14.2%	15.5%	14.4%
Metro North	9.9%	8.8%	9.1%
Northwest	8.1%	7.4%	7.4%
North	7.9%	6.6%	7.5%
Center	7.8%	7.2%	7.2%
South	9.1%	8.2%	7.9%
Fixed Term Deposits	42.9%	38.4%	40.6%
Metro South	9.9%	8.4%	8.9%
Metro North	8.9%	8.4%	8.5%
Northwest	4.6%	4.3%	7.2%
North	5.3%	4.6%	4.4%
Center	7.6%	6.7%	4.4%
South	6.6%	6.0%	7.2%
Total funding from customers	99.9%	92.1%	94.1%
Professional Funding	0.1%	7.9%	5.9%

Scotiabank Mexico Funding from Banks (P\$ million as at September		anisations				
	Loa	ins		Other funding		
Term	Commercial Banks	Banco de México	Development Bank	Development Funds	Other	Total
Pesos						
Short	495	-	-	-	-	495
Medium	-	-	1,905	777	-	2,682
Long	-	-	-	1,673	-	1,673
Total	495	-	1,905	2,450	-	4,850
Average Rate*	4.45%	0.00%	5.90%	4.54%	0.00%	-
Other						
Short	-	-	-	-	-	-
Medium	-	-	3	148	-	151
Long	-	-	-	555	-	555
Total	-	-	3	703	-	706
Average Rate*	0.00%	0.00%	3.15%	1.08%	0.00%	-
Fotal Interbank and other funding	495	-	1,908	3,153	-	5,556

^{*}Average rate of September 30, 2012

The bank does not have debt from any creditor that is greater than 10% of total liabilities as at September 30, 2012.

Bank Certificates Issuance

The main features of the Bank Certificates issuances of Scotiabank Mexico are as follow:

Issuance number	First	Third	Fifth	First *	First * - 1 st Tranches	Second *
Trade Code	SCB0001 05	SCB0002 05	SCOTIAB 07	SCOTIAB 10	SCOTIAB 10	SCOTIAB 10-2
Amount issued	\$400 million	\$300 million	\$2,000 million	\$2,312 million	\$830 million	\$358 million
Date	November 10, 2005	December 8, 2005	December 6, 2007	October 14, 2010	November 11, 2010	October 14, 2010
Term	3,652 days, aprox. 10 years	4,750 days, aprox. 13 years	1,820 days 65 periods 28 days, aprox. 5 years	1,820 days, aprox. 5 years	1,792 days aprox. 4 years and 11 months	2,548 days, aprox. 7 years
Guarantees	"Unsecured"	"Unsecured"	"Unsecured"	"Unsecured"	"Unsecured"	"Unsecured"
Interest rate	9.89% Fixed	9.75% Fixed	TIIE 28 - 0.09%	TIIE 28 + 0.40%	TIIE 28 + 0.40%	TIIE 28 + 0.49%
Interest payment	May 10 and November 10 each year until maturity	December 8 and June 8 each year until maturity	Each 28 days	Each 28 days	Each 28 días	Each 28 days
Principal payment	One payment at end of the term	One payment at end of the term	One payment at end of the term	One payment at end of the term	One payment at end of the term	One payment at end of the term

^{*}Program authorized by "CNBV" in October, 2010.

Derivativ	Scotiabank Mexico Derivatives and hedging operations; as at September 30, 2012 (P\$ million, reasonable value)											
	For	wards	Fu	tures	Op	otions		ctured actions	Sw	aps		
	Pos	sition	Pos	sition	Po	sition	Pos	ition	Pos	ition	Total Assets	Total Liability
	Assets	Liability	Assets	Liability	Assets	Liability	Assets	Liability	Assets	Liability		
Trading	31	25	-	1	370	371	-	-	1,440	1,677	1,841	2,074
Hedging	-	-	-	-	-	-			88	495	88	495

	Forwards		values presented in currency origin) Forwards Future		Structured transactions		Options		Swaps	
	Pos	ition	Pos	ition	Pos	ition	Po	sition	Position	
	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability
Trading										
USD positions	242	201	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
XAU Positions	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
USD Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	20	20	-	-
EUR Currency	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stocks	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,892	1,892	-	-
Index	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,461	1,461	-	-
Interest rate										
Pesos	3,000	-	9,681	678	-	-	20	560	44,858	45,112
USD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	114	148
Hedging										
Interest rate										
Pesos	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		13,487	6,700
USD	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		121	-
EUR	-	-	-	_	-	_	_		44	_

Scotiabank Mexico Market Results for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 (P\$ million)					
	Mark to Market	Trading Results			
Investment in securities	(168)	545			
Derivative trading transactions & hedge	(44)	(719)			
Foreign exchange & other	426	389			
Total	214	215			

Scotiabank Mexico					
Deferred Taxes					
(P\$ million as at September 30, 2012)					
<u>Assets</u>					
Provisions for sundry obligations	520				
Mark to market loss	139				
Other timing differences	1,263				
Subtotal	1,922				
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Revaluation of real estate	249				
Other timing differences	181				
Subtotal	430				
Net deferred taxes	1,492				

As at September 30, 2012 Scotiabank Mexico does not have tax liabilities.

			Allowance for Cre	dit Losses Required	
	Loan Portfolio	Commercial Loans	Consumer Loans	Mortgages Loans	Total Allowance for Credit Losses
Excepted portfolio	202				
Classified:					
Risk A1 / A	27,696	69	15	91	175
Risk A2	13,534	88	-	-	88
Risk B1 / B	10,637	180	445	166	791
Risk B2	1,100	76	319	-	395
Risk B3	1,122	190	-	-	190
Risk C1 / C	211	74	231	229	534
Risk C2	7	3	-	-	3
Risk D	290	207	254	-	461
Risk E	38	35	74	69	178
Total	54,837	922	1,338	555	2,815

NOTES:

- 1. The figures for the classification of the portfolio and the creation of allowance for credit losses correspond to the balance on last day of the month and are reflected in the balance sheet of September 30, 2012.
- 2. The commercial loan portfolio is classified according to the internal rating methodology to qualify the borrower, to determine the Loss Given Default published in the Official Gazette on December 2, 2005 and on August 22, 2008. So it is authorized by the National Banking and Securities Commission (CNBV) on December 9, 2011. For retail credit portfolio in all its products are rated according to the regulations amendments published in the Official Gazette on August 12, 2009 and on October 25, 2010.
- 3. Other credit reserves are comprised of:

- Reserves on past due mortgages	\$ (200)	
- Reserves – Credit Bureau	\$ (19)	
- Reserves for accrued interest on past due loans	\$ (28)	
Total	\$ (247)	

4. The classifications A1, B1, and C2, correspond to the Commercial portfolio and the classifications A, B, B2 and C, correspond to the Personal and Mortgages portfolio.

Credit Risk

At the close of September, 2012, the expected loss on the Bank's total loan portfolio was P\$2,603 million, while the unexpected loss was P\$18,507 million. The total exposure of the loan portfolio was P\$118,350 million, while the average exposure for the July - September, 2012 period was P\$143,053 million.

Market Risk

The average daily value at risk observed by Scotiabank Mexico during the quarter was the following

Scotiabank Average DailyVar (P\$ million)	Q3 12
VaR 1 day; 99%	4.65

The global daily average VaR for 1 day in the Bank (P\$4.65 million) as a percentage of total capital (P\$29,423 million) by the end of the period is 0.02%

The Value at Risk by risk factor for Scotiabank Mexico at September 30, 2012 was the following:

Scotiabank Var by Risk Factor (P\$ million)	VaR 1 day
Risk Factor	
Interest rate	4.46
Exchange rate	0.39
Equity	0.47
Total non diversified	5.32
Efect of diversification	-0.67
Total	4.65

The global daily average VaR for the Bank during the second quarter of 2012 was P\$4.65 million and the global value at September 28, 2012 was P\$4.04 million. The average values of market risk exposure of the trading portfolio during the period July - September 2012 were the following:

Scotiabank	Average	Maxium	Position	VaR	VaR
(P\$ million)	Position	Position	Limit	Average/ ¹	Limit
Bank	143,820	152,194	-	4.65	52.5
Money Market	13,250	18,586	105,000	5.30	50
Interest Rate Swaps	106,638	110,223	207,000	2.99	-
Mexican Treasury Bill Certificates (CETES) Forwards/ ²	6,534	9,300	10,000	0.001	-
Interest Rate Futures /3	-	-	-	1.80	-
Caps & Floors	530	600	2,500	0.14	-
Market Rate for interest and interest derivatives/4	126,952	138,709	324,500	4.46	50
Equities	12	21	206	0.47	13
IPC Futures	-	-	2,880	-	-
Equity Portfolio /4	-	-	-	0.47	13
Foreign exchange forwards /5,6,7	678	1,577	4,020	1.12	-
Foreign exchange/ ^{5,6}	-	4	55	0.17	-
Foreign exchange options /6	82	103	800	0.003	-
Dollar futures / ³	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange swaps /6	66	68	600	0.02	-
Metal forwards/ ⁶	3	8	50	1.61	-
Metal options/ ⁶	-	-	200	0.00	-
Metal spot/ ⁶	3	3	10	1.21	-
Foreign Exchange, FX derivatives & Metal /4	832	1,763	5,735	0.39	13

1/Var is expressed in million pesos

To interpret the VaR with an example, the average 1-day value at risk of the Bank in the money market is P\$4.46 million. This means that under normal conditions, in 99 out of 100 days, the maximum potential loss is up to P\$4.46 million.

During the third quarter of 2012, the Bank executed transactions in the Mexican Derivative Market, called MexDer, for interest rate futures. However, were not transactions in US dollar futures contracts neither IPC future contracts. The following chart shows the positions and the number of contracts traded:

Scotiabank Derivatives Market, Mexder (In number of contracts)	Average Position	Maximum Position	Límit Position
Futures			
Interest rate futures - TIIE28	111,231	125,389	945,000
Interest rate futures - CE91	969	1,000	90,000
Bonds M Futures/ ²	571	5,644	37,550
Swaps Futures	14	250	1,000
Interest rate futures /1	112,785	132,283	1,073,550
IPC Futures/ ¹	-	-	750
US Dollar futures /1	-	-	5,000

^{1/}The position and the limit are in number of contracts negotiated in MexDer

Due to the fact that the VaR measure serves to estimate potential losses in normal conditions of market, daily testes are made under extreme conditions "stress testing" with the purpose to determine the risk exhibition considering big fluctuations in the market prices. The risk committee has approved limit stress.

^{2/}Special position treasury

^{3/} The position and the limit are based in number of contracts in MexDer.

^{4/} The observed period (holding period) of the Var of currencies, capitals, interest rates and their limits are 1 day.

^{5/}The forwards position is a gross position (longs more shorts) and the foreign exchange position is net (longs less shorts)

^{6/} Figures expressed in million of US Dollars

^{7/}Net position includes treasury foreign exchange forwards

^{2/}The limit Bond M futures includes 15,000 futures contract of; Bonds M20, 20,000 future contracts of, Bonds M1 300 futures contracts of Bonds M3, 750 futures contracts of Bonds M5 and 1,500 contracts of Bonds M3.

The result of the "stress testing" at September 28, 2012 was P\$228 million, which compares with a limit of P\$1,500 million, and thus lying within the tolerable limits. The hypothetical scenarios that are used for this test are the crisis of 1994 and 1998.

The Back Testing tests from July to September 2012 period shows the level of efficiency of yellow based on criteria established by the Bank of International Settlements (BIS), such as Interest Rates Swaps, Global FX, Global Interest Rate and Equity bank, due to the high volatility that presented in the interest rate, capital, and foreign exchange markets in the third quarter of 2012.

The variance in the estimated economic value is P\$754 million (impact over the parallel change in economic value of 100 bp in rates) and the estimated variance in financial revenues of P\$252 million (impact over the margin to parallel changes of 100 bp in rates).

Market risk treatment on available for sale securities

At the end of September, 2012, the Bank's available for sale securities position was P\$23,671 million.

Available for sale securities are considered on the Bank's structural position and for its risk measurement are considered repricing gaps, economic value sensitivity and margin sensitivity versus interest rate exchange changes.

Liquidity Risk

Límit	Use (MXN million) September 2012
Two week accumulated gap (MXP + UDIs)	(5,113)
Liquid Assets	2,466

The accumulated two-week gap shows the Bank's cash commitments for that specific period, while the Liquid Assets serve as resources for its commitments in the event that it does not have access to other funding sources.

Operational and Legal Risk

During the period from July to September 2012 the Bank recognized operational risk losses of P\$55 million, also in case of materialize operational risk this might be caused a negative impact on the Bank's result, of P\$82 million, which have already been provision, in case of legal risk, contingencies totalized P\$435 million, there are reserved to then 100%.

Debt Rating Agencies

Scotiabank Domestic Debt Rating	Long Term	Short Term	Perspective
Fitch Ratings	AAA(mex)	F1+(mex)	Stable
Moody's	Aaa.mx	MX-1	Stable
Standard & Poor's	mxAAA	mxA-1+	Stable

The information above is presented by Scotiabank Mexico with the sole purpose of informing its customers of the Bank's domestic credit ratings as defined by Debt Rating Agencies (Fitch Ratings, Moody's and Standard & Poor's). These ratings could be modified without prior advice.

Dividends

The company has not established a policy for payment of dividends however in their statutes is faculty of Ordinary Shareholders the application of them.

At the Annual General Shareholder's meeting held on March 27, 2009 it was agreed to declare a dividend up to an amount of P\$2,000,000,000.00 to be charged to retained earnings. The Assembly authorized the Board to approve the payment program.

The Shareholder's meeting approved that the aforementioned dividend would be paid quarterly, within a range of between 0% and 45% of the quarterly net income, which was also approved by the Board. It was approved that the dividend payments would be made through "S.D. Indeval, Institución para el Depósito de Valores, S.A. de C.V.".

At the General Shareholder's meeting held on October 8, 2010, approved the extension of the range for the dividend payment from 0% to 100% of net income to report the Company at the close of each quarter.

Payment date	Amount
August 28, 2009	P\$ 111
November 30, 2009	P\$ 178
March 5, 2010	P\$ 260
May 28, 2010	P\$ 299
August 31, 2010	P\$ 243
November 26, 2010	P\$ 299
March 18, 2011	P\$ 439
May 27, 2011	P <u>\$ 171</u>
	P\$ 2,000

At the annual General Shareholder's meeting held on April 28 2011, it was agreed to declare a dividend up to an amount of P\$1,300,000,000

Payment date	Amount
May 27, 2011	P\$ 288
August 26, 2011	P\$ 477
November 30, 2011	P\$ 535
	P\$1,300

At the annual General Shareholder's meeting held on November 25 2011, it was agreed to declare a dividend up to an amount of P\$1,800,000,000

Payment date	Amount
November 30, 2011	P\$ 800
March 30, 2012	P\$ 499
May 31, 2012	<u>P\$ 501</u>
	P\$1,800

At the annual General Shareholder's meeting held on April 30 2012, it was agreed to declare a dividend up to an amount of P\$1,000,000,000

Payment date	Amount
August 31, 2012	P\$500

At the General Shareholder's meeting held on October 12, 2012, it was agreed to declare a dividend up to an amount of \$300 million, which were paid on October 19, 2012.

Internal & External liquidity sources

At September 30, 2012 the Bank had the following positions in liquidity assets in mxp to meet the requirements of any short term liquidity:

- Government Instruments for P\$14,852 million.
- Non Government Instruments for P\$5,514 million.

Additionally has committed lines with foreign institutions:

- Stand By credit letter for \$300 million dollars
- Funding Bank for \$40 million dollars maturing on August 30, 2013, secured by Brazilian government bonds

Significant investment in capital

At September 30, 2012 the Bank has no significant investments in capital.

Attachment 9 Scotia Casa de Bolsa

As at September 30, 2012, total assets were P\$14,990 million, an annual decrease of P\$6,829 million or 31%, mainly due to a decrease in securities of P\$6,579 millions.

Total Liabilities were P\$12,820 million, down P\$7,234 million or 36% from the previous year, primarily as a result of P\$7,272 million decrease in repurchase agreements.

Securities held in Custody were P\$204 billion, a year-over-year increase of 1%, primarily due to an increase in financial instruments, bank debt and government debt, partially offset with an decrease in other debt titles.

For the nine-month period ended September 30, 2012, net income after tax was P\$298 million, an annual increase of P\$190 million over the same period last year. This increase includes the effect of a tax recovery from past periods mainly because of a favorable ruling allowing the deductibility of certain losses from those periods, this had a net effect of P\$153 million, excluding this impact the annual growth was P\$37 million. This growth was mainly due to higher intermediation revenues and lower write-offs in other operational income net; partially offset with higher non-interest expenses, as well as higher taxes.

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Financial Indicators						
2.2244.2044.2044.00		2012			2011	
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	
Solvency						
(Total assets / Total liabilities)	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	
Liquidity						
(Liquid assets / liquid liabilities)	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1	
Financial leverage						
(Total liabilities less trading settlement accounts / Capital)	5.8	6.7	4.9	7.6	10.5	
ROE						
(Net income / Capital)	35.9	9.0	14.5	7.5	8.1	
ROA						
(Net income / earning assets)	5.0	1.3	2.1	0.7	0.8	
Capital requirements / Total Capital	30.51	31.47	29.65	35.33	35.09	
Financing margin / Total operating income	11.5	33.2	28.8	27.3	25.3	
Operating income / Total operating income	44.2	28.1	39.8	19.3	17.6	
Total operating income / Administration expenses	179.4	139.1	166.2	123.9	121.4	
Administration expenses / Total operating income	55.8	71.9	60.2	80.7	82.4	
Net income / Administrative expenses	82.6	25.3	39.2	19.1	22.4	
Personnel expenses / Operating income	31.2	51.8	44.0	56.8	50.2	

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Other operational net income (P\$ million)	Sep 30, 2012
Reversal provision	2
Commission to refer customer	8
Income for leasing	5
Account handling commissions	2
Other(*)	229
Write offs	-
Other operational net income	246

^(*) Includes tax recovery

Capitalisation

At September 30, 2012 Brokerage Firm's common shareholders equity was of P\$2.0 billion. The total capital ratio for credit, market and operational risk was of P\$632 million that represent a consumption of capital of the 30.51%

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Capitalisation (P\$ million)	Sep 30, 2012
Share capital and reserves	2,171
Less: Investments in financial	-
Other assets	99
Basic capital	2,072
Complementary capital	-
Total capital	2,072

	le Bolsa – Risk Assets at September 30, 2012)	Assets	Risk assets	Capital requirement
	Operations in MXN at nominal rates referred to this	79,568	1,846	148
	Operations in MXN with floating rate premium or yield referred to this	32,483	485	39
	Operations in MXN at real rates or rates denominated in UDIs	525	82	6
Market	Operations in foreign currencies with nominal rate	97	-	-
Risk	Positions in UDIs or with yields related to inflation accounting	525	2	-
	Foreign exchange positions	32	48	4
	Securities positions or with yields related to a group of securities	386	3,022	242
	Total market risk	113,616	5,485	439
	Counter –party in repurchase agreements, hedges and derivatives	38	27	2
Credit	Issuer of debt instruments related to repurchase agreements	12,323	1,064	85
Risk	Due to deposits, loans, other assets and contingencies	563	476	38
	Total credit risk	12,924	1,567	125
	Total credit and market risk	126,540	7,052	564
Operational Risk	Total operational risk	-	849	68
	Total market, credit and operational risk	126,540	7,901	632

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Capital Ratios	Sep 30, 2012
Global Equity / Assets under credit, market and operational risk	26.22%
Basic Capital (tier 1)	2,072
Complementary capital (tier 2)	-
Global Equity (tier 1 + tier 2)	2,072

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Composition of Securities P (P\$ million as at September 30, 2012					
Category	Government Paper	Debt Securities	Others	Investments in Financial Instruments	Total
Trading	9,718	2,261	341	1,030	13,350
Without restriction	2,361	444	-	735	3,540
Restricted	7,357	1,817	341	295	9,810
Repurchase agreements	7,127	1,817	338	-	9,282
Securities Receivable	-	-	-	132	132
Others	230	-	3	163	396
Available for sale	-	-	167	376	543
Without Restriction:	-	-	167	376	543
Total securities	9,718	2,261	508	1,406	13,893

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Investments in non-Government Securities (In excess of 5% of net capital) (P\$ million as at September 30, 2012)							
Issuer	Securities	Rate	Term	Amount			
I BANOBRA 12424	742,081	4.50%	18	1			
I BANOBRA 12502	721,704	4.50%	72	1			
I BANOBRA 12502	743,560	4.60%	72	1			
I BANOBRA 12502	12,042,661	4.56%	72	12			
I BANOBRA 12502	687,185	4.50%	72	1			
I BANOBRA 12502	720,989	4.50%	72	1			
I BANOBRA 13044	759,308	4.60%	123	1			
I BANOBRA 13044	740,687	4.58%	123	1			
I BANOBRA 13044	778,958	4.57%	123	1			
I BANOBRA 13044	731,085	4.40%	123	1			
I BANOBRA 12401	9,731,860	4.44%	1	10			
I BANOBRA 12401	68,490,292	4.44%	1	67			
I BANOBRA 12424	62,604,800	4.44%	18	62			
I BANOBRA 12502	167,377,067	4.56%	72	166			
I BANOBRA 12401	111,680,414	4.44%	1	111			
Total	438,552,651			437			

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Funding from Banks and Other Organizations (P\$ million as at September 30, 2012)							
	Loans	Other	funding	Total			
Term	Commercial	Development					
	Bank	Bank	Other				
Pesos							
Short	8	-	-	8			
Medium	-	-	-	-			
Long	-	-	-	-			
Total	8	-	-	8			
Average Rate*	5.55%	-	-	5.55%			
Total Interbank and other funding		-	-	8			

^{*}Average rate of September 30, 2012

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Derivatives operations; as at September 30, 2012 (P\$ million, reasonable value)								
	Forwards Futures Options							
	Pos	ition	Position Position		Total Asset	Total Liability		
	Asset	Liability	Asset Liability Asset Liability					
Trading	-	-	1	-	383	2,704	384	2,704

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Notional amounts in derivative operations; as at September 30, 2012 (P\$ million, nominal values presented in currency origin)							
	Fut	ures	Opt	ions	For	wards	
	Pos	ition	Position		Position		
	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability	Asset	Liability	
Trading:							
Currency	-	-	-	-	49	12	
Index	20	-	807	1,143			
Stocks	-	-	1,807	4,279			

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Market Results for the nine months ended September 30, 2012 (P\$ million)						
	Mark to Market	Trading results				
Securities	14	120				
Derivate trading transaction	(97)	(9)				
Foreign exchange & other	-	2				
Total	(83)	113				

Scotia Casa de Bolsa	
Deferred taxes	
(P\$ million as at September 30, 2012)	
Mark-to-market of investment	7
Prepayment	(17)
Fixed assets	(49)
Expense provisions	62
Warrants and options	60
Employee Profit Sharing Expenses (PTU)	19
Shares appraisal	(142)
Net deferred taxes	(40)

As at September 30, 2012 Scotia Casa de Bolsa does not have tax liabilities.

Credit Risk

At the close of September, 2012, the expected loss on total credit portfolio of Brokerage Firm's was P\$1 million, while the unexpected loss was P\$11 million. The total exposure of the credit portfolio, was P\$12,483 million as at September 28, 2012 and the average exposure for July- September 2012 period, was P\$12,249 million.

Market Risk

The average daily value at risk observed by Scotia Casa de Bolsa during the quarter was the following:

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Average DailyVar (P\$ million)	Q3 12
VaR 1 day; 99%	4.66

The global daily average VaR for Brokerage Firm's during the third quarter of 2012 was P\$4.66 million and the global value at September 28, 2012 was P\$3.67 million

The global daily average VaR for 1 day for Brokerage Firm's was (P\$4.66 million) as a percentage of global capital (P\$2,072 million) equivalent 0.23% at the end of the period.

The Value at Risk by risk factor, for Scotia Casa de Bolsa during the third quarter was the following:

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Risk Factor (P\$ million as at September 28, 2012)	VaR of 1 day
Risk Factor	
Interest Rates	3.49
Equities	3.26
Total no diversified	6.75
Effect of diversification	-2.09
Total	4.66

The averages values of market risk exposure of the trading portfolio during the july - september 2012, period were the following:

Scotia Casa de Bolsa (P\$ million as at September 28, 2012)	Average Position	Maxium Position	Position Limit	VaR Average	VaR Limit
Casa de Bolsa	17,396	22,128	-	4.66	25
Money Market	17,386	22,119	-	3.49	25
Equity position	9	30	200	0.16	13
IPC Derivatives/ ¹	242	326	2,880	-	-
Stock Derivatives ^{/2}	285	298	1,000	-	-
Total Equity and IPC Derivatives	536	653	4,080	3.26	13

^{1/} includes futures and IPC options of the equity derivatives desk. The VaR includes the warrants portfolio. The average 1 day VaR for warrants is P\$3.24 million both are calculated with Equitiv VaR.

To interpret the VaR with an example, the average 1-day value at risk of the Casa de Bolsa in the money market is P\$3.49 million. This means that under normal conditions, in 99 out of 100 days, the maximum potential loss is up to P\$3.49 million.

Although the Brokerage Firms is authorized to operate future contracts in the Mexican Derivative Market for its portfolio traiding. During this quarter, the Casa de Bolsa was not present position. The following chart shows the current limits:

^{2/} includes futures and IPC equity options derivatives desk for hedging warrants portfolio.

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Derivatives Market, Mexder (In number of contracts)	Average Position	Maximum Position	Límit Position
Futures			
Interest rate futures - TIIE28	-	-	945,000
Interest rate futures - CE91	-	-	90,000
Futures M Bonds	_	-	35,300
IPC Futures /2	-	-	750

2/ includes contracts of the equity trading desk .The average 1-day IPC futures VaR is P\$ 0.00 million and includes total equity VaR.

It is important to highlight that the Brokerage Firm operated Futures and Options to hedge the market risk of the embedded options in the securities or warrants that are issued to clients. The Casa de Bolsa issued on average warrants indexed to IPC and baskets of equities, equities and domestic and foreign indexes for P\$8,780 million and the maximum was P\$9,753 million. The hedging positions of embedded options in the securities or warrants at the end of September 28, 2012, were following:

Embedded options or warrants –	
Hedging positions	Position
(P\$ million as at September 28, 2012)	
IPC Futures	21
Options about IPC future	-
IPC & OTC Futures	305
NAFTRACS	36
OTC options & basket of equities	28
OTC options AMXL	2
OTC options AAPL	2,249
OTC options SPXIND	1,156
OTC options EWZ	225
OTC options GMEXICO	142
OTC options WALMEX	153
OTC options IAU	1,460
OTC options TELEVISA	1

Due to the fact that the VaR measure serves to estimate potential losses in normal conditions of market, daily tests are made under extreme conditions "stress testing" with the purpose to determine the risk exhibition considering big fluctuations in the market prices. The risk committe has approved limit stress.

At the end of September 28, 2012 the test of extreme conditions "stress testing" was P\$118 million compared to P\$800 million are consider favourable. The scenes that are in use for this test are the crisis of 1994 and 1998 as hypothetical.

The Back Testing tests from July to September 2012 period shows the level of efficiency of yellow based on criteria established by the Bank of International Settlements (BIS), such as the VaR of Equities, IPC Futures, Global Interest Rates and Global Brokerage and Equity Brokerage, due to the high volatility that presented in the interest rate, capital, and foreign exchange markets in the third quarter of 2012.

Market risk treatment for available for sale securities

At the end of September 28, 2012 the Brokerage Firm's total amount of available for sale securities was P\$543 million.

The available for sale securities have been included in the Brokerage Firm position and have been considered in its measurement of sensitivity of risk analysis.

Liquidity Risk:

Límit	Use (MXN millon) Sep-2012
Two week accumulated gap (MXP + UDIs)	-
Liquid Assets	2,132

The accumulated two week gap indicate the Casa de Bolsa's cash commitments for that specific period, while the Liquid Assets could act as substitutes to cover these commitments in case of a lack of access to other funding sources.

Operational Risk:

During July - September 2012 period the Casa de Bolsa recognized operational risk losses totalized P\$180 thousand pesos comprised of 64 different events. With respect to legal risks, operational risks identified should they materialize that would cause a negative impact on the results of the Casa de Bolsa for P\$104 million, which are reserved at 100%.

Rating Agencies

Scotia Casa de Bolsa Domestic Debt Ratings	Long Term	Short Term	Perspective
Moody's	Aaa.mx	MX-1	Stable
Standard & Poor's	mxAAA	mxA-1+	Stable

The information above is presented by Scotia Casa de Bolsa with the sole purpose of informing its customers of the Brokerage house's domestic credit ratings as defined by Rating Agencies (Moody's and Standard & Poor's). These ratings could be modified without prior advice.

Dividends

The company has not established a policy for payment of dividends however in their statutes is faculty of Ordinary Shareholders the application of them.

On the Board meeting held on July 26, 2011 it was agreed announce the Annual General Shareholder's to declare a dividend up to an amount of \$200,000,000.000 to \$9,081.8272636454 per share.

By August 19, 2011 the Ordinary Annual General Stockholder's approve to declare and pay a dividend in cash for \$200,000,000.00 to \$9,081.8272636454 per share; to be distribute among the 22,022 "F" and "B" serial which incorporate Capital Stock and Earned Capital.

It was approved that the dividend payments would be made through "S.D. Indeval, Institución para el Depósito de Valores, S.A. de C.V. on August 26, 2011.

At the General Shareholder's meeting held on October 12, 2012, it was agreed to declare a dividend up to an amount of \$200 million, which were paid on October 19, 2012.

Internal & External liquidity sources

Scotia Casa de Bolsa has two liquidity sources; internal and external, whose refers to working capital and a credit line for P\$95 million respectively.

Attachment 10

Global Risk Management

The Board of Directors is responsible for establishing standards and global risk limits within the Institution. It delegates the authorization, administration and monitoring of compliance to these limits to a Risk Committee.

In compliance with the risk management regulations issued by the banking authorities (CNBV), the Bank and Brokerage House relies on a specialized risk administration area, which has responsibility over the Group, and which has adopted similar policies in risk management and control as those adopted by The Bank of Nova Scotia.

Market Risk

The purpose of the market risk management function is to identify, measure, monitor and control risks arising from changes in interest rates, foreign exchange and equity market and other risk factors in the money, foreign exchange, equity and derivatives markets in which the Group maintains positions for its own account.

The risk positions in the Group include fixed and floating rate instruments in money market, equity portfolios, foreign exchange positions and derivative instruments such as interest rate futures, futures and options on equities and basket of stocks, foreign exchange futures and options, interest rate swaps, interest rate options, metals and CCIRS derivatives.

The Group applies a series of techniques designed to evaluate and control market risks at which the Bank is exposed in the current course of its activities. The Board of Directors authorizes the risk limit structure at which the Institution is exposed.

The value at risk (VaR) is an estimate of the potential loss of value within a specific level of statistical confidence that might arise from maintaining a specific position during a determined period of time (the holding period) under normal market conditions. VaR is calculated daily on the entire Group's risk-exposed financial instruments and portfolios using the Risk Watch methodology developed by Algorithmic.

The VaR is calculated using the historical simulation method, with a 300-working day time span. In order to fulfill the measurement methodologies used by BNS, the Group calculates VaR considering a 99% of confidence level and a one-day holding period.

Stress testing exercises are performed daily on the portfolios, assuming extreme market conditions. "Backtesting" are realized monthly to compare losses and earnings to calibrate the models that are used. The efficiency level of the model is

based on criteria established by the Bank of International Settlements (BIS).

Because the VaR measurement serves to estimate potencial losses in normal market conditions, stress testing is done under extreme conditions to determine the risk exposure, taking into consideration large abnormal variances in market prices. The Risk Committee has approved the stress limits

Sensitivity

The Group has a specialized Trading Risk Analysis area that methodically supervises and oversees the valuation process, risk measurement and sensitivity analysis. This area liaises continually with the management of the various trading desks.

The Risk area calculates, on a daily basis, market risk sensitivity for each portfolio with risk exposure. During the quarter, there were no changes to the assumptions, methods or parameters used for the analysis.

The following is a description of the methods, parameters and assumptions utilized for the equity, foreign exchange, interest rate and derivative product portfolios.

Interest Rate Portfolio

The sensitivity measurements that are used for the fixed rate instruments (bonds) are based on estimating the behavior of the portfolio value given a change in market interest rates. For this purpose, the benchmark is the interest rate curve (and not to the zero coupon curve) as these are the ones that are quoted in the market and better explain the gains and losses behavior.

The sensitivity of the fixed rate instrument portfolio is based on durations and convexities depending on the type of instrument. In all cases, two types of measurements are produced: i) the expected change in the value of the portfolio given a change of 1 basis point (0.01%) in the yield curve; and, ii) the expected change in the value of the portfolio given a change of 100 basis points (1.0%) in the yield curve. For the purposes of the sensitivity of the fixed rate instrument portfolio only the changes in 1 basis point methodology are used as the benchmark.

The estimated values, based on a methodology of duration and convexity, is a good approximation of the values obtained using the complete valuation methodology and known as "full valuation".

In the case of the floating interest rate bonds, two types of sensitivities are calculated; one related to the free interest rate risk and the other to the spread.

For the zero coupon bonds, the sensitivity calculation is based as if they were instruments without coupons. Therefore the duration is the term to maturity, expressed in years.

Interest Rate Derivatives

The following is a brief explanation about the sensitivity model used for the interest rate derivatives of the Group.

TIIE and CETE interest rate futures: These types of derivative instruments are modeled to calculate their sensitivity, as a future of a zero coupon rate and therefore its duration is considered in the estimation of its sensitivity.

M Bond Futures: The sensitivity considers the duration and convexity over the bonds deliverable in these contracts.

Interest Rate Swaps: To determine the sensitivity to changes in the TIIE swap yield curve, the change of 1 basis point in each one of the relevant points of the yield curve is effected, as well as a change of both 1 and 100 basis points, valuing the portfolio with different curves and calculating the change in value of the portfolio with each one of these changes. For interest rate swaps the change of 1 basis point benchmark is used.

European option on interest rates.

The interest rate options (caps / floors) are used to cover the risk of movements in interest rates. A cap protects the buyer against increases in short-term rates and a floor protects the buyer against falls in the short-term rates.

The buyer of a cap is who takes a position at a fixed rate and protect against rising interest rates and vice versa for the floor. It is noteworthy that the settlement day, counterparties will be settled only the difference between the originally agreed rate and the rate that prevailed in the market when the cap / floor reaches to maturity.

In the case of European options on interest rates, the sensitivities known as gamma and vega applies.

Equity Portfolio and IPC Equity Derivatives

Stocks

For the impact of the equity position, the sensitivity is obtained by calculating the change or delta, by issue, within the portfolio. The delta is defined as the change in the value of the portfolio as the result of a change of 1% in the value of the underlying asset.

Equity Derivatives

Currently, the Group has opted to execute equity derivative transactions through IPC futures that are quoted on the Mexican Derivative Market, MexDer. Their sensitivity is calculated by the delta and this portfolio has limits expressed in notional amounts. In the market for operations not listed or OTC "Over the counter" the brokerage firm participates with warrants on the IPC and IPC options.

The delta is defined as the change in the value of the derivative with respect to the changes in the underlying asset. The delta risk is defined as the change in the value of the option as a result of the change in a predetermined magnitude in the value of the underlying (for example 1%). Its calculation is determined by valuating the option at different values of the underlying (one original and one with a "shock" of + 1%), while maintaining all the remaining parameters constant.

For futures, the sensitivity calculation is delta, defined as the change in the value of the derivative with regard to changes in the underlying asset. Likewise, Rho is defined as the sensitivity as changes in interest rates. In the case of futures contracts, this sensitivity can be estimated, based on information available in the market. Casa de Bolsa defines Rho as the change in the value of the portfolio in view of a change of 100 basis points (parallel) in the benchmark interest rate.

The sensitivity measures considered for non-linear products, like warrants and options, are Delta and Greeks. The sensitivity calculation is based on an options valuation model on futures, known as Black 1976.

Gamma, is the complement to delta risk, and is another measure of sensitivity in the value of an option with regard to the underlying asset value. Gamma measures the rate of change of Delta with regard to a change in the value of the underlying asset and, similar to Delta calculation. It can be interpreted in an analytic manner, as the partial second derivative of the Black & Scholes function with regard to the underlying asset.

Rho is the sensitivity measure of an option portfolio with regard to changes in interest rates. Mathematically, Rho is the partial first derivative of the Black & Scholes function with regard to interest rates. Rho is defined as the change in the value of an options portfolio regarding an increase of 100 basis points (+1%) in interest rates. Generally, the sensitivity of an option portfolio of interest rates is minor compared with the sensitivity at the price of the underlying (delta) or the implicit volatility (vega).

Theta is the sensitivity measure of an option portfolio that indicates the change in the value of the portfolio before the passage of time. Theta is defined as the change in the value of the derivative product before the passage of time. Theta is only calculated for guidance purposes and for the analysis of profit and loss, given that it does not represent a real market risk, but a hard fact, predictable and quantifiable.

Vega is the name that is given to the sensitivity measurement of the value of an option portfolio with regard to changes in the market volatility of the underlying asset. Generally, long positions in options will benefit from the volatility increase of the underlying asset, while short positions will have the opposite impact, with some exceptions such as binary options.

Dividend Risk. The valuation of options on indexes or equities assumes a continuous compounded dividend rate. The dividends, however, are estimates and therefore an unknown variable, representing a risk factor for the valuation and the resulting profit and loss of option transactions.

The dividend risk does not have a "Greek" letter associated with its sensitivity, and in the case of index and equity options in the Group the measurement is done by means of increasing the dividend rate 1% (ie. from 1% to 1.01%).

Foreign Exchange and Foreign Exchange Derivatives

Foreign Exchange

The portfolio consists of different currencies managed by a foreign currency desk for trading purposes. The sensitivity is calculated by the delta by currency, which is the change in the value of the portfolio as a result of a change of 1% in the value of the underlying.

Foreign Exchange derivatives

Foreign exchange forwards and futures: For this portfolio, the sensitivity of each currency is calculated as a result of fluctuations in the interest rate, as well as the result in the present value due to a change of 1 basis point along the respective yield curves, while all the remaining factors stay constant. We also apply a non-parallel change along the yield curves through term gaps, while all the remaining factors stay constant.

Foreign Exchange Options: In the case of exchange rate options, the sensitivity is calculated by applying the known sensitivities of their Greek letters; delta, gamma, vega, theta and rho.

CCIRS (Cross Currency Interest Rate Swaps): To determine the sensitivity to changes in the yield curve, a 1 basis point change along the respective yield curve is made, valuing the portfolio with different curves and calculating the change in value of the portfolio with each one of these changes. Also, an analysis is done in parallel with a change of 100 basis points. In addition, a non-parallel 1 basis-point change is done to the yield curve through term gaps, while maintaining all other factors constant. For the purposes of this section only the 1 basis point sensitivity benchmark is used.

Portfolio of metals and metals derivatives

The Group's foreign exchange desk sells commodities (futures and options) only on gold and silver.

This business is fully hedge with Scotia Mocatta so SBI takes no position on market risk, just play an intermediary role with the client. It has notional limits for both products (futures and options).

Sensitivity for Available for Sale and Securities Held to Maturity

The Group faces the volatility in the markets by maintaining a trading model orientated to drive product origination and distribution for its clients. Moreover, the risk profile is conservative and consistent even in periods of low volatility.

In the current environment, the Group has significantly reduced its investment debt portfolio. The risk of this portfolio has been reduced in terms of sensitivity in view of interest rate fluctuations. The equity portfolio remains relatively small. In the foreign exchange market the intraday trading remains without significant risk positions.

Market Risk Management for loan and funding activities.

The Group assumes intrinsic interest rate risks associated with the trading function.

The objective of the interest rate risk management process is to identify measure and manage the risk-yield relation within the established risk tolerance limits, ensuring that these activities are carried out in a prudent manner. The Group manages its interest rate risk exposure in accordance with the applicable regulatory requirements and the industry best practices.

The balance position includes all the Group's asset and liability activities that are not included in the trading activities. The derivative products are important management tools as much for the Group as for its clients. The Group uses the money market instruments and derivative products to control market risk due to its funding and investing activities and to reduce the funding costs. To control interest rate risk in its fixed-rate lending activities, interest rate swaps and interest rate forwards are traded. In its representative capacity, the Group trades derivative products for its clients' accounts and takes positions for its own account.

The interest rate risk is monitored and controlled by currency (MXN, USD, UDIs) for the total portfolio. This monitoring includes the measurement of the economic value of the portfolio and sensitivity of the margin to interest rate changes, for the next 12 months, and re-pricing gap limits.

These models consider assumptions over the growth, the mix of new business, the changes in interest rates, maturities and other factors. The Group periodically monitors its exposure in light of extreme movements in the markets and considers these results for the establishment and review of policies and limits to take interest rate risk.

Market risk treatment on available for sale securities

Available for sale securities are part of the Bank's structural position and the tools used to measure their risk include reprice buckets, economic value sensitivity and margin sensitivity to interest rate changes.

Liquidity risk

The Group, as part of its normal course of business, takes on liquidity risk. This risk results from cash flow gaps. The main objective of the liquidity risk management process is to guarantee that the Group can cover its obligations as they come due. In order to comply with this objective, the Group applies controls to the liquidity gaps, maintains diverse funding sources, establishes different limits and requires a minimum percentage of assets to be of a liquid nature. This liquidity risk exposure is managed following the existing regulations and best market practices.

Within the various elements that form part of the liquidity management process, the Group evaluates and forecasts the different cash commitments, controls the maturity gaps for assets and liabilities, diversifies its funding sources, establishes prudent limit structures and guarantees inmediate access to liquid assets. In addition, the Group has established contingency plans.

Liquidity risk is monitored and controlled by the type of currency (MXN+UDI's, USD), through accumulated liquidity gaps and minimum core liquid assets.

Liquidity gaps are defined as the difference in cash flows (assets minus liabilities) for a specific maturity. The accumulated gap is the total sum of the liquidity gaps for a specific term.

The new global policies on risk management, related to Basel III, have remarked the importance of liquidity risk management in financial institutions. In this context, the Bank of Mexico and the CNBV have implemented various initiatives to familiarize the local financial environment with liquidity risk, and include the precepts of regulatory compliance that institutions must follow in terms of risks.

From September 2011 Scotiabank Inverlat transmitted on a monthly and quarterly forms to the Central Bank for liquidity and concentration of funding.

This information will allow the Central Bank evaluates the impact of the liquidity requirements proposed by the Basel

Committee and provide timely follow-up of liquidity risk of the institutions, both domestic and foreign currency.

By monitoring the liquidity position of banks, The Central Bank of Mexico will not only strengthen procedures and risk management schemes, but also it will provide additional elements of certainty about the strength of banks under episodes of extreme volatility in the local environment, or contagion effect, derived from systemic events.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is defined as the potential loss coming from the lack of payment from a borrower or counterparty which the institution carries out business transactions. This risk is not only present in the loan portfolio, but also in the securities portfolio, derivative transaction and in the settlement of foreign exchange transactions.

Scotiabank's Group Management of credit risk is centered on applying well defined strategies to control these risks, including a centralized credit process, portfolio diversification, a good credit analysis, a close follow-up of loans and internal model for credit risk rating.

The Board of Directors establishes credit authorization limits, approves credit policies and procedures, and revises loans of important size and does a follow-up on the overall credit exposure and its management.

The credit policies are based on the prudential model set by the local regulator (Comision Nacional Bancaria y de Valores) and establishes risk concentration limits by industry groups and sectors, currencies and maturity term.

Credit Process

There are several credit approval levels: Board of Directors, Board's Credit Committee and combined authorization powers. The distinction between these levels is in accordance with the transaction size, type of borrower, use of the resources .

The business lines prepare and structure the different credit proposals, which are analyzed and authorized by the Credit area and approved by the appropriate authorization level, assuring an adequate separation between business originators and approval areas.

In addition, the different business lines perform, on a regular basis, a financial review for each borrower, performing, at least annually, an in-depth risk analysis for each loan, modifying, if needed, the approved rating. With these activities, the Financial Group determines any change in the risk profile of every borrower. During these revisions, the global credit risk, including derivative related transactions and forex. In case of risks that may

be above the acceptable levels, more frequent reviews are performed, at least quarterly.

The Group has established a risk rating system which is used to identify the risk level of proposed and existing loans and insures that the loan spreads are proportionate to the assumed risk. For this purpose the Group has, for the corporate and commercial segments, a profitability model that explicitly takes into account the expected and unexpected loss by type of transaction, as well as any other revenues or expenses associated with the customer.

In the commercial portfolio, the loan quality is rated in accordance with the risk levels established in the rules set out by the regulating bodies which include assumptions on the possible risks of recovery based on both, the borrower's characteristics, and by the quality and characteristics of the guarantee. On a monthly basis, the Risk Committee closely follows the main risk migrations.

Consumer loans and mortgage portfolios are also reviewed on a monthly basis with the objective of determining the possible trend in their credit quality. The potential losses are measured, considering past due payments and their age.

For monitoring and monthly analysis of the retail portfolio, internal probability models of default, loss severity and exposure at default were used. The analysis was performed by product; including credit cards, Scotialine, car loans, personal loans and mortgage portfolios.

Additionally, a segmentation, default versus non-default, was performed on the portfolio status.

The credit risk determination is based on a model that includes Expected and Unexpected Loss (CreditMetrics), based on the changes in the credit situation observed for each borrower (transition matrix) and the loss severity by type of portfolio.

- The expected loss represents the estimated impact of default over a 12 month period.
- The unexpected loss is a dispersion measure on the expected loss. It is calculated with a one year horizon at a 99.75% confidence level.
- In addition, stress tests are performed in order to determine the impact on the portfolio's expected and unexpected losses.

Credit culture

To create and promote a credit culture, the Group has permanent training programs for personnel involved in the loan origination and authorisation processes. Among such programs is required advanced training in commercial banking practices that provides support tools for the analysis and evaluation of credit risk, as well as decision-making workshops.

Implementation of prudent credit criteria

In accordance with the General Character Dispositions applicable to credit institutions the Group has established control measures to identify, measure and limit the risk positions from credit activity, on a timely and in its different phases. There are documented in the Credit Policies and Procedures Manual and are constantly reviewed and updated, as well as being submitted for approval annually by the Board Directors.

Concentration of credit risk

The Financial Group has implement policies and procedures to maintain a sound credit portfolio, diversified, controlled and with prudent risk. These policies and procedures emphasise the establishment of credit risk limits considering business units, currency, term, sector, etc. These limits are submitted annually to the Board of Directors for their approval and compliance with these limits is monitored and reported monthly to the Risk Committee.

Internal Credit Risk Ratings

In order to identify the credit quality of the debtor and, on the other hand, ensuring that the yield from each credit is proportional to its risk, the Group uses a system for the classification of credit risk which is based on the methodology used by BNS, which also includes system and strategies for the granting and monitoring of the credit portfolio. As such, the Group has taken advantage of BNS' extensive experience in the areas of loan classification and estimation of reserves and losses and has adapted to the Mexican market needs.

This model considers the following risk factors: country risk, financial performance, debt coverage, management strength, overall strength (the relation among the economic environment, the competition, strengths and weaknesses of the borrower), and administration of the account, state of the industry and payment history.

Such factors give an appraisal of the risk profile of the borrower and the results are entered into an algorithm which weights the various elements. This algorithm is based on the experience and statistical analysis of BNS, adapted to the requirements of the mexican market.

The internal credit riks ratings (classified by "IG Codes"), has 8 classifications that are considered acceptable (IG 98 to IG 77), 5 classifications to reflect an above average (IG 75 to IG 60) and 4 considered nor acceptable (IG 40 to IG 20).

The following table presents a squeme of the risk levels for internal model of qualification for the loan portfolio applicable to the commercial portfolio.

Classification	IG Code
Excellent risk	98
Very good risk	95
Good risk	90
Satisfactory risk	87
Adequate risk (high)	85
Adequate risk (med)	83
Adequate risk (low)	80
Medium risk	77
Moderate risk (high)	75
Moderate risk (med.)	73
Moderate risk (low)	70
Watch list	65
Special supervision	60
Sub-standard	40
Deteriorated (high)	22
Recovery in doubt	21
Problem loan	20

Description of each risk level

Excellent risk: Borrowers that represent minimal credit risk for the bank. Possess an excellent financial structure along with consistent and earnings; debt service capacity is extremely strong, as evidenced by solid access to money and capital markets and to alternate sources of funding. The management team has broad experience with track record of producing optimum results. They are not vulnerable to the economy of the country or to the economic sector in which they operate.

Very good risk: Borrowers with a solid financial structure that generate sufficient funds and liquidity to cover short and long term debts. However, they depend on the Bank to a greater extent than excellent risk borrowers. The management team is competent, with the capacity to easily overcome moderate setbacks. They operate in a stable or growing economic sector.

Good risk: Borrowers with a good financial structure, with consistent income and reliable cash flow. Their capacity to cover and service the debt is good. The management team has shown itself to be good, with adequate capabilities in critical area. The characteristics of the economic sector and the country's economy are good, without indications that may adversely affect negatively them.

Satisfactory risk: Borrowers whose financial structure is solid and have capacity to effectively cover payment obligations, whose profits are in-line with industry average; however, are a little more susceptible to adverse economic conditions than borrowers with superior classification. Adequate risk (high): Borrowers still have a high ability to cover their payment obligations, have an adequate financial structure and have consistent earnings which, however, are slightly less than the industry average. These borrowers have an administrative team which has the ability to obtain very satisfactory, efficient and profitable results. The industry in which they operate can have cyclical trends.

Adequate risk (medium): Borrowers who have the ability to meet principal and interest payments, however, their current profits are below the industry average, suggesting that the borrower may have difficulty sustaining its financial strength. Management may be family-owned or professional and its results are relatively satisfactory. The industry in which they operate may have cyclical tendencies.

Adequate risk (low): Borrowers whose financial structure, profitability and financing stream are generally adequate, its operating cash-flow is at the breakeven point but is adequate to cover their debt requirements, however, its profits are below the industry average. Management may have certain weaknesses which are offset by other strengths. The industry in which they operate may have cyclical tendencies or be affected somewhat by changes in the regulations to which it is subject.

Medium risk: Borrowers who have capacity to cover shot-term obligations but for which there is potential uncertainty in the long term, the leverage levels are growing and its indebtedness capacity is modest. Management meets only the minimum criteria for negotiated risk. The industry in which they operate may have cyclical tendencies or be susceptible to macroeconomic changes.

Moderate risk (high): Borrowers that face a slight reduction in profits; however with good potential to successfully overcome these problems. Operating cash flow is at break-even and is sufficient to cover debt service requirements in a timely manner, but with a certain downward trend. Management presents mixed operating results and outlook for the longer term. The industry environment reflects growth weakness.

Moderate risk (medium): Borrowers that face growth problems or weak capitalisation but regularly demonstrate the ability to overcome their financial weaknesses and at this moment are punctually paying their obligations. However, these funds come from secondary sources and therefore their ability to sustain payments is dubious. Management demonstrates certain weaknesses and shareholders exhibit some scepticism of management's ability.

Moderate risk (low): Borrowers whose financial structure exhibits a clear weakening trend which could damage its capacity or ability to cover its long-term obligations. This trend of going to secondary funding sources is recurrent and its repayment is consistently overdue. The management team shows notable weaknesses and there may be a concentration of shareholder reliance on one single person. The economic sector

in which the company operates is very vulnerable to macroeconomic conditions.

Watch list: Borrowers with a weak financial structure and whose debt position is unbalanced and over-extended, and require the constant help of non-routine funding sources whose repayment is weak, covering the minimum acceptable bank payment. The management team is performing poorly. They are vulnerable to any setbacks in their specific business and in their business.

Special supervision: Borrowers who exhibit cash flow and liquidity problems that could require them to look for secondary funding sources to avoid default. Urgently require changes to management and the business plan to stop the deterioration; with this it is considered probable that a correction can occur over the medium term. The industry and country environment are of concern. Definitively an unacceptable risk.

Sub-standard: Borrowers whose future viability is in doubt without changes to business activities, market conditions, and/or the management team and where a general reorganisation is required. The repayment history is unsatisfactory and at the moment payments are past due. The industry in which the company operates is experiencing a temporary deterioration.

Deteriorated (high): Borrowers with clearly identified financial deterioration and who are at risk of not complying with debt obligations. Currently have payments in arrears and have a high dependence on secondary sources of funding to meet their obligations. The problems in the direction of management put at risk the viability of the company as a going concern, because of which the deterioration is considered permanent. The viability of the industrial sector depends on structural changes.

Recovery in doubt: Borrowers with permanent financial deterioration. It is probable that the business has ceased to function and as a result the payment performance is nil. Payments are up to one year past due, which in general implies difficulty in recovery. Management is weak or unreliable and the industry in which the company operates is facing a permanent decline.

Problem loan: Borrowers who have ceased paying and whose situation does not appear to have any possibility of restructuring. Management is unsuitable or has demonstrated a lack of honesty. The industry in which the company operates is facing a permanent decline, for which reason keeping the loan as an asset of the bank is unjustifiable.

Methodology to determine the preventive estimations for credit risks

The loan loss provisions estimations for the commercial loans are based on individual assessment of the credit risk of the borrowers and its classification, in compliance with the general rules applicable to credit institutions in Mexico "Disposiciones de caracter general aplicables a las Instituciones de Crédito" (here in after "rules of CNBV") established by the National Commission Banking and Securities (here in after "CNBV"). It is excluded for these purposes the portfolio guaranteed or due by the Federal Government, the Bank of Mexico and the Institute for the Protection of Bank Savings, according to the rules of CNBV for the risk rating of the Credit Portfolio of the Commercial Banks of the SHCP.

On the commercial portfolios segment that includes States and Municipalities and its Decentralized Organizations, specialized lending, acting as Trustee under Trust credit schemes and "structured" with assets that allow to assess the individually associated risk and the portfolio of Financial Institutions, it is used the specific rating methodologies defined in the current rules of CNBV.

For the commercial portfolio from the first quarter of 2012 in after, the internal rating methodology approved by the CNBV is been used, based on an expected loss estimation including now the loss given default parameter associated to the value and nature of the loan collateral, as defined in section 129 of the current rule. Scotiabank excludes for the internal model the segment classified as Scotia Credito Empresarial which is rated under a different internal model also approved by the CNBV and the segment of obligors whose authorized credit facilities are equal or lower than 2 million UDIS, this last segment is rated with the CNBV methodology described in the Mexican Bank Regulation (Circular Unica de Bancos) appendix 17 Art. 112.

The approved internal rating methodology follows a twodimensional approach including as key elements for the calculation of provisions, the borrower's credit quality through the Probability of Default (PD), and the Loss Given Default (LGD) of the facility, depending on their individual characteristics, both elements are estimated from Scotiabank's own historical data:

- The PD is a measure of the probability that a borrower defaults within a one year time horizon and is assigned by the internal rating of the obligor named IG Code. Each IG code is mapped to a probability of default.
- The LGD is a measure of the loss on a loan if the borrower defaults and is calculated based on the existence of collateral type to support the recovery of such credit. In particular LGD estimates takes into account the seniority, type of collateral and collateral coverage, and other loan structural elements.

Credit Risk in Securities Investments

The Group is exposed to the non-payment, by the issuer, on any interest and/or principal on its investments in different securities.

Derivatives Transactions Credit Risk

The Credit Risk in Derivative transactions results from the lack of payment by the counterparty.

In addition to the risk measures mentioned in previous sections, in the case of derivative transactions the potential risk is also measured. This type of risk measures the replacement cost along the remaining term of the position.

The counterparty exposure limits consider both the, current market value (only the positive side which bears the exposure for the Group) and the replacement cost (or potential exposure) without netting out the positions; in other words, opposite transactions with the same counterparty are not offset for information purposes (so that the exposure is overestimated).

Operational Risk

Operational risk is a non-discretionary risk, which is defined as the potential loss resulting from internal control failures of deficiencies, errors in transaction processing or storage on in data transmission, as well as adverse administrative or legal resolutions, frauds or theft and includes, among other things, technological risk legal risk.

The Group has put in place policies and procedures, enabling it to implement an appropriate operational risk management process, which is described below:

Policies for Operational Risk Management

These policies primarily promote the risk management culture, particularly as to operational risk, so that the Group can measure, identify, monitor, limit control and disseminate the operational risk inherent in the day-to-day activities, in addition to promoting a culture of risk management.

Manual for Operational Risk Data Gathering and Classification

These policies define the requirements for reporting the information that supports the measuring processes, including the information, as well as its classification and specific characteristics.

Operational Risk of tolerance's level

Is a tool to issue operational losses, let each department of the Group know the levels of tolerance of applicable losses to each event of loss assumed, as well as incentive improvements in the process of Operational Risk issue and adopted as possible the necessary actions to reduce the risk for future losses.

Key Risk Indicators

This process let the Group establish indicators, since variables obtained of the processes which conduct is related with the level of risk assumed, by the follow-up of each indicator that identify the tendency and let issue in the time the indicators value. There are maximum values established or less admissible for each one of the selected indicators.

Legal Risk model for provision of losses

The Group has methodology of provision for expected and non-expected losses for legal risk, through the one it can be the expect losses as a result of judgments in process, this methodology is based in the experience from various years and through an statistic of severity and occurrence it is determine the probably loss of legal business ongoing.

The Group also has an structure methodology of auto-evaluation of operational risk, that its apply through their own structure and identify the operational risk inherent to their process with the following objectives:

- Evaluate the potential impact of significant Operational Risks identified in the competitive objectives, profitability, productivity and recuperation's Group.
- Analyze the priority according with the impact an importance of the moderate measure of operational risk.
- To guide each unit of the Group into a process of negotiation of operational risk.
- Have a systematic procedure, in order that the Group keeps conscience of its operational risk.

Technological Risk

Technological risk is defined as the potencial risk derived from the software failure, damaged hardware, application malfunctioning, network interruptions and any other type of systems errors impacting the Bank's services to clients.

The Bank has implemented specific policies and procedures in order to mitigate technological risk to an acceptable level. Market Risk has developed methodology to evaluate such risks.

In addition, Information Tecnology has policies and procedures to complement the methodology developed by Market Risk.

Attachment 11

Consejo de Administración Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, S.A. de C.V.

Presidente

Peter Christopher Cardinal

Vicepresidente

Carlos Muriel Vázquez

Representantes de la Serie "F" en el Consejo de Administración de la Sociedad

PropietariosSuplentesPeter Christopher CardinalPaul D'Agata

Consejeros Independientes

Thomas Heather Rodríguez

Javier Pérez Rocha

Carlos Muriel Vázquez Federico Santacruz González Pedro Sáez Pueyo Pablo Perezalonso Eguía

Consejeros

José Del Águila Ferrer Felipe De Yturbe Bernal Alberto Miranda Mijares

Consejero Funcionarios

Pablo Aspe Poniatowski

Representantes de la Serie "B" en el Órgano de Vigilancia de la Sociedad

Consejeros Independientes

Patricio Treviño Westendarp Jorge Francisco Sánchez Ángeles Roberto Hemuda Debs Magdalena Suberville de Brachet

Consejero Funcionario

Jorge Mauricio Di Sciullo Ursini Carlos Mauricio Lomelí Alonzo

Representantes de la Serie "F" en el Órgano de Vigilancia de la Sociedad

Comisiario PropietarioComisario SuplenteGuillermo García-Naranjo ÁlvarezRicardo Delfín Quinzaños

Representantes de la Serie "B" en el Órgano de Vigilancia de la Sociedad

Comisiario PropietarioComisario SuplenteJorge Evaristo Peña TapiaJorge Oredain Villacampa

Secretario Prosecretario

Jorge Mauricio Di Sciullo Ursini Mónica Cardoso Velázquez

The amount paid to Board Members to attend board meetings and committee meetings totalized P\$2.3 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2012.

"We the undersigned declare under oath, of telling the truth that, in the scope of our respective functions, we prepared the information relative to the financial group contained in the current report, that which, to our trustworthy knowledge and understanding, reasonably reflects its current financial position"

CARLOS M. LOMELÍ ALONZO INTERIM CEO OF OPERATION MEXICO

DIEGO M. PISINGER ALTER DIRECTOR GENERAL FINANCE AND BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE

AGUSTIN CORONA GAHBLER DIRECTOR GENERAL AUDIT GROUP H.VALERIO BUSTOS QUIROZ DIRECTOR GROUP ACCOUNTING