## Scotiabank.

### **GLOBAL ECONOMICS**

#### **LATAM DAILY**

April 27, 2022

#### **Contributors**

**Guillermo Arbe,** Head Economist, Peru +51.1.211.6052 (Peru) guillermo.arbe@scotiabank.com.pe

**Sergio Olarte,** Head Economist, Colombia +57.1.745.6300 Ext. 9166 (Colombia) sergio.olarte@scotiabankcolpatria.com

Jorge Selaive, Head Economist, Chile +56.2.2619.5435 (Chile) jorge.selaive@scotiabank.cl

**Eduardo Suárez,** VP, Latin America Economics +52.55.9179.5174 (Mexico) esuarezm@scotiabank.com.mx

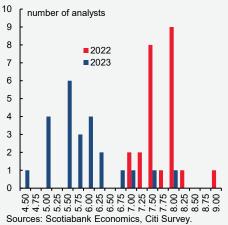
#### **TODAY'S CONTRIBUTORS:**

Maria Mejía, Economist +57.1.745.6300 (Colombia) Maria1.Mejia@scotiabankcolpatria.com

Jackeline Piraján, Senior Economist +57.1.745.6300 Ext. 9400 (Colombia) jackeline.pirajan@scotiabankcolpatria.com

#### Chart 1

# Colombia: Repo Rate Expectations for End-2022 & 2023



### **Latam Daily: Inflation Expectations Rise in Colombia**

 Colombia: Citi Survey reveals higher inflation expectations and an expected policy rate between 7.5% to 8%

## COLOMBIA: CITI SURVEY REVEALS HIGHER INFLATION EXPECTATIONS AND AN EXPECTED POLICY RATE BETWEEN 7.5% TO 8%

April's Citi Survey of market analysts, which BanRep uses to assess expected inflation as well as expectations with respect to the monetary policy rate, GDP, and the COP, was published Tuesday, April 26.

#### Key points include:

- Projections of economic activity still show robust growth for 2022, which is expected to hit 5.06%, close to the previous forecast (4.91%). For 2023, expected growth is 3.03% (from 2.97% in the previous survey). Growth in 2024 is expected to come in at 3.18% (previously 3.21%).
- Inflation expectations increased. The average of expectations for April inflation is 0.82% m/m and 8.77% y/y. Scotiabank Economics has the highest level of expected inflation, at 1.07% m/m and 9.04% y/y. In April, prices will reflect the reversal of the VAT holiday, further pressures on food inflation, and high utility fee increases. By the end of 2022, the consensus has inflation at 7.17%, well above the previous expectation of 6.66%. The probability that inflation closes 2023 above the central bank target range is high, with the average of expectations for year-end inflation at 4.13%.
- Ahead of the April 29 monetary policy meeting, 23 out of 24 analysts expect a 100 bps hike, while one analyst is calling for a 150 bps hike for the monetary policy rate. Meanwhile, the survey shows the monetary policy rate at 7.75% by end-2022, with expectations concentrated between 7.5% and 8% (chart 1). For end-2023, the consensus has the monetary policy rate falling to 5.50%. Scotiabank Economics anticipates a terminal policy rate for this tightening cycle of 8% in 2022, with the rate dropping to 5.5% by end-2023.
- The USDCOP forecasts point to a mild appreciation in the currency through
  December 2022. On average, respondents expect a level of USDCOP 3,971 by the end
  of 2022 (previous survey: 3,794) and 3,711 pesos by 2023.

-Sergio Olarte, Maria Mejía, & Jackeline Piraján

April 27, 2022

This report has been prepared by Scotiabank Economics as a resource for the clients of Scotiabank. Opinions, estimates and projections contained herein are our own as of the date hereof and are subject to change without notice. The information and opinions contained herein have been compiled or arrived at from sources believed reliable but no representation or warranty, express or implied, is made as to their accuracy or completeness. Neither Scotiabank nor any of its officers, directors, partners, employees or affiliates accepts any liability whatsoever for any direct or consequential loss arising from any use of this report or its contents.

These reports are provided to you for informational purposes only. This report is not, and is not constructed as, an offer to sell or solicitation of any offer to buy any financial instrument, nor shall this report be construed as an opinion as to whether you should enter into any swap or trading strategy involving a swap or any other transaction. The information contained in this report is not intended to be, and does not constitute, a recommendation of a swap or trading strategy involving a swap within the meaning of U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission Regulation 23.434 and Appendix A thereto. This material is not intended to be individually tailored to your needs or characteristics and should not be viewed as a "call to action" or suggestion that you enter into a swap or trading strategy involving a swap or any other transaction. Scotiabank may engage in transactions in a manner inconsistent with the views discussed this report and may have positions, or be in the process of acquiring or disposing of positions, referred to in this report.

Scotiabank, its affiliates and any of their respective officers, directors and employees may from time to time take positions in currencies, act as managers, co-managers or underwriters of a public offering or act as principals or agents, deal in, own or act as market makers or advisors, brokers or commercial and/or investment bankers in relation to securities or related derivatives. As a result of these actions, Scotiabank may receive remuneration. All Scotiabank products and services are subject to the terms of applicable agreements and local regulations. Officers, directors and employees of Scotiabank and its affiliates may serve as directors of corporations.

Any securities discussed in this report may not be suitable for all investors. Scotiabank recommends that investors independently evaluate any issuer and security discussed in this report, and consult with any advisors they deem necessary prior to making any investment.

This report and all information, opinions and conclusions contained in it are protected by copyright. This information may not be reproduced without the prior express written consent of Scotiabank.

™ Trademark of The Bank of Nova Scotia. Used under license, where applicable.

Scotiabank, together with "Global Banking and Markets", is a marketing name for the global corporate and investment banking and capital markets businesses of The Bank of Nova Scotia and certain of its affiliates in the countries where they operate, including; Scotiabank Europe plc; Scotiabank (Ireland) Designated Activity Company; Scotiabank Inverlat S.A., Institución de Banca Múltiple, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, Scotia Inverlat Derivados S.A. de C.V. – all members of the Scotiabank group and authorized users of the Scotiabank mark. The Bank of Nova Scotia is incorporated in Canada with limited liability and is authorised and regulated by the Office of the Superintendent of Financial Institutions Canada. The Bank of Nova Scotia is authorized by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority and is subject to regulation by the UK Financial Conduct Authority and limited regulation by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority. Details about the extent of The Bank of Nova Scotia's regulation by the UK Prudential Regulation Authority and regulation Authority and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority and Regulation Authority.

Scotiabank Inverlat, S.A., Scotia Inverlat Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V., Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, and Scotia Inverlat Derivados, S.A. de C.V., are each authorized and regulated by the Mexican financial authorities.

Not all products and services are offered in all jurisdictions. Services described are available in jurisdictions where permitted by law.

Global Economics 2