Scotiabank

GLOBAL ECONOMICS

LATAM DAILY

July 25, 2022

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Latam Daily: Mexico's Inflation Rises Again

• Mexico: Inflation in first half of July highest in the last 21 years (again!)

MEXICO: INFLATION IN FIRST HALF OF JULY HIGHEST IN THE LAST 21 YEARS (AGAIN!)

Inflation for the first half of July stood at 8.16% y/y, up from 8.09% previously and above consensus (8.12%) (chart 1). Core inflation accelerated to 7.56% y/y from 7.52% previously and in line with the 7.55% consensus (chart 2). By components, merchandise increased marginally, 9.99% (9.98% previously) and services 4.81% (4.74% previously). Non-core inflation was 9.96% y/y (9.81% previously), driven by increases in agricultural produce (16.76% compared to 15.72%) and government-authorized tariffs (4.86%, up from 4.74%) that were not offset by the drop in the rate of energy price increases, which rose 4.78% down from 5.29% (chart 3). In bi-weekly terms, headline inflation was 0.43% 2w/2w (0.39% previously and consensus), while core was 0.34% 2w/2w, in line with consensus (0.33%) and accelerating from 0.26%, mainly owing to increases in non-food merchandises (0.25% compared to 0.07%) and services (0.30% up from 0.18%).

We continue to see widespread price increases, despite the programs implemented by the government, probably a sign that we have not yet seen the peak of inflation, which increases the pressure for Banxico. In this regard, results from Banamex's Survey of Economists showed another increase in the median year-end inflation, to 7.68% from 7.60%, while the expectation for 2023 remained in 4.50%.

In terms of monetary policy, we maintain our expectation of a 75 bps increase in the upcoming August decision, along with the rest of the economists in the survey, and expect Banxico to continue to raise the policy rate to 10.00% by the end of the year, above the 9.50% consensus for 2022.

—Luisa Valle

Chart 1

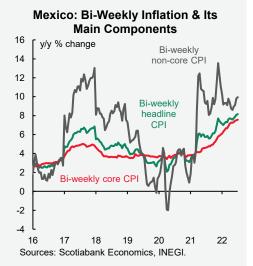


Chart 2

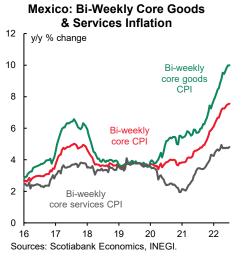


Chart 3



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