Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat

Financial statements

December 31, 2020 and 2019

(With Independent Auditors' Reports Thereon)

(Free Translation from Spanish Language Original)







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Independent Auditors' Report

(Translation from Spanish language original)

The Board of Directors and Stockholders

Scotia Fondos, S. A. de C. V., Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat:

(Thousand of Mexican pesos)

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Scotia Fondos, S. A. de C. V., Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat ("the Management Company"), which comprise the balance sheets including statements of investment portfolio valuation as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the statements of income, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements of Scotia Fondos, S. A. de C. V., Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, have been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the Accounting Criteria for Fund Management Companies in Mexico (the Accounting Criteria), issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission (the Commission).

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report. We are independent of the Management Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Mexico, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

(Continued)

Aguascalientes, Ags. Cancún, Q. Roo. Ciudad de México. Ciudad Juárez, Chih. Culiacán, Sin. Chihuahua, Chih. Guadalajara, Jal. Hermosillo, Son. León, Gto. Mexicali, B.C. Monterrey, N.L. Puebla, Pue. Querétaro, Qro. Reynosa, Tamps. Saltillo, Coah. San Luis Potosí, S.L.P. Tijuana, B.C.





Administration and investment funds distribution fees for \$1,672,492

See notes 3(j) and 11 to the financial statements

Key audit matter

Administration and investment funds distribution fees represent 99% of the total annual income of the Management Company in 2020. Income that are derived from these commissions is recorded as they accrue, according with the contracts and applying the percentages set up in the prospectuses of information to the investing public of each of the Investment Funds that the Management Company manage or distribute.

We consider administration and investment funds distributions fee as a key audit matter, since they represent the most important account relative to the income statement, and therefore, its review involves the largest number of audit hours, where we assessed completenesss, existence and accuracy.

Our audit procedures included, among others, recalculate the income from these commissions, based on the provisions of the administration and distribution contracts agreed with the investment funds and reported to the investing public in the corresponding prospectus, comparing the amount of the net assets used as the basis of calculation, for a sample of daily commissions and multiplying that base by the percentage of commission applicable to the series of shares subject to payment.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the Accounting Criteria issued by the Commission, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Management Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Management Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Management Company's financial reporting process.





Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Management Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by Management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of Management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Management Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Management Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.





We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

KPMG Cárdenas Dosal, S. C.

Ricardo Lara Uribe

Mexico City, February 26, 2021.



Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat Bosques de Ciruelos No. 120, Col. Bosque de las Lomas, Ciudad de México

Balance sheets

December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Thousands of Mexican pesos)

(These financial statements have been translated from the Spanish language original solely for the convenience of foreing / English-speaking readers)

<u>Assets</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	2020	<u>2019</u>
Cash and cash equivalents (note 11)	\$ 97	11	Other accounts payable:		
			Income tax payable (note 10)	\$ 14,449	19,061
Investment securities (notes 5 and 11): Trading	462,689	248,966	Sundry creditors and other accounts payable (notes 8 and 11)	156,044	148,285
Trading	402,000	240,000	accounts payable (notes o and 11)	100,044	140,200
			Total liabilities	170,493	167,346
Accounts receivable (notes 6 and 11)	179,339	165,342	Charlibalderal assists (santa O)		
Permanent investments (note 7):			Stockholders' equity (note 9): Paid-in capital:		
Other permanent investments	58,873	58,873	Capital stock	2,586	2,586
5.4	0.010		F 1 31		
Deferred taxes, net (note 10)	2,018	6,743	Earned capital: Statutory reserves	517	517
Other assets			Retained earnings	309.925	104.589
Deferred charges, prepaid expenses			Remeasurements of defined employee benefits	23	21
and intangibles	573	440	Net income	220,064	205,336
Other short and long-term assets (note 8)	19	20		530,529	310,463
	592	460		550,525	310,403
			Total stockholders' equity	533,115	313,049
			Commitments and contingencies (note 14)		
Total assets	\$ 703,608	480,395	Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 703,608	480,395

Memorandum accounts	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Other accounts Assets in custody or administration (note 12)	\$ 7,307 333,166,928	6,356 315,755,649

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

"These balance sheets were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria applicable to the Company, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission, based on Article 76 of the Law for Mutual Funds, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect all the transactions carried out by the company through the dates indicated above. Furthermore, the transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions."

 $\hbox{``These balance sheets were approved by the Board of Directors under the responsibility of the following officers."}$

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the minimum fixed and variable historical capital stock amount to \$1,000 in both years.

SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
David Jaime Valle General Director	H. Valerio Bustos Quiroz

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Scotia Fondos, S. A. de C. V., Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat Bosques de Ciruelos No. 120, Col. Bosque de las Lomas, Ciudad de México

Statements of investment portfolio valuation

December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Thousands of Mexican pesos, except otherwise indicated)

(These financial statements have been translated from the Spanish language original solely for the convenience of foreing / English-speaking readers)

	Issuer	Series	Type of security	Valuation rate	Rating or marketability	Number of traded securities	Number of settled securities	Total securities of the issuance	Average unit acquisition cost (in pesos)	Total acquisition cost	Fair or accounting value per share (in pesos)	Total fair or accounting accounting value	Days to maturity
<u>December 31, 2020</u>													
% <u>Trading securities:</u>													
Investment in net equity instruments													
Investment funds investing in debt securities 100.00 Scotia Gubernamental S.A. de C.V., F.I.I.D.	SCOTIAG	M6	51		AAAf/S2	121.582.086	121,582,086	121,582,086	3.805567	\$ 462,689	3.805567 \$	462,689	
,	SCOTIAG	IVIO	51	-	AAAI/32	121,362,060	121,362,060	121,562,060	3.803307	402,009	3.603307 \$	402,003	-
% Permanent investments:													
Investment funds investing in debt securities	50.05										2.438698 \$		
4.14 Finde1, S.A. de C.V., FIID 2.74 Scotia Deuda Corto Plazo, S.A. de C.V., FIID	FINDE1 SBANKCP	A A	51 51	-	AAAf/S3 AAAf/S2	1,000,000 250.000	1,000,000 250.000	983,266,572 3.653.479.510	2.438698 6.458115	2,439 1,615	2.438698 \$ 6.458115	2,439 1.615	-
1.70 Scotia Deuda Corto Plazo, S.A. de C.V., FTTD	SBANKDL	A	51	-	AAAf/S5	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,263,533,529	1.000000	1,010	1.000000	1,000	-
1.69 Scotia Deuda Mediano Plazo Fondo de Fondos, S.A. de C.V., FTTD	SBANKMP	A	51	-	AAAI/S5 AAAf/S4	1,000,000	1,000,000	2,114,721,654	0.994589	995	0.994589	995	-
1.70 Scotia Deuda Tasa Real. S.A. de C.V., FTTD	SCOT-TR	A	51	-	AAAf/S5	1.000,000	1,000,000	887.864.994	1.000966	1.001	1.000966	1.001	
3.57 Scotia Sama Deuda Gubernamental S.A. de C.V., FTI D	SCOT200	Ā	51		AAAf/S4	1.000,000	1.000,000	136.770.746	2.101069	2.101	2.101069	2.101	
2.40 Scotia Deuda Corporativa Mediano Plazo, S.A. de C.V., S.A. de C.V., F I I D	SCOTI10	A	51	-	AAAfPN/S4	1.000.000	1.000.000	2.171.395.856	1.411992	1.412	1.411992	1.412	_
2.75 Scotia Disponibilidad, S.A. de C.V., FIID	SCOTIA1	A	51	-	AAAf/S2	1,000,021	1,000,021	14,500,783,223	1.619055	1,619	1.619055	1,619	-
2.19 Scotia Deuda Mediano Plazo, S.A. de C.V. FIID	SCOTIA2	A	51	-	AAAf/S4	1,000,003	1,000,003	611,243,006	1.286423	1,286	1.286423	1,286	-
4.79 Scotia Deuda Gubernamental Corto Plazo, S.A. de C.V., FIID	SCOTIAG	Α	51	-	AAAf/S2	1,000,007	1,000,007	6,877,573,510	2.820140	2,820	2.820140	2,820	-
2.36 Scotia Previsional de Liquidez Restringida, S.A. de C.V., FIID	SCOTILP	A	51	-	AAAfPN/S5	1,000,014	1,000,014	422,683,063	1.390917	1,391	1.390917	1,391	-
2.86 Scotia Plus, S.A. de C.V., FIID	SCOTIMB	A	51	-	AAAf/S6	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,743,654,409	1.686468	1,686	1.686468	1,686	-
1.70 Scotia Gubernamental Plus S.a. de C.V., FIID	SCOTLPG	Α	51	-	AAAf/S6	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,732,678,517	1.000000	1,000	1.000000	1,000	-
1.75 Scotia Deuda Gubernamental Tasa Real, S.A. de C.V., FIID	SCOTUDI	А	51	-	AAAf/S6	1,000,000	1,000,000	505,176,096	1.030918	1,031	1.030918	1,031	-
										21,396		21,396	
Investment funds investing in equities													
2.00 Solución 6, S.A. de C.V., FIRV	FIRMA-E	Α	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	320,655,950	1.000000	1,000	1.176030	1,176	-
3.80 Scotia Perspectiva Crecimiento, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SBANK50	A	52	-	-	1,000,013	1,000,013	2,048,160,051	2.234718	2,235	2.234718	2,235	-
1.74 Scotia Objetivo 1 S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-22	Α	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	107,592,138	1.000000	1,000	1.024137	1,024	-
1.83 Scotia Objetivo 2 S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-29	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	135,184,456	1.000000	1,000	1.075063	1,075	-
1.90 Scotia Objetivo 3 S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-36	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	172,238,067	1.000000	1,000	1.119758	1,120	-
1.94 Scotia Objetivo 4 S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-43	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	197,083,716	1.000000	1,000	1.142953	1,143	-
1.97 Scotia Objetivo 5 S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-50	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	213,018,149	1.000000	1,000	1.157020	1,157	-
1.70 Scotia Sama Renta Variable, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT100 SCOT-FR	A	52 52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	633,503,422	1.000000	1,000 1,048	1.000000	1,000 1.048	-
1.78 Scotia Fibras, S.A. de C.V., F I R V 1.97 Scotia Especializado Deuda Moneda Extranjera, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-FK SCOT-FX	A	52 52	-	-	1,000,000 62.501	1,000,000 62,501	249,824,596 116.834.619	1.047596 18.571864	1,048	1.047596 18.571864	1,048	-
3.58 Scotia Acciones Mexico, S.A. de C.V., FTR V	SCOT-RV	Δ	52	-	-	729.928	729.928	440.457.945	2.886791	2.107	2.886791	2.107	
2.66 Scotia Especializado Deuda Dólares. S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOTDOL	Α Λ	52	-	-	980.393	980.393	3.486.784.365	1.600275	1.569	1.600275	1.569	
2.13 Diversificado S.A. de C.V., FIRV	FIRMA-D	Δ	52			80,646	80,646	30,252,271	14.346651	1,157	15.567543	1,255	
1.70 Scotia Acciones Europa, S.A. de C.V., FIRV	SCOTEUR	A	52			1,000,000	1,000,000	837,719,854	1.000000	1.000	1.000000	1.000	
1.70 Scotia Acciones Globales Volatidad Controlada, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOTGLO	A	52	-		1.000.000	1.000.000	1.396.258.660	1.000001	1.000	1.000001	1.000	
2.59 Scotia Perspectiva Patrimonial, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOTI12	A	52	-		1.000.000	1.000.000	1.376.691.566	1.525722	1.526	1.525722	1.526	_
3.03 Scotia Perspectiva Balanceada, S.A. de C.V., FIRV	SCOTI14	A	52	-		1,000,000	1,000,000	4,665,193,161	1.781064	1,781	1.781064	1,781	-
12.60 Scotia Acciones Oportunidades Globales, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOTGL+	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	134,440,654	7.418162	7,418	7.418162	7,418	-
1.77 Scotia Balanceado Volatilidad Controlada, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOTQNT	Α	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,332,185,403	1.044286	1,044	1.044286	1,044	-
4.40 Scotia Acciones Estados Unidos, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOTUSA	A	52	-		370,371	370,371	625,364,595	6.995951	2,591	6.995951	2,591	-
1.70 Scotia Estrategia 3, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-03	Α	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,997,445,238	1.000000	1,000	1.002904	1,003	-
1.70 Scotia Estrategia 4, S.A. de C.V., FIRV	SCOT-04	Α	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,000,000	1.000000	1,000	1.000000	1,000	-
1.77 Scotia Estrategia 6, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	MGINTL	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,031,998,406	1.000000	1,000	1.043805	1,044	-
1.70 Scotia Especializado Deuda Dólares Plus, S.A. de C.V. F I R V	SCOTDL+	А	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	4,777,199,894	1.000000	1,000	1.000629	1,000	-
										36,637		37,477	
Totals:										\$ 58,033	•	58,873	
i Quais.										50,033	3	30,873	



Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión,

Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat
Bosques de Ciruelos No. 120, Col. Bosque de las Lomas, Ciudad de México

Statements of investment portfolio valuation

December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Thousands of Mexican pesos, except otherwise indicated)

(These financial statements have been translated from the Spanish language original solely for the convenience of foreing / English-speaking readers)

	Issuer	Series	Type of security	Valuation rate	Rating or marketability	traded securities	settled <u>securities</u>	securities of the issuance	acquisition cost (in pesos)	Total acquisition cost	value per share (in pesos)	accounting accounting value	Days to maturity
<u>December 31, 2019</u>													
% <u>Trading securities:</u>													
Investment in net equity instruments Investment funds investing in debt securities													
100.00 Scotia Gubernamental S.A. de C.V., FIID	SCOTIAG	M6	51	-	AAAf/S2	67,950,773	67,950,773	67,950,773	3.663912 \$	248,966	3.663912 \$	248,966	*
% Permanent investments:													
Investment funds investing in debt securities	50.055												
4.14 Finde1, S.A. de C.V., FIID	FINDE1 SBANKCP	A	51	-	AAAf/S3 AAAf/S2	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,044,944,070	2.438698 \$	2,439 1.615	2.438698 \$		
2.74 Scotia Inversiones, S.A. de C.V., FIID 1.70 Scotia Divisas Dólares, S.A. de C.V., FIID		A	51 51	-		250,000	250,000	3,268,079,349	6.458115	1,615	6.458115	1,615	
1.69 Scotia Solución 11 S.A. de C.V., FTTD	SBANKDL SBANKMP	A A	51	-	AAAf/S5 AAAf/S4	1,000,000 1,000,000	1,000,000 1,000,000	1,451,785,489 961,136,921	1.000000 0.994589	995	1.000000 0.994589	1,000 995	*
1.70 Scotia Solucion III S.A. de C.V., FIID	SCOT-TR	A	51	-	AAAf/S5	1,000,000	1,000,000	817.841.113	1.000966	1.001	1.000966	1.001	*
3.57 Scotia Near S.A. de C.V., FTTD	SCOT200	A	51	-	AAAf/S6	1.000.000	1.000.000	83.454.626	2.101069	2.101	2.101069	2.101	*
2.40 Scotia Productivo, S.A. de C.V., FTTD	SCOTI10	A	51	-	AAAf/S5	1,000,000	1.000.000	3.115.827.353	1.411992	1.412	1.411992	1.412	*
2.75 Scotia Productivo, S.A. de C.V., FTTD	SCOTIA1	A	51	-	AAAf/S2	1,000,000	1,000,000	16,503,531,078	1.619055	1,412	1.619055	1,412	*
2.19 Scotia Disponibilidad, S.A. de C.V., FTTD 2.19 Scotia Deuda Mediano Plazo Plus, S.A. de C.V. FTTD	SCOTIA1	A	51	-	AAAf/S4	1,000,021	1,000,021	486,842,860	1.286423	1,019	1.286423	1,019	*
4.79 Scotia Gubernamental, S.A. de C.V., FIID	SCOTIAG	Â	51	-	AAAf/S2	1,000,003	1,000,003	6,259,997,988	2.820140	2,820	2.820140	2,820	*
2.36 Scotia Previsional de Liguidez Restringida, S.A. de C.V., FTTD	SCOTILP	Ā	51	-	AAAf/S5	1,000,014	1,000,007	564,089,635	1.390917	1.391	1.390917	1.391	*
2.86 Scotia Plus. S.A. de C.V., FTTD	SCOTIMB	Â	51	-	AAAf/S6	1.000.000	1.000.000	336.070.732	1.686468	1,686	1.686468	1,686	*
1.70 Scotia Gubernamental Plus S.a. de C.V., FIID	SCOTLPG	A	51	-	AAAf/S6	1,000,000	1,000,000	761.276.321	1.000000	1.000	1.000000	1.000	*
1.75 Scotia Solución 4. S.A. de C.V., F I I D	SCOTUDI	A	51		AAAf/S6	1,000,000	1,000,000	515,811,465	1.030918	1,031	1.030918	1,031	*
										21,396		21,396	
Investment funds investing in equities													
2.00 Scotia Solución 6, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	FIRMA-E	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	324,964,413	1.000000	1,000	1.176030	1,176	*
3.80 Scotia Perspectiva Crecimiento Plus, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SBANK50	A	52	-	-	1,000,013	1,000,013	2,947,082,869	2.234718	2,235	2.234718	2,235	*
1.74 Scotia Objetivo 1 S.A. de C.V., FIRV	SCOT-22	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	128,380,589	1.000000	1,000	1.024137	1,024	*
1.83 Scotia Objetivo 2 S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-29	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	123,352,557	1.000000	1,000	1.075063	1,075	*
1.90 Scotia Objetivo 3 S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-36	Α	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	153,752,435	1.000000	1,000	1.119758	1,120	*
1.94 Scotia Objetivo 4 S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-43	Α	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	163,795,196	1.000000	1,000	1.142953	1,143	*
1.97 Scotia Objetivo 5 S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-50	Α	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	169,759,111	1.000000	1,000	1.157020	1,157	*
1.70 Scotia Cartera Modelo S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT100	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	784,971,675	1.000000	1,000	1.000000	1,000	*
1.78 Scotia Fibras, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-FR	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	338,855,166	1.047596	1,048	1.047596	1,048	*
1.97 Scotia Especializado Deuda Moneda Extranjera, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-FX	A	52	-	-	62,501	62,501	191,245,627	18.571864	1,161	18.571864	1,161	*
3.58 Scotia Patrimonial S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-RV SCOTDOL	A	52 52	-	-	729,928	729,928	581,992,031	2.886791	2,107	2.886791	2,107 1.569	
2.66 Scotia Especializado Deuda Dólares, S.A. de C.V., F I R V 2.13 Scotia Diversificado S.A. de C.V., F I R V	FIRMA-D	A A	52 52	-	-	980,393 80.646	980,393 80.646	7,602,340,597 21,271,640	1.600275 14.346651	1,569 1.157	1.600275 15.567543	1,569	
1.70 Scotia Acciones Europa, S.A. de C.V., FTR V	SCOTEUR	A	52 52			1,000,000	1,000,000	734,881,221	1.000000	1,157	1.000000	1,255	
1.70 Scotia Acciones Europa, S.A. de C.V., FTR V 1.70 Scotia Acciones Globales Volatidad Controlada, S.A. de C.V., FTR V	SCOTEUR	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	390,123,273	1.00000	1,000	1.000000	1,000	*
2.59 Scotia Perspectiva Patrimonial, S.A. de C.V., FTR V	SCOTI12	A	52	-		1,000,000	1,000,000	1,104,680,182	1.525722	1,526	1.525722	1,526	*
3.03 Scotia Perspectiva Fatilifionial, 3.A. de C.V., FTR V	SCOTI12 SCOTI14	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	4,874,740,373	1.781064	1,781	1.781064	1,781	*
12.60 Scotia Acciones Oportunidades Globales, S.A. de C.V., FTR V	SCOTGL+	A	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	87,092,062	7.418162	7 418	7.418162	7.418	*
1.77 Scotia Dinámico, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOTONT	Â	52	-		1.000.000	1.000.000	1.370.117.651	1.044286	1.044	1.044286	1.044	*
4.40 Scotia Acciones Estados Unidos, S.A. de C.V., FIRV	SCOTUSA	Â	52			370,371	370,371	317,430,245	6.995951	2,591	6.995951	2,591	*
1.70 Scotia Estrategia 3, S.A. de C.V., F I R V	SCOT-03	A	52			1,000,000	1,000,000	2,923,682,818	1.000000	1.000	1.002904	1.003	*
1.70 Scotia Estrategia 4, S.A. de C.V., FTR V	SCOT-03	Â	52	-	-	1,000,000	1.000.000	196.444.180	1.000000	1.000	1.000000	1.000	*
1.77 Scotia Estrategia 6, S.A. de C.V., FTR V	MGINTL	Ā	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	980,402,053	1.000000	1.000	1.043805	1.044	*
1.70 Scotia Especializado Deuda Dólares Plus, S.A. de C.V. F I R V	SCOTDL+	Â	52	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000	6,155,651,608	1.000000	1,000	1.000629	1,000	*
										36,637		37,477	
Totals:									\$	58,033	\$	58,873	

These statements of investment portfolio valuation were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria applicable to the Company, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 76 of the Law for Mutual Funds, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect the investments in assets made by the company for the years indicated above. Furthermore, the transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions."

SIGNATURE

David Jaime Valle General Director SIGNATURE

H. Valerio Bustos Quiroz Director of Group Accounting

 $\underline{http://www.scotiabank.com.mx/es-mx/Acerca-de-Scotiabank/Relacion-con-Inversionistas/Relaciones-con-Inversionistas/estados-financieros.aspx.\underline{www.cnbv.gob.mx/Paginas/default.aspx}$



Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat Bosques de Ciruelos No. 120, Col. Bosque de las Lomas, Ciudad de México

Statements of income

Years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Thousands of Mexican pesos)

(These financial statements have been translated from the Spanish language original solely for the convenience of foreing / English-speaking readers)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Fee and commission income (note 11) Fee and commission expense (note 11)	\$ 1,694,551 (1,294,514)	1,559,634 (1,183,680)
Income from services	400,037	375,954
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities (note 5) Net realized gain on securities (note 5)	49 18,059	(1,332) 20,168
Brokerage margin	18,108	18,836
Other operating income (expense), net Administrative expenses (notes 11 and 14)	13 (100,307)	(22) (105,569)
	(82,186)	(86,755)
Income before income taxes	317,851	289,199
Current income taxes (note 10) Deferred income taxes, net (note 10)	(93,058) (4,729)	(83,975) 112
	(97,787)	(83,863)
Net income	\$ 220,064	205,336

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

"These statements of income were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria applicable to the Company, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission, based on Article 76 of the Law for Mutual Funds, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect all the income and expenses arising from the transactions carried out by the company during the periods indicated above. Furthermore, the transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions."

"These statements of income were approved by the Board of Directors under the responsibility of the following officers."

SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
David Jaime Valle	H. Valerio Bustos Quiroz
General Director	Director of Group Accounting

http://www.scotiabank.com.mx/es-mx/Acerca-de-Scotiabank/Relacion-con-Inversionistas/Relaciones-con-Inversionistas/estados-financieros.aspx www.cnbv.gob.mx/Paginas/default.aspx



Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat Bosques de Ciruelos No. 120, Col. Bosque de las Lomas, Ciudad de México

Statements of changes in stockholders' equity

Years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Thousands of Mexican pesos)

(These financial statements have been translated from the Spanish language original solely for the convenience of foreing / English-speaking readers)

	_	Paid-in capital			Earned capital		
	_	Capital stock	Statutory reserves	Retained earnings	Remeasurements of defined employee <u>benefits</u>	Net income	Total stockholders' <u>equity</u>
Balances as of December 31, 2018	\$	2,586	517	123,061	(18)	201,528	327,674
Items related to stockholders' decisions: Appropriation of prior year's net income Dividends declared and paid (note 9b)		- -	- -	201,528 (220,000)	- -	(201,528) -	_ (220,000)
Items related to comprehensive income: Remeasurements of defined employee benefits, net of deferred taxes Net income		- 	<u>-</u>		39	_ 	39 205,336
Balances as of December 31, 2019		2,586	517	104,589	21	205,336	313,049
Items related to stockholders' decisions: Appropriation of prior year's net income		=	=	205,336	=	(205,336)	-
Items related to comprehensive income: Remeasurements of defined employee benefits, net of deferred taxes Net income		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	2		2 220,064
Balances as of December 31, 2020	\$	2,586	517	309,925	23	220,064	533,115

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

"These statements of changes in stockholders' equity were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria applicable to the Company, issued by the National Banking and Securities Commissio based on Article 76 of the Law for Mutual Funds, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, they reflect all the entries of the stockholder equity accounts arising from the transactions carried out by the company during the periods indicated above. Furthermore, the transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practice and the applicable legal and administrative provisions."

"These statements of changes in stockholders' equity were approved by the Board of Directors under the responsibility of the following officers."

SIGNATURE	SIGNATURE
David Jaime Valle	H. Valerio Bustos Quiroz
General Director	Director of Group Accounting

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Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat Bosques de Ciruelos No. 120, Col. Bosque de las Lomas, Ciudad de México

Statements of cash flows

Years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Thousands of Mexican pesos)

(These financial statements have been translated from the Spanish language original solely for the convenience of foreing / English-speaking readers)

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Net income	\$ 220,064	205,336
Items not requiring (providing) cash flow:	(00.004)	(05.470)
Provisions Current and deferred income taxes	(23,861) 97.787	(25,170) 83,863
Unrealized (gain) loss on securities	(49)	1,332
	(10)	
	73,877	60,025
Operating activities:		
Change in investment securities	(213,674)	4.859
Change in other operating assets	127,246	155,000
Change in other operating liabilities	(109,757)	(136,915)
Payments of income taxes	(97,670)	(68,308)
	(293,855)	(45,364)
Net cash flows from operating activities	86	219,997
Net cash flows from financing activities		
of dividends declared and paid in cash	-	(220,000)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	86	(3)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	11_	14_
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 97	11

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

"These statements of cash flows were prepared in accordance with the accounting criteria applicable to the Company issued by the National Banking and Securities Commission based on Article 76 of the Law for Mutual Funds, which are of a general and mandatory nature and have been applied on a consistent basis. Accordingly, it reflects all the cash inflows and cash outflows relating to the transactions carried out by the company for the years noted above. Furthermore, these transactions were carried out and valued in accordance with sound practices and the applicable legal and administrative provisions."

"These statements of cash flows were approved by the Board of Directors under the responsibility of the following officers."

SIGNATURE

David Jaime Valle
General Director

SIGNATURE

H. Valerio Bustos Quiroz
Director of Group Accounting

http://www.scotiabank.com.mx/es-mx/Acerca-de-Scotiabank/Relacion-con-Inversionistas/Relaciones-con-Inversionistas/estados-financieros.aspx www.cnbv.gob.mx/Paginas/default.aspx



Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat

Notes to Financial Statements

Years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Thousands of Mexican pesos)

These financial statements have been translated from the Spanish language original solely for the convenience of foreign/English-speaking readers.

(1) Description of business

Scotia Fondos, S. A. de C. V., Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat ("the Management Company") is a fund management company constituted under the Mexican laws located in Bosques de Ciruelos No. 120, Col. Bosque de las Lomas, Mexico City, that began operations on December 5, 2001 and is engaged in providing administrative services, distribution, valuation, promotional and management services to the investment funds. The Management Company is a subsidiary of Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat, S.A. de C. V. (Grupo Financiero Scotiabank) with whom it performs some of the operations described in note 11 and who owns 99.99% of its capital stock.

In accordance with the Mutual Funds Law the Management Company acts as Founding Partner and Mutual Fund Management Company of the Scotiabank Mutual Funds, which are indicated below. In accordance whit this law, the Mutual Funds do not have Stockholders' Meetings, Board of Directors or Statutory Auditor, therefore such functions are conferred on the Founding Partner and the Management Company of Scotiabank Mutual Funds, as well as members of the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

The Management Company obtained 99% of its fee and commission income for 2020 and 2019, from the Scotiabank Mutual Funds, in which acts as Founding Partner and Management company and are listed below (note 11):

Mutual funds investing in debt instruments:

- Finde 1, S.A. de C.V., (FINDE1)
- Scotia Deuda Corto Plazo, S.A. de C.V., (SBANKCP) (1) (previously Scotia Inversiones, S.A. de C.V.)
- Scotia Divisas Dólares, S.A. de C.V., (SBANKDL) (2)
- Scotia Deuda Mediano Plazo Fondo de Fondos, S.A. de C.V., (SBANKMP) (1) (previously Scotia Solución 11 S.A. de C.V.)
- Scotia Deuda Tasa Real, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-TR) (1) (previously Scotia Real, S.A. de C.V)
- Scotia Sama Deuda Gubernamental, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT200) (1) (previously Scotia Solución 8, S.A. de C.V.)
- Scotia Deuda Corporativa Mediano Plazo, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTI10) (1) (previously Scotia Productivo, S.A. de C.V.)
- Scotia Disponibilidad, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTIA1)
- Scotia Deuda Mediano Plazo, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTIA2) (1)
- Scotia Deuda Gubernamental Corto Plazo, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTIAG) (1) (previously Scotia Gubernamental, S.A. de C.V.
- Scotia Previsional de Liquidez Restringida, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTILP)
- Scotia Plus, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTIMB)
- Scotia Gubernamental Plus, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTLPG)
- Scotia Deuda Gubernamental Tasa Real, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTUDI) (1) (previously Scotia Solución 4, S.A. de C.V.)
- (1) Mutual funds with change in a name or ticker symbol in 2020.
- (2) Mutual funds with change in a name or ticker symbol in 2019.



Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat

Notes to Financial Statements

(Thousands of Mexican pesos)

Mutual funds investing in equities:

- Scotia Solucion 6, S.A. de C.V. (FIRMA-E)
- Scotia Perspectiva Crecimiento, S.A. de C.V., (SBANK50) (2)
- Scotia Objetivo 1, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-22)
- Scotia Objetivo 2, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-29)
- Scotia Objetivo 3, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-36)
- Scotia Objetivo 4, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-43)
- Scotia Objetivo 5, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-50)
- Scotia Sama Renta Variable, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT100) (1) (previously Scotia Cartera Modelo, S.A. de C.V.)
- Scotia Fibras, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-FR) (2)
- Scotia Especializado Deuda Moneda Extranjera, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-FX) (2)
- Scotia Acciones Mexico, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-RV) (1) (previously Scotia Patrimonial, S.A. de C.V.)
- Scotia Especializado Deuda Dólares, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTDOL) (2)
- Scotia Diversificado, S.A. de C.V. (FIRMA-D)
- Scotia Acciones Europa, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTEUR) (2)
- Scotia Acciones Globales Volatilidad Controlada, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTGLO) (2)
- Scotia Perspectiva Patrimonial, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTI12) (2)
- Scotia Perspectiva Balanceada, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTI14) (2)
- Scotia Acciones Oportunidades Globales, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTGL+) (2)
- Scotia Balanceado Volatilidad Controlada, S.A. de C.V. (SCOTQNT) (1) (previously Scotia Dinámico, S.A. de C.V.)
- Scotia Acciones Estados Unidos, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTUSA) (2)
- Scotia Estrategia 3, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-03)
- Scotia Estrategia 4, S.A. de C.V., (SCOT-04)
- Scotia Estrategia 6, S.A. de C.V., (MGINTL)
- Scotia Especializado Deuda Dólares Plus, S.A. de C.V., (SCOTDL+) (2)

The Management Company has only one employee who is the General Director, therefore the administrative and share distribution services required by the mutual funds are provided by related parties (note 11).

- (1) Mutual funds with change in a name or ticker symbol in 2020.
- (2) Mutual funds with change in a name or ticker symbol in 2019.



Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat

Notes to Financial Statements

(Thousands of Mexican pesos)

(2) Authorization and basis of presentation-

Authorization-

On February 26, 2021, David Jaime Valle (General Director of the Management Company) and H. Valerio Bustos Quiroz (Director of Group Accounting) authorized the issuance of the accompanying financial statements and related notes.

The stockholders and the National Banking and Securities Commission (the Banking Commission) are empowered to modify the financial statements after issuance. The accompanying financial statements for 2020 will be submitted to the next Stockholders' Meeting for approval.

Basis of presentation-

(a) Statement of compliance-

The accompanying financial statements of the Management Company were prepared based on the Accounting Criteria issued by the Banking Commission for fund management companies in Mexico (the Accounting Criteria). The Banking Commission is responsible for the inspection and supervision of management fund companies, as well as reviewing their financial information and other periodic information that the Management Company submits for review.

The Accounting Criteria provide that the Banking Commission will issue particular rules for specialized operations and in the absence of an express accounting criterion issued by the Banking Commission for management fund companies or for credit institutions, and in a wider context the Mexican Financial Reporting Standards (MFRS), the suppletory process as established by MFRS A-8 shall be applicable, and only when the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) referred to by MFRS A-8 do not resolve the accounting treatment, the suppletory application of an accounting standard pertaining to other regulatory framework may be opted for, in the following order: U. S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (US GAAP), and then any other formal and recognized accounting standard, provided comply with the requirements of accounting criteria A-4 of the Banking Commission.

(b) Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statements requires Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and assumptions.



Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat

Notes to Financial Statements

(Thousands of Mexican pesos)

Judgments and assumptions and estimation uncertainties

Information about judgments made in applying of accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the financial statements is described in the note 3 (i) to the financial statements.

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the following note to the financial statements:

— Measurement of defined benefit obligations: key actuarial assumptions (see note 3i)

(c) Functional and reporting currency

The aforementioned financial statements are presented in the reporting currency (Mexican peso), which is the recording and the functional currency.

For purposes of disclosure in the notes to the financial statements, "pesos" or "\$" means thousands of Mexican pesos.

(3) Summary of significant accounting policies

The significant accounting policies which have been applied on a consistent basis in the preparation of the financial statements thereon, and have been applied consistently by the Management Company, are as follows:

(a) Recognition of the effects of inflation

The accompanying financial statements were prepared in accordance with the Accounting Criteria, and include the recognition of the effects of inflation on the financial information through December 31, 2007, based in Investment Units (UDI for its acronym in Spanish), considering that the Management Company operates in non-inflationary economic environment.

The years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 are considered as non inflationary economic environment (inflation accumulated over the three preceding years less than 26%), as established in MFRS B-10 "Effects of inflation"; consequently the effects of inflation on the Management Company's financial information are not recognized.



Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat

Notes to Financial Statements

(Thousands of Mexican pesos, except UDI value)

Should the Management Company be back in an inflationary environment, the cumulative effects of inflation not recognized in prior periods must be retrospectively recognized from the last period that the economic environment was considered as inflationary. The accumulated inflation rate of the three preceding years and inflation indices are as follows:

		In	<u>flation</u>
December 31	<u>UDI</u>	<u>Annual</u>	<u>Accumulated</u>
2020	\$ 6.605597	3.33%	11.31%
2019	6.399018	2.77%	15.03%
2018	6.226631	4.92%	15.71%
	======	=====	======

(b) Cash and cash equivalents-

This caption includes cash and demand bank account balances in local currency. Cash and cash equivalents are accounted for at its nominal value.

(c) Investment securities

Investment securities include shares issued by the funds, classified at the date of acquisition as trading securities.

Trading securities are those acquired with the intention of selling to get short-term gains arising from differences in prices resulting from its trading in the market. Securities at the time of acquisition are accounted for at fair value (which includes, where applicable, the discount or premium) which presumably corresponds to the price paid; transaction costs for the acquisition of securities are recognized in income on the same date. Subsequently, securities are valued at fair value provided by an independent price vendor; when the securities are sold, the result on purchase/sell is determined by the difference between purchase price and the sale price and this concept must cancel the result of valuation that has been previously recognized in the income statement.

Interest earned from debt securities are determined based on the effective interest method and recognized in the year's income as part of the brokerage margin.

Valuation effects are recognized in the year's income within the caption "Unrealized (loss) gain on securities". The purchase or sale results are presented under the caption "Net realized gain on securities".



Sociedad Operadora de Fondos de Inversión, Grupo Financiero Scotiabank Inverlat

Notes to Financial Statements

(Thousands of Mexican pesos)

(d) Accounts receivable-

Accounts receivable are evaluated by the Management Company to determine its estimated recovery value and, as required, to create the corresponding reserves. Accounts receivable are reserved and charged to income 90 days after their initial recording if they correspond to identified items and 60 days if the balances are unidentified, except for tax-related (VAT included) balances.

(e) Permanent investments-

Permanent investments in Class "A" shares of mutual funds are recorded initially at their acquisition cost and are valued at the net book value by the equity method that is equivalent to its fair value, which consists of recognizing the proportional part, after the purchase, the results of the year and other stockholders' equity accounts that report the financial statements of the issuing companies, under the caption Participation in subsidiaries unconsolidated and associated.

When a subsidiary, affiliates or joint venture become other permanent investment, given that the percentage of participation is diluted as a result of modifications in the proportion of participation resulting in not maintaining significant influence or control, the acquisition cost must be the fair value obtained from the equity method at the date of transition.

These investments are not consolidated, being that the administrative control exercised by the Management Company serves to a legal requirement to represent investment funds in legal acts that require.

Dividends, if any, received from these investments are recognized in the statement of income under the caption "Other operating income (expense), net".

(f) Other assets-

The other assets mainly include advance insurance payments and licenses to be amortized.

Advance payments are recognized for the equivalent of the amount paid, if the Management Company estimates that there will be a future economic benefit. Upon receipt of the services, the amount related to the advance payments made to recognize the service is recognized as an expense in results.

Likewise, this caption includes the projected net assets of the defined contribution retirement plan and a component of post-retirement benefits up to the ceiling amount of the plan assets, which is recognized in accordance with the provisions of MFRS D-3 "Employee benefits".



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(g) Provisions

Based on management's estimates, the Management Company recognizes accruals of liabilities for those present obligations in which it is probable the transfer of assets or the rendering of services is virtually inevitable and arises as a consequence of past events.

(h) Income taxes

The income taxes payable for the year are determined in conformity with the tax provisions in effect.

Income taxes payable are presented as a liability in the balance sheet; when the tax prepayments exceed the income tax payable, the difference corresponds to an account receivable.

Deferred income taxes are accounted for in accordance with the asset and liability method, which compares the accounting and tax values. Deferred income taxes (assets and liabilities) are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases, and for operating loss carryforwards. Deferred income taxes assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred income taxes assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income for the period enacted.

The asset or liability for deferred income taxes to be determined for deductible or taxable temporary differences from the period, is presented in the balance sheet.

The deferred income tax asset is periodically valuated creating, where appropriate, valuation allowance for those temporary differences which might exist an uncertain recovery.

Current and deferred income taxes are presented and classified in the results of operations of the period, except those arising from a transaction that is recognized directly in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) in a stockholders' equity caption.

(i) Employees' benefits

Short-term direct benefits

Short-term direct employee benefits are recognized in income of the period in which the services rendered are accrued. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Management Company has a legal or assumed obligation to pay this amount as a result of past services provided and the obligation can be reasonably estimated.



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Long-term direct benefits

The Management Company's net obligation in relation to direct long-term benefits, and which the Management Company is expected to pay at least twelve months after the date of the most recent balance sheet presented, is the amount of future benefits that employees have obtained in exchange for their service in the current and previous periods. This benefit is discounted to its present value. Remeasurements are recognized in income in the period in which they are accrued.

Termination benefits

A liability is recognized for termination benefits along with a cost or expense when the Management Company has no realistic alternative other than to make the corresponding payments or when the offer of these benefits cannot be withdrawn or when the conditions that require the recognition of restructuring costs are met, whichever occurs first. If benefits are not expected to be wholly settled within twelve months after the date of the most recent balance sheet presented, then they are discounted.

Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are recognized in income as the related services are provided by employees. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

Defined benefit plans

The Management Company's net obligation in relation to defined benefit plans for the seniority premiums and legal compensation is calculated separately for each plan, estimating the amount of future benefits that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, and discounting this amount to its present value.

For all plans, irrevocable trusts have been created in which the assets of the funds are managed.

The obligations for defined benefit plans are calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Management Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of the economic benefits available in the form of future refunds of the plan or reductions in future contributions thereto. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, any minimum financing requirement should be considered.



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The labor cost of current service, which represents the periodic cost of employee benefits for having completed one more year of working life based on the benefit plans, is recognized in operating expenses. The Management Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of estimates of contributions and benefit payments.

Modifications to the plans that affect past service cost are recognized in income immediately in the year the modification occurs, with no possibility of deferral in subsequent years. Furthermore, the effects of events of liquidation or reduction of obligations in the period that significantly reduce future service cost and/or significantly reduce the elegible population for benefits, are recognized in income of the period.

Remeasurements (formerly actuarial gains and losses) resulting from differences between the projected and actual actuarial assumptions at the end of the period, are recognized when incurred as part of the comprehensive income within the caption "Remeasurements of defined employee benefits" and is subsequently recycled to the results of the period, based on the average remaining working life of the employees.

(j) Revenue recognition-

Management Company's income corresponds mainly to the earned fees and commissions for services rendered to the funds, which are recorded in the statement of income under the caption "Fee and commission income" when the services are provided.

Yields generated by investments with financial institutions are recognized in the statement of income in accrual basis within the brokerage margin.

(k) Memorandum accounts-

Memorandum accounts relate mainly to the assets in custody or under management.

The client assets values in custody and under management are presented at fair value in the corresponding memorandum accounts, representing the maximum expected amount by which the Management Company would be required to respond to their customers.

Other memorandum accounts relate to accounts which the Management Company deems necessary to facilitate the accounting booking or control to comply with applicable legal provisions.



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(I) Contingencies-

Liabilities or important losses related with contingencies are recorded when it is probable that their effects will be materialized and the reasonable elements exist for their quantification. If reasonable elements do not exist, qualitative disclosure is provided in the notes to the financial statements. Revenues, income and contingent assets are recognized until there is absolute certainty of its realization.

(4) Accounting changes-

2020 FRS Revisions

MFRS B-11 "Disposal of long-lived assets and discontinued operations"- Comes into effect for periods beginning January 1, 2020, and early application is not allowed since it is necessary to apply it together with the MFRS C-15.

The application of this MFRS does not generate accounting changes in the financial statements.

(5)

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, investment securities classified as trading securities amount to \$462,689 and \$248,966, respectively (see detail in the Statement of Investment Portfolio Valuation).

Net realized gain on trading securities for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$18,059 and \$20,168, respectively; unrealized gain (loss) on investment securities as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 amounted to \$49 and \$(1,332), respectively. These amounts are included in the statement of income under the captions "Net realized gain on securities" and "Unrealized gain (loss) on securities", respectively.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the investment securities of the Management Company are shares of Scotia Gubernamental, S. A. de C. V., Mutual funds investing in debt (SCOTIAG), which maintains a classification, according to the criteria established by the Banking Commission of short term governmental securities with a term no longer than 365 days, same day for settlement and trade.



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SCOTIAG was rated in 2020 and 2019, as AAAf/S2, in both years, by Fitch Ratings México, S. A. de C. V., such rating is "Outstanding" in terms of security of the fund, which is derived from the evaluation factors including: quality and diversification of the assets in portfolio, strengths, weakness of the management and the operation capacity (AAAf); and (S2) or "Low" in terms of sensitivity to the market conditions.

(6) Accounts receivable-

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, accounts receivable's balances are as follows:

	2020	2019
Related parties (note 11)	\$ 172,812	158,479
Recoverable income tax	5,474	2,520
Value added tax receivable	161	179
Co-distribution and management services	133	3,448
Others	759	716
	\$ 179,339	165,342

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, there were no changes in current conditions of other accounts receivable, therefore there were no items considered by management as uncollectable or doubtful and no allowance was needed for these accounts.

(7) Permanent investments-

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, permanent investments include minimum fixed capital stock Class "A" of 38 mutual funds for \$58,873, in both years. (See details in statements of investment portfolio valuation)

(8) Employees' benefits-

The Management Company has a defined contribution retirement plan and a component of post-retirement benefits plan. Such plan sets out pre-established contributions by the Management Company, which may be fully withdrawn by the employee upon retirement if at least 55 years old or partially on employment termination in accordance with specific rules for vesting rights.

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the debit to year-end results related to Management Company's contributions to the defined contribution plan amounted to \$207 and \$63, respectively, recognized in the statement of income under the caption "Administrative expenses".

The cost, obligations and fund assets relating to the defined benefits for seniority premiums and life insurance are determined based on computations prepared by independent actuaries as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.





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Cash flows-

During 2020 and 2019, the Management Company did not make contributions to the defined benefit fund.

The elements of the net periodic cost and the labor obligations for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

		Seniority Premium		Legal compo	ensation	Other per retirement b	
		2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Current service cost (CLSA)	\$	2	1	28	30	2	23
Net interest on DBNL*		-	-	14	15	(2)	(2)
Reclassifications of remeasurements of DBNA or (DBNL)* recognized in equity		-	-	(1)	2	(1)	-
Cost defined benefits	\$	2	1	41	47	(1)	21
Initial recognition of DBNL or (DBNA)*	¢.	1		(10)	16	(15)	6
remeasurements in OCI	\$	I	-	(10)	16	(15)	6
Remeasurements generated in the year		-	-	1	(2)	1	-
Reclassifications of remeasurements recognized in equity of the year		-	-	(1)	(25)	1	(21)
Ending balance of remeasurements of DBNA or (DBNL)*	\$	1	-	(10)	(11)	(13)	(15)
Beginning balance of DBNL or (DBNA)	\$	(2)	-	(173)	(154)	20	19
Net service cost		(2)	(1)	(42)	(45)	-	(21)
Remeasurements in equity generated in the year		-	(1)	1	25	(1)	22
Ending balance of DBNL or (DBNA)*	\$	(4)	(2)	(214)	(174)	19	20

^{*} Defined benefits net liability (DBNL) or Defined benefits net asset (DBNA)



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The financial position of the defined benefit obligations as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 is as follows:

	Seniority Premium		Legal compensation		Other Post- retirement benefits	
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Defined benefit obligations (DBO)	\$ (4)	(2)	(214)	(174)	(4)	(2)
Plan assets	-	-	-	-	23	22
Financial Position of the obligation	\$ (4)	(2)	(214)	(174)	19	20

The nominal rates used in actuarial projections for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, are as follow:

	2020	2019
		_
Return on plan assets	8.50%	8.90%
Discount rate	8.50%	8.90%
Rate of increase in compensation	4.50%	4.50%
Estimated inflation rate	3.50%	3.50%

The seniority premium fund assets consist of 60% fixed-yield instruments and 40% of variable-yield instruments, managed in a trust and overseen by a Committee appointed by the Management Company.

(9) Stockholders' equity

Following is a description of the main characteristics of the accounts included in stockholders' equity:

(a) Structure of capital stock-

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the capital stock is represented by 2,000,000 common shares, fully subscribed and paid, with a nominal value of one peso each, divided into 1,000,000 shares corresponding to the minimum fixed portion capital stock (Series "A") and 1,000,000 shares corresponding to the variable portion capital stock (Series "B"). The variable portion of capital stock may at no time exceed the minimum fixed capital not subject to withdrawal.



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(b) Dividends declared-

At December 31, 2020 the Management Company did not declare neither paid dividends. At December 31, 2019, the Management Company declared and paid dividends as follows:

Dividends paid in 2019					
Declared and Payment date	Amount paid				
March 25, 2019 July 24, 2019	\$ 20,000 200,000				
	\$220,000				

At December 31, 2020 and 2019 there are no dividend payments outstanding.

(c) Restrictions on stockholders' equity-

Five percent of net income for the year must be appropriated to the statutory reserve, until it reaches 20% of the paid-in capital. At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Management Company had appropriated the total statutory reserve requirement, equal to 20% of its capital stock.

Stockholders' contributions and retained earnings are subject to income tax on the amounts distributed or refunded that exceed the amounts determined for tax purposes. At December 31, 2019 the capital contribution account (Cuenta de capital de aportación or CUCA for its acronym in Spanish) and the tax basis retained earnings account (Cuenta de utilidad fiscal neta or CUFIN for its acronym in Spanish) amount to \$4,352 y \$291,949, respectively.

Effective from January 1, 2019, the dividends paid to individuals and corporation resident abroad shall be subject to an additional tax of 10%, which is considered final and must be withheld by entities that distribute such dividends.

(10) Income tax-

IT Law effective as of January 1, 2014 imposes an IT rate of 30%.

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the expense for current IT, is as follows:

	2020	2019
Current income tax	\$ (94,501)	(87,369)
Cancellation of provisions of previous years	1,443	3,394
Deferred income tax	(4,729)	112
	\$ (97,787)	(83,863)

At December 31, 2020 and 2019, the deferred IT asset is analyzed in the following page.



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	2020	2019
Asset (liability):		
Accruals	\$ 2,131	6,838
Prepaid expenses	(113)	(91)
Remeasurements	-	(4)
Deferred income tax	\$ 2,018	6,743

The net (unfavorable) favorable effect in the statement of income for \$(4,729) and \$112 for the years ended at December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, relates mainly to accruals in both years. The favorable (unfavorable) effect in stockholders' equity at December 31, 2020 and 2019 amounts to \$4 and \$(7), respectively.

An analysis of the effective tax rate for the fiscal years ended at December 31, 2020 and 2019, is shown as follows:

		Tax	Effective
	Basis	at 30%	rate
<u>December 31, 2020:</u>			
Income before income taxes	\$ 317,851	(95,355)	(30%)
Allocation to current income tax			
Adjustment for effects of inflation, net	(11,836)	3,551	1%
Accruals, net	6,115	(1,835)	(1%)
Non-deductible expenses	709	(213)	-
Others, net	2,163	(649)	-
Current income tax	315,002	(94,501)	(30%)
Allocation to deferred income tax			
<u>(Tax at 30%)</u> :			
Advance payments	73	(22)	-
Accruals	15,689	(4,707)	(1%)
Deferred income tax	15,762	(4,729)	(1%)
Income tax	\$ 330,764	(99,230)	(31%)



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		Tax	Effective
	Basis	at 30%	rate
<u>December 31, 2019:</u>			
Income before income taxes	\$ 289,199	(86,760)	(30%)
Allocation to current income tax			
Adjustment for effects of inflation, net	(7,414)	2,224	1%
Accruals, net	4,638	(1,391)	(1%)
Non-deductible expenses	2,442	(732)	-
Others, net	2,366	(710)	-
Current income tax	291,231	(87,369)	(30%)
Allocation to deferred income tax (Tax at 30%):			
Advance payments	36	(11)	-
Employee benefits	(12)	4	-
Accruals	(398)	119	-
Deferred income tax	 (374)	112	-
Income tax	\$ 290,857	87,257	(30%)

Other considerations

In accordance with Mexican tax regulations currently in effect, the tax authorities may examine transactions carried out during the five years prior to the most recent income tax return filed.

In accordance with the IT Law, corporations carrying out transactions with related parties, whether domestic or foreign, are subject to certain limitations and requirements as to the determination of prices, since such prices must be equivalent to those that would be used in arm's-length transactions.

(11) Related-party transactions and balances-

In the normal course of transactions, the Management Company undertakes related party transactions such as banking and administrative services, etc. In accordance with the Management Company's policies, all transactions derived from banking and administrative services with related parties are authorized by the Board of Directors and are in accordance with arm's length transaction principle, guarantee and conditions of sound practices.



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Major transactions with related parties for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, are as follows:

		2020	2019
Other related parties			_
Revenues from:			
Fee and commission income	\$	1,672,492	1,536,575
Expenses for:			
Co-distribution and administrative services	\$	1,246,184	1,044,951
Financial advisory	<u></u>	43,244	40,756

The income from distribution services is calculated based on the corresponding service provision contracts.

Balances receivable from and payable to related parties as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 are shown as follows:

		2020	2019
Other related parties			
Receivable:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	96	10
Investment securities		462,689	248,966
Accounts receivable	-	172,812	158,479
Payable:			
Other accounts payable	\$_	113,887	101,864



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For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, there were no modifications to the actual conditions of the accounts receivable from and payable to related parties. Additionally, there were no items considered uncollectable or unlikely to collect, therefore no reserve was deemed necessary.

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the benefits granted to key management personnel amounted to \$5,519 and \$4,788, respectively.

(12) Memorandum accounts-

Assets in custody and administration

The transactions on behalf of third parties that the Management Company maintains at December 31, 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	2020	2019
Customan hanks		
Customer banks		
(Short term investments)	\$ 2,888	3,058
Securities position		
(Funds' investment securities)	165,721,654	156,921,207
Debt instruments		
(Mutual funds)	108,510,675	97,915,833
Common instruments		
(Mutual funds)	58,931,711	60,915,551
	\$ 333,166,928	315,755,649

(13) Risk management (unaudited)-

The purpose of the comprehensive risk management function is to identify and measure risks, follow up on the impact that these risks may have on the operations and control their effects on income and shareholder value by applying the best mitigating strategies available, and the incorporation of the risk culture in daily transactions.

According to the dispositions in terms of risk management issued by the Banking Commission, the Board of Directors assumes responsibility over the Management Company risk management objectives, guidelines and policies. At least once a year, the Board of Directors should approve the policies and procedures as well as the limit structure for the various types of risk.



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Pursuant to the policies in force, the Board of Directors entrusts the implementation of the risk policies and the setting of specific limits by risk factor as well as the implementation of the procedures designed to measure, manage and control risks to the Risk Management Committee and the Comprehensive Risk Management Unit (UAIR, for its acronym in Spanish).

the UAIR has policies for reporting and correcting deviations from the specified limits, which it should report to the Risk Committee and the Board of Directors.

a) Discretionary risks

Market risk

The market risk is defined as the potential loss before the changes in risk factors that have impact on the valuation or expected results in investments or liabilities of mutual funds, such as market price, interest rates, exchange rate, price index fluctuations, among others.

The underlying market risk for the mutual funds is determined using a methodology where the value at risk (VaR) is calculated through the variance-covariance (Var-Covar) parametric model, at a confidence level of 95%, a 1-year time window, and at a 1-day time horizon. A "Back Test" is performed for verifying the efficiency of the model used in measuring the VaR. This analysis is presented periodically to the Risk Committee and the Board of the Fund Manager.

The exposure, limits and averages for market risk of the funds are shown as follows:

Fund	VaR (\$) as of December 31, 2020	VaR (%) as of December 31, 2020	Annual average	Actual limit
SCOTIAG	1,408	0.0051%	0.0047%	0.04%
SCOTIA1	3,273	0.0112%	0.0066%	0.06%
SBANKCP	1,194	0.0043%	0.0042%	0.08%
SBANKDL	15,965	1.0156%	1.5239%	3.50%
FINDE1	718	0.0218%	0.0198%	0.20%
SCOTIA2	1,575	0.1623%	0.0903%	0.20%
SCOTI10	4,911	0.1158%	0.0729%	0.40%
SBANKMP	3,341	0.1203%	0.1385%	0.40%
SCOT200	847	0.2317%	0.2645%	1.60%
SCOTILP	4,009	0.4923%	0.4500%	0.70%



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Fund	VaR (\$) as of December 31, 2020	VaR (%) as of December 31, 2020	Annual average	Actual limit
SCOT-TR	3,817	0.3006%	0.3005%	1.05%
SCOTIMB	36,844	0.9118%	0.8126%	1.70%
SCOTI12	1,605	0.0688%	0.1548%	1.50%
SCOTI14	10,985	0.1208%	0.2731%	2.00%
SCOTUSA	152,963	1.6131%	2.2396%	4.60%
SCOTGL+	14,768	1.3435%	1.7961%	4.60%
SCOT-RV	22,203	1.9541%	2.2191%	3.55%
SCOTLPG	27,583	0.8027%	0.6840%	1.04%
SBANK50	9,631	0.1992%	0.3998%	2.50%
FIRMA-D	4,207	1.0996%	1.4441%	4.90%
SCOT-FX	38,314	1.0756%	1.3981%	3.00%
SCOTGLO	100,491	2.2381%	2.2465%	3.75%
SCOT100	18,919	2.1213%	2.1541%	4.00%
SCOTDOL	82,505	1.1180%	1.5511%	3.50%
SCOTQNT	26,039	1.2563%	1.2563%	3.00%
SCOT-FR	6,176	1.6593%	2.4632%	3.00%
SCOTEUR	28,754	2.0029%	2.2657%	5.00%
FIRMA-E	9,872	1.5381%	1.6043%	5.00%
SCOTUDI	8,557	0.7061%	0.6991%	1.70%
SCOT-22	357	0.2459%	0.3995%	0.55%
SCOT-29	875	0.4608%	0.5981%	0.90%
SCOT-36	1,587	0.6332%	0.7745%	1.20%
SCOT-43	2,442	0.8187%	1.0046%	1.45%
SCOT-50	3,072	0.9403%	1.2120%	2.10%
SCOT-04	1	0.0415%	1.7704%	3.30%
SCOT-03	24,664	1.1003%	1.4269%	4.00%
MG-INTL	18,828	1.3332%	1.9322%	5.64%
SCOTDL+	53,478	1.1007%	1.4157%	2.25%



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Credit risk

Credit risk is defined as the potential loss due to the non-payment of an issuer or counterparty in the investments made by the mutual funds, including the real or personal guarantees granted to them, as well as any other mitigation mechanism used by the mutual funds. To estimate the credit risk of the portfolio, the rating of the private instruments included in the portfolio of mutual funds is considered, as well as the matrix of transition probabilities and the surcharges paid by the instruments.

The methodology used to determine the credit risk for investment funds, primarily seeks to evaluate potential losses due to credit events with the objective of establish risk tolerance limits and make timely decisions.

Credit risk monitoring excludes securities issued by the Federal Government with restricted circulation to the national territory, debt vehicles (indexes that replicate foreign government bonds), common shares and shares of other mutual funds, and counterparts in repurchase operations.

Fund	C.R. (\$)	C.R. (%)	C.R. (%)	C.R. (%)	Annual	Actual
rana	31-dec-20	31-dic-20	Maximum	Minimum	average	limit
SCOTIA1	22,051	0.0756%	0.1113%	0.0386%	0.0819%	0.25%
SBANKCP	2,794	0.0100%	0.0163%	0.0100%	0.0127%	0.25%
FINDE1	3,321	0.1006%	0.1525%	0.0935%	0.1190%	2.40%
SCOTIA2	419	0.0432%	0.1079%	0.0360%	0.0548%	0.50%
SCOTI10	17,593	0.4147%	0.4523%	0.1436%	0.3385%	2.50%
SBANKMP	1,365	0.0492%	0.1429%	0.0062%	0.0767%	0.86%
SCOTILP	2,928	0.3596%	0.5233%	0.2447%	0.3799%	2.00%
SCOT-TR	2,955	0.2327%	0.4318%	0.2220%	0.3107%	3.50%
SCOTI12	1,389	0.0595%	0.0960%	0.0313%	0.0664%	0.54%
SCOTI14	2,582	0.0284%	0.0642%	0.0197%	0.0333%	0.49%
SBANK50	414	0.0086%	0.0294%	0.0051%	0.0118%	0.60%
SCOTQNT	462	0.0223%	0.0430%	0.0086%	0.0216%	0.22%
SCOT-22	74	0.0507%	0.0911%	0.0093%	0.0532%	0.61%
SCOT-29	32	0.0166%	0.0920%	0.0085%	0.0278%	0.18%
SCOT-36	37	0.0149%	0.0226%	0.0008%	0.0131%	0.10%
SCOT-43	42	0.0140%	0.0254%	0.0043%	0.0102%	0.15%
SCOT-50	49	0.0151%	0.0180%	0.0034%	0.0091%	0.18%
SCOT-04	1	0.1055%	0.1488%	0.0001%	0.0285%	0.40%
SCOT-03	579	0.0258%	0.0428%	0.0001%	0.0268%	1.57%



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Liquidity risk

The underlying liquidity risk for the mutual funds is defined as the potential loss due to the advance or forced sale of assets at unusual discounts to meet payment obligations or because a position cannot be timely sold, acquired or covered by establishing an equivalent counter position.

The methodology used to determine the liquidity risk for investment funds, seeks primarily to assess potential losses due to lack of posture and depth in the market in order to establish risk tolerance limits and make timely decisions. This is done considering spread and volatility to calculate the liquidity risk factor.

Fund	L.R. (\$) 31-dec-20	L.R. (%) 31-dic-20	Annual average	Actual limit
SCOTIAG	3,893	0.0142%	0.0211%	0.05%
SCOTIA1	10,107	0.0346%	0.0559%	0.10%
SBANKCP	3,671	0.0132%	0.0254%	0.10%
SBANKDL	23,231	1.4778%	2.2035%	6.09%
FINDE1	2,863	0.0868%	0.1192%	0.35%
SCOTIA2	1,483	0.1529%	0.1516%	0.25%
SCOTI10	7,012	0.1653%	0.1805%	0.50%
SBANKMP	6,102	0.2197%	0.2097%	0.86%
SCOT200	766	0.2094%	0.2365%	0.32%
SCOTILP	4,905	0.6024%	0.5980%	0.75%



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Fund	L.R. (\$)	L.R. (%)	Annual	Actual
i dila	31-dec-20	31-dic-20	average	limit
SCOT-TR	10,851	0.8546%	0.7717%	1.00%
SCOTIMB	25,518	0.6315%	0.6491%	1.00%
SCOTI12	4,916	0.2107%	0.3841%	4.61%
SCOTI14	35,076	0.3857%	0.6917%	8.62%
SCOTUSA	11,780	0.1242%	0.0889%	1.50%
SCOTGL+	2,142	0.1948%	0.2403%	1.50%
SCOT-RV	7,735	0.6808%	0.3331%	1.50%
SCOTLPG	20,407	0.5938%	0.5641%	1.00%
SBANK50	20,061	0.4150%	0.8516%	11.72%
FIRMA-D	1,478	0.3862%	0.8663%	3.50%
SCOT-FX	14,939	0.4194%	1.0211%	2.00%
SCOTGLO	13,261	0.2953%	0.2071%	2.50%
SCOT100	2,141	0.2401%	0.2590%	3.00%
SCOTDOL	9,723	0.1318%	0.1953%	2.00%
SCOTQNT	5,821	0.2808%	0.2701%	3.00%
SCOT-FR	2,267	0.6092%	0.6442%	2.10%
SCOTEUR	4,989	0.3475%	0.4005%	4.00%
FIRMA-E	1,125	0.1753%	0.1760%	3.50%
SCOTUDI	16,725	1.3800%	1.2755%	1.48%
SCOT-22	663	0.4564%	0.4864%	0.60%
SCOT-29	1,051	0.5531%	0.5646%	0.70%
SCOT-36	1,305	0.5207%	0.5128%	1.00%
SCOT-43	1,384	0.4641%	0.4481%	1.10%
SCOT-50	1,347	0.4122%	0.3911%	1.30%
SCOT-04	1	0.0763%	0.1834%	0.87%
SCOT-03	5,004	0.2232%	0.5567%	3.11%
MG-INTL	2,946	0.2086%	0.1658%	2.42%
SCOTDL+	27,126	0.5583%	0.8526%	3.10%



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b) Non-discretionary risks

Operational Risk-

The operational risk is a non-discretionary risk defined as the risk of loss resulting from internal control failure or deficiencies, errors in transaction processing or storage or in data transmission, as well as for adverse administrative or legal resolutions, frauds or theft, external events and includes, among others, the technological and legal risk.

The Management Company has put in place policies and procedures enabling it to implement an appropriate operational risk management process, which is described as follows:

Policies for non-discretionary risks management

These policies are intended for establishing the principles and management framework to identify, measure, monitor, limit, control and disseminate the operational risks inherent in the day-to-day activities and to promote a risk management culture throughout the Management Company.

Manual for operational risk data gathering and classification

These policies define the requirements for reporting the information that supports the measuring processes, as well as the scope of the data gathering process, the functions and responsibilities of the business units for gathering and reporting loss data, as its specific characteristics.

The Management Company did not have operating losses for the year 2020.

Operational, legal and technological risk tolerance levels

This is an operational loss management tool that enables each of the Management Company's area to know the tolerance levels of losses applicable to each assumed loss event, and serves as an incentive for the improvement of the operational risk management process and the adoption of the necessary action to minimize the risk of future losses.

Key risk indicators

This process allows the Management Company to establish indicators from process variables, which behavior is related to the level of risk assumed. By tracking each indicator, trends are identified that allow for managing the indicator's values over time. Admissible thresholds are established for each of the selected indicators.



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Operational Risk Assessment

The Management Company has a structured methodology for evaluating operational risk, which allows it to identify, evaluate and mitigate the risks inherent in its processes and its business activity that applies to its entire structure. The evaluation is based on the identification of the inherent operational risk, the evaluation of the effectiveness of the controls of such risks, a level of residual risk is determined and used to establish mitigation actions on the identified risks.

Legal risk

Legal risk is defined as the potential loss from the failure of the legal and administrative provisions, issuance of unfavorable administrative and judicial resolutions and application of sanctions.

In order to have policies and procedures that seek proper implementation of agreements and contracts where the Management Company is involved, the policies set forth in the legal manual are followed, which allows security to the operations of the Management Company, safeguarding its interests, preventing and reducing risks and legal contingencies.

Fines and penalties

The fines and penalties of the mutual funds administered by the Management Company, originated by unauthorized operations or by exceeding the investment limits established by the Commission or contemplated in the prospectuses of information to the investing public, will be attributable to the Management Company, with the purpose to protect the interests of investors by not affecting the assets of the mutual funds.

As of December 31, 2020, fines in the amount of \$29 are identified.

Technological risk

Technological risk is defined as the potential loss associated with damage, interruption, modification or failure resulting from the use of hardware, software, systems, applications, networks and any other cannel for transmitting information in rendering services to the Management Company customers.

To manage technological risk, the Management Company has the Risk Management Policy Technological and Cybersecurity that describes the policies and general principles to manage and monitor the risks associated with Information Technology and Cybersecurity.

At December 31, 2020, the Management Company has not recorded technological risk contingencies.



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- (14)

The Management Company has entered into service agreements with related parties, under which these companies provide advisory, distribution, custody and asset management services necessary for the Management Company's operations. These agreements are for an undefined period. Total payments under these agreements, reported in the statement of income under the caption "Fee and commission expense" and "Administrative expenses", were \$1,337,745 and \$1,224,436 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The Management Company has the commitments as Founding Partner and Mutual Fund Management Company mentioned in note 1.

In the normal course of the operations, the Management Company is involved in some claims and trials, which are not expected to have an important negative effect in the future financial situation and in the results of its operations. In such cases that represent a probable loss or make a cash outflow, the Management Company has made necessary provisions.

(15) Recently issued financial reporting standards-

Changes in the accounting criteria established by the Banking Commission

In November 9, 2020, the Ministry of Finance and Public Credit announced through the Official Gazette various resolutions amending the resolutions that modify the general provisions applicable to the management fund companies and to the people that provide services to them, published in the Official Gazette on January 4, 2019 and November 15, 2018; These amendments consider the entry into force on January 1, 2022, of the FRS, issued by the CINIF and referred to in paragraph 3 of Criterion A-2 "Application of particular rules" of Annex 33 that is modified by this instrument.

he CINIF has issued the MFRS and improvements listed as follows:

MFRS B-17 "Determination of fair value"- It establishes the valuation and disclosure standards in the determination of fair value, in initial and subsequent recognition, if the fair value is required or allowed by other specific MFRS.

MFRS C-3 "Accounts receivable" - Some of the primary changes presented are the following:



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- it provides that accounts receivable based on a contract are deemed financial instruments, while some other accounts receivable, resulting of legal or tax provisions, may have certain characteristics of a financial instrument, such as bearing interest, but are not in themselves financial instruments.
- it provides that the allowance for doubtful trade receivables shall be recognized as revenue is earned, based on the expected credit losses, and the allowance shall be recorded as an expense, separately when significant, in the statement of comprehensive income.
- it provides that, upon initial recognition, the time value of money shall be considered. Therefore, should the effect of the present value of the account receivable be significant in light of the term, an adjustment must be made taking into consideration such present value.
- it requires a reconciliation between the beginning and ending balances of the allowance for doubtful accounts for each period presented.

MFRS C-9 "Provisions, Contingencies and Commitments"- Some of the primary aspects covered by this MFRS include the following:

- The scope is narrowed by relocating the topic concerning accounting for financial liabilities to MFRS C-19 "Financial instruments payable".
- The definition of "liability" is modified by eliminating the qualifier "virtually unavoidable" and including the term "probable".

MFRS C-16 "Impairment of financial instruments receivable"- It establishes standards for the accounting recognition of impairment losses of all financial instruments receivable; it indicates when and how an expected impairment loss should be recognized and establishes the methodology for determination.

The primary changes arising from this MFRS consist of determining when and how expected impairment losses on financial instruments receivable should be recognized, including:

• It establishes that impairment losses on financial instruments receivable should be recognized if the credit risk increases and thus it is concluded that a portion of future cash flows of the financial instruments receivable will not be recovered.



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- It proposes recognizing the expected loss based on the entity's historical experience of credit losses, current conditions and reasonable and supportable forecasts of the various quantifiable future events that could affect the amount of future cash flows of the financial instruments receivable.
- With regard to interest-bearing financial instruments receivable, it establishes estimating how
 much of the financial instruments receivable amount is deemed recoverable and when, since
 the recoverable amount must be recorded at present value.

MFRS C-19 "Financial instruments payable"- Some of the main points covered by this FRS include the following:

- It provides for the possibility of measuring, subsequent to their initial recognition, certain financial liabilities at fair value when certain conditions are fulfilled.
- Long-term liabilities are initially recognized at present value.
- In restructuring a liability, without the future cash flows for its settlement being substantially
 modified, the costs and commissions expensed in this process shall affect the amount of the
 liability and be amortized on a modified effective interest rate basis instead of directly affecting
 net income or loss.
- It includes the provisions of IFRIC 19 "Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments", which was not provided for by the existing standard.
- The effect of extinguishing a financial liability should be presented as financial income (loss) in the comprehensive statement of income.
- It introduces the concepts of amortized cost in valuing financial liabilities and of the effective interest method based on the effective interest rate.

MFRS C-20 "Financial instruments to collect principal and interest"- Some of the main points covered by this FRS include the following:

- The classification of financial instruments in assets. The concept of intention to acquire and hold them to determine their classification is discarted. Instead, it adopts the management business model concept, either to obtain a contractual return, generate a contractual return, and sell to meet certain strategic objectives or to generate profits from their purchase and sale, to classify them as according to the corresponding model.
- The valuation effect of investments in financial instruments is also focused on the business model.





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- Reclassification of financial instruments classes between financial instruments to collect principal and interest (IFCPI), that of instruments collect and sell (IFCV) and negotiable financial instruments is not permitted, unless the entity's business model changes.
- The embedded derivative instrument that modifies the principal and interest flows is not separated of the host financial instrument receivable, but the entire IFCPI will be valued at its value reasonable, as if it were a negotiable financial instrument

MFRS D-1 "Revenue from contracts with customers"- Some of the primary changes are the following:

- The transfer of control as basis for the opportunity of revenue recognition is established.
- The identification of the obligations to be fulfilled in a contract is required.
- It indicates that the transaction amount between obligations to fulfill must be assigned based on independent sales prices.
- The concept "conditional account receivable" is introduced.
- The recognition of collection rights is required.
- Requirements and guidance on how to value the variable consideration and other aspects, upon valuing the income are established.

MFRS D-2 "Costs from contracts with customers"- establishes rules for the accounting recognition of costs of sales of goods or provision of services.

The primary change is the separation of the standard related to the recognition of revenues from contracts with customers, from the standard corresponding to the recognition of costs for contracts with customers. Additionally, it extends the scope of Bulletin D-7, referring exclusively to costs related to construction and manufacturing contracts for certain capital goods, to include costs related to all types of contracts with customers.

It is worth mentioning that these changes will take effect on January 1, 2022. The Management Company is in the process of evaluating their impact.

