



CONTENTS

Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

Interim Consolidated Statements of Income

Interim Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income

Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements



Independent Auditors' Interim Review Report

Shareholders and Directors of Scotiabank Chile:

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements of Scotiabank Chile and its Subsidiaries (the "Bank") as at June 30, 2025, which comprise: the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2025; the interim consolidated statements of income, other comprehensive income for the six-month and three-month periods ended June 30, 2025; the interim consolidated statement of changes in equity for the six-month period ended June 30, 2025; the interim consolidated statement of cash flows for the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, and; the related notes to the interim consolidated financial statements, including information on material accounting policies.

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim consolidated financial statements in accordance with the accounting standards and instructions provided by the Commission for the Financial Market. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim consolidated financial statements based on our review.

Scope of the review

We have conducted our review in accordance with Standards on Review Engagements 2410 "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor." A review of interim consolidated financial statements consists principally of applying analytical procedures and making inquiries of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, as well as applying analytical procedures and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit performed in accordance with Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in Chile, and accordingly, does not allow us to obtain assurance that all significant matters that could have been identified in an audit have come to our attention. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements as at June 30, 2025 do not present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, results and cash flows of Scotiabank Chile and its Subsidiaries (the "Group"), in accordance with the accounting standards and instructions issued by the Commission for the Financial Market.

Other matters

The Colegio de Contadores de Chile A.G. approved Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in Chile to fully and unreservedly adopt the International Standards on Auditing issued by the IAASB for audits of consolidated financial statements prepared for the period beginning on or after January 1, 2025.



The audit of the consolidated financial statements of Scotiabank Chile and its Subsidiaries (the "Bank") as at December 31, 2024, on which we issued an unmodified opinion on January 30, 2025, includes the consolidated statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024, which is presented in the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements. The review of the interim consolidated financial statements of Scotiabank Chile and its Subsidiaries (the "Bank") as at June 30, 2024, on which we issued an unmodified conclusion on August 9, 2024, comprise the interim consolidated statement of financial position as at June 30, 2024, and the related interim consolidated statements of income, other comprehensive income for the six-month and three-month periods ended June 30, 2024, the interim consolidated statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, that are presented comparative in the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements. Both the review and audit were performed in accordance with Auditing Standards Generally Accepted in Chile effective at those dates.

Jorge Maldonado G.

KPMG Ltda.

Santiago, July 31, 2025



Interim C	onsolidated Statements of Financial Position	2
Interim C	onsolidated Statements of Financial Position	3
Interim C	onsolidated Statements of Income	4
Interim C	onsolidated Statements of Income	5
Interim C	onsolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income	6
Interim C	onsolidated Statements of Cash Flows	7
Interim C	onsolidated Statements of Cash Flows	8
Interim C	onsolidated Statements of Changes in Equity	9
Note 1	General information	10
Note 2	Significant accounting policies	11
Note 3	New accounting pronouncements issued and adopted, or issued but not yet adopted	40
Note 4	Changes in accounting policies	45
Note 5	Significant events	46
Note 6	Business Segments	46
Note 7	Cash and cash equivalents	49
Note 8	Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	50
Note 9	Financial assets not held for trading mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	52
Note 10	Financial assets and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	52
Note 11	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	52
Note 12	Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	57
Note 13	Financial assets at amortized cost	63
Note 14	Investment in companies.	85
Note 15	Intangible assets	87
Note 16	Property and equipment	89
Note 17	Right-of-use lease assets and lease liabilities under lease contracts	90
Note 18	Taxes	92
Note 19	Other assets	97
Note 20	Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale and liabilities included in disposal groups held for sale	98
Note 21	Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	100
Note 22	Financial liabilities at amortized cost	101
Note 23	Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	106
Note 24	Provisions for contingencies	110
Note 25	Provisions for dividends, interest payments and repricing of issued regulatory capital financial instruments	113
Note 26	Special allowances for credit losses	114
Note 27	Other liabilities	115
Note 28	Equity	116
Note 29	Contingencies and commitments	122
Note 30	Interest income and expenses	127
Note 31	Indexation income and expenses	129

Scotiabank_®

Note 32	Fee and commission income and expenses	132
Note 33	Net financial result.	133
Note 34	Gain or loss from investments in companies	134
Note 35	Gain or loss from non-current assets and disposal groups not qualifying as discontinued operations	135
Note 36	Other operating income and expenses	136
Note 37	Expenses for employee benefit obligations	137
Note 38	Administrative expenses	138
Note 39	Depreciation and amortization	139
Note 40	Impairment of non-financial assets	140
Note 41	Credit loss expense	140
Note 42	Gain or loss from discontinued operations	143
Note 43	Related party disclosures	144
Note 44	Fair Value of financial assets and liabilities	150
Note 45	Maturity per remaining balances of financial assets and liabilities	155
Note 46	Financial and non-financial assets and liabilities by currency	157
Note 47	Risk management and reporting	159
Note 48	Disclosure on regulatory capital and capital adequacy ratios	193
Note 49	Subsequent events	198



Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024

ASSETS	Notes	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Cash and deposits in banks	7	1,007,411	866,475
Transactions pending settlement	7	527,771	604,970
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	•	,	,
Derivative instruments	8	5,143,863	6,153,446
Financial debt securities	8	344,934	618,883
Other	8	13,844	22,878
Financial assets not held for trading mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	9	-	-
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	10	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Financial debt securities	11	1,641,359	1,889,506
Other	11	-	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	12	248,145	330,263
Financial assets at amortized cost			
Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements	13	190,985	262,360
Financial debt securities	13	20,807	25,767
Loans and advances to banks	13	50,840	1,564
Loans and accounts receivable from customers - Commercial Loans	13	13,239,603	13,804,771
Loans and accounts receivable from customers - Mortgage Loans	13	14,371,727	14,111,555
Loans and accounts receivable from customers - Consumer Loans	13	4,055,936	4,038,882
Investments in companies	14	41,883	38,756
Intangible Assets	15	242,780	255,606
Property and equipment	16	71,180	74,715
Right-of-use assets under lease contracts	17	139,385	145,143
Current taxes	18	5,031	3,832
Deferred tax assets	18	452,030	403,213
Other assets	19	933,283	848,054
Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale	20	26,224	20,735
TOTAL ASSETS		42,769,021	44,521,374



Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024

	Notes	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
LIABILITIES			
Transactions pending settlement	7	463,472	455,278
Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss			
Derivative instruments	21	4,442,307	5,214,340
Other	21	-	-
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	10	-	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	12	1,565,653	1,554,070
Financial liabilities at amortized cost			
Deposits and other on-demand liabilities	22	5,639,745	5,605,991
Term and other on-demand deposits	22	12,697,841	13,130,590
Liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending	22	298,366	501,243
Bank borrowings	22	2,243,882	2,455,157
Debt financial instruments issued	22	8,148,108	8,110,081
Other financial liabilities	22	161,985	199,572
Lease liabilities	17	133,990	138,208
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	23	1,923,041	1,953,891
Provisions for contingencies	24	55,268	43,700
Provisions for dividends, interest payments and repricing of issued regulatory capital financial instruments	25	69,642	133,659
Special allowances for credit losses	26	148,583	192,337
Current taxes	18	28,922	2,567
Deferred tax liabilities	18	772	836
Other liabilities	27	880,840	982,513
Liabilities included in disposal groups held for sale	20		
TOTAL LIABILITIES		38,902,417	40,674,033
EQUITY			
Capital	28	1,368,421	1,368,421
Reserves	28	381,405	381,405
Accumulated other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	28	6,543	5,219
Items that can be reclassified to profit or loss	28	(79,448)	(76,074)
Retained earnings from previous years	28	1,919,452	1,722,476
Profit for the period	28	220,358	432,944
Less: Provisions for dividends, payment of interest and repricing of issued regulatory capital financial instruments	28	(69,287)	(132,784)
Attributable to the owners of the Bank:	28	3,747,444	3,701,607
Non-controlling interest	28	119,160	145,734
TOTAL EQUITY		3,866,604	3,847,341
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		42,769,021	44,521,374



Interim Consolidated Statements of Income for the periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	Notes	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Interest income		1,015,694	1,152,479	513,608	575,226
Interest expense		(542,782)	(691,295)	(271,404)	(328,318)
Net interest income	30	472,912	461,184	242,204	246,908
Indexation income		360,926	427,337	167,609	221,894
Indexation expense		(183,541)	(237,112)	(78,143)	(143,533)
Net indexation income	31	177,385	190,225	89,466	78,361
Fee and commission income	32	169,614	155,406	86,257	80,087
Fee and commission expense	32	(52,042)	(53,607)	(25,085)	(26,627)
Net fee and commission income	32	117,572	101,799	61,172	53,460
Net financial result for :					
Financial assets and liabilities held for trading	33	(32,895)	169,238	(8,899)	(15,813)
Financial assets not held for trading mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	33	-	-	-	-
Financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	33	-	-	-	-
Gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	33	(2,414)	(548)	(2,433)	293
Foreign currency translation differences, indexation and accounting hedge of foreign currencies	33	114,717	(113,046)	45,113	25,762
Reclassifications of financial assets due to change in business model	33	-	-	-	-
Other financial result	33	(984)	(918)	(455)	(620)
Net financial result	33	78,424	54,726	33,326	9,622
Equity in net income of investees	34	2,230	2,436	1,950	1,758
Gain or loss from non-current assets and disposal groups not qualifying as discontinued operations	35	(51)	(1,651)	403	(812)
Other operating income	36	22,694	32,629	17,816	24,321
TOTAL OPERATING INCOME		871,166	841,348	446,337	413,618
Expenses for employee benefit obligations	37	(151,462)	(151,235)	(77,169)	(75,999)
Administrative expenses	38	(129,206)	(128,589)	(67,332)	(63,903)
Depreciation and amortization	39	(38,357)	(35,985)	(19,222)	(18,097)
Impairment of non-financial assets	40	-	(338)	-	-
Other operating expenses	36	(18,647)	(17,103)	(8,230)	(8,338)
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES		(337,672)	(333,250)	(171,953)	(166,337)
OPERATING INCOME BEFORE CREDIT LOSSES		533,494	508,098	274,384	247,281



Interim Consolidated Statements of Income for the periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	Notes	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Credit loss expenses for:					
Allowances for credit losses on loans and advances to banks and loans and accounts receivable from customers	41	(377,398)	(258,210)	(124,142)	(119,418)
Special allowances for credit losses	41	42,744	6,164	(588)	865
Recovery of written-off loans	41	39,517	41,872	20,084	22,917
Impairment for credit risk on other financial assets at amortized cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	41	524	165	256	237
Credit loss expense	41	(294,613)	(210,009)	(104,390)	(95,399)
OPERATING INCOME		238,881	298,089	169,994	151,882
Profit or loss from continuing operations before taxes Income tax expense Profit or loss from continuing operations after taxes	18	238,881 (40,254) 198,627	298,089 (56,986) 241,103	169,994 (28,702) 141,292	151,882 (27,691) 124,191
Profit or loss from discontinued operations before taxes	42	-	-	-	_
Taxes from discontinued operations	18	-	-	-	-
Income from discontinued operations after taxes	42	-	-	-	-
CONSOLIDATED PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD		198,627	241,103	141,292	124,191
Attributable to:					
Owners of the Bank	28	220,358	232,406	136,224	118,487
Non-controlling interest		(21,731)	8,697	5,068	5,704
Earnings per share attributable to equity owners: Basic and diluted earnings	28	\$18.00	\$18.98	\$11.12	\$9.68



Interim Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income for the periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
CONSOLIDATED PROFIT FOR THE PERIOD	198,627	241,103	141,292	124,191
Other comprehensive income for the period from: ITEMS THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability (asset) and actuarial results for other employee benefit plans Changes in the fair value of equity instruments designated at fair value through other	-	(51)	-	-
comprehensive income	1,324	(784)	948	(826)
Changes in the fair value of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss attributable to changes in the credit risk of the financial liability	-	-	-	-
Other				
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS BEFORE TAX	1,324	(835)	948	(826)
Income tax on other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		14		
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THAT WILL NOT BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS AFTER TAX	1,324	(821)	948	(826)
ITEMS THAT CAN BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income Translation differences for foreign entities	20,517	6,808	12,551	6,641 -
Accounting hedges of net investments in foreign entities Cash flow hedge accounting Undesignated items of hedging accounting instruments	(24,997)	(10,850)	643	24,502
Other	(78)	(221)	(17)	(330)
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THAT CAN BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS BEFORE TAXES	(4,558)	(4,263)	13,177	30,813
Income tax on other comprehensive income that can be reclassified to profit or loss	1,184	1,007	(3,624)	(8,530)
TOTAL OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME THAT CAN BE RECLASSIFIED TO PROFIT OR LOSS AFTER TAXES	(3,374)	(3,256)	9,553	22,283
OTHER TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	(2,050)	(4,077)	10,501	21,457
CONSOLIDATED COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	196,577	237,026	151,793	145,648
Attributable to: Owners of the Bank Non-controlling interest	218,308 (21,731)	228,332 8,694	146,725 5,068	139,948 5,700



Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	Notes	6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
CONSOLIDATED INCOME BEFORE TAXES FOR THE PERIOD		238,881	298,089
Debit (credit) to profit or loss not representing movements in cash flows:			
Income tax expense	18	(94,735)	(70,167)
Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities	18	54,481	13,181
Depreciation and amortization	39	38,357	35,985
Impairment of assets	40-41	(524)	173
Allowances for credit losses	41	334,654	252,046
Net income from assets received in lieu of payment or awarded in legal auction	35	754	1,651
Net gain (loss) from non-current assets held for sale	35	(1,216)	(475
Net gain (loss) from disposal groups held for sale	35	-	-
Net interest income	30	(472,912)	(461,184
Net indexation income	31	(177,385)	(190,225
Net fee and commission income	32	(117,572)	(101,799
Equity share of profit (loss) from investments in related companies	34	(2,230)	(2,436
Effect of fair value adjustment on derivative instruments		145,419	(124,614
Other operating income	36	(12,863)	(19,566
Other debits (credits) to profit or loss not representing movements in cash flows		65,669	36,556
Changes due to increase / decrease of assets and liabilities affecting the operating flow:			
(Increase) decrease in financial debt securities		243,854	448,204
(Increase) decrease in loans and advances to banks		(47,645)	5,091
(Increase) decrease under resale agreements and securities lending agreements		(94,437)	(56,131
(Increase) decrease in loans and advances to customers		43,491	(136,297
Increase (decrease) in other assets		(98,225)	(145,074
(Increase)decrease in non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale		(5,536)	(1,040
Net change in financial derivative contracts / financial derivative contracts for hedge		185,831	421,224
Net variation on deposits and other on-demand liabilities		(243,830)	(1,926,946
Net variation on debt financial instruments issued		(513, 187)	84,896
Net variation on regulatory capital financial instruments issued		749,479	50,953
Net change in other financial obligations		(34,905)	(7,621
(Decrease) increase in deposits and other on-demand liabilities		51,747	205,799
(Decrease) increase in liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending		(205,298)	145,863
(Decrease) increase in term and other on-demand deposits		(455,628)	422,754
(Decrease) increase in other liabilities		(119,611)	(110,361
Disposal of assets received in lieu of payment or awarded		6,899	6,699
Net change in investment securities		264,358	675,831
Interest received		942,943	1,224,847
Interest paid		(608,478)	(708,123
Indexation received		290,605	264,825
Indexation paid		(138,922)	(187,412
Fees and commissions received	32	169,614	155,406
Fees and commissions paid	32	(52,042)	(53,607
Taxes and fines paid	38	(37)	(106
Collection of remaining balance of taxes from previous years		14,409	4,315
Total net cash flows generated from (used in) operating activities	-	344,227	451,204



Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

Acquisitions of investments in companies		Notes	6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Disposals of investments in companies 14 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	B) CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Dividends received from investments in companies 34 439 193 Acquisitions of property and equipment 16 (2,776) (2,105) Disposals of property and equipment 1,447 1 Acquisitions of intangible assets 15 (13,550) (26,709) Disposals of intangible assets 15 (13,550) (26,709) Disposals of intangible assets 15 (14,440) (28,620) Total net cash flows generated from (used in) investing activities (14,440) (28,620) C) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Attributable to the interest of the owners:	Acquisitions of investments in companies	14	-	-
Acquisitions of property and equipment 16 (2,776) (2,105) Disposals of property and equipment 1,447 1 Acquisitions of intangible assets 15 (13,550) (26,709) Disposals of intangible assets 15 (14,440) (28,620) Total net cash flows generated from (used in) investing activities (14,440) (28,620) C) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Attributable to the interest of the owners: Proceeds from issuance of letters of credit - - - Redemption and payment of interest / principal on letters of credit - - - Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds (479,661) (544,099) Issuance of current bonds (479,661) (544,099) Issuance of mortgage bonds - - - Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds - - - Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds - - - Subordinated bonds issuance - - - -	Disposals of investments in companies	14	-	-
Disposals of property and equipment	Dividends received from investments in companies	34	439	193
Acquisitions of intangible assets Disposals of intangible assets Total net cash flows generated from (used in) investing activities C) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Attributable to the interest of the owners: Proceeds from issuance of letters of credit Redemption and payment of interest / principal on letters of credit Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on subordinated bonds Subordinated bonds issuance Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Susuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption and pa	Acquisitions of property and equipment	16	(2,776)	(2,105)
Total net cash flows generated from (used in) investing activities (14,440) (28,620) C) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: ***********************************	Disposals of property and equipment		1,447	1
Total net cash flows generated from (used in) investing activities C) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Attributable to the interest of the owners: Proceeds from issuance of letters of credit Redemption and payment of interest / principal on letters of credit Issuance of current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption interest / principal on subordinated bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on subordinated bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on subordinated bonds Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares Redemption of	Acquisitions of intangible assets	15	(13,550)	(26,709)
Attributable to the interest of the owners: Proceeds from issuance of letters of credit Redemption and payment of interest / principal on letters of credit Issuance of current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on lease contracts Redemption interest/principal on lease contracts Subordinated bonds issuance Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Susuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption of preference shares Redemption of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities (4,843) (17,388) D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD (67,217) 42,179 EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD NITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	Disposals of intangible assets		-	-
Attributable to the interest of the owners: Proceeds from issuance of letters of credit Redemption and payment of interest / principal on letters of credit Issuance of current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption interest/principal on lease contracts Redemption interest and principal on subordinated bonds Redemption on fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares and payment of contact shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares Redemption and payment of preference shares Rede	Total net cash flows generated from (used in) investing activities	- -	(14,440)	(28,620)
Proceeds from issuance of letters of credit Redemption and payment of interest / principal on letters of credit Issuance of current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on lease contracts Subordinated bonds issuance Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Subordinated bonds issuance Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Issuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD 1,533,896 INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	C) CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:			
Redemption and payment of interest / principal on letters of credit susuance of current bonds 271,442 346,295 Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds (479,661) (544,099) Issuance of mortgage bonds - - -	Attributable to the interest of the owners:			
Issuance of current bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Issuance of mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on lease contracts If (7,403) (7,385) Subordinated bonds issuance Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Issuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Issuance of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Retributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD A 4,556 (9,532) INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,333,390 1,539,860			-	-
Redemption and payment of interest / principal on current bonds Issuance of mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Payment of interest/principal on lease contracts Subordinated bonds issuance Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Issuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption of preference shares Redemption of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD INTIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS INTIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (544,099) 1.534,409 1	Redemption and payment of interest / principal on letters of credit		-	-
Issuance of mortgage bonds Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Payment of interest/principal on lease contracts Subordinated bonds issuance Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Issuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends It is increase in paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents for the Period Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents for the Period Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents for the Period Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents for the Period Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents for the Period Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivale	Issuance of current bonds		271,442	346,295
Redemption and payment of interest / principal on mortgage bonds Payment of interest/principal on lease contracts Subordinated bonds issuance Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Issuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Issuance of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,533,390 1,539,860			(479,661)	(544,099)
Payment of interest/principal on lease contracts Subordinated bonds issuance Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Issuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Issuance of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,333,390 1,539,860			-	-
Subordinated bonds issuance Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Issuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Issuance of preference shares Redemption of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,333,390 1,539,860			-	-
Payment of interest and principal on subordinated bonds Issuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Issuance of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (35,440) (23,566)	Payment of interest/principal on lease contracts	17	(7,403)	(7,385)
Issuance of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Issuance of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD (167,217) EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD (17,388) INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (17,388)			-	-
Redemption and payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date Issuance of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (23,566)	·	23	(36,501)	(35,440)
Issuance of preference shares Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,333,390 1,539,860	·		-	-
Redemption of preference shares and payment of preference shares dividends	·		(23,566)	-
Increase in paid-in capital by issuance of ordinary shares Payment of ordinary shares dividends Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,333,390 1,539,860	·		-	-
Payment of ordinary shares dividends 28 (216,472) (122,388) Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities (497,004) (380,405) D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD (167,217) 42,179 EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD 4,556 (9,532) INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,333,390 1,539,860			-	-
Attributable to non-controlling interest Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities (4,843) (17,388) D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD (167,217) 42,179 EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD 4,556 (9,532) INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,333,390 1,539,860			-	-
Payment of dividends an/or withdrawals of paid-in capital made with respect to subsidiaries related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (4,843) (17,388) (380,405) (167,217) 42,179 47,004 (167,217) 42,179 42,179 42,179 42,179 42,179 43,556 (9,532) 1,333,390 1,539,860	Payment of ordinary shares dividends	28	(216,472)	(122,388)
related to non-controlling interest Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (4,943) (17,368) (17,368) (17,368)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD (167,217) 42,179 EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD 4,556 (9,532) INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,333,390 1,539,860			(4,843)	(17,388)
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD 4,556 (9,532) INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,333,390 1,539,860	Total net cash flows generated from (used in) financing activities	- -	(497,004)	(380,405)
INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,333,390 1,539,860	D) INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FOR THE PERIOD		(167,217)	42,179
	EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE FLUCTUATIONS ON CASH HELD		4,556	(9,532)
FINAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 1,170,729 1,572,507	INITIAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		1,333,390	1,539,860
	FINAL BALANCE OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	-	1,170,729	1,572,507

The Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows as at June 30, 2025 and 2024 were prepared under the indirect method, determining the variation between the balances as at such dates.

Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the periods ended June 30, 2025 and 2024

	Equity attributable to owners					-	
	Capital	Reserves	Accumulated other comprehensive income	Retained earnings from previous years and profit for the period	Total	Non-controlling interest	Total equity
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Opening balances as at January 1, 2025	1,368,421	381,405	(70,855)	2,022,636	3,701,607	145,734	3,847,341
Payment of ordinary shares dividends	-	-	-	(216,472)	(216,472)	(4,843)	(221,315)
Provision for payment of ordinary shares dividends	-	-	-	63,775	63,775	· -	63,775
Payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date	-	-	-	(19,496)	(19,496)	-	(19,496)
Provision for interest on bonds with no fixed maturity term	-	-	-	(278)	(278)	-	(278)
Subtotal: Transactions with the owners for the period	1,368,421	381,405	(70,855)	1,850,165	3,529,136	140,891	3,670,027
Profit for the period	-	-	-	220,358	220,358	(21,731)	198,627
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period	-	-	(2,050)	-	(2,050)	-	(2,050)
Subtotal: Comprehensive income (loss) for the period		_	(2,050)	220,358	218,308	(21,731)	196,577
Closing balances as at June 30, 2025	1,368,421	381,405	(72,905)	2,070,523	3,747,444	119,160	3,866,604
Opening balances as at January 1, 2024	1,368,421	381,405	(36,145)	1,722,476	3,436,157	138,821	3,574,978
Payment of ordinary shares dividends	-	-	-	(122,388)	(122,388)	(17,388)	(139,776)
Provision for payment of ordinary shares dividends	-	-	-	52,666	52,666	-	52,666
Subtotal: Transactions with the owners for the period	1,368,421	381,405	(36,145)	1,652,754	3,366,435	121,433	3,487,868
Profit for the year	-	-	-	232,406	232,406	8,697	241,103
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the period			(4,074)		(4,074)	(3)	(4,077)
Subtotal: Comprehensive income (loss) for the period		_	(4,074)	232,406	228,332	8,694	237,026
Closing balances as at June 30, 2024	1,368,421	381,405	(40,219)	1,885,160	3,594,767	130,127	3,724,894

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 1 General information

Scotiabank Chile (hereinafter the "Bank") is the Parent of a group of entities, constituted in Chile as a closely-held corporation. Its original incorporation was authorized via Supreme Decree issued by the Ministry of Finance No. 1389 dated March 29, 1944. The Bank is primarily involved in the brokerage of money and financial instrument such as personal property, commercial paper or any other credit instrument.

The current ownership structure is composed of Nova Scotia Inversiones Limitada (99.80%) and non-controlling interests (0.20%). Nova Scotia Inversiones Limitada is the Bank's exclusive controlling shareholder.

The Bank's registered address is located at Avenida Costanera Sur No. 2710, Torre A, Las Condes, Santiago and its website is www.scotiabank.cl.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 2 Significant accounting policies

(a) Basis of preparation

The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, which comprise the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, Interim Consolidated Statements of Income, Interim Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income, Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, and Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity of the Bank and its subsidiaries, have been prepared in accordance with accounting criteria issued by the Comision para el Mercado Financiero (hereinafter, the "CMF"), and in everything that is not dealt with by it or in contravention of its instructions, banks must adhere to generally accepted accounting principles, which correspond to the technical standards issued by the Colegio de Contadores de Chile A.G., coinciding with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB). Banking CMF GAAP differs from IFRS.

Should any discrepancy exist between accounting principles generally accepted in Chile and the accounting standards issued by the CMF, the latter shall prevail.

In accordance with the second paragraph of Article 16 of the General Banking Law, financial institutions must publish interim statements of financial position as at March 31, June 30 and September 30 of each year.

The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements as at June 30, 2025 and their explanatory notes were prepared in accordance with the provisions of Chapter C-2 of the Compendium of Accounting Standards for Banks (CNC) issued by the CMF.

Accordingly, the Bank prepared the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements presenting comparative information only for the cumulative periods as at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 for the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, and in addition, the cumulative periods as at June 30, 2025 and 2024 for the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income, Interim Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income, Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows and Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity.

These Interim Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared to update the last Annual Financial Statements issued. Accordingly, emphasis is placed on new activities, events and circumstances and, accordingly, information previously prepared is not duplicated. The user of the interim financial information should have available the most recent Annual Financial Statements for a better interpretation of the information.

(b) Basis of consolidation

The Bank's consolidated financial statements have been consolidated with those of its subsidiaries in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standard IFRS10 "Consolidated Financial Statements." These comprise the preparation of the separate financial statements of the Bank and the companies included in the consolidation, and include the adjustments and reclassifications required for the consistent application of the accounting policies and measurement criteria applied by the Bank.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared using consistent accounting policies for similar transactions and other events in equivalent circumstances. Significant intercompany transactions and balances (assets and liabilities, equity, revenue, expenses and cash flows) generated from operations performed between the Bank and its subsidiaries and between such subsidiaries have been eliminated on consolidation, in addition to recognize non-controlling interest related to third party ownership percentage in the subsidiaries of which the Bank is not the owner either directly or indirectly and is shown separately in the Bank's equity and profit or loss.

i) Subsidiaries

"Subsidiaries" are considered to be entities over which the Bank has the ability to exercise control. This ability is generally, but not only, reflected by owning directly or indirectly at least 50% of the voting shares of associates, or even if this percentage is lower or null, if the Bank has been granted such control by an agreement with the shareholders of the subsidiaries. An investor controls an investee when it is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee.

Thus, an investor controls an investee if and only if the investor has all the following:

- Power over the investee when it has interest that provide it with the ability to direct the subsidiary's significant activities;
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the subsidiary; and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect the amount of the investor's returns.

The subsidiaries over which the Bank has the ability to exercise control and, accordingly, are included in the consolidation of these Consolidated Financial Statements are detailed as follows:

Company	Direct June 2025 %	Indirect June 2025 %	Direct December 2024 %	Indirect December 2024 %
Scotia Administradora General de Fondos Chile S.A.	99.33	0.67	99.33	0.67
Scotia Corredora de Seguros Chile Limitada	99.90	0.10	99.90	0.10
Centro de Recuperación y Cobranza Limitada	99.90	0.10	99.90	0.10
Bandesarrollo Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.	99.91	-	99.91	-
CAT Administradora de Tarjetas S.A.	51.00	-	51.00	-
CAT Corredores de Seguros y Servicios S.A.	51.00	-	51.00	-
Servicios Integrales S.A.	51.00	-	51.00	-
Administradora y Procesos S.A.	51.00	-	51.00	-
Scotia Corredora de Bolsa Chile Limitada	99.19	0.80	99.19	0.80
Scotia Asesorías Financieras Limitada	98.74	-	98.74	-
Scotia Azul Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.	97.49	-	97.49	-
Scotia Operadora de Tarjetas S.A.	99.90	0.10	99.90	0.10

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



ii) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interest represents the portion of losses and gains and of net assets which the Bank does not control directly or indirectly. It is presented separately in the Consolidated Statements of Income, the Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income, Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position within Equity.

iii) Loss of control

When the Bank loses control of a subsidiary, it derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any non-controlling interests and the other components of equity. Any resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss. If the Bank retains any interest in the former subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost.

(c) Basis of measurement

The Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the following:

- Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss.
- Financial assets not held for trading mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss.
- Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss.
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- Financial Derivative Contracts and Financial Derivative Contracts for Accounting Hedge.

(d) Functional and presentation currency

The Bank and its Subsidiaries have defined the Chilean peso as their functional currency, as its deposit, placement and investment transactions are mainly expressed in such currency. These Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Chilean pesos. All the information presented in Chilean pesos has been rounded to the nearest million.

(e) Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are considered transactions in foreign currencies and are initially translated into the respective exchange rate of such currency at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rate as at the date of the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position. Differences arising from fluctuations in the exchange rate between the registration and the next closing date are recorded with debit or credit to profit or loss.

Assets and liabilities in foreign currency US dollar are recognized at their equivalent amount in Chilean pesos, calculated at the accounting representation exchange rate of Ch\$931.38 per US\$1 as at June 30, 2025 (Ch\$801.21 as at June 30, 2024 and Ch\$994.74 as at December 31, 2024).

The "accounting representation exchange rate" means those exchange rates that must be applied to reflect in Chilean pesos the assets and liabilities that are recorded in foreign currencies, and to make the adjustments to the equivalent accounts in Chilean currency. The accounting representation exchange rate of the different currencies relates to the Bank's determination of market prices at the accounting close date.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



The loss of MCh\$114,717 as at June 30, 2025, related to "Foreign currency translation differences, indexation and accounting hedge of foreign currencies" (loss of MCh\$113,046 as at June 30, 2024), shown in the Consolidated Statements of Income, includes the recognition of the effects of exchange rate fluctuations on assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency or adjusted for foreign exchange rates, and the net gain or loss from derivatives in accounting hedges for foreign currency risk of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

(f) Business segments

The Bank provides segment financial information to identify and disclose in the notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements the nature and financial effects arising from its business activities and the economic environments in which it operates, in accordance with IFRS8 "Operating Segments." Such standard requires that the Bank provides information on the different types of business activities in which it is involved and assists the users of Financial Statements to obtain:

- Better understanding of return.
- Better assessment of future cash flow projections.
- Better judgment on the company as a whole.

The Bank's operating segments are determined based on identifiable components providing products or services related to the business. These business segments deliver products and services subject to risks and yields different from those of other segments and their operating results are reviewed by Management for operating administration and decision-making purposes. Management has decided that there are five reportable segments: "Retail", "Wholesale", "CAT", "Treasury" and "Others", the details of which are included in Note 6.

(g) Transactions with related parties

Disclosures on significant related parties are detailed in Note 43, in accordance with IAS24 "Related Party Disclosures" indicating the relationship with each related party involved, as well as the transaction description and related balances. All of this is performed for an adequate understanding of the potential effects of such relation on the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Intragroup balances and transactions between related parties, are eliminated in the process of preparing the Bank's Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

(h) Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

The Statements of Changes in Equity included in these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements include movements in Equity occurred between January 1 and June 30, 2025 and 2024.

The Interim Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity include all movements in net equity, including those arising from changes in the accounting policies.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



(i) Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income

This section includes changes in equity by disclosing income and expenses of the Bank and its subsidiaries resulting from the performance of its activities during the year, distinguishing those recorded as profit in the profit and loss account for the year and other income and expenses directly recorded in net equity.

Accordingly, this statement includes:

- Consolidated profit or loss for the year.
- Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss.
- Income tax on other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss.
- Items that can be reclassified to profit or loss.
- Income tax on other comprehensive income that can be reclassified to profit or loss.

(i) Financial assets and financial liabilities

1. Recognition

Initially, the Bank recognizes loans and advances to customers, financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss, financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, financial liabilities at amortized cost on the date they were originated. Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date; i.e., the date at which the Bank commits to purchase or sell the asset.

A financial asset or financial liability which is not recognized at fair value through profit or loss is initially measured at fair value plus transactions costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. Items measured at fair value through profit or loss, are initially measured at fair value, recognizing in profit or loss the associated transaction costs.

2. Classification

Accounting policies associated with each classification are addressed in letters:

- Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss (letter (I)).
- Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (letter (m)).
- Financial derivative contracts and financial derivative contracts for accounting hedge (letter (n)).
- Financial assets at amortized cost (letter (o)).
- Special allowances for credit losses (letter (aa)).

At initial recognition, the Bank classifies its financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss, based on:

- i) The entity's business model to manage financial assets.
- ii) The characteristics of the contractual cash flows from the financial asset.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



A financial asset should be measured at fair value through profit or loss unless the financial asset is measured at amortized cost or at fair value through other comprehensive income. However, the Bank may make an irrevocable election at initial recognition to present subsequent changes in fair value in other comprehensive income for specific investments in equity instruments that would otherwise be measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Bank classifies financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortized cost except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. These liabilities, including derivatives that are liabilities, are subsequently measured at fair value.

3. Derecognition

The Bank derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows on the financial asset in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial asset that is created or retained by the Bank is recognized as a separate asset or liability. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount of the asset (or the carrying amount allocated to the portion of the asset transferred) and the sum of the consideration received (including any new asset obtained less any new liability assumed) plus any cumulative gain and loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit and loss.

The Bank derecognizes from the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position a financial liability, or a portion of it, when its contractual obligations are discharged or canceled or expire.

4. Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Bank has a legal right to set off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Income and expenses are presented on a net basis only when permitted by the accounting standards, or for gains and losses arising from a group of similar transactions such as in the Bank's trading activity.

5. Measurement at amortized cost

Amortized cost is understood as the acquisition cost in which the financial asset or liability was initially measured, minus the capital repayments that may be made, more or minus, as the accumulated amortization is applicable, using the effective interest method, of the difference between the initial amount and the repayment amount at maturity. For financial assets, minus any value reduction of the impairment amount which had been recognized, either directly or as an increase in the asset amount or through a complementary account of its amount.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



6. Fair value measurement

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

When available, the Bank measures the fair value of an instrument using quoted prices in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are easily and regularly available and represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

If the market for a financial instrument is not active, the Bank establishes fair value using a valuation technique. Valuation techniques include using recent arm's length transactions between knowledgeable, willing parties (if available), reference to the current fair value of other instruments that are substantially similar, discounted cash flow analyses and option pricing models.

The chosen valuation technique makes a maximum use of market inputs, relies as little as possible on estimates specific to the Bank, incorporating all factors that market participants would consider in setting a price, and is consistent with accepted economic methodologies for pricing financial instruments. Inputs to valuation techniques reasonably represent market expectations and measures of the risk-return factors inherent in the financial instrument.

Periodically, the Bank calibrates valuation techniques and tests them for validity using prices from observable recent market transactions of the same instrument or based on other available observable market data.

The Bank establishes a fair value hierarchy, which segregates the inputs and/or assumptions of the valuation techniques used in measuring the fair value of financial instruments.

7. Identification and measurement of impairment

The Bank assesses at each closing date of the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, whether there is objective evidence that financial assets are not carried at fair value through profit or loss are impaired. These financial assets are impaired when objective evidence demonstrates that a loss event has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event has an impact that can be estimated reliably on the future cash flows of the asset.

Objective evidence that financial assets are impaired includes default or delinquency by a debtor, indications that a debtor or issuer will enter bankruptcy, the disappearance of an active market for a security, or other observable data relating to a group of assets such as adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers in the Bank, or economic conditions that correlate with defaults in the Bank's and its subsidiaries' assets. In addition, for an investment in an equity security, a significant or prolonged decline in its fair value below its cost is also objective evidence of impairment.

For financial assets "Loans and advances to banks" and "Loans and accounts receivable from customers", impairment is applied in accordance with Chapter B-1 "Provisions for credit risk" of the CNC for Banks, which are described in Note 2 letter (aa).

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



For financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, debt financial instruments at amortized cost and Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements, impairment determined by a model of expected credit losses according to IFRS9.

This impairment model measures credit loss allowances using a three-stage approach based on the extent of credit deterioration since origination:

- Stage 1: Where there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition of a financial instrument, an amount equal to 12 months expected credit loss is recorded. The expected credit loss is computed using a probability of default estimated for the next 12 months. If the financial instrument has a remaining term of less than a year, probability of default is computed using the remaining term to maturity.
- Stage 2: When financial instrument experiences a significant increase in credit risk subsequent to origination but is not considered to be in default, it is included in this Stage. This requires the computation of expected credit loss based on the probability of default over the remaining estimated life of the financial instrument.
- Stage 3: This stage includes financial instruments classified as in default. The allowance for credit losses is made based on the instrument's lifetime expected credit losses.

The measurement of expected credit loss is estimated using inputs like probability of default, exposure at default, and loss given default. Details of these parameters are as follows:

- Probability of default: Is an estimate of the likelihood of default over a given time horizon. A default
 may only happen at certain time over the remaining estimated life if the facility has not been
 previously derecognized and is still in the portfolio.
- Exposure at Default: The exposure at default is an estimate of the exposure at a future default
 date, considering expected changes in the exposure after the reporting date, including
 repayments of principal and interest, whether scheduled by contract or otherwise, expected
 drawdowns on committed facilities, and accrued interest from missed payments.
- Loss given default: The loss given default is an estimate of the loss arising in the case where a
 default occurs at a given time. It is based on the difference between the contractual cash flows
 due and those that the lender would expect to receive, including from the realization of any
 collateral. It is usually expressed as percentage of the exposure at default.

The Bank has a model that allows characterizing the risk profile of a customer, assigning an internal rating to each debtor. To determine impairment, the rating is applied to the valuation of each instrument in accordance with the model defined by the Market Risk unit.

Impairment losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are recognized in "Impairment of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Impairment losses on debt financial instruments at amortized cost and Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements are recognized in "Credit-impaired financial assets at amortized cost" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

(k) Cash and deposits in banks

For purposes of the Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, the Bank considers the sum of cash in banks and on hand, net debit and credit balances of operations pending settlement as well as those investments in fixed-income mutual funds, debt financial instruments, and investments sold under repurchase agreements with high liquidity are readily convertible to known amounts of cash from the initial investment date and have low risk of change in value, with maturities of 90 days or less from the acquisition date to be cash and cash equivalents.

The Bank uses the indirect method for the preparation of the Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, where cash flows are determined from the Bank's profit or loss for the period and then incorporates non-cash transactions, as well as income and expenses associated with cash flows from operating, financing and investing activities.

For the preparation of the Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, the Bank considers the following concepts:

i) Cash flow

Cash and cash equivalents inflows and outflows; i.e., highly-liquid short-term investments with low risk of changes in value, such as: deposits with Banco Central de Chile, deposits in domestic banks and deposits in foreign banks.

ii) Operating activities

Operating activities are the principal revenue-producing activities of the Bank and other activities that are not investing or financing activities.

iii) Investing activities

Investing activities are the acquisition and disposal of long-term assets and other investments not included in cash and cash equivalents.

iv) Financing activities

Financing activities are activities that result in changes in the amount and composition of the contributed equity and of liabilities that are not part of operating or investing activities.

(I) Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss relate to financial assets acquired for the purpose of generating profits from price fluctuations at short-term or through margins from their brokerage or at amounts that are included in a portfolio for short-term gain taking.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



These securities are measured at their fair value in accordance with market prices at the reporting date. Gains or losses resulting from their adjustment to fair value, as well as gains and losses from trading activities are included within the caption "Net financial result" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

(m) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it meets both of the following conditions:

- a) the financial asset is held within a business model the purpose of which is achieved by obtaining contractual cash flows and disposing of financial assets; and
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Interest and indexation on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are included in "Interest and indexation income" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income for the period.

(n) Financial derivative contracts and financial derivative contracts for accounting hedge

Financial derivatives that include foreign currency, Unidad de Fomento, interest rate forwards, currency and interest rate swaps, currency and interest rate options and other derivatives are initially recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Financial Position at their trading value (cost) and subsequently measured at fair value. Fair value is obtained from market quotes, discounted cash flow models and measurement models for options, as appropriate. Financial derivatives are stated as an asset when their fair value is positive and as a liability when it is negative, within the caption "Derivative instruments."

Certain derivatives embedded in other financial instruments are treated as separate derivatives when their characteristics and risk are not closely related to those of the host contract and not measured at fair value with the related unrealized gains or losses included in profit or loss. As at June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Bank records no separable embedded derivatives.

Financial derivative contracts are classified as derivative instruments for trading and are disclosed under the caption "Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss."

Changes in the fair value of financial derivative contracts held for trading are included in "Net financial result for assets and liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



In this regard, hedge accounting derivatives, are designated as fair value hedges for existing assets or liabilities and firm commitments, or for cash flow hedges for future assets, liabilities or highly probable forecasted transactions, under compliance of each of the following conditions:

- at the inception of the transaction, the hedging relationship is formally documented, indicating the risk management objectives and strategies intended with such transaction;
- the hedge is expected to be highly effective;
- the effectiveness of the hedge can be measured reliably (see Note 12.d.2); and
- the hedge is highly effective in relation to the hedged risk, on a continuous basis throughout the entire hedging relationship.

Certain derivative transactions that do not qualify for being accounted for as hedging derivatives are treated and reported as trading derivatives, even though they provide effective hedge for the management of risk positions.

When a derivative hedges the exposure to changes in the fair value of an existing asset or liability, such asset or liability is recorded at its fair value with respect to the specific risk hedged. Gains or losses from the measures in the fair value both for the hedged item and the hedging derivative are recognized through profit or loss for the year. The fair value measurement adjustment of the hedged item is presented in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position of the same caption including such item.

If the hedged item in a fair value hedge is a firm commitment, the changes in the fair value of the firm commitment attributable to the hedged risk are recognized as an asset or liability through profit or loss for the year. Gains or losses from the measurement of the hedging derivative at fair value are also recognized through profit or loss for the year. When an asset is acquired or a liability assumed as a result of the commitment, the initial recognition of the asset acquired, or liability assumed is adjusted to include the accumulated effect of the measurement at fair value of the firm commitment that was recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

When a derivative hedges the exposure to changes in cash flows of existing assets or liabilities, or highly probable forecasted transactions, the effective portion of changes in the fair value with respect to the risk hedged is recognized in Equity. Any ineffective portion is directly recognized in profit or loss for the year.

Amounts recognized directly in Equity are subsequently recorded in profit or loss in the same years in which the hedged assets or liabilities affect profit or loss.

For a fair value hedge of interest rates in a portfolio, and the hedged item is an amount of money rather than separately identified assets or liabilities, gains or losses from measuring the fair value of both the hedged portfolio and the hedging derivative, are recognized through profit or loss for the year. However, the gain or loss from measuring the fair value the hedged portfolio is recorded in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position under the caption "Other assets" or "Other liabilities", depending on the position of the hedged portfolio at a given date.

Financial derivative contracts are subject to offsetting, i.e., they are presented in the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements at their net value only when subsidiaries have both, the legally enforceable right to offset the amounts recognized in such instruments, and the intention to settle the net amount, or realize the asset and pay the liability simultaneously.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



(o) Financial assets at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions:

- a) It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows.
- b) the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These captions are composed of non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and that the Bank does not intent to sell immediately or in the near term.

Operations included in these captions are initially measured at fair value, including the related incremental transaction costs, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, except when the Bank defines certain loans as hedged items, which are measured at fair value through profit or loss as described in letter (n).

i) Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements

Transactions under agreements to resell are performed as investments. Financial instruments are acquired under these agreements and included as assets that are measured in accordance with the interest rate in the agreement.

In addition, through its subsidiary Scotia Corredora de Bolsa Chile Ltda., the Bank performs simultaneous transactions granting term financing to the buyer (through the delivery of shares as collateral), in exchange for an interest rate agreed upon in accordance with the contract.

ii) Financial debt securities

Financial debt securities include the balances of debt instruments of Government and Banco Central de Chile and Other financial debt securities issued in Chile and abroad.

iii) Loans and advances to banks

This caption includes balances of transactions with domestic and foreign banks, including the Banco Central de Chile and foreign Central Banks.

iv) Loans and accounts receivable from customers

This caption comprises balances related to transactions conducted in the commercial, mortgage and consumption portfolios with individuals other than banks, corresponding to credits, loans and other financing, financing lease agreements, factoring operations and accounts receivable resulting from operations inherent to the banking business.

Factoring transactions

Factoring transactions are measured considering amounts disbursed by the Bank when receiving invoices or other commercial instruments representing the credit that the assignor provides to the Bank. The price difference between the disbursed amounts and the actual face value of credits is recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Income as interest income through the effective interest method, during the financing period. When the transfer of these instruments is performed with no recourse by the assignor, the Bank assumes the insolvency risks of those obliged to pay.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Lease operations

Finance lease operations correspond to leases that transfer substantially all risks and rewards to the lessee of the owner's leased asset.

When the Bank and its subsidiaries act as the lessor of an asset, the aggregate present values of the lease payments they will receive from the lessee plus the guaranteed residual value, usually, the price of the exercise of the lessee's purchase option at the expiration of the contract, are recognized as third party financing, and accordingly, included in the caption "Loans and advances to customers" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

For finance leases when the Bank acts as a lessee, it recognizes the cost of leased assets in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, according to the nature of the leased asset, and simultaneously, the sum of the present value of minimum lease payments it will make plus the purchase option, are recorded as a financial liability. Minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance expense and the reduction of the outstanding liabilities. The finance expense is allocated to each year during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of liabilities. Assets are amortized using similar criteria to that applied to property and equipment for own use.

v) Write-off of loans and advances

Impaired loans are written-off when deemed to be uncollectible or when reasonable time has passed without obtaining recovery. For this purpose, the outstanding balance of the loan recorded within assets is written-off as a debit to the accrued provisions for credit risk.

Subsequent payments obtained for transactions written-off will be credited to profit or loss in the line item "Write-offs loans" in the caption "Credit loss expense" in the Consolidated Statements of Income (see Note 41 b)).

Write-offs of loans and accounts receivable, other than leasing operations, must be performed if the following circumstances, depending on which occurs first:

- a) on the basis of information available the Bank reaches the conclusion that it will not obtain any flows from the loan recorded in assets.
- b) when a debt owed to the Bank without an enforcement order reaches 90 days past due since being recorded in assets.
- upon expiration of the statute of limitations for actions to demand collection through an executive judgment or at the time of rejection or abandonment of the execution of the title by enforceable judicial resolution.
- d) When the time of delay of a transaction reaches the term limit for write-off as set forth below:

Type of loans	Term
Secured or unsecured consumer loans	6 months
Other unsecured transactions	24 months
Secured commercial loans	36 months
Mortgage loans	48 months

The term corresponds to the time elapsed from the date on which the payment of all or part of the obligation that is in arrears became due.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Assets related to financial lease transactions must be written off under the following circumstances, whichever occurs first:

- a) the Bank reaches the conclusion that there is no likelihood of recovery of rentals and that the value of the asset cannot be considered for contract recovery purposes, whether because it is no longer in the possession of the lessor, due to its condition, as a result of expenses involved in its recovery, transfer and maintenance for technological obsolescence or because there is no information about its current location and condition.
- b) upon completion of the prescription period for the collection procedures or at the moment of the rejection or abandonment of the execution of the contract through legal judgment.
- c) when the period in which a contract has been maintained in delinquency reaches the term indicated below.

Type of contract	Term
Consumer Leasing	6 months
Other non-real estate leasing operations	12 months
Real estate Leasing (commercial or housing)	36 months

The period corresponds to the time elapsed from the date on which the payment past due amounts became payable.

vi) Renegotiations of transactions written-off

Any renegotiation of a loan written-off will not give rise to revenue as long as the transaction continues to be impaired, and the actual payments received will be treated as recoveries of loans written-off.

Consequently, the renegotiated loan will be re-entered as an asset if it ceases to be impaired and the criteria defined by the Bank are complied with, also recognizing the income from the activation as recovery of loans written-off. The same criterion is used in the event that a loan is granted to repay a loan written-off.

(p) Investments in companies

i) Companies in which the Bank has significant influence

Associates are those entities over which the Bank has significant influence, but not control or joint control. In general, this ability relates to interest equal or higher than 20% of voting rights, unless the Bank may clearly demonstrate there is no such influence. These investments are measured through the equity method of accounting.

In accordance with the equity method, investments are initially recorded at cost, and then increased or decreased in order to reflect the Bank's proportional equity in the profit or loss of the investee and other changes recognized in its equity. Goodwill arising from the acquisition of a company is included in the carrying amount of the investment netted against any accumulated impairment loss.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



ii) Joint ventures

"Joint ventures" are those businesses which are jointly controlled by two or more unrelated entities. This is evidenced by contractual agreements where two or more entities ("venturers") have an interest in entities ("multi-group") or perform transactions or hold assets so that any strategic financial or operating decision affecting them requires the unanimous consent by all the venturers. At the date of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, the Bank assessed and determined it is not involved in any joint venture.

iii) Shares or interests in other companies

Entities which are not significantly controlled or influenced by the Bank are recorded in this line item. It includes the minority permanent investments in domestic or foreign companies, recorded at their acquisition cost and subsequently at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income and recording the related impairment adjustments, where applicable.

(q) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are identified as non-monetary assets (separate from other assets) with no physical substance arising as a result of a legal transaction or developed internally by the consolidated entities. These are assets whose cost can be measured reliably and for which the consolidated entities believe it is probable that future economic benefits will be generated.

Intangible assets are recognized initially at its acquisition or production cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and the accumulated amount of impairment losses.

i) Software or computer software

IT software acquired by the Bank and its subsidiaries are accounted at cost less accumulated amortization of impairment value loss.

The subsequent expense in program assets is capitalized solely when the economic benefits in the specific asset to which they relate increase. All other expenses are recorded as expenditures as incurred.

Amortization is recognized in profit or loss under "Depreciation and amortization" in the Consolidated Statements of Income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of IT software from the date on which they are available for use. Estimated useful lives of computer programs have been set from 5 to 10 years.

ii) Other identifiable intangible assets

Corresponds to intangible assets identified in which the asset cost can be measured reliably and it is likely to generate future economic benefits. Amortization is recognized in profit or loss under "Depreciation and amortization" in the Consolidated Statements of Income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of identifiable intangible assets. The estimated useful life of these intangible assets is up to 3 years.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



iii) Intangible assets from business combinations

Relates to intangible assets (other than goodwill) arising from business combinations, which are initially recorded at their fair value. Upon initial recognition, these intangible assets are measured at their cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses.

Amortization is recognized in profit or loss under "Depreciation and amortization" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of intangible assets generated in business combinations. The estimated useful life of these intangible assets does not exceed 20 years.

(r) Property and equipment

Items of property and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. The cost includes expenditures that have been directly attributed to the acquisition of the asset and any other costs directly attributable to the process of bringing the asset to a usable condition.

Depreciation is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets, including the related debits to profit or loss within the caption "Depreciation and amortization" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

Maintenance and repair costs are debited to profit or loss. The cost of improvements is capitalized when the useful life of assets or their capacity increases significantly.

The estimated useful life of the Bank's items of property and equipment are the following:

Asset Group	Useful life
Buildings	80 years
Furniture, machinery, vehicles and other property and plant	Between 2 and 10 years
Computer equipment	Between 3 and 10 years
Facilities, improvements in own properties	Between 3 and 10 years

The useful life assigned to leasehold improvements directly depends on the term of the property's lease contract.

(s) Right-of-use lease assets and lease contract liabilities

i) Right-of-use assets under lease contracts

The Bank and its subsidiaries have lease contracts related to certain assets to meet the normal performance of its operating activities. When in such contract, it acts as lessee, the Bank should recognize in its Interim Consolidated Financial Statements a right-of-use asset, representing the right to use the underlying asset specified in the lease contract.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



The Bank and its subsidiaries may elect not to recognize a right-of-use asset and a lease liability in the following two cases:

- short-term leases (less than 12 months); and
- leases for which the underlying asset is of low value.

If the Bank or its subsidiaries elect not to recognize a right-of-use asset or lease liabilities, they shall recognize the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income for the year on a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis (another systematic basis will be applied if that basis is more representative of the pattern of the lessee's benefit.)

At the commencement date, the Bank shall measure the right-of-use asset at cost, which includes:

- a) the amount of the liability's initial measurement of the lease liability;
- b) lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- c) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

The lessee may incur the obligation for those costs either at the commencement date or as a consequence of having used the underlying asset during a particular period.

A lessee shall recognize the costs described in letter d) above as part of the cost of the right-of-use asset when it incurs an obligation for those costs.

After the date of initial recognition, the Bank measures the right-of-use asset applying a cost model less accumulated depreciation/amortization and accumulated impairment; adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability.

The Bank and its subsidiaries apply the straight-line method to depreciate the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the lease term Management has estimated for its use.

ii) Lease liabilities

In connection with the recognition of a right-of-use asset in the financial statements, the Bank shall recognize as a counterpart a lease liability related to the financial obligation assumed of paying the underlying lease asset.

At the commencement date, the Bank and its subsidiaries measure the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments shall be discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Bank uses its incremental borrowing rate.

A lease liability is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



iii) Sales with subsequent lease

A sales transaction with subsequent lease implies the sale of an asset and the subsequent lease of the same asset. In this case, the Bank and its subsidiaries measure the right-of-use asset arising from the sale and leaseback transaction commensurate to the previous carrying amount of the asset, which relates to the right-of-use maintained recognizing a gain or a loss related to the rights transferred to the lessee.

(t) Current tax and deferred taxes

The determination of income tax expense is performed in accordance with IAS12 "Income Taxes" and the Income Tax Law. Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred taxes.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted at the date of the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position, and any adjustment to income tax payable in respect of previous years.

The Bank and its subsidiaries recognize, where appropriate, deferred tax assets and liabilities resulting from temporary differences between the financial statement carrying value and tax basis of assets and liabilities (temporary differences). Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences related to the year in which they reverse, based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the date of the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Deferred tax expense is recognized except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

A deferred tax asset is recognized only to the extent that is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each date of the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

(u) Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale

i) Non-current assets for sale and disposal groups held for sale

Non-current assets expected to be recovered principally from sale rather than continuing use are classified as held for sale.

Subsequent to being classified as held for sale, these assets are measured at the lower of their carrying value and fair value less costs to sell.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



In order to classify these assets as "Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale", in accordance with IFRS5, the Bank should ensure it complies with the following requirements:

- it must be available in its current conditions for immediate sale and its sale must be highly probable.
- for the sale to be highly probable, an appropriate management level must be committed with a
 plan to sell an asset (or a disposal group), and a program to find a buyer must have started and
 operate actively.
- Likewise, the sale must be expected to meet the conditions for recognition as a sale completed within one year from the date of classification.

Impairment losses in the initial classification as non-current assets held for sale and subsequent losses are recognized in profit or loss in the caption "Gain or loss from non-current assets and disposal groups not qualifying as discontinued operations."

ii) Assets received in lieu of payment or awarded

Assets received in lieu of payment or awarded in legal auction of loans and trade receivables are recorded, in the case of assets received in lieu of payment at the price agreed by the parties, or for those cases where there is no agreement between the parties, at the amount for which the Bank is awarded such assets in a court-ordered public auction.

Subsequently, such assets are measured at the lower of the initial carrying amount or net realizable value, which corresponds to its fair value (liquidity value determined through an independent appraisal) less the related costs to sell. Differences between both amounts are recognized as "Gain or loss from non-current assets and disposal groups not qualifying as discontinued operations." in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income. Assets received in lieu of payment or awarded in a legal auction are classified in the caption "Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale" and are presented net of provisions.

In general, the Bank believes assets received in lieu of payment or awarded in legal auction will be sold within one year from their date of award. Assets not sold during such term are written-off as per the instructions issued by the CMF. This is subject to possible transitional provisions issued by the regulator that establish new terms on this matter.

(v) Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss

This item mainly comprises financial derivative contracts with negative valuation and which are not part of a specific accounting hedging relationship. They are measured at fair value and the gains or losses are recorded in "Financial result from financial assets and liabilities held for trading" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



(w) Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs, and subsequently measured at their amortized cost using the effective interest method. The main captions considered in this classification are as follows:

- Deposits and other on-demand liabilities.
- Term and on-demand deposits.
- Obligations under repurchase agreements and securities lending (*).
- Bank borrowings.
- · Debt securities issued.
- Other financial liabilities.

(*) Agreements to repurchase operations are performed as a mean for financing purposes. Investment repurchase obligation is classified within liabilities, which is measured in accordance with the interest rate in the agreement.

(x) Regulatory capital financial instruments issued

These instruments are another source of financing for the Bank. This category includes subordinated bonds, bonds with no fixed maturity and preference shares.

On initial recognition, these instruments are recorded at fair value less transaction costs directly attributable to their issuance. The financial cost for the application of the effective interest method corresponds to transaction costs, including issuance costs and interests.

Transaction costs for bonds with no fixed maturity date and preference shares may be deferred for up to 5 years from the date of issuance and will be prorated and recorded in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

In subsequent recognition, perpetual bonds shall be measured at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Preferred shares shall be measured at their initial fair value, less any remaining balance of transaction costs that have not been expensed. Additionally, the effects of any potential modification of the issuance conditions and/or the amount paid for a partial capital redemption after 5 years from issuance must be considered, with the differences between the carrying amount and the payment made being recorded in the Consolidated Statement of Income.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



(y) Provisions and contingent liabilities

Provisions are liabilities of uncertain timing or amount. A provision is recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position when the following requirements are copulatively complied with:

- a) as a result of a past event, the Bank has a present legal or constructive obligation;
- b) it is probable that at the reporting date an outflow of economic benefits will be required from the Bank or its subsidiaries to settle the obligation; and
- c) the amount of such resources can be estimated reliably.

A contingent asset or liability is a possible obligation or asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Bank.

Provisions, which are calculated considering the best information available on the consequences of the event that gave rise to them are re-estimated on each closing date, are used to comply with specific obligations for which they were originally recognized. These are reversed when such obligations decrease or cease to exist.

Provisions are classified according to the following obligations covered:

- Provisions for contingencies (includes employee benefit obligations, restructuring plans, lawsuits and litigation, loyalty programs and merits for customers, operational risk and other contingencies).
- Provisions for minimum dividends, interest payments and repricing of regulatory capital financial instruments issued.
- Special provisions for credit losses (including loss risk for contingent loans, country risk, additional allowances for loans and others).

(z) Provisions for minimum dividends

In Article 79 in Chile's Law of Public Companies it is established that, unless different from the adopted in the meeting and by the issued shares unanimously, public companies will have to distribute annually as dividend in cash to its shareholders, proportionally of its shares or the proportion established by the by-laws at least the 30% of liquid gains of each year, except when accumulated losses coming from previous year are to be absorbed.

Minimum dividends are accounted for net of the portion of the provisional dividends that has been approved during the course of the year and are registered in the caption "Provisions for dividends, payment of interest payments and repricing of issued regulatory capital financial instruments" with a debit to the account "Provisions for minimum dividends" in Equity.

(aa) Allowances for credit losses

The Bank has established allowances for potential credit losses from loans and advances to customers, in accordance with the instructions issued by the CMF and its credit risk rating and evaluation models approved by the Board of Directors.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



In order to determine its provision for credit risk, the Bank uses models or methodologies based on the individual and collective analyses of debtors to make provisions for loans and receivables from customers, which are defined below.

Allowances for loans by individual assessment

The individual analysis of debtors is applied to customers, natural persons or legal entities which, due to their size, complexity or exposure level, must be known comprehensively, requiring the assignment of a credit rating for each debtor.

All the customers of the Corporate, Real Estate, Large Companies or Wholesale segments will be considered to be business portfolio assessed individually. It will also consider the debtors with operations different to those mentioned above recording annual sales higher than or equal to MCh\$1,000 or business debt obligations higher than or equal to MCh\$500. In addition, all customers who are part of a business group, record commercial loans and whose total indebtedness, excluding mortgage loans, reaches an amount equal to or higher than UF20,000, will be included as individual customers. Finally, all the debtors that have recorded in their loans cross-border transactions will be included as individual customers.

To make the allowances, the Bank classifies its debtors and transactions related to loans and contingent loans in the related categories, with the prior allocation to one of the following three portfolio categories: Normal, substandard and in default as established in the Compendium of Accounting Standards for Banks (CNC) issued by the CMF. Based on the debtor rating, the Bank assigns probability of default and loss on default percentages, which result in the expected loss percentage:

Type of Portfolio	Debtor category	Probability of default (%)	Loss given default (%)	Expected loss (%)
	A1	0.04	90.0	0.03600
	A2	0.10	82.5	0.08250
Normal	A3	0.25	87.5	0.21875
portfolio	A4	2.00	87.5	1.75000
	A5	4.75	90.0	4.27500
	A6	10.00	90.0	9.00000
	B1	15.00	92.5	13.87500
Substandard	B2	22.00	92.5	20.35000
portfolio	В3	33.00	97.5	32.17500
	B4	45.00	97.5	43.87500

Type of Portfolio	Risk grade	Range of expected loss	Allowance (%)
	C1	Up to 3%	2
In default	C2	More than 3% up to 20%	10
	C3	More than 20% up to 30%	25
III deladit	C4	More than 30% up to 50%	40
	C5	More than 50% up to 80%	65
	C6	More than 80%	90

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



To determine the amount of allowances for the normal and substandard portfolio, the first step is to determine the exposure affected by allowances, which comprises the carrying amount of loans plus contingent loans, less the amounts that would be recovered through the execution of the guarantees, financial guarantee or collateral, supporting the transactions. The related loss percentages are applied to such exposure, which are composed of the probability of default (PD) and the loss given default (LGD) established for the category in which the debtor and/or its qualified guarantor is classified, as applicable. In the case of collateral, the Bank must demonstrate that the value assigned to this deduction reasonably reflects the value it would obtain on the disposal of the assets or equity instruments.

Collateral and sureties may be considered to the extent that the documentation evidencing the surety explicitly refers to specific loans, so that the scope of coverage is clearly defined and the claim against the guarantor or co-debtor is unquestionable. The credit quality of the direct debtor or group of debtors, as the case may be, may be substituted, in the proportion related to the exposure supported, by the credit quality of the guarantor or co-debtor.

For the substitution of the debtor's credit risk for the credit quality of the guarantor or co-debtor, this methodology will only be applicable when the guarantor or co-debtor is an entity rated in a category similar to investment grade by a local or international rating agency recognized by the CMF. The substitution method also applies when the guarantor or co-debtor is:

- The Chilean Treasury, CORFO or FOGAPE, assigning them category A1 for such purpose. For loans
 granted for the financing of higher education studies, granted in accordance with Law No. 20027, the
 Government may be considered as a qualified guarantor for 90% of the loan.
- Indirect debtors, other than those mentioned in the preceding point, that have audited financial statements and have been classified by the Bank, strictly applying the provisions of No. 2 of Chapter B-1 of the Compendium of accounting standards issued by the CMF, in a category up to A3 and above that of the direct debtor.

Notwithstanding the above-mentioned, the Bank should keep a minimum allowance percentage of 0.50% on loans and contingent loans from the Normal portfolio. This minimum ratio must be met for the Bank considered individually and for the local consolidated report (the Bank and its subsidiaries in Chile).

For the purposes of establishing the allowance for loan losses in default, an expected loss rate is first determined, deducting the amounts recoverable through execution of guarantees and, if specific information is available, the present value of the recoveries obtained through collection actions, net of associated expenses. Once the expected loss range has been determined, the related allowance percentage is applied to the exposure amount comprising the loans plus the contingent loans of the same debtor.

Allowances for loans associated with collective assessment

The collective assessment is used for residential mortgage and consumer loan exposures, in addition to commercial exposures related to student loans and exposures to borrowers that simultaneously meet the following conditions: i) The Bank has an aggregate exposure (gross amount of provisions) to a single counterparty of less than UF20,000 (excluding mortgage loans). For off-balance sheet items, the gross amount is calculated by applying the credit conversion factors. In addition, "to the same counterparty" denotes one or more entities that may be considered as a single beneficiary.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



For the determination of the aggregate exposure, the Bank must consider the exposure of the corporate group and ii) each aggregate exposure to the same counterparty does not exceed 0.2% of the total associated portfolio. To avoid circular computation, the criterion will be checked only once, for the remaining commercial credit exposures the models based on the individual analysis of the debtors must be applied.

The Bank uses a model for commercial exposures under MCh\$500 to determine an allowance based on the concept of expected loss of a loan.

To determine the allowances, the related group evaluations require the creation of groups of loans with homogeneous characteristics in terms of type of debtors and conditions agreed, in order to establish, through technically based estimates and following prudential criteria, both the payment behavior of the related group and the recoveries of its defaulted loans. Banks may use two alternative methods to determine allowances for retail loans that are assessed on a group basis.

Under the first method, the Bank will use the experience gathered that explains the payment behaviour shown by each group of debtors sharing similar characteristics and recovery through the execution of guarantees and collection actions where applicable, to directly estimate a percentage of expected losses that will be applied to the amount of the loans of the related group.

Under the second, banks will segment debtors into homogeneous groups, as indicated above, associating with each group a certain probability of default and a recovery percentage based on a substantiated historical analysis. The amount of allowances to be made will be obtained by multiplying the total amount of loans of the related group by the estimated default and loss given default percentages.

In both methods, the estimated losses must be related to the type of portfolio and the term of the operations. For consumer loans, guarantees will not be considered for purposes of estimating the expected loss.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, for purposes of making allowances, the Bank should recognize minimum allowances in accordance with the standard method established by the CMF. The use of this minimum prudential basis for allowances in no case exempts the Bank from its responsibility for having its own methodologies to determine allowances that are sufficient to safeguard the credit risk of each of its portfolios, and it must therefore have both methods available.

Allowances will be recorded considering the higher value obtained between the related standard method and the internal method.

The Bank has internal models for its collective portfolios, as well as standard methods for collective business portfolios and mortgage loans.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Allowances for consumption loans are calculated based on the estimated expected loss for each product/debtor, which is made up of three elements: probability of default (PD), loss given default (LGD) and exposure or debt. PD is defined as the probability that a customer will fail to meet their loan obligations, whereas the loss given default is the rate of loss that a customer may have in the event of not paying their obligations. In general, the formula for calculating the provision is given by:

EL = PD * LGD * Exposure

Where:

- EL: Expected loss of product/debtor.
- PD: is the probability of default of an individual.
- · LGD: Loss given default.
- Exposure: is the account debt.

The expected loss of the Chilean Government is applied to the guaranteed percentage of the FOGAPE, FOGAIN and CORFO reprogramming loan operations and other types of guarantees are also used, such as reciprocal guarantee companies (RGC) or for school infrastructure.

Depending on the age of a customer, the customer's PD can be estimated by a model for new customers or a model for behavior or old customers. The new customer models collect demographic and financial behavior features of the customer, while the behavior models seek information on the internal behavior of the Bank or its subsidiary, depending on the model, and of the financial institutions. In other words, new customer models look for customer features and behavior models focus on the customer's internal credit behavior. To determine the PD and the LGD, we seek to group customers with similar features, which allows us to determine that the groups are homogeneous within them and heterogeneous among them.

Special allowances for credit losses

Additional provisions for loans

In conformity with the standards issued by the CMF, the Bank has made additional provisions on its loan portfolio to hedge against the risk of unpredictable adverse economic fluctuations that may affect the macroeconomic environment or the situation in a specific economic sector.

Additional allowances are followed-up on a bimonthly basis to assess maintaining or amending the volume of allowances made.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Allowances for contingent loans

Contingent loans are all those operations or commitments in which the Bank assumes credit losses by having an obligation with a third party upon occurrence of a future event, to make a payment or disbursement that shall be recovered from its customers, as in the case of readily available revolving credit facilities, readily available revolving credit facilities with immediate payment, loans for higher education under Law No.20027 (CAE), letters of credit for goods movement transactions, commitments to purchase debt in local currency abroad, transactions related to contingent events, guarantees and sureties, other irrevocable credit commitments and other contingent loans.

Contingent loans are not recorded as assets. However, in order to hedge the credit risk, a provision for potential losses is accrued and recorded within 'Expense for credit losses' 'Expense for special allowances for credit losses' in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

To estimate allowances for contingent loans as indicated in Chapter B-1 and Chapter B-3 of the Compendium of Accounting Standards for Banks issued by the CMF, the amount of the exposure to be considered will be equivalent to the following percentages of contingent loans:

Type of contingent exposure	FCC
Unrestricted revolving credit facilities with immediate payment	10%
Contingent loans linked to CAE	15%
Letters of credit for goods movement transactions	20%
Other readily available revolving credit facilities	40%
Local currency debt purchase commitments abroad	50%
Transactions related to contingent events	50%
Co-debtors and guarantees	100%
Other loan commitments	100%
Other contingent loans	100%

However, when operations are conducted with customers with loans in default, as stated in chapter B-1 of the Compendium of Accounting Standards for Banks issued by the CMF, the exposure will always be equivalent to 100% of their contingent loans.

(ab) Financial guarantees

Financial guarantees are contracts that require the issuer to make specific payments to repay the holder for the loss incurred on specific obligor default according to the conditions of a debt instrument.

Liabilities related to financial guarantees are initially recognized at fair value, and initial fair value is amortized through the life of the financial guarantee. The guaranteed liability is recorded at the higher of the amortized amount or the present value of any expected payment (when a payment under the guarantee becomes probable). Financial guarantees are included in "Other liabilities" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



(ac) Use of judgments and estimates

The preparation of the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements requires Management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis by the Bank's Senior Management in order to quantify some assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and uncertainties. Adjustments to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised and any future periods affected.

Particularly, the information about the most significant areas of estimation of uncertainty and critical judgments in the applying accounting policies that have most significant effect on amounts recognized in the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, are described in the following notes:

- Notes 8, 11 and 12 : Measurement of financial instruments.

- Notes 13, 26, and 41 : Allowances for credit risk.

- Notes 15, 16, and 17 : Useful life and impairment of intangible assets, property

and equipment and right-of-use assets.

- Note 18 : Deferred taxes.

- Notes 24, 25, and 26 : Provisions, contingencies and commitments.

(ad) Interest and indexation income and expenses

Interest income and expenses are recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income on an accrual basis, using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments and receipts through the expected life of the financial asset or liability (or, where appropriate, in a shorter period) to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Bank estimates future cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument, but not future credit losses.

The calculation of the effective interest rate includes transaction costs, premiums, discounts, as well as all fees and commissions and other concepts paid or received that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of a financial asset or liability.

Adjustments mainly relate to the indexation associated with changes in the value of Unidad de Fomento (UF), which was Ch\$39,267.07 as at June 30, 2025 (Ch\$37,571.86 as at June 30, 2024).

The Bank suspends the recognition of interest and indexation income on an accrual basis for loans when the loan or one of its installments is 90 days overdue. This implies that, from the date on which it is due to be suspended and until these loans are no longer impaired, the related assets will not be increased with interest and indexation in the Consolidated Statement of Financial Position and no income for these items will be recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income, unless they are effectively received.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



(ae) Fee and commission income and expenses

Financial fees and commissions and transaction costs directly associated with the generation of certain financial assets and liabilities, are a part of the initial valuation of such financial assets and liabilities for the determination of the effective interest rate.

Fee and commission income and expenses not related to the generation of financial assets and liabilities are recognized on an accrual basis.

In general, unearned income and prepayments related to commissions for future services to be provided or received are transferred on a straight-line basis to profit or loss over the period that contractually covers those payments and collections.

Fee and commission income and expenses are recognized as the related services are provided.

(af) Expenses for employee benefit obligations

Short-term benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

In addition, the obligations for long-term employee benefits and employment contract termination benefits agreed in the several collective bargaining agreements in force between Scotiabank Chile and its employees through the labor unions, incorporate clauses for the payment of incentives related to seniority bonuses, severance indemnity payments for voluntary retirement and caps other than those established in the Labor Code, established ad-hoc in the several agreements. In order to receive such benefits the employee must meet a set of clearly-established requirements.

Expenses detailed in the preceding paragraph are calculated using actuarial methods and assumptions, which are based on Management's best estimate and are reviewed and approved on an annual basis. They include variables such as personnel turnover rate, expected salary growth, mortality rate, disability, retirement age, beginning of working age, average age of beneficiary personnel and the probability of using this benefit, discounted at the current rate for long-term operations (the rate of in UF at 20 years of Bonds issued by the Banco Central de Chile is used).

Gains and losses arising from changes in actuarial variables for employment contract termination benefits are recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Other Comprehensive Income.

The effect of the provisions for such benefits are recognized in the caption "Provisions for contingencies" in the Interim Consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



(ag) Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Bank's non-financial assets, excluding deferred tax assets, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

The recoverable amount of an asset is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income for the period.

Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, had no impairment loss been recognized.

(ah) Basic and diluted earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss attributable to the Bank by the number of ordinary shares outstanding during that year.

The calculation of diluted earnings per share has been based on the profit attributable to the Bank divided by the weighted-average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

At the date of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, the Bank and its subsidiaries do not have any instruments that generate dilutive effects on Equity.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 3 New accounting pronouncements issued and adopted, or issued but not yet adopted

New pronouncements introduced by the IASB

Current accounting pronouncements

The following amended accounting pronouncements are mandatory for years beginning on January 1, 2025:

Amendments to IFRS (New IFRS)	Mandatory application date
Look of Evolungoability (Amondment to IAS21)	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Early adoption
Lack of Exchangeability (Amendment to IAS21)	is permitted.

Lack of Exchangeability (Amendment to IAS21)

On August 15, 2023, the IASB issued the amendment to IAS21 — The Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates, "Lack of Exchangeability" to respond to commentary from stakeholders and concerns on the diversity in practice when accounting for the lack of exchangeability between currencies. These amendments establish criteria that will allow companies to assess whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency and when it is not, so that they can determine the exchange rate to be used and the disclosures to be provided, in the event that the currency is not exchangeable.

The amendments establish that a currency is exchangeable into another currency at a measurement date when an entity can exchange that currency into another currency within a timeframe that includes a normal administrative delay and through a market or exchange mechanism in which the exchange transaction would create enforceable rights and obligations. If an entity can only obtain an insignificant amount of the other currency at the measurement date for the specified purpose, such currency is not exchangeable into the other currency.

The assessment of whether a currency is exchangeable into another currency depends on an entity's ability to obtain the other currency and not on its intention or decision to do so.

When a currency is not exchangeable into another currency at a measurement date, an entity is required to estimate the spot exchange rate at that date. An entity's purpose when estimating the spot exchange rate is to reflect the rate at which an orderly exchange transaction would take place at the measurement date between market participants under economic conditions prevailing. The amendments do not specify how an entity estimates the spot exchange rate to meet such objective. An entity may use an observable exchange rate without adjustment or another estimation technique. Examples of an observable exchange rate include:

- A spot exchange rate for a purpose other than that for which an entity assesses exchangeability.
- The first exchange rate at which an entity can obtain the other currency for the specified purpose after currency exchangeability is restored (first subsequent exchange rate).

An entity using another estimation technique may use any observable exchange rate (including rates of exchange transactions in foreign exchange markets or mechanisms that do not create enforceable rights and obligations) and adjust that exchange rate, as required, to meet the objective established previously.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



An entity is required to apply the amendments for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2025. Early adoption is permitted. If an entity applies the amendments for an earlier period, it is required to disclose that fact.

The Bank's Management assessed the impact of the adoption of this Standard and determined there are no effects on its Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, given that the Bank currently operates with convertible currencies, using the accounting representation exchange rate as instructed in the CNC for Banks issued by the CMF.

Accounting pronouncements issued but not yet effective

The following accounting pronouncements have been issued and are not yet effective:

Amendments to IFRS (New IFRS)	Mandatory application date
IFRS18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. Early adoption
Statements	is permitted.
IFRS19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability:	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. Early adoption
Disclosures	is permitted.
Amendments to IFRS	Mandatory application date
Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor	
and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to	Effective date deferred indefinitely.
IFRS10 and IAS28)	
Financial Instruments: Classification and	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026. Early adoption
Measurement (Amendments to IFRS9 and IFRS7 -	is permitted.
Post-implementation review)	is permitted.

New IFRS issued

IFRS18 Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements

On April 9, 2024, the IASB issued IFRS18 "Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements", which supersedes IAS1 "Presentation of Financial Statements."

Main changes in the new standard compared to the previous requirements in IAS1 include:

- Introducing new categories and subtotals defined in the statement of income with the purpose of obtaining additional significant information and provide a structure for the statement of income that is more comparable between entities. In particular:
 - Income and expense items are required to be classified in the following categories in the statement of income:
 - Operating
 - Investing
 - Financing
 - Income taxes
 - Discontinued operations

The classification is different in certain cases for entities which, as main line of business, provide financing to customers or make investments in assets

- Entities must present the following new subtotals:
 - Operating profit or loss
 - Profit (loss) before financing and income tax

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



These subtotals structure the statement of income in categories without the need to present headings of categories.

- The above categories should be presented unless doing so would reduce the effectiveness of the statement of income in providing a useful structured summary of the entity's income and expenses.
- The introduction of requirements to improve aggregation and disaggregation that aim to obtain additional significant information and ensure that material information is not hidden. In particular:
 - IFRS18 provides guidance on whether the information should be in the primary financial statements (the function of which is to provide a useful structured summary) or in the notes.
 - Entities should identify assets, liabilities, equity and income and expenses arising from individual transactions or other events, and classify them into groups based on shared characteristics, resulting in items in the primary financial statements that share at least one characteristic. These groups are then separated based on other different characteristics, resulting in separate disclosure of material items in the notes. It may be necessary to aggregate immaterial items with different characteristics to avoid obscuring relevant information. Entities should use a descriptive label or, if that is not possible, provide information in the notes on the detail of such aggregated items.
 - Stricter guidelines are introduced as to whether the analysis of operating expenses is by nature or by function. The presentation should be made in a manner that provides the most useful structured summary of operating expenses considering several factors. The presentation of one or more operating expense items classified by function requires disclosure of amounts for five specific types of expenses, such as raw materials, employee benefits, depreciation and amortization.
- The introduction of disclosures on Management Performance Measures (MPM) in the notes to the financial statements aiming at transparency and discipline in the use of such measures and disclosures in one place. In particular:
 - MPMs are defined as subtotals of revenues and expenses that are used in public communications
 with financial statement users and are outside the financial statements, supplement the totals or
 subtotals included in IFRS and communicate management's view of an aspect of an entity's financial
 performance.
 - The accompanying disclosures are required to be provided in a single note that includes:
 - A description of why the MPM provides management's view of performance.
 - A description of how the MPM has been calculated
 - A description of how the measure provides useful information about an entity's financial performance
 - A reconciliation of the MPM to the most directly comparable subtotal or total specified by IFRS Accounting Standards
 - A statement that the MPM provides management's view of an aspect of the entity's financial performance
 - The effect of taxes and non-controlling interests separately for each of the differences between the MPM and the most directly comparable subtotal or total specified by IFRS Accounting Standards.
 - For a change in how the MPM is calculated, an explanation of the rationale for and the impact of the change

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Specific improvements to IAS7 aim to improve comparability between entities. Changes include:

- Using operating profit subtotal as the single starting point for the indirect method of reporting cash flows from operating activities; and
- Eliminating the option of presenting interest and dividends as cash flows from operating activities.

IFRS18 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. An entity is required to apply the amendments retrospectively, in accordance with IAS8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors, with specific transition provisions.

The Bank's Management is assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

IFRS19 Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures

On May 9, 2024, the IASB issued IFRS19 "Subsidiaries without Public Accountability: Disclosures."

IFRS19 specifies the minimum disclosure requirements that an entity may apply instead of the extensive disclosure requirements required by other IFRSs.

An entity may apply this standard only when it is a subsidiary without public accountability and its ultimate or intermediate parent prepares consolidated financial statements available for public use that comply with IFRS Accounting Standards (eligible entity).

A subsidiary is required to be publicly accountable if its debt or equity instruments are traded in a public market or it is in the process of issuing such instruments for trading in a public market (a domestic or foreign stock exchange or an over-the-counter market, including local and regional markets), or it holds assets in a fiduciary capacity for a broad group of outsiders as one of its primary businesses (e.g., banks, credit unions, insurance companies, securities brokers/dealers, mutual funds, and investment banks often meet this second criterion).

Eligible entities may, but are not required to, apply IFRS19 in their consolidated, separate or stand-alone financial statements.

An entity should consider whether to provide additional disclosures when compliance with the specific requirements of the standard is insufficient to enable users of the financial statements to understand the effect of transactions and other events and conditions on the entity's financial position and financial performance.

IFRS19 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027. Early adoption is permitted. If an entity elects to early adopt the standard it should disclose that fact. If an entity applies it in the current reporting period but not in the immediately previous period, it should provide comparative information (i.e., prior period information) for all amounts reported in the current period's financial statements, unless otherwise permitted or required by this standard or another IFRS.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



An entity that opts to apply this standard for a reporting period before the reporting period in which it first applies IFRS18 shall apply the disclosure requirements set out in Appendix B of IFRS19.

If an entity applies the standard for an annual reporting period beginning before January 1, 2025 and has not applied the Amendments to IAS21 "Lack of Exchangeability", it is not required to make the disclosures in IFRS19 related to those amendments.

The Bank's Management is assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

Amendments to IFRS

Sale or Contribution of Assets Between and Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS10 and IAS28)

On September 11, 2014, the IASB issued this amendment that requires that when transferring subsidiaries to an associate or joint venture, the total gain should be recognized when assets transferred meet the definition of "business" under IFRS3 "Business Combinations." This amendment establishes strong pressure on the definition of a "business" for recognition in profit or loss. Also, it introduces new and unforeseen recognition for transactions that partially consider maintenance in assets that are not businesses.

The effective application of this amendment has been deferred indefinitely.

Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments (Amendments to IFRS9 and IFRS7 – Post-implementation Review)

On May 30, 2024, the IASB has issued this amendment to address issues identified during the post-implementation review of the classification and measurement requirements of IFRS9 "Financial Instruments" and the disclosure requirements in IFRS7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosures."

The IASB issued amendments to IFRS9 that address the following topics:

- Derecognition of a financial liability settled through electronic transfer
- Classification of financial assets: contractual terms that are consistent with a basic lending agreement
- · Classification of financial assets: assets with non-recourse features
- · Classification of financial assets: contractually linked instruments

The IASB also issued the following amendments to IFRS7:

- Disclosures: investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income.
- Disclosures: contractual terms that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows on the occurrence (or non-occurrence) of a contingent event.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



The need for these amendments was identified as a result of the IASB's post-implementation review of the classification and measurement requirements of IFRS9.

Amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on January 1, 2026. Early adoption is permitted. An entity is required to apply the amendments retrospectively, in accordance with IAS8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" in its following annual financial statements unless otherwise specified. An entity is not required to restate prior periods.

The Bank's Management is assessing the impact of adopting these amendments.

Note 4 Changes in accounting policies

Mandatory Implementation of the New Allowances Model for Consumer Loans

On March 6, 2024, the CMF issued Circular No. 2346, which amended Chapters B-1 and E of the Compendium of Accounting Standards for Banks, establishing a new standardized and mandatory methodology for calculating allowances related to consumer loans. This new methodology considers parameters defined by the regulator, such as the probability of default and loss given default, taking into account, among other factors, the debtor's delinquency history in the financial system and the existence of mortgage loans.

The new methodology became applicable as of the accounting close of January 2025 and has been fully implemented in these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

In accordance with IAS8 Accounting Policies, "Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors", and considering that this amendment a change in accounting estimate, the effect of the new model as at the accounting close of January 2025 is presented below

Internal Model	Estándar Model	Impact
MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
143,368	206,499	63,131

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2025, there have been no significant changes in accounting policies affecting the interpretation of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 5 Significant events

Sanction imposed by the CMF

On February 19, 2025, the CMF imposed a fine on Scotiabank Chile of UF 400, due to a breach of the provisions of Article 16 of Law No. 18010.

On April 24, 2025, accordance with Articles No. 9 and No. 10 of Law No.18045 on the Securities Market and Chapter No.18-10 of the Updated Compilation of Standards (RAN), the Company communicated as essential information that on such date the shareholders at the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of Scotiabank Chile (the "Bank") agreed, among other matters, to distribute 50% of the profit obtained during 2024; i.e., Ch\$216,471,947,563, equivalent to a dividend of Ch\$17.67856 per share and destine the remaining balance to the reserve fund for undistributed profits.

Note 6 Business Segments

Scotiabank Chile is a universal bank offering a great variety of products and financial services to various kinds of customers, ranging from major corporations and financial institutions to low/medium income individuals, which are classified in different segments referred to their business characteristics.

Scotiabank creates value in a sustainable manner, giving customers the opportunity to choose their world through a range of financial products and services for our diverse segments.

In conformity with IFRS8 "Operating Segments", the Bank has added the operating segments with similar economic characteristics considering the aggregation criteria indicated in such standard. The Bank performs its business activities by lines of business, which have been defined based on the target customers. Scotiabank Chile targets the following market segments which are defined as Retail Banking (Personal and SMEs), Wholesale Banking, CAT, Treasury and Others. A business segment comprises customers to whom a differentiated product offering is directed according to their commercial characteristics, measured on a similar basis in terms of performance.

Information included in this note is not necessarily comparable to that of other financial institutions as it is based on the internal system of management information according to the segments set up independently by the Bank. Each business segment reflects its gross operating income, supporting expenses and net provisions for risk along with their related assets and liabilities. Taxes are managed at the corporate level and are not allocated by business segment.

As the Bank's business is based in Chile, it is not relevant to present information for Geographical Segments.

The following are the business segments established by the Bank:

1. Retail

Personal Banking: This segment addresses individual customers whose income is over US\$500. The main products offered by the Bank in this segment include consumer loans, overdraft credit line, credit cards, and mortgage loans. In addition, the Bank has liability products for this tranche and offers chequing accounts and diverse saving products such as term deposits, agreements, mutual funds and short-term investments. In addition, the Bank provides this segment of customers with a variety of financial services such as foreign currency exchange, shares sales, insurance products, and self-service in branch offices where customers can directly perform a series of transactions in their own account.

SME banking: As Corporate Banking, we have focused our efforts on attracting and linking corporate clients and individuals with business activities, belonging to different economic sectors such as services, commerce, transportation and agriculture, and where annual sales do not exceed MUS\$4. Our value proposition is based on providing financial services of excellence through asset and liability products, such as commercial loans,

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



lease contracts, factoring transactions, current account plans, insurance, investment products, foreign trade and cash management.

2. Wholesale banking

This business segment includes enterprise customers with annual sales over MUS\$4 and corporate customers with annual sales over MUS\$150. The main products offered by the Bank to this segment include working capital financing, foreign trade loans, lease operations, factoring transactions and structured finance (syndicated loans, project finance, etc.). These customers also use liability products such as domestic and foreign currency chequing accounts, term deposits and mutual funds.

Additionally, the Bank provides a wide range of non-credit services such as collection, bill payment, insurance products, salary payment administration, quotation and procurement, electronic invoicing and a wide range of treasury products such as foreign currency exchange, derivative products, foreign currency or interest rate risk hedging and short-term investments.

3. CAT

This segment groups credit cards and consumer loans offered within the framework of the binding partnership agreement entered into with Cencosud S.A., by way of which the bank acquired 51% of the shares of CAT Administradora de Tarjetas S.A. ("CAT") and of CAT Corredores de Seguros y Servicios S.A., with the purpose of the joint and exclusive performance of the financial retail business of Cencosud in Chile.

4. Treasury

This segment performs the global functions of interest rate risk management, structural exchange rate position, inflation position and liquidity risk management. The latter, through the performance of issues and uses. In addition to the management of the available-for-sale investment portfolio. Likewise, the Bank's own resources, the capital endowment made to each unit and the cost of financing the investments made are also managed.

The segment includes revenue associated with the management of the investment portfolio and gains or losses from the management of interest rate and inflation risks.

5. Other

This segment includes all items that bear no connection with customer segments and other minor income and expenses not related to any of the above-mentioned lines of business.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



The following table shows the consolidated income of Scotiabank Chile, for each of the abovementioned segments:

		As at June 30, 2025						
	Retail	Wholesale	CAT	Treasury	Other	Total		
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$		
Net interest income	308,987	170,681	160,129	(159,534)	(7,351)	472,912		
Other income	77,685	103,696	38,418	171,685	4,540	396,024		
Equity in net income of investees	-	-	-	-	2,230	2,230		
Total operating income	386,672	274,377	198,547	12,151	(581)	871,166		
Operating expenses	(167,782)	(65,875)	(57,986)	(5,196)	(2,476)	(299,315)		
Depreciation and amortization	(24,100)	(5,888)	(7,963)	(221)	(185)	(38,357)		
Credit losses expense	(74,868)	(25,591)	(111,154)		(83,000)	(294,613)		
Segment operating profit (loss)	119,922	177,023	21,444	6,734	(86,242)	238,881		
Income tax expense	(24,380)	(42,757)	(3,216)	(1,818)	31,917	(40,254)		
Profit (loss) for the period	95,542	134,266	18,228	4,916	(54,325)	198,627		
Spot Volumes								
Assets (loans)	19,072,665	10,673,187	1,771,366	-	150,048	31,667,266		
Liabilities (Core and Term deposits)	7,092,266	5,819,128	-	3,277,395	2,148,797	18,337,586		
		As at June 30, 2024						
			As at June	30 2024				
	Retail	Wholesale			Other	Total		
	Retail MCh\$	Wholesale MCh\$	As at June CAT MCh\$	30, 2024 Treasury MCh\$	Other MCh\$	Total MCh\$		
			CAT	Treasury				
Net interest income			CAT	Treasury				
Net interest income Other income	MCh\$	MCh\$	CAT MCh\$	Treasury MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$		
	MCh\$ 284,644 66,329	MCh\$ 170,980	CAT MCh\$ 158,009	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544) 160,706	MCh\$	MCh\$ 461,184		
Other income	MCh\$ 284,644	MCh\$ 170,980	CAT MCh\$ 158,009	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544)	MCh\$ 95 13,836	MCh\$ 461,184 377,728		
Other income Equity in net income of investees Total operating income Operating expenses	MCh\$ 284,644 66,329	MCh\$ 170,980 95,165	CAT MCh\$ 158,009 41,692	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544) 160,706	95 13,836 2,436	MCh\$ 461,184 377,728 2,436		
Other income Equity in net income of investees Total operating income Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization	MCh\$ 284,644 66,329 - 350,973 (161,127) (23,529)	MCh\$ 170,980 95,165 - 266,145 (65,136) (4,866)	CAT MCh\$ 158,009 41,692 - 199,701 (64,719) (7,466)	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544) 160,706 8,162	95 13,836 2,436 16,367 (3,162) (19)	MCh\$ 461,184 377,728 2,436 841,348 (297,265) (35,985)		
Other income Equity in net income of investees Total operating income Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Credit losses expense	MCh\$ 284,644 66,329 - 350,973 (161,127) (23,529) (80,598)	MCh\$ 170,980 95,165 - 266,145 (65,136) (4,866) (26,638)	CAT MCh\$ 158,009 41,692 - 199,701 (64,719) (7,466) (106,086)	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544) 160,706 - - 8,162 (3,121) (105)	95 13,836 2,436 16,367 (3,162) (19) 3,313	MCh\$ 461,184 377,728 2,436 841,348 (297,265) (35,985) (210,009)		
Other income Equity in net income of investees Total operating income Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Credit losses expense Segment operating profit (loss)	MCh\$ 284,644 66,329 - 350,973 (161,127) (23,529) (80,598) 85,719	MCh\$ 170,980 95,165 - 266,145 (65,136) (4,866) (26,638) 169,505	CAT MCh\$ 158,009 41,692 - 199,701 (64,719) (7,466) (106,086) 21,430	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544) 160,706 - - 8,162 (3,121) (105) - 4,936	95 13,836 2,436 16,367 (3,162) (19) 3,313 16,499	MCh\$ 461,184 377,728 2,436 841,348 (297,265) (35,985) (210,009) 298,089		
Other income Equity in net income of investees Total operating income Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Credit losses expense Segment operating profit (loss) Income tax expense	284,644 66,329 - 350,973 (161,127) (23,529) (80,598) 85,719 (17,630)	MCh\$ 170,980 95,165 - 266,145 (65,136) (4,866) (26,638) 169,505 (41,186)	CAT MCh\$ 158,009 41,692 - 199,701 (64,719) (7,466) (106,086) 21,430 (3,810)	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544) 160,706 8,162 (3,121) (105) 4,936 (1,333)	95 13,836 2,436 16,367 (3,162) (19) 3,313 16,499 6,973	MCh\$ 461,184 377,728 2,436 841,348 (297,265) (35,985) (210,009) 298,089 (56,986)		
Other income Equity in net income of investees Total operating income Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Credit losses expense Segment operating profit (loss)	MCh\$ 284,644 66,329 - 350,973 (161,127) (23,529) (80,598) 85,719	MCh\$ 170,980 95,165 - 266,145 (65,136) (4,866) (26,638) 169,505	CAT MCh\$ 158,009 41,692 - 199,701 (64,719) (7,466) (106,086) 21,430	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544) 160,706 - - 8,162 (3,121) (105) - 4,936	95 13,836 2,436 16,367 (3,162) (19) 3,313 16,499	MCh\$ 461,184 377,728 2,436 841,348 (297,265) (35,985) (210,009) 298,089		
Other income Equity in net income of investees Total operating income Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Credit losses expense Segment operating profit (loss) Income tax expense Profit (loss) for the period	284,644 66,329 - 350,973 (161,127) (23,529) (80,598) 85,719 (17,630)	MCh\$ 170,980 95,165 - 266,145 (65,136) (4,866) (26,638) 169,505 (41,186)	CAT MCh\$ 158,009 41,692 - 199,701 (64,719) (7,466) (106,086) 21,430 (3,810)	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544) 160,706 8,162 (3,121) (105) 4,936 (1,333)	95 13,836 2,436 16,367 (3,162) (19) 3,313 16,499 6,973	MCh\$ 461,184 377,728 2,436 841,348 (297,265) (35,985) (210,009) 298,089 (56,986)		
Other income Equity in net income of investees Total operating income Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Credit losses expense Segment operating profit (loss) Income tax expense Profit (loss) for the period Spot Volumes	MCh\$ 284,644 66,329 350,973 (161,127) (23,529) (80,598) 85,719 (17,630) 68,089	MCh\$ 170,980 95,165 266,145 (65,136) (4,866) (26,638) 169,505 (41,186) 128,319	CAT MCh\$ 158,009 41,692 - 199,701 (64,719) (7,466) (106,086) 21,430 (3,810) 17,620	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544) 160,706 8,162 (3,121) (105) 4,936 (1,333)	95 13,836 2,436 16,367 (3,162) (19) 3,313 16,499 6,973 23,472	MCh\$ 461,184 377,728 2,436 841,348 (297,265) (35,985) (210,009) 298,089 (56,986) 241,103		
Other income Equity in net income of investees Total operating income Operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Credit losses expense Segment operating profit (loss) Income tax expense Profit (loss) for the period	284,644 66,329 - 350,973 (161,127) (23,529) (80,598) 85,719 (17,630)	MCh\$ 170,980 95,165 - 266,145 (65,136) (4,866) (26,638) 169,505 (41,186)	CAT MCh\$ 158,009 41,692 - 199,701 (64,719) (7,466) (106,086) 21,430 (3,810)	Treasury MCh\$ (152,544) 160,706 8,162 (3,121) (105) 4,936 (1,333)	95 13,836 2,436 16,367 (3,162) (19) 3,313 16,499 6,973	MCh\$ 461,184 377,728 2,436 841,348 (297,265) (35,985) (210,009) 298,089 (56,986)		

Senior Management receives detailed information about net interest income and provisions. This information is necessary to evaluate how the Bank's different segments are performing. Using such data, Senior Management can make informed decisions about how to allocate resources to each segment to optimize their performance.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 7 Cash and cash equivalents

The detail of cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Cash and deposits in banks		
Cash	236,173	187,433
Deposits in Banco Central de Chile (*)	649,087	488,397
Deposits in foreign Central Banks	-	-
Deposits in domestic Banks	11,427	26,134
Deposits in foreign Banks	110,724	164,511
Subtotal - Cash and deposits in Banks	1,007,411	866,475
Net trading operations pending settlement (**)	64,299	149,692
Other cash equivalents (***)	99,019	317,223
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,170,729	1,333,390

^(*) The level of funds in cash and in Banco Central de Chile corresponds to reserve regulations that the Bank has to keep as an average in monthly periods.

^(**) Trading operations pending settlement correspond to transactions that have been traded but yet are pending settlement which will increase or decrease the funds maintained in the Banco Central de Chile or in banks in foreign countries, normally within a period ranging between 12 and 24 working hours, and are detailed as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Assets		
Notes in charge of other banks (exchange)	34,525	33,450
Transfer of funds pending receipt	493,246	571,520
Subtotal assets	527,771	604,970
Liabilities		
Transfer of funds pending delivery	(463,472)	(455,278)
Subtotal liabilities	(463,472)	(455,278)
Net trading operations pending settlement	64,299	149,692

^(***) Refers to financial instruments that meet the criteria to be considered as "cash equivalents" as defined by IAS7, i.e., to qualify as "cash equivalents" investments in financial debt instruments must be short-term with an original maturity of 90 days or less from the date of acquisition, be highly-liquid, readily convertible to known amounts of cash from the date of initial investment, and that the financial instruments are exposed to an insignificant risk of changes in value.



Note 8 Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss

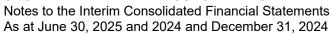
a) The detail of financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Derivative instruments		
Forwards	489,977	778,990
Swaps	4,653,109	5,373,875
Call options	160	500
Put options	617	81
Forwards	-	-
Other		-
Subtotal Derivative instruments	5,143,863	6,153,446
Financial debt securities		
Government and Banco Central de Chile	198,429	363,641
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile	132,419	242,399
Debt financial instruments issued abroad	14,086	12,843
Subtotal Financial debt securities	344,934	618,883
Other debt financial instruments		_
Investments in mutual funds	7,606	12,640
Equity instruments	6,238	10,238
Loans originated and acquired by the entity	-	-

b) The detail of financial derivative instruments is as follows:

Notional amounts of contracts with final maturity (*)							Fair Value
On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Assets
MCn\$	MCn\$	WCn\$	MCU2	MCn\$	WCn\$	wcn\$	MCh\$
32,414	523,136	555,202	570,842	179,724	11,095	-	30,832
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
981,920	12,515,704	5,508,183	7,837,780	1,371,465	318,300	595,393	308,794
40,809	695,841	3,529,941	14,300,825	5,652,271	2,423,212	2,907,965	150,351
1,055,143	13,734,681	9,593,326	22,709,447	7,203,460	2,752,607	3,503,358	489,977
976	6.458	14.119	_	_	_	_	160
-	,	6.881	12.248	_	_	_	617
976	11,075	21,000	12,248	-	-	-	777
46.453	300.545	1.256.503	7.812.069	11.806.842	10.059.534	12.142.855	3,210,094
30,066	20,160,496	15,589,286	50,174,917	40,795,729	23,947,268	27,302,872	1,443,015
76,519	20,461,041	16,845,789	57,986,986	52,602,571	34,006,802	39,445,727	4,653,109
1,132,638	34,206,797	26,460,115	80,708,681	59,806,031	36,759,409	42,949,085	5,143,863
	32,414 - 981,920 40,809 1,055,143 976 - 976 46,453 30,066 76,519	981,920 12,515,704 40,809 695,841 1,055,143 13,734,681 976 6,458 - 4,617 976 11,075 46,453 30,0545 30,066 20,160,496 76,519 20,461,041	On-demand MCh\$ Up to 1 month MCh\$ More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$ 32,414 523,136 555,202 981,920 12,515,704 5,508,183 40,809 695,841 3,529,941 1,055,143 13,734,681 9,593,326 976 6,458 14,119 - 4,617 6,881 976 11,075 21,000 46,453 300,545 1,256,503 30,066 20,160,496 15,589,286 76,519 20,461,041 16,845,789	On-demand MCh\$ Up to 1 month MCh\$ More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$ with final maturity More than 3 up to 12 months MCh\$ 32,414 523,136 555,202 570,842 981,920 12,515,704 5,508,183 7,837,780 40,809 695,841 3,529,941 14,300,825 1,055,143 13,734,681 9,593,326 22,709,447 976 6,458 14,119 - - 4,617 6,881 12,248 976 11,075 21,000 12,248 46,453 300,545 1,256,503 7,812,069 30,066 20,160,496 15,589,286 50,174,917 76,519 20,461,041 16,845,789 57,986,986	On-demand MCh\$ Up to 1 month MCh\$ More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$ More than 3 up to 12 months MCh\$ More than 3 up to 3 years MCh\$ More than 3 up to 3 years MCh\$ 32,414 523,136 555,202 570,842 179,724 981,920 12,515,704 5,508,183 7,837,780 1,371,465 40,809 695,841 3,529,941 14,300,825 5,652,271 1,055,143 13,734,681 9,593,326 22,709,447 7,203,460 976 6,458 14,119 - - - 4,617 6,881 12,248 - 976 11,075 21,000 12,248 - 46,453 300,545 1,256,503 7,812,069 11,806,842 30,066 20,160,496 15,589,286 50,174,917 40,795,729 76,519 20,461,041 16,845,789 57,986,986 52,602,571	On-demand MCh\$ Up to 1 month MCh\$ More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$ More than 3 up to 12 months MCh\$ More than 3 up to 3 years MCh\$ More than 3 up to 5 years MCh\$ 32,414 523,136 555,202 570,842 179,724 11,095 981,920 12,515,704 5,508,183 7,837,780 1,371,465 318,300 40,809 695,841 3,529,941 14,300,825 5,652,271 2,423,212 1,055,143 13,734,681 9,593,326 22,709,447 7,203,460 2,752,607 976 6,458 14,119 - - - - 976 11,075 21,000 12,248 - - - 976 11,075 21,000 12,248 - - - 46,453 300,645 1,256,503 7,812,069 11,806,842 10,059,534 30,066 20,160,496 15,589,286 50,174,917 40,795,729 23,947,268 76,519 20,461,041 16,845,789 57,986,986 52,602,571 34,006,802	On-demand MCh\$ Up to 1 month MCh\$ More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$ More than 3 up to 12 months MCh\$ More than 3 up to 3 years MCh\$ More than 3 up to 5 years MCh\$ More than 5 years MCh\$ 32,414 523,136 555,202 570,842 179,724 11,095 - 981,920 12,515,704 5,508,183 7,837,780 1,371,465 318,300 595,393 40,809 695,841 3,529,941 14,300,825 5,652,271 2,423,212 2,907,965 1,055,143 13,734,681 9,593,326 22,709,447 7,203,460 2,752,607 3,503,358 976 6,458 14,119 - - - - - 976 11,075 21,000 12,248 - - - - 976 11,075 21,000 12,248 - - - - 46,453 30,064 15,589,286 50,174,917 40,795,729 23,947,268 27,302,872 76,519 20,461,041 16,845,789 57,986,986 52,602,571 <

 $^{(^{\}star})$ The maturity amounts were determined based on the notional values of the financial instruments





As at December 31, 202	Notional amounts of contracts with final maturity (*)						Fair Value	
Product	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Assets
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Forward								
Future arbitration	_	593,553	646,348	704,500	142,469	14,255	_	58,750
Paper forward	-	9,727	-	-	-	-	_	59
Exchange insurance	-	10,155,654	5,031,902	6,034,788	1,624,108	418,138	682,948	565,541
Inflation insurance	-	1,613,177	2,473,006	6,582,022	8,549,597	2,524,091	2,775,524	154,640
Subtotal forward		12,372,111	8,151,256	13,321,310	10,316,174	2,956,484	3,458,472	778,990
Options								
Call option	_	4,469	3,808	-	-	-	_	500
Put Option	-	790	1,801	5,487	-	-	-	81
Subtotal options	-	5,259	5,609	5,487	-	-	-	581
Swap								
Cross currency swap	_	1,011,892	2,336,011	5,735,658	13,065,968	8,802,782	11,831,254	3,638,953
Rate Swap	40,600	15,185,698	15,493,379	30,978,608	33,979,359	20,453,453	23,854,832	1,734,922
Subtotal swap	40,600	16,197,590	17,829,390	36,714,266	47,045,327	29,256,235	35,686,086	5,373,875
Total .	40,600	28,574,960	25,986,255	50,041,063	57,361,501	32,212,719	39,144,558	6,153,446

^(*) The maturity amounts were determined based on the notional values of the financial instruments

c) The detail of debt financial instruments and other financial instruments is as follows:

				int of contracts witl	n final maturity (*))		
As at June 30, 2025	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Fair Value
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Debt financial instruments								
Debt financial instruments issued by Banco Central de Chile	_	68.475	_	-	-	_	-	68,445
Bonds or promissory notes issued by the Treasury	_	-	_	25.448	2.216	26.629	74.956	129.984
Other Treasury debt financial instruments	_	_	_	,	-,	,		-
Government and Banco Central de Chile		68,475	-	25,448	2,216	26,629	74,956	198,429
Debt financial instruments issued by other domestic banks	_	50	_	63.013	26.082	549	44.318	130,947
Domestic corporate bonds and commercial paper	_	-	_	-	849	942	,	1,472
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile	_	_	_	-	-	-	-	-,
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile	-	50	-	63,013	26,931	1,491	44,318	132,419
Debt financial instruments issued by foreign Central Banks	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Debt financial instruments of foreign governments and fiscal entities abroad	-	-	-	8,382	-	-	5,588	14,086
Debt financial instruments of other foreign banks	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Bond and commercial paper of companies abroad	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Other debt financial instruments issued abroad	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	_
Debt financial instruments issued abroad	-	-	-	8,382	-		5,588	14,086
Other financial instruments								
Investments in mutual funds	2.508	5.098	_	_	_	_	_	7.606
Equity instruments	24	-,	_	-	-	_	-	6,238
Loans originated and acquired by the entity		-	_	-	-	_	-	-
Other	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investments in mutual funds	2,532	5,098	-		-	-	-	13,844
Tota	1 2,532	73,623		96,843	29,147	28,120	124,862	358,778

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



	Notional amount of contracts with final maturity (*)									
As at December 31, 2024	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Fair Value		
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$		
Debt financial instruments										
Debt financial instruments issued by Banco Central de Chile	_	36.112	_	_	_	_	_	36.111		
Bonds or promissory notes issued by the Treasury	_	-	1.742	_	27,897	22.871	280.129	327.530		
Other Treasury debt financial instruments	-	-	, <u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-		
Government and Banco Central de Chile	-	36,112	1,742	-	27,897	22,871	280,129	363,641		
Dabt financial instruments issued by other demostic body		20	9,600	150.061	4F 000	1.000	25.057	240,432		
Debt financial instruments issued by other domestic banks Domestic corporate bonds and commercial paper	-	20	9,000	159,961	45,000	922	35,857			
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile	-	-	-	-	5,226	922	-	1,967		
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile		20	9.600	159.961	50.226	1.922	35.857	242.399		
Other dept illiancial instruments issued in Chile		20	3,000	155,561	50,226	1,922	33,637	242,355		
Debt financial instruments issued by foreign Central Banks	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		
Debt financial instruments of foreign governments and fiscal entities abroad	-	-	-	-	6,963	-	5,968	12,843		
Debt financial instruments of other foreign banks	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		
Bond and commercial paper of companies abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Other debt financial instruments issued abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Debt financial instruments issued abroad		-	-	-	6,963		5,968	12,843		
Other financial instruments										
Investments in mutual funds	9.308	3.332	_	_	_	_	_	12,640		
Equity instruments	10,238	3,002	_	_	_	_	_	10,238		
Loans originated and acquired by the entity	-	_	_	_	_	_	-			
Other	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_		
Investments in mutual funds	19.546	3.332	-		-	-	_	22,878		
Tota		39,464	11,342	159,961	85,086	24,793	321,954	641,761		

^(*) The amounts of the maturities were determined based on the notional values of the financial instruments

Note 9 Financial assets not held for trading mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Bank has no such operations.

Note 10 Financial assets and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Bank has no such operations.

Note 11 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

a) The detail of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Debt financial instruments Other	1,641,359	1,889,506
Total	1,641,359	1,889,506



b) The detail of debt financial instruments and other financial instruments is as follows:

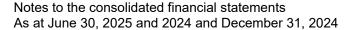
			N	lominal amoun	ts			
As at June 30, 2025	On-demand	Up to 1 month MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$	More than 3 up to 12 months MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 years MCh\$	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years MCh\$	Fair Value
	MCHŞ	WCH	MCH	WOTI	WCH	WICH	MCH	MCHA
Debt financial instruments								
Debt financial instruments issued by Banco Central de Chile	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bonds or promissory notes issued by the Treasury	-	-	-	85,410	-	393,432	1,195,307	1,631,912
Other Treasury debt financial instruments	-	-	15	53	603	990	7,790	9,447
Government and Banco Central de Chile:	-	-	15	85,463	603	394,422	1,203,097	1,641,359
Debt financial instruments issued by other domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds and commercial paper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt financial instruments issued by foreign central banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt financial instruments of foreign governments and fiscal entities abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt financial instruments of other banks abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bond and commercial paper of companies abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other debt financial instruments issued abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt financial instruments issued abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other financial instruments					_	_	_	_
Total	-	-	15	85,463	603	394,422	1,203,097	1,641,359

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



		Nominal amounts							
As at December 31, 2024	On-demand MCh\$	Up to 1 month MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$	More than 3 up to 12 months MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 years MCh\$	More than 3 up to 5 years MCh\$	More than 5 years MCh\$	Fair Value	
	WON	MOH	MON	WOII	MOH	MON	MON	INICITY	
Debt financial instruments									
Debt financial instruments issued by Banco Central de Chile	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bonds or promissory notes issued by the Treasury	-	-	497,490	-	149,894	334,979	948,971	1,879,566	
Other Treasury debt financial instruments	-	-	2	112	1,224	1,082	7,513	9,940	
Government and Banco Central de Chile:	-	-	497,492	112	151,118	336,061	956,484	1,889,506	
Dobt formal instruments is and burstless describes books									
Debt financial instruments issued by other domestic banks Domestic corporate bonds and commercial paper	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile						<u>-</u>			
Other dept infancial instruments issued in office						<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		
Debt financial instruments issued by foreign central banks	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Debt financial instruments of foreign governments and fiscal									
entities abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Debt financial instruments of other banks abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Bond and commercial paper of companies abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other debt financial instruments issued abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Debt financial instruments issued abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other finencial instruments									
Other financial instruments	-		407.402	- 440	454 440	220.004	050 404	4 000 500	
Total	-	-	497,492	112	151,118	336,061	956,484	1,889,506	

As at June 30, 2025, the Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income portfolio includes a net unrealized loss of MCh\$54,425 (MCh\$87,457 as at December 31, 2024) recorded as valuation adjustments in equity and a net realized loss of MCh\$2,387 (net gain of MCh\$509 as at June 30, 2024) recorded in the caption "Gain or loss from derecognition of financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income."





c) Movements in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income are detailed as follows:

	Stage	1	Stag	e 2	Stage	∍ 3	Total		
		Expected		Expected		Expected		Expected	
As at June 30, 2025	Fair Value MCh\$	Credit Losses MCh\$							
As at January 1, 2025	1,889,506	(721)	-	-	-	-	1,889,506	(721)	
Net changes (purchase/sale) for the period	(264,870)	92	-	-	-	-	(264,870)	92	
Change in fair value	12,271	-	-	-	-	-	12,271	-	
Transfers to stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers to stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers to stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Impact of transfers in Expected Credit Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Reductions due to discounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accrued interest	3,524	-	-	-	-	-	3,524	-	
Remeasures of Expected Credit Losses at year-end	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exchange rate adjustments	928	-	-	-	-	-	928	-	
Balance as at June 30, 2025	1,641,359	(629)		-			1,641,359	(629)	

	Stage	1	Stag	e 2	Stag	e 3	Tota	al
As at December 31, 2024	Fair Value	Expected Credit						
	MCh\$	Losses MCh\$	MCh\$	Losses MCh\$	MCh\$	Losses MCh\$	MCh\$	Losses MCh\$
As at January 1, 2024	2,188,905	(830)	-	-	_	_	2,188,905	(830)
Net changes (purchase/sale) for the period	(354,832)	109	-	-	-	-	(354,832)	109
Change in fair value	21,145	-	-	-	-	-	21,145	-
Transfers to stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impact of transfers in Expected Credit Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Reductions due to discounts	(879)	-	-	-	-	-	(879)	-
Accrued interest	33,402	-	-	-	-	-	33,402	-
Remeasures of Expected Credit Losses at year-end	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange rate adjustments	1,765	-	-	-	-	-	1,765	-
Balance as at December 31, 2024	1,889,506	(721)	-		-		1,889,506	(721)



d) The table below shows the fair values of debt financial instruments detailing unrealized gains and losses.

As at June 30, 2025	Amortized cost	Fair Value	Unrealized gains/(losses), gross
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Government and Banco Central de Chile Debt financial instruments issued by Banco Central de Chile Bonds and promissory notes issued by the Treasury Other treasury debt financial instruments	- 1,686,333 9,451	- 1,631,912 9,447	(54,421) (4)
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile Debt financial instruments issued by other domestic banks Domestic corporate bonds and commercial paper Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile	- - -	- - -	- - -
Debt financial instruments issued abroad	-	-	-
Total	1,695,784	1,641,359	(54,425)

As at December 31, 2024	Amortized cost	Fair Value	Unrealized gains/(losses), gross
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Government and Banco Central de Chile			
Debt financial instruments issued by Banco Central de Chile	-	-	-
Bonds and promissory notes issued by the Treasury	1,967,021	1,879,566	(87,455)
Other treasury debt financial instruments	9,942	9,940	(2)
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile			
Debt financial instruments issued by other domestic banks	-	-	-
Domestic corporate bonds and commercial paper	-	-	-
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile	-	-	-
Debt financial instruments issued abroad	-	-	-
Total	1,976,963	1,889,506	(87,457)



Note 12 Derivative instruments for accounting hedge

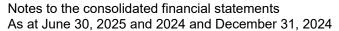
a) Balances by type of hedge are detailed as follows:

	6/30/2	025	12/31/	2024
	Asset (in favor)	Liability (against)	Asset (in favor)	Liability (against)
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Designated derivatives in fair value hedging relationships	76,623	(12,512)	71,280	(15,124)
Designated derivatives in cash flow hedging relationships	171,522	(1,553,141)	258,983	(1,538,946)
Total derivatives designated in hedging relationships	248,145	(1,565,653)	330,263	(1,554,070)

b) The derivative instrument portfolio for accounting hedge purposes is detailed as follows:

As at June 30, 2025			Notional amour	nts of contracts v	vith final maturi	ty		Carrying amount		
Product	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Assets	Liabilities	
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	
Fair value hedging derivatives										
Future arbitration	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Inflation insurance	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Call option	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Put option	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cross currency swap	-	-		-	95,733	140,399	394,635	76,623	(4,699)	
Rate Swap		-	-	-	-	154,000	163,630		(7,813)	
Subtotal	-	-			95,733	294,399	558,265	76,623	(12,512)	
Cash flow hedge derivative										
Future arbitration	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Inflation insurance	-	-	157,068	451,571	117,801	-	-	357	(3,366)	
Call option	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Put option	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cross currency swap	-	-		1,174,395	2,965,763	2,547,050	1,750,656	164,722	(1,534,945)	
Rate Swap		-		-	533,250	330,955	349,309	6,443	(14,830)	
Subtotal	-		157,068	1,625,966	3,616,814	2,878,005	2,099,965	171,522	(1,553,141)	
Total	-	-	157,068	1,625,966	3,712,547	3,172,404	2,658,230	248,145	(1,565,653)	

As at December 31, 2024			Notional amour	its of contracts v	vith final maturi	ty		Carryin	g amount
Product	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Assets	Liabilities
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Fair value hedging derivatives									
Future arbitration	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inflation insurance	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Call option	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Put option	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cross currency swap	-	-	38,672	-	92,426	113,327	203,006	67,883	(13,283
Rate Swap	-	-	439,865	-	100,000	151,000	163,630	3,397	(1,841
Subtotal	-		478,537		192,426	264,327	366,636	71,280	(15,124
Cash flow hedge derivative									
Future arbitration	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Inflation insurance	_	11,525	307,333	242,025	96,042	-	-	27	(3,467
Call option	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Put option	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
Cross currency swap	-	55,132	205,356	1,323,824	3,236,859	1,757,224	1,541,156	246,247	(1,524,510
Rate Swap	-	_	· -	-	100,000	801,838	364,109	12,709	(10,969
Subtotal		66,657	512,689	1,565,849	3,432,901	2,559,062	1,905,265	258,983	(1,538,946
Total		66,657	991,226	1,565,849	3,625,327	2,823,389	2,271,901	330,263	(1,554,070





The detail of the carrying amounts of items under fair value hedges, separated by maturity, is as follows:

				Book	Value			
As at June 30, 2025	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$	More than 3 up to 12 months MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 years MCh\$	More than 3 up to 5 years MCh\$	More than 5 years MCh\$	Total
Hedged item								-
Government instruments and Banco Central de Chile	-	-	-	-	-	297,467	374,556	672,023
Other instruments issued in Chile	-	-	-	-	-	· -	· -	· -
Other instruments issued abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consumption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Term deposit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current bonds	-	-	-	21,018	216,134	131,142	421,617	789,911
Subordinated bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Promissory notes		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	21,018	216,134	428,609	796,173	1,461,934

				Book	Value			
As at December 31, 2024	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$	More than 3 up to 12 months MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 years MCh\$	More than 3 up to 5 years MCh\$	More than 5 years MCh\$	Total
Hedged item								
Government instruments and Banco Central de Chile	_	-	436,757	-	-	257,116	188,639	882,512
Other instruments issued in Chile	-	-	· -		-	· -	· -	· -
Other instruments issued abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Consumption	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercials	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Term deposit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current bonds	-	-	-	-	191,167	159,156	473,225	823,548
Subordinated bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Mortgage bonds	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Promissory notes		26,198	38,264	-	-	-	-	64,462
Total		26,198	475,021	-	191,167	416,272	661,864	1,770,522



d) Accounting hedge derivatives

As derivative instruments are important tools to manage the exchange rate, interest rate and liquidity risks of the Bank's activities, its designation as hedge accounting allows the recognition, under certain circumstances, of the offsetting effects of economic hedges, which reduce the volatility that may arise in profit or loss and cash flows, as through such hedges the gains and losses of the derivative and hedged item are recognized and offset during the same accounting period.

Balances by risk management are presented below:

As at June 30, 2	As at June 30, 2025		Carrying amount of the hedging instrument			
		instrument MCh\$	Assets MCh\$	Liabilities MCh\$		
Cash flow hedges:						
Interest rate risk						
Rate Swap		1,213,514	6,443	(14,830)		
Cross currency swap		-	-	-		
Exchange rate risk						
Rate Swap		-	-	-		
Cross currency swap		2,335,944	138,980	(66,540)		
Inflation risk						
Inflation insurances		726,440	357	(3,366)		
Cross currency swap		6,101,920	25,742	(1,468,405)		
	Subtotal	10,377,818	171,522	(1,553,141)		
Fair value hedges:				_		
Interest rate risk						
Rate Swap		317,630	-	(7,813)		
Inflation risk						
Cross currency swap		630,767	76,623	(4,699)		
	Subtotal	948,397	76,623	(12,512)		
	Total	11,326,215	248,145	(1,565,653)		

As at December 31, 2024	Nominal amount of the hedging	Carrying amount instru	
	instrument MCh\$	Assets MCh\$	Liabilities MCh\$
Cash flow hedges:			
Interest rate risk			
Rate Swap	818,314	12,709	(6,546)
Cross currency swap	-	-	-
Exchange rate risk			
Rate Swap	447,633	-	(4,423)
Cross currency swap	2,017,673	195,881	(40,954)
Inflation risk			•
Inflation insurances	656,925	27	(3,467)
Cross currency swap	6,101,878	50,366	(1,483,556)
Subtot	al 10,042,423	258,983	(1,538,946)
Fair value hedges:			
Interest rate risk			
Rate Swap	854,495	3,397	(1,841)
Inflation risk			
Cross currency swap	447,431	67,883	(13,283)
Subtot	al 1,301,926	71,280	(15,124)
Tot	al 11,344,349	330,263	(1,554,070)

Notes to the consolidated financial statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



d.1) Fair value accounting hedge derivatives

For fair value hedges, changes in fair value of hedge instruments are offset in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income through fair value of the hedged item attributable to the hedged risk. The Bank uses fair value hedges primarily to translate fixed rate financial instruments to floating rate financial instruments. Hedged items include commercial loans granted at fixed rate in foreign currency and term deposits issued at a fixed rate in pesos.

Additionally, the Bank uses fair value hedges to hedge the effect of inflation of debt instruments held for the sale of the Chilean General Treasury bonds in UF (BTU). Also, to hedge against the effect of the inflation of Bonds issued by the Bank in UF.

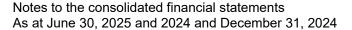
Hedging instruments include cross-currency interest rate swaps (CC and IRS).

d.2) Cash flow accounting hedge derivatives

For cash flow hedges, the changes in fair value of the hedging instruments are recorded in equity, to the extent that it is effective, until the corresponding gains or losses associated with the hedged item are recognized in profit or loss. The Bank uses cash flow hedges primarily to hedge the fluctuations in cash flows related to floating rate financial instruments, foreign currency and highly probable projected income. Hedged items include mortgage loans in UF, term deposits at floating rate in Chilean pesos, floating rate foreign currency foreign bank borrowings, available-for-sale securities in Euro, and commercial loans granted at floating rate in foreign currency. Hedging instruments include forward contracts and cross-currency interest rate swaps (CC and IRS).

As at June 30, 2025, the Bank has recorded a loss, net of tax of MCh\$34,201 (gain of MCh\$35,916 as at June 30, 2024) in other comprehensive income for the adjustment of cash flow hedging instruments.

As a June 30, 2025, a loss from cash flow hedge derivatives of MCh\$142,622 (loss of MCh\$25,153 as at June 30, 2024) was recognized in profit or loss, which includes the ineffective portion for changes in fair value of the hedge and the effects on profit or loss of the hedge as the hedged item affects profit or loss.





Cash flows of hedged items are expected to occur and impact the gain or loss from cash flow accounting hedges as detailed below.

As at June 30, 2025	On-demand	Up to 1 month	up to 3	More than 3 up to 12 months MCh\$	up	More than 3 up to 5 years MCh\$	More than 5 years MCh\$	Total MCh\$
Hedged Item - Assets	-	47,506	10,371	259,608	614,472	269,859	351,325	1,553,141
Hedged Item - Liabilities		(1,031)	(3,510)	(5,299)	(133,332)	(20,436)	(7,914)	(171,522)
Net cash flows	-	46,475	6,861	254,309	481,140	249,423	343,411	1,381,619

As at December 31, 2024	On-demand	Up to 1 month	up to 3	More than 3 up to 12 months	up	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Hedged Item - Assets Hedged Item - Liabilities	6,618	9,442 (93)	14,558 (1,483)	216,563 (27,792)	704,495 (140,826)	239,856 (76,806)	347,414 (11,983)	1,538,946 (258,983)
Net cash flows	6,618	9,349	13,075	188,771	563,669	163,050	335,431	1,279,963

i) Cash flows forecast for interest rate risk:

As at June 30, 2025	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Hedged item								
Inflows	-	-	-	-	2,954	4,604	7,272	14,830
Outflows	-	-	-	(525)	(4,687)	(738)	(493)	(6,443)
Net flows				(525)	(1,733)	3,866	6,779	8,387
Hedging instrument								
Inflows	-	-	-	525	4,687	738	493	6,443
Outflows	-	-	-	-	(2,954)	(4,604)	(7,272)	(14,830)
Net flows	-			525	1,733	(3,866)	(6,779)	(8,387)

As at December 31, 2024	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Hedged item								
Inflows	-			-	4,791	173	1,582	6,546
Outflows	-			-	(3,307)	(4,576)	(4,826)	(12,709)
Net flows				-	1,484	(4,403)	(3,244)	(6,163)
Hedging instrument								
Inflows	-			-	3,307	4,576	4,826	12,709
Outflows	-			-	(4,791)	(173)	(1,582)	(6,546)
Net flows	-			-	(1,484)	4,403	3,244	6,163

Notes to the consolidated financial statements

As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



ii) Cash flows forecast for inflation risk:

As at June 30, 2025	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Hedged item								
Inflows	-	47,505	10,371	255,127	603,246	223,377	332,145	1,471,771
Outflows	-	(1,030)	(44)	(2,360)	(5,620)	(13,746)	(3,299)	(26,099)
Net flows	-	46,475	10,327	252,767	597,626	209,631	328,846	1,445,672
Hedging instrument								
Inflows	-	1,030	44	2,360	5,620	13,746	3,299	26,099
Outflows		(47,505)	(10,371)	(255,127)	(603,246)	(223,377)	(332,145)	(1,471,771)
Net flows	-	(46,475)	(10,327)	(252,767)	(597,626)	(209,631)	(328,846)	(1,445,672)

As at December 31, 2024	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Hedged item								
Inflows	6,618	9,442	14,558	216,563	677,208	229,722	332,912	1,487,023
Outflows	-	(93)	(31)	(2,312)	(13,584)	(25,739)	(8,634)	(50,393)
Net flows	6,618	9,349	14,527	214,251	663,624	203,983	324,278	1,436,630
Hedging instrument								
Inflows	-	93	31	2,312	13,584	25,739	8,634	50,393
Outflows	(6,618)	(9,442)	(14,558)	(216,563)	(677,208)	(229,722)	(332,912)	(1,487,023)
Net flows	(6,618)	(9,349)	(14,527)	(214,251)	(663,624)	(203,983)	(324,278)	(1,436,630)

iii) Cash flows forecast for exchange rate risk:

As at June 30, 2025	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Hedged item								
Inflows	-		-	4,482	8,272	41,878	11,908	66,540
Outflows	-		(3,466)	(2,415)	(123,025)	(5,952)	(4,122)	(138,980)
Net flows			- (3,466)	2,067	(114,753)	35,926	7,786	(72,440)
Hedging instrument								
Inflows	-		3,466	2,415	123,025	5,952	4,122	138,980
Outflows	-			(4,482)	(8,272)	(41,878)	(11,908)	(66,540)
Net flows	-		- 3,466	(2,067)	114,753	(35,926)	(7,786)	72,440

As at December 31, 2024	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Hedged item								
Inflows	-	-	-	-	22,496	9,961	12,920	45,377
Outflows	-	-	(1,452)	(25,480)	(123,935)	(46,491)	1,477	(195,881)
Net flows	-	-	(1,452)	(25,480)	(101,439)	(36,530)	14,397	(150,504)
Hedging instrument								
Inflows	-	-	1,452	25,480	123,935	46,491	(1,477)	195,881
Outflows	-	-	-	-	(22,496)	(9,961)	(12,920)	(45,377)
Net flows	-	-	1,452	25,480	101,439	36,530	(14,397)	150,504



Ineffectiveness of accounting hedges

The amounts recorded as ineffectiveness by type of hedge, recorded in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income, are presented below.

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Fair value hedges		
Gain (loss) recorded on the hedged items	7,620	2,774
Gain (loss) recorded on hedging instruments	(8,155)	3,294
Ineffectiveness	(535)	6,068
Cash flow hedges		
Ineffectiveness	(984)	(918)

The ineffectiveness and the reclassified amount of the cash flow hedge reserve to profit or loss for the year, by type of risk management, are presented below.

As at June 30, 2025	Hedge ineffectiveness recognized in the result for the period MCh\$	Amount reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve to profit for the period MCh\$			
Interest rate risk	(113)	(75,233)			
Exchange rate risk	(2)	(51,459)			
Inflation rate risk	(869)	(15,930)			
Total	(984)	(142,622)			

As at June 30, 2024	Hedge ineffectiveness recognized in the result for the period MCh\$	Amount reclassified from the cash flow hedge reserve to profit for the period MCh\$
Interest rate risk	(113)	(22,841)
Exchange rate risk	110	11,168
Inflation rate risk	(915)	(13,480)
Total	(918)	(25,153)

Note 13 Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets at amortized cost are detailed as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements	190,985	262,360
Financial debt securities	20,807	25,767
Loans and advances to banks	50,840	1,564
Loans and advances to customers	31,667,266	31,955,208
Total	31,929,898	32,244,899



a) Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements

The detail of this line item is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Operations with domestic banks	-	-
Operations with foreign banks	-	_
Operations with other domestic entities		
Repurchase contracts	190,987	262,364
Securities lending rights	-	· -
Transactions with other entities abroad	-	_
Impairment in the accumulated value of financial assets at amortized cost - Rights from resale		
agreements and securities lending		
Financial assets without a significant increase in credit risk since initial	(2)	(4)
recognition (stage 1)	(2)	(4)
Financial assets with a significant increase in credit risk since initial	_	_
recognition, but without credit impairment (stage 2)		
Financial assets with credit impairment (stage 3)	-	-
Total	190,985	262,360

The detail of the balance of rights for resale agreements and securities lending agreements separated by maturity period is as follows:

On-demand	Up to 1 month	1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months MCh\$	1 up to 3 years	3 up to 5 years	5 years	Total
_	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
							_
_	90.795	40.542	59.650	_	-	_	190,987
_	-	-	-	_	_	_	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
							-
-	(2)	-	-	-	-	-	(2)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	90,793	40,542	59,650	-	-	-	190,985
=	MCh\$	On-demand month MCh\$ MCh\$ 90,795	MCh\$ month up to 3 months MCh\$ MCh\$ MCh\$	MCh\$ MCh\$ up to 3 months MCh\$ MCh\$ MCh\$ MCh\$ MCh\$ MCh\$ MCh\$	MCh\$ MCh\$ up to 3 to 12 months MCh\$ M	On-demand MChs month month MChs up to 3 months MChs to 12 months MChs 1 up to 3 years MChs up to 5 years MChs -	On-demand MChs month

As at December 31, 2024	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 12 months	More than 1 up to 3 years	un to 5	More than 5 years	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Operations with domestic banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations with foreign banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations with other domestic entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Repurchase contracts	-	255,226	6,216	922	-	-	-	262,364
Securities lending rights	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions with other entities abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accumulated impairment of financial assets at amortized cost- Rights from resale agreements and securities lending								
Financial assets without a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition (stage 1)	-	(4)	-	-	-	-	-	(4)
Financial assets with a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, but without credit impairment (stage 2)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets with credit impairment (stage 3)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	255,222	6,216	922	-	-	-	262,360

The reconciliation of the changes in the caption "Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements" is presented below:



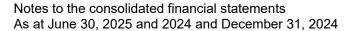
	Stage 1		Stage 2		St	age 3	Total	
	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$
Balance as at January 1, 2025	262,364	(4)	-	-	-	-	262,364	(4)
New assets originated or purchased	5,446,565	(2)	-	-	-	-	5,446,565	(2)
Payments and written-off assets	(5,525,206)	4	-	-	-	-	(5,525,206)	4
Transfers to stage 1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impact on ECL of transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rebates on discounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest	7,264	-	-	-	-	-	7,264	-
Year-end remeasurements Expected Credit Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange rate adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2025	190,987	(2)	-	-	-	-	190,987	(2)

	Stage 1		St	age 2	St	age 3	To	tal
	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$
Balance as at January 1, 2024	226,410	(16)	-	-	-	-	226,410	(16)
New assets originated or purchased	15,608,728	(4)	-	-	-	-	15,608,728	(4)
Payments and written-off assets	(15,592,663)	16	-	-	-	-	(15,592,663)	16
Transfers to stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers to stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Impact on ECL of transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Rebates on discounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest	19,889	-	-	-	-	-	19,889	-
Year-end remeasurements Expected Credit Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange rate adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at December 31, 2024	262,364	(4)	-	-	-	-	262,364	(4)

b) Financial debt securities

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the detail of financial debt securities is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Government and Banco Central de Chile	-	-
Other debt financial instruments issued in Chile	20,807	25,767
Debt financial instruments issued abroad	-	-
Total	20,807	25,767





The reconciliation of the changes in the caption "Financial debt securities" is presented below:

	Stage 1		Sta	Stage 2		age 3	Total		
	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	
Balance as at January 1, 2025	28,503	(2,736)		-		-	28,503	(2,736)	
New assets originated or purchased	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Payments and written-off assets	(6,518)	430	-	-	-	-	(6,518)	430	
Transfers to stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers to stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers to stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Impact on ECL of transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rebates on discounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accrued interest	1,128	-	-	-	-	-	1,128	-	
Year-end remeasurements Expected Credit Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exchange rate adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance as at June 30, 2025	23,113	(2,306)	-	-	-	-	23,113	(2,306)	

	Stage 1		Sta	age 2	Sta	ige 3	Total		
	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	Carrying amount MCh\$	Expected Credit Loss MCh\$	
Balance as at January 1, 2024	1,390,382	(2,781)	-	-	-	-	1,390,382	(2,781)	
New assets originated or purchased	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Payments and written-off assets	(1,404,081)	45	-	-	-	-	(1,404,081)	45	
Transfers to stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers to stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers to stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Impact on ECL of transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rebates on discounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Accrued interest	42,202	-	-	-	-	-	42,202	-	
Year-end remeasurements Expected Credit Losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Changes in assumptions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Exchange rate adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance as at December 31, 2024	28,503	(2,736)	-	-	-	-	28,503	(2,736)	

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



c) Detail of "Loans and advances to banks" and "Loans and accounts receivable from customers"

i) Loans and advances to banks

Advances to banks as at June 30, 2025 (in MCh\$)	Financial assets before allowances				Allowances constituted				
	Regular portfolio Individual evaluation	Substandard portfolio Individual evaluation	Default portfolio Individual evaluation	Total	Regular portfolio Individual evaluation	Substandard portfolio Individual evaluation	Default portfolio Individual evaluation	Total	Net financial asset
Liquidity interbank loans	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Commercial interbank loans	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Overdrafts on checking accounts	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Foreign trade loans Chilean exports	-		-	-	-			-	-
Foreign trade loans Chilean imports	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Foreign trade loans between third countries	-		-	-	-			-	-
Non-transferable deposits in local banks	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Other debts with local banks	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Foreign Banks	50,864		-	50,864	(24)		-	(24)	50,840
Liquidity interbank loans	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Commercial interbank loans	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Overdrafts on checking accounts	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Foreign trade loans Chilean exports	50,864		-	50,864	(24)		-	(24)	50,840
Foreign trade loans Chilean imports	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Foreign trade loans between third countries	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Deposits in checking accounts in foreign banks due to derivative operations	-			-	-			-	-
Other non-transferable deposits in foreign banks	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Other loans with foreign banks	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Subtotal local and foreign banks	50,864		-	50,864	(24)		-	(24)	50,840
Banco Central de Chile	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Checking accounts deposits for derivative transactions with a central counterparty	-			-	-			-	
Other deposits not available	-		-	-	-		-	-	-
Other loans	-			-	-			-	-
Central Banks abroad	-			-	-			-	-
Deposits in checking accounts in foreign banks due to derivative operations	-			-	-		-	-	-
Other deposits not available	-			-	-		-	-	-
Other loans	-			-	-		-	-	-
Subtotal Banco Central de Chile and Central Banks abroad	-		-	-	-			-	-
Total	50,864			50,864	(24)			(24)	50,840

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



	Fir	nancial assets be	fore allowances			Allowances co	nstituted		
Advances to banks as at December 31, 2024	Regular portfolio	Substandard portfolio	Default portfolio	T-1-1	Regular portfolio	Substandard portfolio	Default portfolio	T-1-1	Net financial
(in MCh\$)	Individual	Individual	Individual	Total	Individual	Individual	Individual	Total	asset
	evaluation	evaluation	evaluation		evaluation	evaluation	evaluation		
Domestic Banks	-		-	-	-			-	-
Liquidity interbank loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial interbank loans	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Overdrafts on checking accounts	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Foreign trade loans Chilean exports	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	_
Foreign trade loans Chilean imports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Foreign trade loans between third countries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Non-transferable deposits in local banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Other debts with local banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Foreign Banks	1,565		-	1,565	(1)			(1)	1,564
Liquidity interbank loans	-	-	-	-	-			-	-
Commercial interbank loans	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Overdrafts on checking accounts	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Foreign trade loans Chilean exports	1,565	-		1,565	(1)		-	(1)	1,564
Foreign trade loans Chilean imports	-	-		-	-		-	-	-
Foreign trade loans between third countries	-	-		-	-		-	-	-
Deposits in checking accounts in foreign banks due to derivative operations	-	-		-	-			-	-
Other non-transferable deposits in foreign banks	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
Other loans with foreign banks	-	-		-	-			-	-
Subtotal local and foreign banks	1,565			1,565	(1)			(1)	1,564
Banco Central de Chile	-			-	-			-	-
Checking accounts deposits for derivative transactions with a central									
counterparty	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-
Other deposits not available	-	-		-	-			-	-
Other loans	-	-		-	-		-	-	-
Central Banks abroad	-			-	-			-	-
Deposits in checking accounts in foreign banks due to derivative operations	-	-		-	-			-	-
Other deposits not available	-		-	-	-			_	_
Other loans	-	-		-	-			-	_
Subtotal Banco Central de Chile and Central Banks abroad	-	-		-	-			-	_
Total	1,565			1,565	(1)			(1)	1,564



ii) Loans and accounts receivable from customers

		Fi	nancial assets be	fore provisions	S					Allowance	s constitut	ed			
Loans and accounts receivable from customers	Regular portfolio Evaluation		Substandard portfolio Evaluation	Default po		Total	Regular		Substandard portfolio Evaluation	Default p		Subtotal	Deductible guarantees FOGAPE Covid-	Total	Net financia asset
As at June 30, 2025 (in MCh\$)	individual		individual	Evalua individual			individual	ation	individual	Evalua individual			19		
Commercial loans	individual	group	maividuai	maividuai	group		muividuai	group	individual	maividuai	group		19		
Commercial loans	7.825.988	1.201.008	751.240	449.330	189,114	10.416.680	(73,233)	(10.525)	(28,168)	(145.568)	(47,433)	(304.927)	(4,036)	(308.963)	
Foreign trade loans - Chilean exports	927.018	748	22.942	5,349	100,114	956.057	(19,452)	(21)	(3,873)	(3,625)	(47,400)	(26,971)	(4,000)	(26,971)	
Foreign trade loans - Chilean imports	444,519	2,237	19,746	3,627		470,129	(10,453)	(62)	(3,858)	(3,177)	_	(17,550)	_	(17,550)	
Foreign trade loans between third countries	258		- 10,1 10	- 0,02.	_	258	(5)	(02)	(0,000)	(0,)	_	(5)	-	(5)	
Debtors in checking accounts	31,404	13.285	3.661	2.757	4.073	55.180	(566)	(409)	(718)	(1,651)	(2.262)	(5,606)	_	(5,606)	
Credit card debtors	6.323	8.886	1,177	598	2.026	19.010	(268)	(405)	(197)	(393)	(1,142)	(2,405)	_	(2,405)	
Factoring operations	307,936	437	20,419	2,100	-,	330,892	(4,723)	(9)	(911)	(62)	- , , , ,	(5,705)	-	(5,705)	
Commercial financial leasing operations	818,821	29,064	35,505	11,474	2,118	896,982	(4,080)	(664)	(877)	(2,077)	(609)	(8,307)	(157)	(8,464)	
Student loans	-	424,980	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	54,826	479,806	-	(4,890)	,=/	-	(6,793)	(11,683)	-	(11,683)	
Other loans and accounts receivable	440	141	5	2,328	23	2,937	(2)	(10)	(2)	(951)	(11)	(976)	-	(976)	
Subtotal	10,362,707	1,680,786	854,695	477,563	252,180	13,627,931	(112,782)	(16,995)	(38,604)	(157,504)	(58,250)	(384,135)	(4,193)	(388,328)	13,239,603
Mortgage loans															
Loans with letters of credit	-	50,822	-	-	6,979	57,801	-	(74)	-	-	(116)	(190)	-	(190)	
Loans with endorsable mortgage mutuals	-	24,426	-	-	2,183	26,609	-	(7)	-	-	(8)	(15)	-	(15)	
Loans with mutual funds financed with mortgage bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other mutual loans for housing	-	13,681,231	-	-	548,300	14,229,531	-	(21,497)	-	-	(23,701)	(45,198)	-	(45,198)	
Financial leasing operations for housing	-	24,660	-	-	3,042	27,702	-	(138)	-	-	(326)	(464)	-	(464)	
Other loans and accounts receivable	-	70,354	-	-	5,880	76,234	-	(110)	-	-	(173)	(283)	-	(283)	
Subtotal	-	13,851,493	-	-	566,384	14,417,877	-	(21,826)	-	-	(24,324)	(46,150)	-	(46,150)	14,371,727
Consumer loans															
Consumer loans in installments		1.662.198	_ [_	141,756	1,803,954	_	(65,887)	_		(74,484)	(140,371)	_	(140,371)	
Debtors in checking accounts		58,205			5.604	63.809	_	(3,378)			(3,087)	(6,465)		(6,465)	
Credit card debtors		2.335.777	-	-	319,313	2.655.090	-	(136,203)	-	-	(184,083)	(320,286)	-	(320,286)	
Consumer financial leasing operations	_	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-	_			-	-	-	-		-	-	-	
Other loans and accounts receivable	_	218	-	_	_	218	-	(13)	-	-	_	(13)	_	(13)	
Subtotal	-	4,056,398	-	-	466,673	4,523,071	-	(205,481)	-	-	(261,654)	(467,135)	-	(467,135)	4,055,936
					,								<u> </u>		
Total	10,362,707	19,588,677	854,695	477,563	1,285,237	32,568,879	(112,782)	(244,302)	(38,604)	(157,504)	(344,228)	(897,420)	(4,193)	(901,613)	31,667,266

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



		Fi	nancial assets be	efore provisions	3					Allowance	s constitut	ed			
Loans and accounts receivable from customers	Regular	portfolio	Substandard portfolio	Default po	ortfolio		Regular	portfolio	Substandard portfolio	Default p	ortfolio		Deductible guarantees FOGAPE Covid-		Net financial
As at December 31, 2024	Evalu	ation	Evaluation	Evalua	tion	Total	Evalu	ation	Evaluation	Evalu	ation	Subtotal		Total	asset
(in MCh\$)	individual	group	individual	individual	group		individual	group	individual	individual	group		19		
Commercial loans															
Commercial loans	8,172,499	1,173,919	758,018	473,951	175,099	10,753,486	(71,947)	(9,860)	(34,808)	(129,505)	(41,973)	(288,093)	(5,762)	(293,855)	
Foreign trade loans - Chilean exports	1,103,773	147	23,711	5,708	-	1,133,339	(19,111)	(2)	(3,413)	(3,866)	-	(26,392)	-	(26,392)	
Foreign trade loans - Chilean imports	518,277	2,161	6,464	3,702	30	530,634	(12,753)	(59)	(1,435)	(2,886)	(17)	(17,150)	-	(17,150)	
Foreign trade loans between third countries	256	-	-	-	-	256	(4)	-	-	-	-	(4)	-	(4)	
Debtors in checking accounts	38,107	12,325	3,923	3,514	4,039	61,908	(657)	(366)	(751)	(2,027)	(2,241)	(6,042)	-	(6,042)	
Credit card debtors	5,975	7,373	1,238	491	881	15,958	(239)	(359)	(224)	(319)	(490)	(1,631)	-	(1,631)	
Factoring operations	256,899	717	5,699	2,360	23	265,698	(5,574)	(14)	(84)	(297)	(8)	(5,977)	-	(5,977)	
Commercial financial leasing operations	808,564	28,401	39,110	11,249	2,406	889,730	(4,225)	(334)	(1,176)	(1,718)	(1,048)	(8,501)	(165)	(8,666)	
Student loans	-	450,694	-	-	75,693	526,387	-	(6,016)	-	-	(9,289)	(15,305)	-	(15,305)	
Other loans and accounts receivable	556	163	-	3,711	31	4,461	(3)	(8)	-	(2,038)	(15)	(2,064)	-	(2,064)	
Subtotal	10,904,906	1,675,900	838,163	504,686	258,202	14,181,857	(114,513)	(17,018)	(41,891)	(142,656)	(55,081)	(371,159)	(5,927)	(377,086)	13,804,771
Mortgage loans Loans with letters of credit Loans with endorsable mortgage mutuals	-	55,397 26,616	-	-	7,424 2,413	62,821 29.029	-	(84)	-	-	(132) (13)	(216) (21)	-	(216) (21)	
Loans with mutual funds financed with mortgage bonds	-	26,616	-	-	2,413	29,029	-	(8)	-	-	(13)	(21)	-	(21)	
Other mutual loans for housing	-	13,449,260	-	-	510,181	13.959.441	-	(23,680)	-	-	(22,502)	(46,182)	-	(46,182)	
Financial leasing operations for housing	-	27.942	-	-	2.557	30.499	-	(177)	-	-	(314)	(40, 162)	-	(491)	
Other loans and accounts receivable	-	71,275	-	-	5,694	76.969	-	(116)	-	-	(178)	(294)	-	(294)	
Subtotal	-	13,630,490	-	-	528,269	14,158,759	-	(24,065)	-	-	(23,139)	(47,204)	-	(47,204)	14,111,555
Subtotal	-	13,630,490	- 1	- 1	520,269	14,150,759	-	(24,065)	-	-	(23,139)	(47,204)	- 1	(47,204)	14,111,555
Consumer loans															
Consumer loans in installments	-	1,596,344	-	-	147,338	1,743,682	-	(48,740)	-	-	(58,006)	(106,746)	-	(106,746)	
Debtors in checking accounts	-	64.081	-	-	5.591	69.672	-	(1,437)	-	-	(2,160)	(3.597)	-	(3,597)	
Credit card debtors	-	2,252,335	-	-	310,841	2,563,176	-	(102,104)	-	-	(125,421)	(227,525)	-	(227,525)	
Consumer financial leasing operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other loans and accounts receivable	-	226	-	-	-	226	-	(6)	-	-	-	(6)	-	(6)	
Subtotal	-	3,912,986	-	-	463,770	4,376,756	-	(152,287)	-	-	(185,587)	(337,874)	-	(337,874)	4,038,882
									·						
Total	10,904,906	19,219,376	838,163	504,686	1,250,241	32,717,372	(114,513)	(193,370)	(41,891)	(142,656)	(263,807)	(756,237)	(5,927)	(762,164)	31,955,208

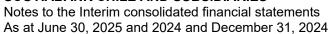
Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



iii) Contingent loans

Exposure to credit risk for contingent loans As at June 30, 2025	E Regular p Evalua	oortfolio	or contingent loa Substandard portfolio Evaluation	Default p	ns before allowances Default portfolio Evaluation		Regular portfolio Evaluation		Regular portfolio		Regular portfolio						Total		Allowances con Substandard portfolio Evaluation	nstituted Default portfolio Evaluation		Total	Net exposure to credit risk of
(in MCh\$)	individual	group	individual	individual			individual			individual			contingent loans										
Guarantees and Sureties	512,522	-	78	_	-	512,600	(2,048)	-	(25)	_	-	(2,073)	510,527										
Letters of credit for merchandise circulation operations	26,079	10	1,259	-	-	27,348	(230)	-	(175)	-	-	(405)	26,943										
Debt purchase commitments in local currency abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	` -	-										
Transactions related to contingent events	358,105	123	14,332	7,525	-	380,085	(2,863)	(2)	(3,950)	(3,029)	-	(9,844)	370,241										
Lines of credit of free disposal of immediate cancellation	189,996	580,222	640	594	25,077	796,529	(656)	(18,207)	(97)	(420)	(13,678)	(33,058)	763,471										
Lines of credit of free disposal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-										
Loans for senior studies Law No. 20027 (CAE)	-	1,160		-	-	1,160	-	(18)	-	-	-	(18)	1,142										
Other irrevocable loan commitments	134,349	-	-	-	-	134,349	(389)	-	-	-	-	(389)	133,960										
Other contingent loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-										
Subtotal	1,221,051	581,515	16,309	8,119	25,077	1,852,071	(6,186)	(18,227)	(4,247)	(3,449)	(13,678)	(45,787)	1,806,284										

Exposure to credit risk for contingent loans	Regular p	ortfolio	or contingent loa Substandard portfolio	Default p	ortfolio	s Total	Regular p		Allowances co Substandard portfolio	Default p		Total	Net exposure to credit risk of
As at December 31, 2024 (in MCh\$)	Evalua individual		Evaluation individual	Evalua individual			Evalua individual		Evaluation individual	Evalua individual		i otai	contingent loans
(III MCII\$)	muividuai	group	muividuai	muividuai	group	,	muividuai	group	muividuai	muividuai	group		
Guarantees and Sureties	594,270	-	1,253	-	-	595,523	(1,572)	-	(518)	-	_	(2,090)	593,433
Letters of credit for merchandise circulation operations	41,335	-	1,289	-	-	42,624	(361)	-	(179)	-	-	(540)	42,084
Debt purchase commitments in local currency abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions related to contingent events	428,303	103	17,757	4,634	-	450,797	(3,178)	(2)	(4,171)	(2,740)	-	(10,091)	440,706
Lines of credit of free disposal of immediate cancellation	144,068	563,165	675	456	25,268	733,632	(646)	(4,935)	(96)	(144)	(6,820)	(12,641)	720,991
Lines of credit of free disposal	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loans for senior studies Law No. 20027 (CAE)	-	1,630	-	-	-	1,630	-	(25)	-	-	-	(25)	1,605
Other irrevocable loan commitments	69,217	-	-	-	-	69,217	(230)	-	-	-	-	(230)	68,987
Other contingent loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Subtotal	1,277,193	564,898	20,974	5,090	25,268	1,893,423	(5,987)	(4,962)	(4,964)	(2,884)	(6,820)	(25,617)	1,867,806





d) Summary of changes in allowances recorded under "Loans and advances to banks" and "Loans and accounts receivable from customers."

i) Loans and advances to banks

Summary of movement in allowances constituted by category of credit risk in the period	Movement in provisions constituted by category in the period								
As at June 30, 2025 (in MCh\$)	Regular portfolio	Individual evaluatio Substandard portfolio	n Default portfolio	Total					
Advances to banks									
Balance as at January 1, 2025	1	-	-	1					
Constitution / (release) of allowances for:									
Change in measurement without portfolio reclassification during the period	(150)	-	-	(150)					
Change in measurement due to portfolio reclassification from the beginning to the end of the financial year portfolio from 1/1/2025 to 6/30/2025:									
Regular individual up to Substandard	-	_	-	-					
Regular individual up to Individual default	-	-	-	-					
Substandard up to individual default	-	-	-	-					
Substandard up to regular individual	-	-	-	-					
Individual default up to substandard	-	-	-	-					
Individual default up to individual regular	-	-	-	-					
New originated loans	173			173					
New loans for conversion from contingent to loan	-	-	-	-					
New loans purchased	-	-	-	-					
Sale or transfers of loans	-	-	-	-					
Payment of loans	-	-	-	-					
Application of provisions due to write-offs	-	-	-	-					
Recovery of written-off loans	-	-	-	-					
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-					
Other changes in provisions	-	-	-	-					
Balance as at June 30, 2025	24	-	-	24					

Summary of movement in allowances constituted by category of credit risk in the period	Movement in provisions constituted by category in the period								
As at December 31, 2024	h	ndividual evaluation	n						
(in MCh\$)	Regular portfolio	Substandard portfolio	Default portfolio	Total					
Advances to banks									
Balance as at January 1, 2024	15	-	-	15					
Constitution / (release) of allowances for:									
Change in measurement without portfolio reclassification during the period	(94)	-	-	(94)					
Change in measurement due to portfolio reclassification from the beginning to the end of the financial year portfolio from 1/1/2024 to 12/31/2024:									
Regular individual up to Substandard	_	-	-	-					
Regular individual up to Individual default	-	-	-	-					
Substandard up to individual default	-	-	-	-					
Substandard up to regular individual	-	-	-	-					
Individual default up to substandard	-	-	-	-					
Individual default up to individual regular	-	-	-	-					
New originated loans	158	-	-	158					
New loans for conversion from contingent to loan	-	-	-	-					
New loans purchased	-	-	-	-					
Sale or transfers of loans	(80)	-	-	(80)					
Payment of loans	-	-	-	-					
Application of provisions due to write-offs	-	-	-	-					
Recovery of written-off loans	-	-	-	-					
Exchange differences	2	-	-	2					
Other changes in provisions			-						
Balance as at December 31, 2024	1	-	-	1					



Notes to the Interim consolidated financial statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024

ii) Commercial loans

Summary of the movement in allowances constituted by category of credit risk in the period	Movement in allowances constituted by portfolio in the period							
As at June 30, 2025 (in MCh\$)		Regular portfolio Evaluation		Default portfolio Evaluation		Subtotal	Deductible guarantees FOGAPE	Total
	individual	group		individual	group		Covid-19	
Commercial loans								
Balance as at January 1, 2025	114,513	17,018	41,891	142,656	55,081	371,159	5,927	377,086
Constitution / (release) of provisions for:								
Change in measurement with portfolio reclassification during the period	2,885	5,929	(2,827)	26,601	16,047	48,635	(389)	48,246
Change in measurement due to portfolio reclassification from the beginning to the end								
of the financial year portfolio from 1/1/2025 to 6/30/2025:								
Regular individual up to Substandard	(4,147)	-	11,402	-	-	7,255	-	7,255
Regular individual up to individual default	(149)	-	-	1,635	-	1,486	-	1,486
Substandard up to individual default	-	-	(3,457)	9,335	-	5,878	-	5,878
Substandard up to Regular individual	3,043	-	(4,649)	-	-	(1,606)	-	(1,606)
Individual default up to Substandard	-	-	12	(590)	-	(578)	-	(578)
Individual default up to Regular individual	21	-	-	(298)	-	(277)	-	(277)
Regular group up to default group	-	(5,880)	-	-	14,129	8,249	-	8,249
Group default up to group regular	-	533	-	-	(8,523)	(7,990)	-	(7,990)
Individual (regular, substandard, default) up to group (regular, default)	(224)	77	(6)	(341)	29	(465)	-	(465)
Group (regular, default) up to Individual (regular, substandard ,default)	540	(240)	23	447	(333)	437	-	437
New originated loans	68,414	2,717	15,465	9,684	13,379	109,659	17	109,676
New loans for conversion from contingent to loan	1,421	846	548	64	163	3,042	-	3,042
New loans purchased	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale or transfers of loans	-	(572)	-	-	(3)	(575)	-	(575)
Payment of loans	(69,187)	(3,411)	(19,051)	(12,873)	(9,500)	(114,022)	(1,362)	(115,384)
Application of provisions due to write-offs	-	(21)	-	(15,783)	(22,219)	(38,023)	-	(38,023)
Recovery of written-off loans	-	2	-	-	-	2	-	2
Changes in models and methodologies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange differences	(4,348)	(3)	(747)	(3,033)	-	(8,131)	-	(8,131)
Other changes in provisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2025	112,782	16,995	38,604	157,504	58,250	384,135	4,193	388,328

Summary of the movement in allowances constituted by category of credit risk in the period	uted by p	y portfolio in the period						
As at December 31, 2024 (in MCh\$)	Regular p Evalua individual	ation	Substandard portfolio	Default p Evalua individual	ition	Subtotal	Deductible guarantees FOGAPE	Total
Commercial loans								
Balance as at January 1, 2024	94,599	19,362	31,183	123,254	48,437	316,835	11,757	328,592
Constitution / (release) of provisions for:								
Change in measurement with portfolio reclassification during the period	22,850	11,913	13,896	29,142	40,013	117,814	(1,032)	116,782
Change in measurement due to portfolio reclassification from the beginning to the end								
of the financial year portfolio from 1/1/2024 to 12/31/2024:								
Regular individual up to Substandard	(14,710)	-	24,033	-	-	9,323	-	9,323
Regular individual up to individual default	(171)	-	· · ·	2,029	-	1,858	-	1,858
Substandard up to individual default	-	-	(16,168)	45,468	-	29,300	-	29,300
Substandard up to Regular individual	2,933	-	(6,190)	-	-	(3,257)	-	(3,257)
Individual default up to Substandard	-	-	334	(948)	-	(614)	-	(614)
Individual default up to Regular individual	176	-	-	(215)	-	(39)	-	(39)
Regular group up to default group	-	(13,604)	-	-	30,587	16,983	6	16,989
Group default up to group regular	-	788		-	(13,019)	(12,231)	-	(12,231)
Individual (regular, substandard, default) up to group (regular, default)	(344)	205	(53)	(812)	387	(617)	-	(617)
Group (regular, default) up to Individual (regular, substandard ,default)	1,432	(682)	1	487	(275)	1,044	-	1,044
New originated loans	133,552	5,395	31,503	17,065	22,414	209,929	141	210,070
New loans for conversion from contingent to loan	2,785	1,415	858	137	358	5,553	-	5,553
New loans purchased	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sale or transfers of loans	-	(860)		(564)	(26)	(1,450)	-	(1,450)
Payment of loans	(135,525)	(6,771)	,	(27,627)	(21,747)	,	,	(235,463)
Application of provisions due to write-offs	-	(165)	-	(49,597)	(52,048)	(101,810)	(5)	(101,815)
Recovery of written-off loans	-	14	-	-	-	14	-	14
Changes in models and methodologies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange differences	6,936	8	1,266	4,837	-	13,047	-	13,047
Other changes in provisions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at December 31, 2024	114,513	17,018	41,891	142,656	55,081	371,159	5,927	377,086

Notes to the Interim consolidated financial statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



iii) Mortgage loans

Summary of the movement in provisions constituted by category of credit risk in the period As at June 30, 2025	Movement in pr	y portfolio in	
(in MCh\$)	Regular portfolio	Default portfolio	Total
Mortgage loans	7		
Balance as at January 1, 2025	24,065	23,139	47,204
Constitution/(release) of provisions due to:	,	,	,
Change in measurement without portfolio reclassification during the period	3,598	(1,140)	2,458
Change in measurement due to portfolio reclassification from the beginning to the		` '	
end of the financial year portfolio from 1/1/2025 to 6/30/2025:			
Group regular up to group default	(5,595)	7,449	1,854
Group default up to group regular	68	(1,380)	(1,312)
New originated loans	1,062	1,778	2,840
New loans purchased	=	=	-
Sale or transfers of loans	=	=	-
Payment of loans	(1,360)	(2,366)	(3,726)
Application of provisions due to write-offs	(12)	(3,127)	(3,139)
Recovery of written-off loans	=	(29)	(29)
Changes in models and methodologies	-	=	-
Exchange differences	=	-	-
Other changes in provisions	=	=	-
Balance as at June 30, 2025	21,826	24,324	46,150

Summary of the movement in provisions constituted by category of credit risk As at December 31, 2024	Movement in pr Group e		
(in MCh\$)	Regular portfolio	Default portfolio	Total
Mortgage loans			
Balance as at January 1, 2024	27,127	18,242	45,369
Constitution/(release) of provisions due to:			
Change in measurement without portfolio reclassification during the period	11,610	(2,319)	9,291
Change in measurement due to portfolio reclassification from the beginning to the			
end of the financial year portfolio from 1/1/2024 to 12/31/2024:			
Group regular up to group default	(13,483)	17,880	4,397
Group default up to group regular	190	(2,239)	(2,049)
New originated loans	1,401	1,581	2,982
New loans purchased	-	-	-
Sale or transfers of loans	-	-	-
Payment of loans	(2,779)	(4,491)	(7,270)
Application of provisions due to write-offs	(1)	(5,515)	(5,516)
Recovery of written-off loans	-	-	-
Changes in models and methodologies	-	-	-
Exchange differences	-	-	-
Other changes in provisions	-	-	-
Balance as at December 31, 2024	24,065	23,139	47,204





iv) Consumer loans

Summary of the movement in allowances constituted by category of credit risk in the period As at June 30, 2025	Movement in Group 6	y portfolio in	
(in MCh\$)	Regular portfolio	Default portfolio	Total
Consumer loans	7		
Balance as at January 1, 2025	152,287	185,587	337,874
Constitution/(release) of provisions due to:	.02,201	100,001	00.,0
Change in measurement without portfolio reclassification during the period	82,305	172,745	255,050
Change in measurement due to portfolio reclassification from the beginning to the end of the financial year portfolio from 1/1/2025 to 6/30/2025:			·
Group regular up to group default	(54,200)	122,027	67,827
Group default up to group regular	7,652	(35,566)	(27,914)
New originated loans	26,523	26,232	52,755
New loans for conversion from contingent to loan	56,462	7,177	63,639
New loans purchased	-	-	-
Sale or transfers of loans	-	-	-
Payment of loans	(65,710)	(28,932)	(94,642)
Application of provisions due to write-offs	(95)	(187,629)	(187,724)
Recovery of written-off loans	293	22	315
Changes in models and methodologies	-	-	-
Exchange differences	(36)	(9)	(45)
Other changes in provisions	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2025	205,481	261,654	467,135

Summary of the movement in allowances constituted by category of credit risk in the period	Movement in	provisions constituted the period	l by portfolio in
As at December 31, 2024	Group e	evaluation	
(in MCh\$)	Regular portfolio	Default portfolio	Total
Consumer loans			
Balance as at January 1, 2024	157,447	175,115	332,562
Constitution/(release) of provisions due to:			
Change in measurement without portfolio reclassification during the period	68,032	241,589	309,621
Change in measurement due to portfolio reclassification from the beginning to the end of			
the financial year portfolio from 1/1/2024 to 12/31/2024:			
Group regular up to group default	(69,669)	173,837	104,168
Group default up to group regular	12,371	(43,042)	(30,671)
New originated loans	26,253	52,130	78,383
New loans for conversion from contingent to loan	65,298	14,402	79,700
New loans purchased	-	-	-
Sale or transfers of loans	-	-	-
Payment of loans	(108,469)	(61,299)	(169,768)
Application of provisions due to write-offs	(239)	(367,171)	(367,410)
Recovery of written-off loans	1,222	18	1,240
Changes in models and methodologies	-	-	-
Exchange differences	41	8	49
Other changes in provisions	-	-	-
Balance as at December 31, 2024	152,287	185,587	337,874



Notes to the Interim consolidated financial statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024

v) Contingent loans

Summary of the movement in allowances constituted by category of credit risk in the period	N	lovement in	allowances cons	tituted by portfolio	o in the period	
As at June 30, 2025 (in MCh\$)	Regular po Evaluat individual		Substandard portfolio	Default por Evaluati individual		Total
Exposure by contingent loans						
Balance as at January 1, 2025	5,987	4,962	4,964	2,884	6,820	25,617
Constitution/(release) of provisions due to:						
Change in measurement without portfolio reclassification during the period	(2,006)	36,559	(5,246)	107	8,542	37,956
Change in measurement due to portfolio reclassification from the beginning to the end of the financial year portfolio from 1/1/2025 to 6/30/2025:						
Regular individual up to Substandard	(22)	-	74	-	-	52
Regular individual up to individual default	-	-	-	12	-	12
Substandard up to individual default	-	-	(2)	429	-	427
Substandard up to regular individual	24	-	(47)	-	-	(23)
Individual default up to Substandard	-	-	-	-	-	-
Individual default up to individual regular	-	-	-	-	-	-
Group regular up to group default	-	(1,085)	-	-	11,376	10,291
Group default up to group regular	-	196	-	-	(6,275)	(6,079)
Individual (regular, substandard, default) up to group (regular, default)	(2)	-	-	-	-	(2)
Group (regular, default) up to Individual (regular, substandard, default)	19	(8)	3	-	-	14
New contingent loans granted	3,816	1,523	4,996	69	556	10,960
Contingent loans due to conversion to loans	(1,486)	(23,920)	(464)	(52)	(7,341)	(33,263)
Changes in models and methodologies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange differences	(144)	-	(31)	-	-	(175)
Other changes in provisions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at June 30, 2025	6,186	18,227	4,247	3,449	13,678	45,787

Summary of the movement in allowances constituted by category of credit risk in the period	N	lovement in	allowances cons	tituted by portfoli	o in the period	
As at December 31, 2024 (in MCh\$)	Regular po Evalua individual		Substandard portfolio	Default poi Evaluati individual		Total
Exposure by contingent loans]					
Balance as at January 1, 2024	6,536	6,079	5,590	972	8,030	27,207
Constitution/(release) of provisions due to:						
Change in measurement without portfolio reclassification during the period	(3,695)	21,862	(18,644)	(1,241)	5,357	3,639
Change in measurement due to portfolio reclassification from the beginning to the end of the financial year portfolio from 1/1/2024 to 12/31/2024:						
Regular individual up to Substandard	(34)	-	108	-	-	74
Regular individual up to individual default	(2)	-	-	87	-	85
Substandard up to individual default	-	-	(90)	482	-	392
Substandard up to regular individual	18	-	(30)	-	-	(12)
Individual default up to Substandard	-	-	1	(17)	-	(16)
Individual default up to individual regular	-	-	-	(18)	-	(18)
Group regular up to group default	-	(774)	-	-	13,846	13,072
Group default up to group regular	-	275	-	-	(5,973)	(5,698)
Individual (regular, substandard, default) up to group (regular, default)	(8)	4	(3)	(16)	-	(23)
Group (regular, default) up to Individual (regular, substandard, default)	55	(19)	3	10	-	49
New contingent loans granted	5,800	1,978	18,724	2,727	320	29,549
Contingent loans due to conversion to loans	(3,073)	(24,443)	(788)	(102)	(14,760)	(43,166)
Changes in models and methodologies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange differences	390	-	93	-	-	483
Other changes in provisions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as at December 31, 2024	5,987	4,962	4,964	2,884	6,820	25,617

As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



e) Gross loans and allowances recorded grouped by type of debtor's economic activity and concentration of credit risk

Composition of economic activity	Loans and	dexposure	to contingent			Allowances co	nstituted	
As at June 30, 2025	loans w	vithin		Loans w	rithin		Deductible	
	Country	Abroad	Total	Country	Abroad	Sub-Total	guarantees	Total
(in MCh\$)	Country	Abroau		Country	Abioau		FOGAPE Covid 19	
Advances to banks	-	50,864	50,864	-	(24)	(24)	-	(24)
Commercial loans								
Agriculture and Livestock	376,906	4,829	381,735	(18,790)	(206)	(18,996)	(284)	(19,280)
Sowing and harvesting of fruits	13	-	13	-	-	-	-	-
Forestry	50,044	-	50,044	(1,163)	-	(1,163)	(37)	(1,200)
Fishing	85,857	-	85,857	(2,830)	-	(2,830)	(70)	(2,900)
Mining	348,051	-	348,051	(1,187)	-	(1,187)	(65)	(1,252)
Oil and natural gas	260	-	260	-	-	-	-	-
Product Manufacturing Industry								
Food, beverages and tobacco	528,397	-	528,397	(16,606)	-	(16,606)	(116)	(16,722)
Textile, leather and footwear	22,548	-	22,548	(1,240)	-	(1,240)	(15)	(1,255)
Wood and furniture	73,614	-	73,614	(2,561)	-	(2,561)	(39)	(2,600)
Cellulose, paper and printing	60,207	-	60,207	(5,349)	-	(5,349)	(17)	(5,366)
Chemicals and petroleum derivatives	228,479	-	228,479	(3,942)	-	(3,942)	(367)	(4,309)
Metallic, non-metallic, machinery and others	519,875	-	519,875	(16,144)	-	(16,144)	(383)	(16,527)
Electricity, gas and water	1,233,392	-	1,233,392	(2,528)	-	(2,528)	(16)	(2,544)
Home building	251,349	-	251,349	(15,794)	-	(15,794)	(54)	(15,848)
Non-residential constructions (office, civil works)	227,565	-	227,565	(3,493)	-	(3,493)	(107)	(3,600)
Wholesale trade	1,298,910	117,911	1,416,821	(65,732)	(300)	(66,032)	(1,041)	(67,073)
Retail trade restaurants and hotels	462,117	-	462,117	(30,501)	` -	(30,501)	(573)	(31,074)
Transport and storage	568,487	28,508	596,995	(16,097)	(24)	(16,121)	(306)	(16,427)
Telecommunications	700,852	-	700,852	(13,411)	` -	(13,411)	` -	(13,411)
Financial Services	1,268,365	22,475	1,290,840	(20,901)	(49)	(20,950)	(33)	(20,983)
Business services	-			` -	` -	`	` -	`
Real estate services	3,006,677	-	3,006,677	(70,748)	-	(70,748)	(414)	(71,162)
Student loans	479,806	-	479,806	(11,682)	-	(11,682)	` -	(11,682)
Public administration, defense and police	32,476	-	32,476	(246)	-	(246)	-	(246)
Social services and other community services	554,223	-	554,223	(12,952)	-	(12,952)	(256)	(13,208)
Personnel services	1,075,738	-	1,075,738	(49,659)	-	(49,659)	` -	(49,659)
Subtotal	13,454,208	173,723	13,627,931	(383,556)	(579)	(384,135)	(4,193)	(388,328)
Mortgage loans	14,417,877	-	14,417,877	(46,150)	-	(46,150)	-	(46,150)
Consumer loans	4,523,071	-	4,523,071	(467,135)	-	(467,135)	-	(467,135)
Contingent loans exposure	1,852,071	-	1,852,071	(45,787)	-	(45,787)	-	(45,787)

Composition of economic activity	Loans and	d exposure	to contingent			Allowances cor	nstituted	
As at December 31, 2024	loans w	rithin		Loans w	vithin		Deductible	
(in MCh\$)	Country	Abroad	Total	Country	Abroad	Sub-Total	guarantees FOGAPE Covid 19	Total
Advances to banks	-	1,565	1,565	-	(1)	(1)	-	(1)
Commercial loans								
Agriculture and Livestock	380,935	4,993	385,928	(19,725)	(449)	(20,174)	(344)	(20,518)
Sowing and harvesting of fruits	22	-	22		` -	-	` -	-
Forestry	76,605	-	76,605	(1,599)	-	(1,599)	(91)	(1,690)
Fishing	90,465	-	90,465	(2,823)	-	(2,823)	(78)	(2,901)
Mining	416,149	-	416,149	(1,624)	-	(1,624)	(75)	(1,699)
Oil and natural gas	320	-	320	(1)	-	(1)	-	(1)
Product Manufacturing Industry				` '				
Food, beverages and tobacco	537,515	-	537,515	(17,594)	-	(17,594)	(180)	(17,774)
Textile, leather and footwear	21,812	-	21,812	(1,557)	-	(1,557)	(33)	(1,590)
Wood and furniture	66,057	-	66,057	(1,736)	-	(1,736)	(72)	(1,808)
Cellulose, paper and printing	76,529	-	76,529	(5,095)	-	(5,095)	(73)	(5,168)
Chemicals and petroleum derivatives	246,207	-	246,207	(4,857)	-	(4,857)	(389)	(5,246)
Metallic, non-metallic, machinery and others	603,301	-	603,301	(19,726)	-	(19,726)	(557)	(20,283)
Electricity, gas and water	1,260,009	-	1,260,009	(2,777)	-	(2,777)	(20)	(2,797)
Home building	293,245	-	293,245	(7,028)	-	(7,028)	(80)	(7,108)
Non-residential constructions (office, civil works)	222,815	-	222,815	(3,859)	-	(3,859)	(177)	(4,036)
Wholesale trade	1,342,198	126,410	1,468,608	(63,848)	(331)	(64,179)	(1,424)	(65,603)
Retail trade restaurants and hotels	473,077	-	473,077	(29,408)	-	(29,408)	(907)	(30,315)
Transport and storage	587,816	50,826	638,642	(12,932)	(42)	(12,974)	(437)	(13,411)
Telecommunications	671,534	-	671,534	(13,522)	-	(13,522)	(12)	(13,534)
Financial Services	1,284,255	24,013	1,308,268	(19,627)	(53)	(19,680)	(75)	(19,755)
Business services	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Real estate services	3,117,881	20,390	3,138,271	(68,523)	(17)	(68,540)	(561)	(69,101)
Student loans	526,387	-	526,387	(15,305)	-	(15,305)	-	(15,305)
Public administration, defense and police	32,180	-	32,180	(258)	-	(258)	-	(258)
Social services and other community services	599,516	-	599,516	(15,273)	-	(15,273)	(342)	(15,615)
Personnel services	1,028,395	-	1,028,395	(41,570)	-	(41,570)	-	(41,570)
Subtotal	13,955,225	226,632	14,181,857	(370,267)	(892)	(371,159)	(5,927)	(377,086)
Mortgage loans	14,158,759	-	14,158,759	(47,204)	-	(47,204)	-	(47,204)
Consumer loans	4,376,756	-	4,376,756	(337,874)	-	(337,874)	-	(337,874)
Contingent loans exposure	1,893,423	-	1,893,423	(25,617)	-	(25,617)	-	(25,617)



f) Mortgage loans and their allowances made by outstanding loan principal owed to value of mortgage collateral and past due days, respectively.

As at June 30, 2025			Mortgage lo	oans (MCh\$)				Allowances	constituted fo	or Mortgage loar	ns (MCh\$)	
Loan Tranche / Guarantee		Days i	n arrears at t	he end of the	period			Days i	n arrears at th	ne end of the pe	riod	
(%)	0	1 to 29	30 to 59	60 to 89	>= 90	Total	0	1 to 29	30 to 59	60 to 89	>= 90	Total
PVG <= 40%	1,309,542	47,691	25,632	14,042	29,869	1,426,776	(52)	(42)	(34)	(41)	(340)	(509)
40% < PVG <= 80%	10,718,988	298,217	145,973	72,174	212,525	11,447,877	(7,939)	(3,472)	(2,873)	(1,880)	(6,462)	(22,626)
80% < PVG <= 90%	1,369,343	32,337	11,693	7,269	25,535	1,446,177	(8,957)	(2,196)	(1,457)	(1,315)	(5,677)	(19,602)
PVG >90%	89,528	1,366	892	1,529	3,732	97,047	(1,461)	(262)	(169)	(392)	(1,129)	(3,413)
Total	13,487,401	379,611	184,190	95,014	271,661	14,417,877	(18,409)	(5,972)	(4,533)	(3,628)	(13,608)	(46,150)

As at December 31, 2024 Loan Tranche / Guarantee		Days ir		oans (MCh\$) he end of the	period					r Mortgage loa ne end of the po		
(%)	0	1 to 29	30 to 59	60 to 89	>= 90	Total	0	1 to 29	30 to 59	60 to 89	>= 90	Total
PVG <= 40%	1,237,462	48,784	24,448	14,856	28,609	1,354,159	(81)	(36)	(45)	(45)	(328)	(535)
40% < PVG <= 80%	10,332,856	341,020	141,987	84,911	186,423	11,087,197	(7,445)	(3,783)	(2,735)	(2,237)	(5,670)	(21,870)
80% < PVG <= 90%	1,517,919	39,585	15,952	8,465	29,185	1,611,106	(9,252)	(2,605)	(2,041)	(1,535)	(6,488)	(21,921)
PVG >90%	98,117	3,945	1,061	407	2,767	106,297	(1,230)	(487)	(220)	(104)	(837)	(2,878)
Total	13,186,354	433,334	183,448	108,639	246,984	14,158,759	(18,008)	(6,911)	(5,041)	(3,921)	(13,323)	(47,204)



g) Loans and advances to banks and commercial loans with allowances for loan losses made by classification category

Concentration of debt owed by banks and											Ov	ved by banks	and Com	nercial Lo	ans										
commercial loans with their provisions established by classification category										Individual												Group			Provision deductible
As at June 30, 2025 (in MCh\$)	A1	A2	Re A3	egular portfo A4	olio A5	A6	Subtotal	B1	Sub B2	standard p B3	ortfolio B4	Subtotal	C1	C2	Def C3	fault porti C4	folio C5	C6	Subtotal	Total	Regular portfolio	default portfolio	Total	Total	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19
Advances to banks																									
Liquidity interbank loans	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	_		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Commercial interbank loans		_	_	_	_	_	_				_						_				_	_	_	-	
Overdrafts on checking accounts		_	_	_	_	_	_				_						_				_	_	_	-	
Foreign trade loans - Chilean exports	37,721	13,143	_	_	_		50,864			_										50,864				50,864	
Foreign trade loans - Chilean imports	,,,	.0,1.10	ا ا		_] _ [30,007				_								.	20,004		_	.	20,004	
Foreign trade loans between third countries		_	_	_	_	_	_				_						_				_	_	_	-	
Deposits in checking accounts in foreign banks for																									
derivative operations		_	_	_	_	_	_				_						_				_	_	_	-	
Non-transferable deposits in banks		_	_	_	_	_	_				_						_				_	_	_	-	
Other loans with banks		_	_	_	_	_	_				_						_				_	_	_	-	
Subtotal	37,721	13,143			_		50.864			_		_								50.864	_			50,864	
Provisions constituted	14	10			_		24										-			24				24	
% provisions constituted	0.04%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	
			0.007,0																1				0.0070		
Commercial loans																									
Commercial loans	93,882	2,479,159	1,331,324	1,670,734	1,144,045	1,106,844	7,825,988	251,348	136,100	160,657	203,135	751,240	86,076		49,454	60,845	78,454	48,375		9,026,558	1,201,008	189,114	1,390,122		4,036
Foreign trade loans - Chilean exports	-	304,606	59,722	260,354	176,873	125,463	927,018	5,183	5,484	6,633	5,642	22,942	-	142	373	1,438	459	2,937	5,349	955,309	748	-	748	956,057	-
Foreign trade loans - Chilean imports	-	9,716	110,799	189,516	89,493	44,995	444,519	12,788	931	3,624	2,403	19,746	-	-	95	51	-	3,481	3,627	467,892	2,237	-	2,237	470,129	-
Foreign trade loans between third countries	-	-	-	258	-	-	258	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		258	-	-	-	258	-
Debtors in checking accounts	-	8,745	7,483	3,628	5,267	6,281	31,404	1,738	880	660	383	3,661	531	111	110	214	384	1,407	2,757	37,822	13,285	4,073	17,358	55,180	-
Credit card debtors	8	1,488	291	592	1,119	2,825	6,323	530	304	195	148	1,177	65	6	8	60	191	268	598	8,098	8,886	2,026	10,912	19,010	-
Factoring operations	-	6,848	18,152	79,036	60,224	143,676	307,936	15,660	4,135	624	-	20,419	2,077	-	-	-	-	23	2,100	330,455	437	-	437	330,892	-
Commercial financial leasing operations	-	31,168	177,048	354,161	176,066	80,378	818,821	17,914	8,250	6,037	3,304	35,505	3,004	4,499	2,389	845	128	609	11,474	865,800	29,064	2,118	31,182	896,982	157
Student loans	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	424,980	54,826	479,806	479,806	-
Other loans and accounts receivable	-	39	11	47	16	327	440	-	-	5	-	5	-	377	1,266	40	-	645	2,328	2,773	141	23	164	2,937	
Subtotal	93,890	2,841,769	1,704,830	2,558,326	1,653,103	1,510,789	10,362,707	305,161	156,084	178,435	215,015	854,695	91,753	131,261	53,695	63,493	79,616	57,745	477,563	11,694,965	1,680,786	252,180	1,932,966	13,627,931	
Provisions constituted	34	3,545	2,754	25,166	39,923	41,360	112,782	10,758	3,880	9,084	14,882	38,604	1,835	13,126	13,424	25,397	51,751	51,971	157,504	308,890	16,995	58,250	75,245	384,135	4,193
% provisions constituted	0.04%	0.12%	0.16%	0.98%	2.42%	2,74%	1.09%	3,53%	2,49%	5.09%	6,92%	4.52%	2.00%	10,00%	25.00%	40.00%	65.00%	90.00%	32.98%	2,64%	1.01%	23,10%	3,89%	2.82%	

Concentration of debt owed by banks and	Owed by banks and Commercial Loans																								
commercial loans with their provisions established by classification category										Individual												Group			Provision deductible
As at December 31, 2024			R	egular portfo	olio				Sub	standard p	ortfolio				Det	fault port	folio			Total	Regular	default	Total	Total	guarantees FOGAPE
(in MCh\$)	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	Subtotal	B1	B2	B3	B4	Subtotal	C1	C2	C3	C4	C5	C6	Subtotal		portfolio	portfolio			Covid-19
Advances to banks																									
Liquidity interbank loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Commercial interbank loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Overdrafts on checking accounts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Foreign trade loans - Chilean exports	1,305	260	-	-	-	-	1,565	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,565	-	[-J	-	1,565	
Foreign trade loans - Chilean imports	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
Foreign trade loans between third countries	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Deposits in checking accounts in foreign banks for																									
derivative operations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Non-transferable deposits in banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-			-	-	-	-	-	
Other loans with banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	
Subtotal	1,305	260	-	-	-	-	1,565				-	-		-	-	-	-		-	1,565	-	-		1,565	
Provisions constituted	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-			1	
% provisions constituted	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	
Commercial loans													ı												
Commercial loans	123,223	2,649,858	1,360,568	1,635,293	1,390,905	1,012,652	8,172,499	201.483	192,283	183,999	180,253	758,018	109,294	152.046	67.758	37,597	65,574	41,682	473,951	9.404.468	1,173,919	175,099	1.349.018	10,753,486	5,762
Foreign trade loans - Chilean exports	ILO,LLO	348,575	210,356	155,599	308,428	80,815	1,103,773	6,249	8,947	7,711	804	23,711	100,201	152	398	1,535	491	3,132	5,708	1,133,192	147	.,,,,,,	147	1,133,339	0,.02
Foreign trade loans - Chilean imports		7.138	106,345	235,737	116,068	52,989	518,277	1.257	3,137	164	1.906	6,464	55	102	102	.,555	1,333	2,212	3,702	528,443	2,161	30	2,191	530,634	
Foreign trade loans between third countries		7,100	.55,545	256		52,303	256	.,201	5,107	104	.,300	3,404	- 55		102		.,555	-,212	5,702	256	2,101	50	-,131	256	-
Debtors in checking accounts	(1)	17.172	2,305	5,025	6,896	6,710	38,107	1,790	1,051	725	357	3,923	456	377	259	323	413	1,686	3,514	45,544	12,325	4,039	16,364	61,908	-
Credit card debtors	7	1,595	262	601	962	2,548	5.975	520	387	262	69	1,238	28	- 577	56	71	106	230	491	7,704	7,373	881	8,254	15.958	-
Factoring operations	1 1	12,956	31,658	57,862	70,062	84,361	256,899	569	55,	5,130	~~	5,699	2,077		I	1 1		283	2,360	264,958	717	23	740	265,698	
Commercial financial leasing operations		39.208	159,346	349,189	187,913	72,908	808.564	19,098	7.266	8.889	3.857	39,110	4.103	4.854	551	479	1,258	200	11,249	858.923	28,401	2.406	30,807	889,730	165
Student loans		33,200	1.03,040	5.5,105	.07,010	.2,300	550,504	.0,000	.,200	5,003	5,007	55,110	,105	1,004	331	4/3	.,200		,243	550,525	450.694	75.693	526,387	526.387	100
Other loans and accounts receivable		112	۹ ا	107	7	321	556			1	1 []			377	1.291	40	564	1.439	3.711	4.267	163	75,033	194	4,461	
Subtotal	123,229	3.076.614	1.870.849	2.439.669	2.081.241	1,313,304	10.904.906	230,966	213,071	206.880	187.246	838,163	116,013	157.806			69.739	50,668	504,686	12.247.755	1.675.900	258,202	1.934.102	14.181.857	
Provisions constituted	44	3,759	3,074	22,642	51,443	33,551	114,513	4.853	12,757	10,940	13,341	41.891	2,320	15,780			45.331	45,603	142,656	299,060	17.018	55.081	72.099	371,159	5.927
% provisions constituted	0.04%	0,12%		0.93%	2,47%	2,55%	1.05%	2.10%	5.99%	5.29%	7.12%	5.00%	2.00%			40.00%		90.00%	28,27%	2.44%	1.02%		3.73%	2,62%	0,027



h) Loans and allowances made by tranche of past due days

		Fina	ncial Assets bef	ore provisi	on					Mowances	constituted	1			
Concentration of credit risk by days past due As at June 30, 2025	Reg port Evalu	ular folio	Substandard portfolio Evaluation	Default	portfolio uation	Total	Reg porti Evalu	folio	Substandard portfolio Evaluation	Deduc guara Evalu	ctible ntees	Subtotal	Deductible guarantees FOGAPE	Total	Net financi asset
(in MCh\$)	individual	group	individual	individual	group		individual	group	individual	individual	group		Covid-19		
Advances to banks															
0 days	49,495	-	-	-	-	49,495	(23)	-	-	-	-	(23)	-	(23)	49,47
1 to 29 days	1,042	-	1	-	-	1,042	(1)	-	-	-	-	(1)	-	(1)	1,04
30 to 59 days	327		1	-	-	327	`-		-	-	-	-	-	-	32
60 to 89 days	-	-	1		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
>= 90 days	-	-		-	_	-	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Subtotal	50.864			_	-	50.864	(24)	-	-	-	_	(24)		(24)	50,84
	,					,	. ,					. ,			, , , , ,
Commercial loans															
0 days	10,087,475	1,579,758	735,512	122,437	78,626	12,603,808	(111,020)	(11,704)	(29,182)	(34,444)	(19,973)	(206,323)	(5,326)	(211,649)	12,392,15
1 to 29 days	266,964	61,623	84,080	17,263	20,435	450,365	(1,565)	(2,157)	(5,534)	(5,777)	(4,652)	(19,685)	(221)	(19,906)	430,4
30 to 59 days	8,255	26,132	19,331	21,076	19,990	94,784	(197)	(1,830)	(3,397)	(3,641)	(4,685)	. , ,	(149)	, , ,	
60 to 89 days	13	13,273	15,741	20,640	15,518	65,185		(1,304)	(481)	(10,048)	(3,800)		(45)		
>= 90 davs	_	_	31	296.147	117.611	413,789	_	- (, ,	(10)	(103,594)	(25,140)	, , ,	(186)	(128,930)	,
Subtotal	10,362,707	1,680,786	854,695	477,563	252,180	13,627,931	(112,782)	(16,995)	(38,604)	(157,504)		(384,135)	(5,927)	(390,062)	13,237,86
	, ,	, ,	,	,			, , ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,	(, ,	, ,	
Mortgage loans															
0 days	-	13,345,026	-	-	142,375	13,487,401	-	(12,567)	-	-	(5,842)	(18,409)	-	(18,409)	13,468,99
1 to 29 days	-	317,560	-	-	62,051	379,611	-	(3,863)	-	-	(2,109)	(5,972)	-	(5,972)	
30 to 59 days	-	130,493	•	-	53,697	184,190	_	(2,933)	-	-	(1,600)	(4,533)	-	(4,533)	179,65
60 to 89 days	-	58,414	1	-	36,600	95,014	-	(2,463)	-	-	(1,165)	(3,628)	-	(3,628)	91,38
>= 90 days	-	-		-	271,661	271,661	-	-	-	-	(13,608)	(13,608)	-	(13,608)	258,05
Subtotal	-	13,851,493			566,384	14,417,877	-	(21,826)	-	-	(24,324)	(46,150)	-	(46,150)	14,371,72
		, ,						, , ,			, , ,	, , ,		, , ,	
Consumer loans															
0 days	-	3,787,920	-	-	176,209	3,964,129	-	(137,319)	-	-	(97,771)	(235,090)	-	(235,090)	3,729,03
1 to 29 days	-	167,421	-	-	58,394	225,815	-	(27,204)	-	-	(32,766)	, ,	-	(59,970)	
30 to 59 days	-	62,878	-	-	56,941	119,819	-	(22,508)	-	-	(32,040)	(54,548)	_	(54,548)	,-
60 to 89 days	-	38,179	-	-	37,605	75,784	-	(18,450)	-	-	(21,005)		-	(39,455)	
>= 90 days	-	-	_	-	137,524	137,524	-		-	-	(78,072)		_	(78,072)	
Subtotal	-	4,056,398	-	-	466,673	4,523,071	-	(205,481)	-	-		(467,135)	-	(467,135)	
		, ,			,	, , , , , , , , ,		,, ,.,	ı		, . ,,	, . , ,		, , , , , , , ,	, , ,
Total loans	10,413,571	19,588,677	854.695	477.563	1,285,237	32,619,743	(112,806)	(244,302)	(38,604)	(157,504)	(344 228)	(897,444)	(5 927)	(903 371)	31,716,37

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Concentration of credit risk by	Reg		ncial Assets bef Substandard	ore provisi	on		Reg	ular	Substandard	Allowances Dedu			Deductible		Net financia
days past due	port	folio	portfolio	Default	portfolio	Total	portf	olio	portfolio	guara	ntees	Subtotal	guarantees	Total	asset
As at December 31, 2024	Evalu	ation	Evaluation	Eval	uation	lotai	Evalu	ation	Evaluation	Evalu		Jubiolai	FOGAPE	lotai	
(in MCh\$)	individual	group	individual	individual	group		individual	group	individual	individual	group		Covid-19		
Advances to banks															
0 days	1,476	_	-	-	-	1.476	(1)	-	_	-	-	(1)	-	(1)	1,475
1 to 29 days	89	-	-	-	-	89	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	89
30 to 59 days	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		-
60 to 89 days	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-		
>= 90 days	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1			1		-
Subtotal	1,565	•	-	-	-	1,565	(1)	-	-		-	(1)	-	(1)	1,564
Commercial loans															
	10.818.376	1,567,305	734.609	186.107	70,932	13,377,329	(112,587)	(11,175)	(30,897)	(57.184)	(16,768)	(228,611)	(5.326)	(233,937)	13,143,392
0 days 1 to 29 days	78.978	62.349	64.244	21.057	22,553	249.181	(1,885)	(2,088)	(2,167)	(6,181)	(5.641)	(17.962)	(5,326)	(18.183)	230.998
30 to 59 days	7,551	32,994	20,580	21,057	17.214	99.464	(41)	(2,544)	(3,728)	(6,181)	(4,048)	(16,893)	(149)	(17,042)	82,422
60 to 89 days	7,551	13,252	18,695	12,420	13,010	57,378	(41)	(1,211)	(5,726)	(3,365)	(2,834)	(12,497)	(45)	(12,542)	44,836
>= 90 days	'	13,232	35	263,977	134,493	398.505	-	(1,211)	(12)	(69,394)	(25,790)	(95,196)	(186)	(95,382)	303,123
Subtotal	10.904.906	1.675.900	838.163	504.686	258.202	14,181,857	(114,513)	(17,018)	(41,891)	(142.656)	(55,081)		(5.927)	(377,086)	
Cubicial	10,004,000	1,010,000	000,100	004,000	200,202	14,101,001	(114,010)	(11,010)	(41,001)	(142,000)	(00,001)	(011,100)	(0,021)	(011,000)	10,004,111
Mortgage loans															
0 days	-	13,060,220	-	-	126,134	13,186,354	-	(13,318)	-	-	(4,690)	(18,008)	-	(18,008)	13,168,346
1 to 29 days	-	371,754	-	-	61,580	433,334	-	(4,864)	-	-	(2,047)	(6,911)	1	(6,911)	426,423
30 to 59 days	-	135,724	-	-	47,724	183,448	-	(3,354)	-	-	(1,687)	(5,041)	-	(5,041)	178,407
60 to 89 days	-	62,792	-	-	45,847	108,639	-	(2,529)	-	-	(1,392)	(3,921)		(3,921)	104,718
>= 90 days	-	-	-	-	246,984	246,984	-	-	-	-	(13,323)	(13,323)	-	(13,323)	233,661
Subtotal	-	13,630,490	-	-	528,269	14,158,759	-	(24,065)	-	-	(23,139)	(47,204)	-	(47,204)	14,111,555
Consumer loans															
0 days	_	3,643,213	_ [190,152	3,833,365	_	(97,428)	_		(65,837)	(163,265)	_	(163,265)	3,670,100
1 to 29 days	_	168.302	_		60.313	228.615		(30,542)	_		(22,987)	(53,529)		(53,529)	175.086
30 to 59 days	_	61,082			44,730	105.812		(14,058)	_		(17,420)	(31,478)		(31,478)	74,334
60 to 89 days	_	40.389	-		39.810	80.199		(10,259)	_	-	(16,635)	(26.894)	-	(26.894)	
>= 90 days	_	-10,000	-	_	128,765	128.765		(10,200)	_	_	(62,708)	(62,708)		(62,708)	66.057
Subtotal	_	3,912,986	_	_	463,770	4,376,756		(152,287)	_		(185,587)	, ,	-	(337,874)	,
		3,012,000	-		400,110	1,0.0,.00		(102,201)			(100,001)	(301,014)		(301,014)	-,,000,002
Total loans	10,906,471	19,219,376	838,163	504,686	1,250,241	32,718,937	(114,514)	(193,370)	(41,891)	(142,656)	(263,807)	(756,238)	(5,927)	(762,165)	31,956,772

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



i) Lease operations

Gross loans for finance lease contracts have the following remaining terms until maturity:

	Account receivable MCh\$	6/30/2025 Interest and deferred VAT MCh\$	Net balance receivable MCh\$	Account receivable MCh\$	12/31/2024 Interest and deferred VAT MCh\$	Net balance receivable MCh\$
On-demand	1,484	(66)	1,418	1,107	(30)	1,077
Up to one month	1,439	(247)	1,192	693	(116)	577
More than one up to three months	385,697	(81,481)	304,216	395,445	(76,064)	319,381
More than three months up to one year	10,189	(1,679)	8,510	6,363	(1,265)	5,098
More than one up to three years	380,155	(91,138)	289,017	374,996	(90,363)	284,633
More than three up to five years	101,133	(14,326)	86,807	42,862	(7,505)	35,357
More than five years	317,663	(84,139)	233,524	372,548	(98,442)	274,106
Total	1,197,760	(273,076)	924,684	1,194,014	(273,785)	920,229

The Bank finances its customers for the acquisition of assets, both real estate and non-real estate, through finance lease contracts between 1 and 20 years depending on each contract, which are presented under "finance lease operations" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

As at June 30, 2025, MCh\$273,826 corresponds to finance leases on real estate (MCh\$264,055 as at December 31, 2024) and MCh\$650,858 to finance leases on non-real estate (MCh\$656,174 as at December 31, 2024).

Interest and indexation income on receivables from finance leases of real estate and non-real estate is disclosed in Note 30 "Interest income and expenses" and Note 31 "Indexation income and expenses."

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



j) Sale of loans for higher education studies per Law No. 20027

Pursuant to the provisions of the public bidding bases for the award of financing and credit administration service for senior education of Law No. 20027, the Bank sold to the Chilean Treasury a percentage of the related loan portfolio, transferring substantially all the risks and benefits associated with the loans assigned. Only the administration service of the transactions sold was maintained, which considers granting new loans and their collection.

The summary of sales performed is as follows:

Concept	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Par value	6,884	21,673
Provisions	(575)	(886)
Net value of provisions	6,309	20,787
Sale value	6,542	26,768
Sale result (*)	233	5,981
(Loss) profit in sale (**)	71	2,430
Income received in advance	162	3,551

(*) The gain or loss on the sale is obtained from the sales value less the net value of allowances.

Deferred income/revenue corresponds to revenue obtained for the interest rate spread of loans granted at a rate of 2%. Deferred income/revenue is included in caption "Other liabilities" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

k) Sale of Loans

During the period from January 1 through June 30, 2025, no assignments of loans from the commercial or retail portfolio (as at June 30, 2024 a loss of MCh\$15 from assignment of loans of the commercial portfolio and gain of MCh\$5 from the sale of loans written-off in the retail portfolio), in the caption "Gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income."

During the year from January 1 through June 30, 2025, the subsidiary Bandesarrollo Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A., recorded a realized gain from the assignment of portfolio of MCh\$26 (a gain of MCh\$32 as at June 30, 2024), in the caption "Gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income."

^(**) The gain (loss) on sale is included in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income under the caption "Net financial result from derecognition of financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income."

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



I) Securitization

The subsidiary Bandesarrollo Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A. maintains in its statement of financial position financial assets transferred and not derecognized, as it retains substantially all the risks and rewards, mainly the credit risk. Under the agreement, customers remit cash directly to the subsidiary and the subsidiary transfers the proceeds to the final beneficiary.

The information below shows the carrying amount of financial assets that have been transferred but not derecognized and their associated liabilities:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Housing loan portfolio	1,319	1,986
Carrying amount of associated liabilities	1,094	1,595

As at June 30, 2025, the subsidiary Bandesarrollo Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A. recognizes a liability pending repayment of MCh\$1,094 (MCh\$1,595 as at December 31, 2024), related to the price obtained or part of the price obtained in 2006, in sales of housing lease contracts portfolio for securitization purposes, but such portfolios have not been derecognized, following the instructions issued by the CMF. Not derecognizing the fully or partially-assigned assets is due to the fact that the subsidiary acquired the securitized subordinated bonds issued by the separate equity constituted with such assets, which implies the retention of significant risks and rewards associated with such assets.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024

Note 14 Investment in companies.

The detail of investments in companies is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Companies locally controlled	-	-
Companies controlled abroad		
Branches controlled abroad	-	-
Other companies controlled abroad	-	-
Companies with significant influence in the country	30,333	28,542
Companies with significant influence abroad	-	-
Investments in companies as a joint venture in the country	-	-
Investments in companies as a joint venture abroad	-	-
Minority investments in other companies in the country	11,508	10,172
Minority investments in other companies abroad	42	42
Total Investments in companies	41,883	38,756

a) Companies in which the Bank has significant influence in Chile

	Ownership %	Tax ID No	Country	Company's equity as at 6/30/2025 MCh\$	Investment as at 6/30/2025 MCh\$	Investment as at 12/31/2024 MCh\$
Transbank S.A.	22.69	96.689.310-9	Chile	157,312 _	30,333	28,542
Total				<u>_</u>	30,333	28,542

Transbank S.A.

It is a closely-held shareholders' corporation that supports the banking business, and its purpose is to operate payment cards and provide services aimed at facilitating the fulfillment of the purposes of financial institutions.

A summary of the significant items in the Financial Statements at each period-end is presented below.

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Assets and liabilities		
Current assets	1,266,887	1,816,145
Non-current assets	143,426	161,533
Current liabilities	1,242,958	1,813,686
Non-current liabilities	10,044	17,176
Income statements (summary)		
Net sale	68,438	165,214
Operating results	11,591	11,581
Profit (loss) for the period	9,510	9,845
Depreciation and amortization	(30,050)	(73,110)



b) Minority investments in other domestic companies

	Country	Investment as at 6/30/2025 MCh\$	Investment as at 12/31/2024 MCh\$
Holding Bursátil Chilena S.A.	Chile	7,406	6,070
Bolsa Electrónica de Chile	Chile	310	310
Sociedad Interbancaria de Depósitos de Valores	Chile	204	204
Sociedad Servicios de Infraestructura y de Mercado OTC	Chile	2,291	2,291
Redbanc S.A.	Chile	860	860
Combanc S.A.	Chile	403	403
Bolsa de Valores de Valparaíso S.A.	Chile	11	11
Club de La Unión	Chile	15	15
Caja Compensación Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago	Chile	8	8
Total		11,508	10,172

c) Minority investments in other companies abroad

	Country	Investment as at 6/30/2025 MCh\$	Investment as at 12/31/2024 MCh\$
Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication	Belgium	11	11
Banco Latinoamericano de Comercio Exterior S.A. (Bladex)	Panama	31	31
Total		42	42

d) Movements in Investments in companies are detailed as follows:

	6/30/2025	12/31/2024
	MCh\$	MCh\$
Book value as at January 1	38,756	34,220
Capital increase in Transbank S.A.	-	-
Division of Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago	-	-
Incorporation of Sociedad de Infraestructura de Mercado S.A.	-	-
Subscription and exchange of shares of Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago	-	-
Subscription and exchange of shares of Sociedad de Infraestructuras de Mercado S.A.	-	-
Subscription of shares Holding Bursátil Chilena S.A.	-	-
Adjustment to market value on minority investments in other companies	1,336	343
Participation on results in companies with significant influence	1,791	4,192
Sale of investments	-	-
Exchange rate variation Investments in other foreign companies	<u>-</u>	1
Total	41,883	38,756

During the years ended June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, there have been no movements associated with impairment.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024

Note 15 Intangible assets

a) The detail of intangible assets is as follows:

	Years of useful life		of useful life rema		Average remaining Gross balan amortization		Accumulated lance amortization and		Net balance	
Intangible assets	2025	2024	2025	2024	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Goodwill for business combinations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other intangibles arising from business combinations (*)										
Exclusivity agreement	15	15	5	6	138,425	138,425	(93,822)	(89,208)	44,603	49,217
Other independently originated intangible assets										
Software or computer programs purchased independently	10	10	2	2	17,494	17,494	(16,618)	(16,255)	876	1,239
Software or computer programs generated internally	10	10	5	4	342,827	329,277	(145,526)	(124,127)	197,301	205,150
Total intangible assets					498,746	485,196	(255,966)	(229,590)	242,780	255,606

^(*) Intangible assets from business combinations refer to those arising from the purchase of 51% of shares of CAT Administradora de Tarjetas de Crédito S.A. ("CAT") and CAT Corredores de Seguros y Servicios S.A.



b) Intangible assets are detailed as follows:

	Computer programs	Intangible assets, business combinations	Other	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Gross balance :				
Balance as at January 1, 2024	299,827	138,425	-	438,252
Acquisitions	47,333	-	-	47,333
Reclassifications	(50)	-	-	(50)
Impairment	(339)	-	-	(339)
Total gross	346,771	138,425	-	485,196
Accumulated amortization as at January 1, 2024	(102,848)	(79,979)	_	(182,827)
Amortization for the period	(37,534)	(9,229)	-	(46,763)
Impairment	-	-	-	-
Total amortization	(140,382)	(89,208)	-	(229,590)
Balance as at December 31, 2024	206,389	49,217	-	255,606
Gross balance :				
Balance as at January 1, 2025	346,771	138,425	-	485,196
Acquisitions	13,550	-	-	13,550
Reclassifications	-	-	-	-
Impairment	-	-	-	-
Total gross	360,321	138,425	-	498,746
Accumulated amortization as at January 1, 2025	(140,382)	(89,208)	_	(229,590)
Amortization for the period	(21,762)	(4,614)	-	(26,376)
Impairment	-	-	-	-
Total amortization	(162,144)	(93,822)	-	(255,966)
Balance as at June 30, 2025	198,177	44,603	-	242,780

Debits for amortization or impairment of intangible assets are included under "Depreciation and amortization" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.



Note 16 Property and equipment

a) The caption Property and equipment is composed of the following:

Business	Average useful life Remaining average depreciation			Gross	balance	Accumulated depreciation		Net balance		
Property and equipment	6/30/2025	12/31/2024	6/30/2025	12/31/2024	6/30/2025	12/31/2024	6/30/2025	12/31/2024	6/30/2025	12/31/2024
equipment	years	years	years	years	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Land and constructions	80	80	35	35	63,190	65,176	(20,193)	(20,483)	42,997	44,693
Equipment	6	6	5	5	140,737	138,694	(116,279)	(112,718)	24,458	25,976
Other	6	6	5	5	18,321	18,509	(14,596)	(14,463)	3,725	4,046
Total					222,248	222,379	(151,068)	(147,664)	71,180	74,715

b) Movements in Property and equipment are detailed as follows:

	Building and land	Equipment	Other	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Balance as at January 1, 2024	68,358	135,461	18,308	222,127
Purchase of property and equipment	-	1,678	2,926	4,604
Asset disposal	(3,182)	(1,046)	(153)	(4,381)
Reclassification of accounts	-	2,601	(2,572)	29
Impairment		-	-	
Gross total	65,176	138,694	18,509	222,379
Accumulated depreciation as at January 1, 2024	(20,085)	(103,725)	(13,990)	(137,800)
Depreciation for the period	(1,594)	(9,767)	(609)	(11,970)
Asset disposal	1,196	774	136	2,106
Reclassification of accounts	-	-	-	-
Impairment	-	-	-	-
Total depreciation	(20,483)	(112,718)	(14,463)	(147,664)
Balance as at December 31, 2024	44,693	25,976	4,046	74,715
Balance as at January 1, 2025	65,176	138,694	18,509	222,379
Purchase of property and equipment	03,170	1,553	1,223	2,776
Asset disposal	(1,986)	(719)	(172)	(2,877)
Reclassification of accounts	(1,900)	1,209	(1,239)	(30)
Impairment	_	1,209	(1,239)	(30)
Gross total	63,190	140,737	18,321	222,248
Accumulated depreciation as at January 1, 2025	(20,483)	(112,718)	(14,463)	(147,664)
Depreciation for the period	(20,463)	(4,174)	(14,463)	(5,214)
Asset disposal	1,036	613	161	1,810
Reclassification of accounts	-	-	-	
Impairment	-	-	-	-
Total depreciation	(20,193)	(116,279)	(14,596)	(151,068)
Balance as at June 30, 2025	42,997	24,458	3,725	71,180

Debits for depreciation of Property and equipment are included in the caption "Depreciation and amortization" of the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.



Note 17 Right-of-use lease assets and lease liabilities under lease contracts

a) The detail of right-of-use assets under lease contracts is as follows:

Assets for the right-to-use	Gross I	palance	Accum depred	ulated ciation	Net ba	alance
lease assets	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Building and land	186,940	186,520	(62,653)	(57,648)	124,287	128,872
Leased property improvements	40,286	40,663	(25,188)	(24,392)	15,098	16,271
Total	227,226	227,183	(87,841)	(82,040)	139,385	145,143

b) Movements in right-of-use assets under lease contracts are detailed as follows:

	Building and land MCh\$	Leased property improvements MCh\$	Total MCh\$
Gross balance:	MON	ШОПФ	МОПФ
Balance as at January 1, 2024 Adjustment due to liability remeasurement	189,843 5,706	41,055	230,898 5,706
Additions	2,026	44	2,070
Increase due to contract modification	110	-	110
Decrease due to contract modification Contract modification - subsidiaries	(8,943)	-	(8,943)
Reclassifications (*)	-	21	- 21
Withdrawals / Derecognition	(2,222)	(457)	(2,679)
Gross Total	186,520	40,663	227,183
Accumulated depreciation as at January 1, 2024 Impairment	(48,726)	(22,603)	(71,329)
Depreciation for the period	(11,737)	(2,246)	(13,983)
Decrease due to contract modification	1,010	-	1,010
Reclassifications	-	-	-
Withdrawals / Derecognition	1,805	457	2,262
Total depreciation	(57,648)	(24,392)	(82,040)
Balance as at December 31, 2024	128,872	16,271	145,143
Polonos os et January 1, 2025	186,520	40,663	227,183
Balance as at January 1, 2025 Adjustment due to liability remeasurement	2,736	40,003	2,736
Additions	2,730	_	2,730
Increase due to contract modification	313	-	313
Decrease due to contract modification	-	-	-
Reclassifications (*)	_	30	30
Withdrawals / Derecognition	(2,629)	(407)	(3,036)
Gross Total	186,940	40,286	227,226
Accumulated depreciation as at January 1, 2025 Impairment	(57,648)	(24,392)	(82,040)
Depreciation for the period	(5,708)	(1,059)	(6,767)
Decrease due to contract modification	-	-	-
Withdrawals / derecognition	703	263	966
Total depreciation	(62,653)	(25,188)	(87,841)
Balance as at June 30, 2025	124,287	15,098	139,385

^(*) Mainly relates to amounts for which in the beginning there is no individual identification. Upon completion of the purchase or construction (for the remodeling of leased offices) these are transferred to the final asset.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Debits for depreciation of right-of-use assets are included under "Depreciation and amortization" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

The Bank's lease contracts consist mainly of real estate leases, intended for the performance of its operating functions. Contracts contain renewal options and for those for which there is reasonable certainty that this option will be exercised, the lease term used to measure the liability and the asset corresponds to an estimate of future renewals.

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Bank has no expenses related to leases of low value. Expenses related to short-term leases amount to MCh\$3,844 as at June 30, 2025 (MCh\$2,766 as at June 30, 2024) and are included under the caption "Administrative expenses" of the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

Income received from the sub-lease on right-of-use assets amount to MCh\$375 as at June 30, 2025 (MCh\$95 as at June 30, 2024), which are recorded in the caption "Other Operating Income" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income.

As at June 30, 2025 and 2024, no gains or losses were generated from sale with leaseback transactions.

c) Liabilities under lease contracts

Movements of liabilities under lease contracts and cash flows are detailed as follows:

	Movements for the	periods ended
Lease liability	6/30/2025	12/31/2024
	MCh\$	MCh\$
Balances as at January 1	138,208	149,308
Lease liabilities generated	-	2,026
Modification of contract	313	(7,823)
Modification of contract- subsidiaries	-	-
Interest expense	2,236	4,400
Capital payments (*)	(5,167)	(10,560)
Interest payments (*)	(2,236)	(4,400)
Contract adjustments	2,736	5,706
Payments due to cancellation /termination of leases	(2,100)	(449)
Total	133,990	138,208
(*) Total Payments associated with lease liabilities in the period	(7,403)	(14,960)



d) Cash flows from liabilities under lease contracts

The Bank holds lease contracts on certain assets for its operating functions. The table below shows the analysis of the cash flows of contractual maturities:

Lease contracts flows	Up to 1 month	Between 1 and 3 months	Between 3 months and 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
As at June 30, 2025	1,240	2,481	11,167	58,020	98,387	171,295
As at June 30, 2024	1,125	2,250	10,085	52,481	107,351	173,292

Note 18 Taxes

a) Current taxes

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Assets:		
Income tax, 27% tax rate	(6,156)	(9,184)
One-off tax under Article No. 21, 40% tax rate Less:		-
Monthly tax provisional payments	10,838	12,683
Credit for training expenses	-	333
Credit 104 Income Tax Law	_	-
Previous year recoverable tax	349	-
Other	-	-
Total current tax asset	5,031	3,832
Liabilities:		
Income tax, 27% tax rate	(75,741)	(111,429)
One-off tax under Article No. 21, 40% tax rate	(16)	(28)
Previous year income tax	-	-
Less:		
Monthly tax provisional payments	45,810	91,719
Credit for training expenses	-	541
Previous year recoverable tax	592	15,340
Credit 104 Income Tax Law	586	1,431
Other	(153)	(141)
Total current tax liability	(28,922)	(2,567)



b) Tax benefit (expense)

The effect of tax expense is composed of the following:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Income tax expenses:		
Current year tax	(96,236)	(67,829)
Excess (deficit) allowance previous year	1,517	(2,324)
Previous years tax	-	-
Credit (charge) due to deferred taxes:		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences current year	56,397	12,463
Origination and reversal of temporary differences prior year	(1,916)	718
Subtotal	(40,238)	(56,972)
Tax for rejected expenses Article No. 21 Other	(16) -	(14)
Net charge to Income due to income tax	(40,254)	(56,986)

The Bank presents no taxes from discontinued operations for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024.

c) Effect of taxes recorded in equity

The effect of taxes recorded in equity correspond to the following concepts:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Deferred taxes:		
Financial investments at fair value with changes in other comprehensive income	(5,565)	(9,232)
Employee defined benefit plans	-	61
Subtotal deferred taxes	(5,565)	(9,171)
Current taxes:		
Derivatives in cash flow hedges	6,749	22,135
Subtotal current taxes	6,749	22,135
Total (charge) credit in equity	1,184	12,964



d) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Taxable and deductible differences that make up the deferred tax balances are detailed as follows:

Deferred tax assets associated with defined benefit pension plans 593 576 Deferred tax assets associated with deductible temporary differences - - Loans provisions 270,023 248,180 Financial penalties of loans thar are tax assets - - Income from interest and adjustments with accrual suspended for loans in impaired portfolio 24,500 22,245 Provisions for employee benefit obligations 11,608 8,480 Leasing operations 61,805 40,185 Tax-financial differences of property and equipment 11,968 11,918 MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments 19,207 23,104 Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - - Unused Bank Tax Losses - - - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits - - - Deferred tax assets 452,030 403,213 Deferred tax liabilities associated w	Concent	6/30/2025	12/31/2024
Deferred tax assets associated with mortgage servicing rights 1	Concept	MCh\$	MCh\$
Deferred tax assets associated with other intangibles 11,927 3,194 Deferred tax assets associated with defined benefit pension plans 593 576 Deferred tax assets associated with defined benefit pension plans - - Deferred tax assets associated with deductible temporary differences 270,023 248,180 Loans provisions 270,023 248,180 Financial penalties of loans thar are tax assets - - Income from interest and adjustments with accrual suspended for loans in impaired portfolio 24,500 22,245 Provisions for employee benefit obligations 61,805 40,185 Leasing operations 61,805 40,185 Tax-financial differences of property and equipment 11,968 11,915 MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments 3,775 3,910 Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - Unused Bank Tax Losses - - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,522 Unuse	Deferred tax assets associated to goodwill	-	-
Deferred tax assets associated with defined benefit pension plans 593 576 Deferred tax assets associated with deductible temporary differences - - Loans provisions 270,023 248,180 Financial penalties of loans thar are tax assets - - Income from interest and adjustments with accrual suspended for loans in impaired portfolio 24,500 22,245 Provisions for employee benefit obligations 11,608 8,480 Leasing operations 61,805 40,188 Tax-financial differences of property and equipment 11,968 11,918 MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments 19,207 23,104 Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - - Unused Bank Tax Losses - - - Unused tax credits - - - Deferred tax with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - - Total deferred tax isabilities associate	Deferred tax assets associated with mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Deferred tax assets associated with deductible temporary differences - Loans provisions 270,023 248,180 Financial penalties of loans thar are tax assets - - Income from interest and adjustments with accrual suspended for loans in impaired portfolio 24,500 22,245 Provisions for employee benefit obligations 11,608 8,486 Leasing operations 61,805 40,185 Tax-financial differences of property and equipment 11,968 11,918 MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments 19,207 23,104 Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - Unused Bank Tax Losses - - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits - - Deferred taxes with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - Total deferred tax isabilities associated to goodwill - - Deferred tax liabilities associat	Deferred tax assets associated with other intangibles	11,927	3,194
Loans provisions 270,023 248,180 Financial penalities of loans thar are tax assets - - Income from interest and adjustments with accrual suspended for loans in impaired portfolio 24,500 22,245 Provisions for employee benefit obligations 11,608 8,480 Leasing operations 61,805 40,185 Tax-financial differences of property and equipment 11,968 11,915 MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments 19,207 23,104 Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - Unused Bank Tax Losses - - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits - - Deferred taxes with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - Total deferred tax assets 452,030 403,213 Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with other int	Deferred tax assets associated with defined benefit pension plans	593	576
Financial penalties of loans thar are tax assets - -	Deferred tax assets associated with deductible temporary differences	-	
Income from interest and adjustments with accrual suspended for loans in impaired portfolio 24,500 22,245 Provisions for employee benefit obligations 11,608 8,480 Leasing operations 61,805 40,185 Tax-financial differences of property and equipment 11,968 11,915 MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments 19,207 23,104 Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - Unused Bank Tax Losses - - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits - - Deferred taxes with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - Total deferred tax assets 452,030 403,213 Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with ofference tax liabilities associated with offered benefit pension plans - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences -<	Loans provisions	270,023	248,180
Provisions for employee benefit obligations 11,608 8,480 Leasing operations 61,805 40,185 Tax-financial differences of property and equipment 11,968 11,918 MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments 19,207 23,104 Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - Unused Bank Tax Losses - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits - - Deferred tax sew with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - Total deferred tax assets 452,030 403,213 Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with temporary differences - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with temporary differences - - Tax-financial differences of property, equipment	Financial penalties of loans thar are tax assets	-	-
Leasing operations 61,805 40,185 Tax-financial differences of property and equipment 11,968 11,915 MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments 19,207 23,104 Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - Unused Bank Tax Losses - - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax redits - - Deferred taxes with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - Total deferred tax assets 452,030 403,213 Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences - - Tax- financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing	Income from interest and adjustments with accrual suspended for loans in impaired portfolio	24,500	22,245
Tax-financial differences of property and equipment 11,968 11,915 MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments 19,207 23,104 Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - - Unused Bank Tax Losses - - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits - - Deferred taxes with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - Total deferred tax assets 452,030 403,213 Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences - - Tax financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing operations - - Changes i	Provisions for employee benefit obligations	11,608	8,480
MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments 19,207 23,104 Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - - Unused Bank Tax Losses - - - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits - - - Deferred taxes with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - - Total deferred tax assets 452,030 403,213 Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences - - Tax- financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing operations - - - Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through	Leasing operations	61,805	40,185
Sundry provisions 3,775 3,910 Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - Unused Bank Tax Losses - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits - - Deferred taxes with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - Total deferred tax assets 452,030 403,213 Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences - - Tax- financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing operations - - - Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - -	Tax-financial differences of property and equipment	11,968	11,915
Other 13,935 13,475 Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences - Unused Bank Tax Losses - - Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits - - Deferred taxes with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - Total deferred tax assets 452,030 403,213 Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences - - Tax- financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing operations - - Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - -	MTM Financial instruments for trading and other investments	19,207	23,104
Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences Unused Bank Tax Losses Unused tax losses of subsidiaries Unused tax losses of subsidiaries Unused tax credits Deferred taxes with changes in equity Other Total deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences Tax- financial differences of property, equipment Leasing operations Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Sundry provisions	3,775	3,910
Unused Bank Tax Losses Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits Deferred taxes with changes in equity Other Total deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences Tax- financial differences of property, equipment Leasing operations Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Other	13,935	13,475
Unused tax losses of subsidiaries 4,692 4,322 Unused tax credits - - Deferred taxes with changes in equity 17,997 23,627 Other - - Total deferred tax assets 452,030 403,213 Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans - - Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences - - Tax- financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing operations - - Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - -	Deferred tax assets not associated with deductible temporary differences	-	
Unused tax credits Deferred taxes with changes in equity Other Total deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences Tax- financial differences of property, equipment Leasing operations Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Unused Bank Tax Losses	-	_
Deferred taxes with changes in equity Other Total deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences Tax- financial differences of property, equipment Leasing operations Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income 17,997 23,627 24 25 26 27 28 28 29 20 20 21 21 22 23 20 21 22 22 23 24 24 25 26 27 28 28 28 29 20 20 20 21 21 22 23 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	Unused tax losses of subsidiaries	4,692	4,322
Other - <td>Unused tax credits</td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td>	Unused tax credits	-	_
Total deferred tax assets Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences Tax- financial differences of property, equipment Leasing operations Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Deferred taxes with changes in equity	17,997	23,627
Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans Tax- financial differences of property, equipment Leasing operations Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Other	_	-
Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights - Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles - Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans - Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences Tax- financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing operations - Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -	Total deferred tax assets	452,030	403,213
Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles - Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans - Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences Tax- financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing operations - Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -	Deferred tax liabilities associated to goodwill	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences Tax- financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing operations - Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -	Deferred tax liabilities associated with mortgage servicing rights	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences Tax- financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing operations - Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -	Deferred tax liabilities associated with other intangibles	-	_
Tax- financial differences of property, equipment (772) (836) Leasing operations	Deferred tax liabilities associated with defined benefit pension plans	-	_
Leasing operations	Deferred tax liabilities associated with taxable temporary differences		
Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income -	Tax- financial differences of property, equipment	(772)	(836)
·	Leasing operations	-	
·	• .	-	_
		-	_
Other	Other	-	_
Deferred tax liabilities not associated with taxable temporary differences -	Deferred tax liabilities not associated with taxable temporary differences	_	-
Goodwill for significant investments in companies measured using equity method (associates and/or joint ventures)	·	_	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		(772)	(836)



e) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

The reconciliation between income tax rate and effective rate applied for determining tax expense is detailed in the table below.

	Tax rate %	6/30/2025 MCh\$
Income before taxes		238,881
Income before corporate income tax	27.00%	64,498
Permanent differences		
Price-level restatement on tax equity	(13.34%)	(31,859)
Other permanent differences	(2.54%)	(6,079)
Taxes not recognized on profit or loss in previous years		
Prior year effect	0.17%	410
Other	5.55%	13,268
Effective rate and current year income tax proceeds	16.84%	40,238
One-off tax under Article No. 21	0.01%	16
Total income tax expense	16.85%	40,254

	Tax rate %	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Income before taxes		298,089
Income before corporate income tax	27.00%	80,484
Permanent differences		
Price-level restatement on tax equity	(8.55%)	(25,474)
Other permanent differences	0.50%	1,499
Taxes not recognized on profit or loss in previous years	-	-
Prior year effect	0.55%	1,636
Other	(0.39%)	(1,173)
Effective rate and current year income tax proceeds	19.11%	56,972
One-off tax under Article No. 21	0.00%	14
Total income tax expense	19.11%	56,986



f) Joint Circular No.47 issued by the Chilean IRS and No.3478 issued by the CMF

Transactions and effects generated by the application of article 31, number 4 of the Income Tax Law is detailed below. This information relates solely to the Bank's loan transactions and does not consider the operations of subsidiaries which consolidate in these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

Type of loan	amount in the Financial Statements(*)	Total	Secured overdue portfolio	Unsecured overdue portfolio	
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	
Commercial loans	12,400,057	12,708,270	163,037	36,514	
Consumer loans	2,465,322	2,639,877	(59)	9,871	
Mortgage loans	14,390,176	14,933,623	12,923	28	
Total	29,255,555	30,281,770	175,901	46,413	
Provisions on overdue portfolio as at 06/30/2025					
	Balance as at	Prior year	Write-offs against	Allowances	Released
Type of loan	December 31, 2024 MCh\$	adjustment MCh\$	allowances MCh\$	constituted MCh\$	allowances MCh\$
Commercial loans	36,266	3,786	(12,589)	24,870	(15,819)
Consumer loans	874	8,854	(15,806)	21,340	(5,391)
Mortgage loans	12	-	-	18	(2)
Total	37,152	12,640	(28,395)	46,228	(21,212)
Direct write/offs and recoveries as at 06/30/2025	MCh\$				

81,429

24.955

MCh\$

Forgiveness per third sub-paragraph

Loans and accounts receivable from customers as at 12/31/2024

Direct write-offs as per Art. 31 No. 4 second sub-paragraph

Debt forgiveness which resulted in the release of allowances

Application of Art. 31 No. 4 first and third sub- paragraphs

Recoveries or renegotiation of loans written-off

Write-offs per first sub- paragraph

Loans and accounts receivable from customers as at 06/30/2025

	Assets at		Assets at tax value		
Type of loan	carrying amount in the Financial Statements(*)	Total	Secured overdue portfolio	Unsecured overdue portfolio	
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	
Commercial loans	14,630,069	14,914,841	136,313	36,266	
Consumer loans	2,388,138	2,561,556	2,393	874	
Mortgage loans	14,128,260	14,653,784	10,661	12	
Total	31,146,467	32,130,181	149,367	37,152	

Provisions on overdue portfolio as at 12/31/2024

Type of loan	Balance as at December 31, 2024	Write-offs against allowances	Allowances constituted	Released allowances	Balance as at December 31, 2024
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Commercial loans	56,707	(41,480)	48,124	(27,084)	36,266
Consumer loans	18,505	(47,681)	46,095	(16,045)	874
Mortgage loans	21	(13)	18	(14)	12
Total	75,233	(89,174)	94,238	(43,143)	37,152
Direct write/offs and recoveries as at 12/31/2024	MCh\$				
Direct write-offs as per Art. 31 No. 4 second sub-paragraph	176,626				
Debt forgiveness which resulted in the release of allowances	-				
Recoveries or renegotiation of loans written-off	55,616				
Application of Art. 31 No. 4 first and third sub- paragraphs	MCh\$				
Write-offs per first sub- paragraph	-				
Forgiveness per third sub-paragraph	-				

(*) In accordance with the abovementioned Circular and instructions issued by the Chilean Internal Revenue Service, the value of assets in financial statements is presented on an individual basis and does not include lease operations and factoring transactions.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 19 Other assets

Other assets are detailed as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Assets to assign in financial leasing as lessor	9,071	8,846
Cash guarantees delivered for derivative financial operations	735,844	653,581
Accounts receivable from third parties	132,854	127,750
VAT tax credit receivable	5,119	7,994
Prepaid expenses	11,685	15,013
Income asset from usual activities from contracts with customers	-	-
Other cash collateral provided	4,980	6,560
Outstanding operations	15,742	9,500
Other assets	17,988	18,810
Total other assets	933,283	848,054



Note 20 Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale and liabilities included in disposal groups held for sale

a) This line item is detailed as follows:

Concept	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Assets received in payment or adjudicated in judicial auction		
Goods received in payment (*)	979	1,308
Assets adjudicated in judicial auction	22,295	16,234
Provisions for goods received in payment or adjudicated in judicial auction	(54)	(7)
Subtotal	23,220	17,535
Non-current assets held for sale	_	
Investments in companies	-	-
Intangible assets	-	-
Property and equipment	1,832	1,832
Assets for recovery of goods transferred in financial leasing operations	1,172	1,368
Other assets	-	-
Subtotal	3,004	3,200
Disposal groups for sale	-	-
Total non-current assets and disposal groups for sale	26,224	20,735

(*) Assets received in lieu of payment correspond to assets received for the payment of customers' past due debt obligations. The group of assets acquired as such must not exceed 20% of the Bank's effective equity at any time. These assets currently represent 0.02% (0.02% as at December 31, 2024) of the Bank's effective equity.

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Bank has no liabilities included in disposal groups held for sale.



b) Movements in non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale and liabilities included in disposal groups held for sale:

	Assets received in payment or adjudicated in judicial auction	Non-current assets held for sale	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Assets Release on at lenguary 4, 2024	46 496	3,440	40.026
Balance as at January 1, 2024 Repossessed assets	16,486 28,993	3,440 2,866	19,926 31,859
Write-offs on goods	(5,053)	(51)	(5,104)
Alienation	(22,851)	(1,451)	(24,302)
Regularizations	(33)	(1,537)	(1,570)
(Constitution)/release	(55)	(1,557)	(1,370)
Sales / disposals	_	_	_
Balance as at December 31, 2024	17,542	3,267	20,809
Provisions _			
Balance as at January 1, 2024	(19)	(173)	(192)
Provisions constituted	(93)	(202)	(295)
Release on provisions	105	308	413
Transfers, other movements and exchange differences	-	-	-
Balance as at December 31, 2024	(7)	(67)	(74)
Net balances as at December 31, 2024	17,535	3,200	20,735
<u>Assets</u>			
Balance as at January 1, 2025	17,542	3,267	20,809
Repossessed assets	17,836	498	18,334
Write-offs on goods	(817)	-	(817)
Alienation	-	(457)	(457)
Regularizations	-	(272)	(272)
Sales / disposals	(11,287)	-	(11,287)
Balance as at June 30, 2025	23,274	3,036	26,310
Provisions			
Balance as at January 1, 2025	(7)	(67)	(74)
Provisions constituted	(52)	35	(17)
Release on provisions	5	_	5
Balance as at June 30, 2025	(54)	(32)	(86)
Net balances as at June 30, 2025	23,220	3,004	26,224



Note 21 Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss

The detail of this line item is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Derivative instruments		
Forwards	752,813	855,719
Swaps	3,688,682	4,357,998
Call options	191	542
Put options	621	81
Other financial instruments		-
Total	4,442,307	5,214,340

Financial derivative contracts are detailed as follows:

As at June 30, 2025			Notiona	al amounts of contra	acts with			
Product	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 months up to 1	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Fair value
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Forward								
Future arbitration	32,414	523,136	555,202	570,842	179,724	11,095	-	29,075
Paper Forward	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange insurance	981,920	12,515,704	5,508,183	7,837,780	1,371,465	318,300	595,393	336,076
Inflation insurance	40,809	695,841	3,529,941	14,300,825	5,652,271	2,423,212	2,907,965	387,662
Subtotal forward	1,055,143	13,734,681	9,593,326	22,709,447	7,203,460	2,752,607	3,503,358	752,813
Options								
Call option	-	5,841	15,629	-	_	-	-	191
Put option	976	5,503	6,396	12,162	-	-	-	621
Subtotal options	976	11,344	22,026	12,162	-	-	-	812
Swap								
Cross currency swap	46,453	300,545	1,256,503	7,812,069	11,806,842	10,059,534	12,142,855	2,498,930
Rate Swap	30,066	20,160,496	15,589,286	50,174,917	40,795,729	23,947,268	27,302,872	1,189,752
Subtotal swap	76,519	20,461,041	16,845,789	57,986,986	52,602,571	34,006,802	39,445,727	3,688,682
Total	1,132,638	34,207,066	26,461,141	80,708,595	59,806,031	36,759,409	42,949,085	4,442,307

^(*) The amounts of the maturities were determined based on the notional values of the financial instruments

As at December 31, 2024			Notiona	al amounts of contra	acts with			
Producto	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 months up to 1	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Fair value
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Forward								
Future arbitration	-	593,553	646,348	704,500	142,469	14,255	-	35,969
Paper Forward	-	9,727	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange insurance	-	10,155,654	5,031,902	6,034,788	1,624,108	418,138	682,948	366,473
Inflation insurance	-	1,613,177	2,473,006	6,582,022	8,549,597	2,524,091	2,775,524	453,277
Subtotal forward		12,372,111	8,151,256	13,321,310	10,316,174	2,956,484	3,458,472	855,719
Options								
Call option	-	4,196	5,202	-	-	-	-	542
Put option	-	1,228	595	5,885	-	-	-	81
Subtotal options	-	5,424	5,797	5,885	-	-	-	623
Swap								
Cross currency swap	-	1,011,892	2,336,011	5,735,658	13,065,968	8,802,782	11,831,254	3,035,853
Rate Swap	40,600	15,185,698	15,493,379	30,978,608	33,979,359	20,453,453	23,854,832	1,322,145
Subtotal swap	40,600	16,197,590	17,829,390	36,714,266	47,045,327	29,256,235	35,686,086	4,357,998
Total .	40,600	28,575,125	25,986,443	50,041,461	57,361,501	32,212,719	39,144,558	5,214,340

^(*) The amounts of the maturities were determined based on the notional values of the financial instruments



Note 22 Financial liabilities at amortized cost

The detail of this line item is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Deposits and other on-demand liabilities	5,639,745	5,605,991
Term and other on-demand deposits	12,697,841	13,130,590
Liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending	298,366	501,243
Bank borrowings	2,243,882	2,455,157
Debt financial instruments issued	8,148,108	8,110,081
Other financial liabilities	161,985	199,572
Total	29,189,927	30,002,634

a) Deposits and other on demand liabilities

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Checking accounts	4,365,555	4,362,568
Demand deposit accounts	290,016	293,755
Other on-demand deposits	163,435	180,764
Other on-demand obligations		
Obligations for other credits granted to be completed to other banks and/or the beneficiary of the loan	1,236	2,365
Guarantee bills payable at sight	62,289	70,149
Collections performed to be completed	88,561	91,081
Pending payment orders	47,055	23,430
Payments received on account of loans to be settled	15,975	24,792
Immobilized balances article 156 General Banking Law	12,347	19,651
Overdue time deposits	3,707	4,669
Various mortgage creditors	183,628	150,475
Granting of loans Law No. 20027	12,188	14
Payments to apply	112,036	149,557
Other sight obligations	281,717	232,721
Total	5,639,745	5,605,991

b) Term and other on-demand deposits

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$		
Term deposits	12,601,506	13,031,191		
Term saving accounts	96,335	99,399		
Other	-	-		
Total	12,697,841	13,130,590		

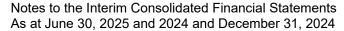


c) Liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Operations with banks:		
Repurchase agreements - Banco Central de Chile	-	-
Operations with banks abroad	-	-
Operations with other domestic entities		
Repurchase agreements	298,366	500,109
Securities lending obligations	-	1,134
Operations with other entities abroad	-	-
Total	298,366	501,243

As at June 30, 2025	On-demand MCh\$	Up to 1 month MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$	More than 3 months up to 1 year MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 years MCh\$	More than 3 up to 5 years MCh\$	More than 5 years MCh\$	Total
Operations with banks								
Repurchase agreements - Banco Central de Chile	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations with banks abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations with other domestic entities								
Repurchase agreements	-	294,683	3,683	-	-	-	-	298,366
Securities lending obligations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations with other entities abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	294,683	3,683	-	-	-	-	298,366

As at December 31, 2024	On-demand MCh\$	Up to 1 month MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$	More than 3 months up to 1 year MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 years MCh\$	More than 3 up to 5 years MCh\$	More than 5 years MCh\$	Total
Operations with banks								
Repurchase agreements - Banco Central de Chile		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations with banks abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Operations with other domestic entities								
Repurchase agreements	-	500,109	-	-	-	-	-	500,109
Securities lending obligations	-	1,134	-	-	-	-	-	1,134
Operations with other entities abroad	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		501,243	-	-	-	-	-	501,243





d) Bank borrowings

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Local Banks		
Foreign trade financing	-	-
Borrowings and other obligations	-	100,029
Banks abroad		
Foreign trade financing	1,232,164	1,373,429
Borrowings and other obligations	1,011,718	981,699
Banco Central de Chile		
Borrowings and other obligations	-	-
Total	2,243,882	2,455,157

The detail of bank borrowings is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Domestic Banks	-	100,029
Banks abroad		
Export Development Canada	801,360	857,078
Scotiabank Caribbean Treasury Ltd	578,083	724,533
Bank of America, N.A.	298,687	318,117
Caixa D'Estalvis	192,970	204,631
State Bank of India	92,449	-
Standard Chartered Bank	65,120	24,438
The Bank of New York Mellon Corporation	47,066	-
Zuercher Kantonalbank	46,886	50,091
Corporación Andina de Fomento	46,652	-
JP Morgan Chase Bank	46,600	-
Citibank N.A.	28,009	-
HongKong and Shanghai Banking	-	85,604
Lloyds TSB Bank PLC	-	50,293
Wells Fargo Bank	-	40,327



e) Debt financial instruments issued

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Letter of credit (*) Current bonds (**)	70,627 8,077,481	76,339 8,033,742
Total	8,148,108	8,110,081

- (*) During the year between January 1 and June 30, 2025 and January 1 and December 31, 2024, no new letters of credit have been issued.
- (**) During the year between January 1 and June 30, 2025, and January 1 and December 31, 2024, the following domestic and international current bonds have been placed.

During the period between January 1 and June 30, 2025:

Series	Amount	Placement date	Annual issuance	Issuance term (years)	Issuance annual rate	Currency	Issue date	Maturity date
AH	300,000	1/13/25	3,000,000	4	3.50	UF	5/9/24	5/9/28
AH	350,000	1/15/25	3,000,000	4	3.50	UF	5/9/24	5/9/28
AH	500,000	1/16/25	3,000,000	4	3.50	UF	5/9/24	5/9/28
AH	500,000	1/20/25	3,000,000	4	3.50	UF	5/9/24	5/9/28
AH	500,000	1/23/25	3,000,000	4	3.50	UF	5/9/24	5/9/28
BM	200,000	3/11/25	3,000,000	8	2.70	UF	8/1/22	8/1/30
BL	270,000	3/12/25	3,000,000	9	2.70	UF	8/1/22	8/1/31
BU	100,000	3/17/25	3,000,000	10	2.50	UF	2/1/23	2/1/33
AK	400,000	3/17/25	3,000,000	10	3.50	UF	5/9/24	11/9/34
BL	300,000	4/3/25	3,000,000	9	2.70	UF	8/1/22	8/1/31
CB	600,000	4/10/25	3,000,000	8	2.90	UF	4/1/23	4/1/31
BH	175,000	4/15/25	4,000,000	8	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/29
BM	30,000	4/15/25	3,000,000	8	2.70	UF	8/1/22	8/1/30
BH	241,000	4/16/25	4,000,000	8	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/29
BM	300,000	4/16/25	3,000,000	8	2.70	UF	8/1/22	8/1/30
BM	50,000	4/16/25	3,000,000	8	2.70	UF	8/1/22	8/1/30
AK	250,000	4/21/25	3,000,000	11	3.50	UF	5/9/24	11/9/34
AK	100,000	4/21/25	3,000,000	11	3.50	UF	5/9/24	11/9/34
AK	70,000	4/28/25	3,000,000	11	3.50	UF	5/9/24	11/9/34
AF	220,000	4/30/25	3,000,000	13	2.90	UF	6/30/23	6/30/36
BX	150,000	4/30/25	3,000,000	13	2.50	UF	2/1/23	2/1/36
AK	100,000	5/5/25	3,000,000	11	3.50	UF	5/9/24	11/9/34
AK	100,000	5/6/25	3,000,000	11	3.50	UF	5/9/24	11/9/34
20	105,000,000	5/20/25	105,000,000	6	1.20	CHF	6/10/25	6/10/31
AA	9,200,000,000	5/23/25	100,000,000,000	5	6.20	\$	6/30/23	6/30/28
AD	10,000,000,000	6/9/25	100,000,000,000	8	6.20	\$	6/30/23	6/30/31
BP	20,000,000,000	6/11/25	100,000,000,000	6	7.90	\$	8/1/22	8/1/28

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Fiscal year between January 1, and December 31, 2024:

				Issuance	laguanas			
Series	Amount	Placement date	Annual issuance	term (years)	Issuance annual rate	Currency	Issue date	Maturity date
AC	5,000,000,000	1/2/24	100,000,000,000	7	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/30
AD	5,000,000,000	1/3/24	100,000,000,000	8	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/31
BL	30,000	1/3/24	3,000,000	9	2.70	UF	8/1/22	8/1/31
AF	100,000	1/3/24	3,000,000	13	2.90	UF	6/30/23	6/30/36
BY	8,000,000,000	1/4/24	100,000,000,000	4	6.40	Ch\$	4/1/23	4/1/27
AF	50,000	1/4/24	3,000,000	13	2.90	UF	6/30/23	6/30/36
AB	5,000,000,000	1/4/24	100,000,000,000	6	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/29
AA	2,000,000,000	1/4/24	100,000,000,000	5	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/28
AC	5,000,000,000	1/5/24	100,000,000,000	7	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/30
AF	50,000	1/9/24	3,000,000	13	2.90	UF	6/30/23	6/30/36
BI	165,000	1/9/24	4,000,000	9	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/30
BI	200,000	1/10/24	4,000,000	9	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/30
AC	4,000,000,000	1/11/24	100,000,000,000	7	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/30
BI	280,000	1/11/24	4,000,000	9	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/30
BH	474,000	1/17/24	4,000,000	8	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/29
CA	338,000	1/24/24	3,000,000	5	2.90	UF	4/1/23	4/1/28
AB	1,000,000,000	1/25/24	100,000,000,000	6	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/29
AC	15,000,000,000	1/25/24	100,000,000,000	7	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/30
BH	515,000	1/26/24	4,000,000	8	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/29
BH	350,000	1/29/24	4,000,000	8	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/29
AB	7,700,000,000	2/6/24	100,000,000,000	6	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/29
BH	75,000	2/6/24	4,000,000	8	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/29
BI	100,000	2/14/24	4,000,000	9	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/30
AE	500,000	2/22/24	3,000,000	11	2.90	UF	6/30/23	6/30/34
BH	315,000	2/22/24	4,000,000	8	3.00	UF	3/9/21	3/9/29
CB	200,000	2/22/24	3,000,000	8	2.90	UF	4/1/23	4/1/31
AA	10,000,000,000	2/23/24	100,000,000,000	5	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/28
BY	14,000,000,000	2/29/24	100,000,000,000	4	6.40	Ch\$	4/1/23	4/1/27
BR	10,500,000,000	3/6/24	100,000,000,000	5	8.10	Ch\$	8/1/22	8/1/27
CA	425,000	3/12/24	3,000,000	5	2.90	UF	4/1/23	4/1/28
AD	5,000,000,000	3/13/24	100,000,000,000	8	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/31
BQ	550,000	3/27/24	3,000,000	5	2.50	UF	8/1/22	8/1/27
CA	360,000	4/3/24	3,000,000	5	2.90	UF Ch [©]	4/1/23	4/1/28
BR	5,500,000,000	4/24/24	100,000,000,000	<u>5</u> 5	8.10	Ch\$ UF	8/1/22	8/1/27
BQ	60,000	5/8/24	3,000,000	5	2.50		8/1/22	8/1/27
BQ AA	375,000 22,000,000,000	5/9/24 5/22/24	3,000,000	<u>5</u>	2.50	UF Ch\$	8/1/22 6/30/23	8/1/27
AA BO	17,000,000,000	5/22/24	100,000,000,000	5 6	6.20	Ch\$	8/1/22	6/30/28 8/1/28
BO AA	10,000,000,000	5/23/24	100,000,000,000	<u>6</u>	7.90 6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/28
AB	15,000,000,000	6/10/24	100,000,000,000	6	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/29
AB	11,000,000,000	6/12/24	100,000,000,000	6	6.20	Ch\$	6/30/23	6/30/29
CA	517,000	6/25/24	3,000,000	5	2.90	UF	4/1/23	4/1/28
AC	500,000	7/23/24	4,000,000	23	4.00	UF	8/1/23	8/1/46
AC	275,000	7/24/24	4,000,000	23	4.00	UF	8/1/23	8/1/46
17	10,000,000	8/27/24	10.000.000	5	5.17	USD	9/4/24	9/4/29
CB	300,000	9/9/24	3,000,000	8	2.90	UF	4/1/23	4/1/31
CB	320,000	9/10/24	3,000,000	8	2.90	UF	4/1/23	4/1/31
BX	250,000	9/23/24	3,000,000	13	2.50	UF	2/1/23	2/1/36
BX	250,000	9/24/24	3,000,000	13	2.50	UF	2/1/23	2/1/36
BY	10,000,000,000	9/24/24	100,000,000,000	4	2.50	Ch\$	4/1/23	4/1/27
BU	500,000	9/25/24	3,000,000	10	2.50	UF	2/1/23	2/1/33
BU	560,000	9/26/24	3,000,000	10	2.50	UF	2/1/23	2/1/33
BU	300,000	10/1/24	3,000,000	10	2.50	UF	2/1/23	2/1/33
BX	350,000	10/1/24	3,000,000	13	2.50	UF	2/1/23	2/1/36
AG	10,000,000,000	12/5/24	100,000,000,000	5	6.50	Ch\$	5/9/24	5/9/29
19	35,000,000	12/5/24	35,000,000	3	4.53	USD	12/12/24	12/6/27
AL	650,000		3,000,000	13	3.50	UF	5/9/24	11/9/36



f) Other financial liabilities

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Other financial obligations with the public sector	-	-
Other financial obligations in the country		
Due to affiliated establishments for the use of credit cards	47	124
Due to operators for debit and credit card operation services	113,599	125,817
Obligations in favor of Chilean exporters	4,185	1,565
Other financial obligations abroad		
Obligations in favor of foreign exporters	44,154	72,066
Total	161,985	199,572

Note 23 Regulatory capital financial instruments issued

a) The detail of this line item is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Subordinated bonds	1,271,075	1,257,573
Bonds with no fixed term of maturity	651,966	696,318
Preferred shares	-	-
Total	1,923,041	1,953,891



b) Movements in regulatory capital financial instruments issued are detailed as follows:

	Subordinated bonds	Bonds with no fixed term of maturity	Preferred shares
Balance as at January 1, 2025	1,257,573	696,318	-
New issues performed	-	-	-
Acquisition or redemption by the issuer	-	-	-
Modification of issuance conditions	-	-	-
Payments of interest to the holder	(23,154)	-	-
Principal payment to the holder	(13,347)	-	-
Accrued interest	22,518	-	-
Adjustments accrued by the UF and/or the exchange rate	27,504	(44,352)	-
Exchange differences	-	-	-
Depreciation	-	-	-
Repricing	-	-	-
Expiration	-	-	-
Conversion to common shares	-	-	-
Other	(19)		-
Balance as at June 30, 2025	1,271,075	651,966	-

	Subordinated bonds	Bonds with no fixed term of maturity	Preferred shares
Balance as at January 1, 2024	1,201,214	-	
New issues performed	31,199	696,318	,
Acquisition or redemption by the issuer	-	-	,
Modification of issuance conditions	-	-	,
Payments of interest to the holder	(45,322)	-	,
Principal payment to the holder	(26,712)	-	,
Accrued interest	44,534	-	
Adjustments accrued by the UF and/or the exchange rate	52,660	-	
Exchange differences	-	-	
Depreciation	-	-	
Repricing	-	-	
Expiration	-	-	
Conversion to common shares	-	-	,
Other			
Balance as at December 31, 2024	1,257,573	696,318	



c) The detail of subordinated bonds is as follows:

		During	the period b	etween Janı	ıary 1 and Jur	ne 30, 2025:		
Series	Amount in issue currency	Issuance term (years)	Annual issuance rate	Currency	Issue date	Maturity date	Balance due in currency of issue	Equivalent balance owed in MCh\$
UDESE20999	70,000	26	6.25	UF	8/16/00	9/01/25	3,712	146
UDESE30999	200,000	28	6.50	UF	6/05/02	9/01/27	49,474	1,943
UBBV-A1203	1,300,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	233,781	9,180
UBBV-A1203	1,500,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	272,172	10,687
UBBV-A1203	20,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	3,635	143
UBBV-A1203	250,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	45,433	1,784
UBBV-A1203	50,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	9,075	356
UBBV-A1203	180,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	32,669	1,283
UBBV-A1203	1,250,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	226,662	8,900
UBBV-A1203	150,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	27,285	1,071
UBBV-A1203	50,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	9,098	357
UBBV-A1203	50,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	9,096	357
UBBV-A1203	100,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	18,185	714
UBBV-A1203	60,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	10,914	429
UBBV-A1203	40,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	7,278	286
UBBV-A1203	150,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	27,242	1,070
UBBV-A1203	200,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	36,318	1,426
UBBV-A1203	150,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	27,221	1,069
UBBV-A1203 UDES-F	500,000 500.000	24	6.00	UF UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	90,688	3,561
	,	25	6.00	UF	3/30/05 3/30/05	10/01/29 10/01/29	199,003	7,814
UDES-F	500,000	25	6.00	UF	10/07/05	10/01/29	198,883	7,810
UDES-G	1,000,000	26 25	4.75	UF			467,521	18,358
UDESH-1006 UBBV-G0506	1,000,000 2,400,000	25 25	5.00 5.00	UF	10/05/06 10/19/06	10/01/31 5/01/31	625,277 2,520,392	24,553 98,968
UBBV-G0506	1,000,000	25	5.00	UF	10/19/06	5/01/31	1,052,750	41,338
UDES-10307	1,000,000	25	4.50	UF	3/15/07	3/01/32	1,032,730	40,410
UBBVH90607	900,000	25	3.50	UF	10/24/08	6/01/32	800,373	31.428
UBBVH90607	500,000	25	3.50	UF	10/24/08	6/01/32	445,170	17,481
UBBVH90607	1,000,000	25	3.50	UF	10/24/08	6/01/32	982,991	38,599
UBBVH90607	5,600,000	25	3.50	UF	10/24/08	6/01/32	5,508,029	216,284
UBNS-AC0615	3,000,000	20	3.10	UF	8/27/15	6/01/35	3,008,955	118,153
UBNS-AA0215	1,000,000	30	3.50	UF	12/07/18	2/01/45	1,123,672	44,123
UBBVS10616	1,000,000	25	3.50	UF	8/21/19	6/09/41	1,356,706	53,274
UBBVS10616	1,000,000	25	3.50	UF	8/21/19	6/09/41	1,358,446	53,342
UBNSAQ1119	1,000,000	23	3.50	UF	7/11/22	11/01/42	1,109,519	43,568
UBNSAQ1119	200,000	23	3.50	UF	7/15/22	11/01/42	220,471	8,657
UBNSAQ1119	350,000	23	3.50	UF	7/15/22	11/01/42	385,825	15,150
UBNSAQ1119	550,000	23	3.50	UF	7/15/22	11/01/42	606,296	23,807
UBNSAQ1119	1,900,000	23	3.50	UF	7/15/22	11/01/42	2,094,477	82,244
UBNSAA0822	70,000	23	2.80	UF	10/16/23	8/01/45	61,923	2,432
UBNSAA0822	30,000	23	2.80	UF	10/16/23	8/01/45	26,663	1,047
UBNSAA0822	70,000	23	2.80	UF	10/16/23	8/01/45	62,214	2,443
UBNSAA0822	150,000	23	2.80	UF	10/16/23	8/01/45	133,315	5,235
UBNSAA0822	500,000	23	2.80	UF	10/16/23	8/01/45	444,384	17,450
UBNSAA0822	20,000	23	2.80	UF	10/17/23	8/01/45	17,382	683
UBNSAB0822	30,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	26,041	1,023
UBNSAB0822	170,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	147,567	5,795
UBNSAB0822	25,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	21,701	852
UBNSAB0822	75,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	65,103	2,556
UBNSAB0822	400,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	347,216	13,634
UBNSAB0822	1,000,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	868,041	34,084
UBNSAB0822	300,000	21	2.80	UF	11/16/23	8/01/43	265,971	10,444
UBNSAA0822	60,000	23	2.80	UF	11/27/23	8/01/45	53,403	2,097
UBNSAA0822	700,000	23	2.80	UF	11/27/23	8/01/45	623,035	24,465
UBNSAA0822	700,000	23	2.80	UF	11/27/23	8/01/45	623,035	24,465
UBNSAA0822	700,000	23	2.80	UF	11/27/23	8/01/45	623,035	24,465
UBNSAB0822	300,000	21	2.80	UF	12/06/23	8/01/43	269,941	10,600
UBNSAB0822	400,000	21	2.80	UF	12/06/23	8/01/43	359,921	14,133
UBNSAB0822	300,000	21	2.80	UF	12/06/23	8/01/43	269,941	10,600
UBNSAC0823	500,000	23	4.00	UF	7/23/24	8/01/46	531,936	20,888
UBNSAC0823 UBNSAC0823	200,000	23	4.00	UF	7/24/24	8/01/46	214,140	8,409
	75,000	23	4.00	UF	7/24/24	8/01/46	80,303	3,152

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



	Year ended December 31, 2024								
Series	Amount in issue currency	Issuance term (years)	Annual issuance rate	Currency	Issue date	Maturity date	Balance due in currency of issue	Equivalent balance owed in MCh\$	
UDESE20999	70,000	26	6.25	UF	8/16/00	9/01/25	7,274	279	
UDESE30999	200,000	28	6.50	UF	6/05/02	9/01/27	58,181	2,235	
UBBV-A1203	1,300,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	280,718	10,784	
UBBV-A1203	1,500,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	327,291	12,573	
UBBV-A1203	20,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	4,372	168	
UBBV-A1203	250,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	54,648	2,099	
UBBV-A1203	50,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	10,913	419	
UBBV-A1203	180,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	39,287	1,509	
UBBV-A1203	1,250,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	272,536	10,470	
UBBV-A1203	150,000	24 24	6.00	UF UF	4/01/04	12/01/27 12/01/27	32,824 10.946	1,261	
UBBV-A1203 UBBV-A1203	50,000 50,000	24	6.00 6.00	UF	4/01/04 4/01/04	12/01/27	10,946	421 420	
UBBV-A1203	100,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	21,876	840	
UBBV-A1203	60,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	13,129	504	
UBBV-A1203	40,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	8,756	336	
UBBV-A1203	150,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	32,764	1,259	
UBBV-A1203	200.000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	43,678	1,678	
UBBV-A1203	150,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	32,734	1,258	
UBBV-A1203	500,000	24	6.00	UF	4/01/04	12/01/27	109.048	4,189	
UDES-F	500,000	25	6.00	UF	3/30/05	10/01/29	217,922	8,372	
UDES-F	500,000	25	6.00	UF	3/30/05	10/01/29	217,776	8,366	
UDES-G	1,000,000	26	4.75	UF	10/07/05	10/01/30	503,661	19,349	
UDESH-1006	1,000,000	25	5.00	UF	10/05/06	10/01/31	666,148	25,591	
UBBV-G0506	2,400,000	25	5.00	UF	10/19/06	5/01/31	2,528,436	97,134	
UBBV-G0506	1,000,000	25	5.00	UF	10/19/06	5/01/31	1,056,299	40,580	
UDES-10307	1,000,000	25	4.50	UF	3/15/07	3/01/32	1,030,743	39,598	
UBBVH90607	900,000	25	3.50	UF	10/24/08	6/01/32	794,561	30,524	
UBBVH90607	500,000	25	3.50	UF	10/24/08	6/01/32	441,969	16,979	
UBBVH90607	1,000,000	25	3.50	UF	10/24/08	6/01/32	981,919	37,722	
UBBVH90607	5,600,000	25	3.50	UF	10/24/08	6/01/32	5,502,235	211,378	
UBNS-AC0615	3,000,000	20	3.10	UF	8/27/15	6/01/35	3,009,307	115,608	
UBNS-AA0215	1,000,000	30	3.50	UF	12/07/18	2/01/45	1,125,900	43,253	
UBBVS10616 UBBVS10616	1,000,000 1,000,000	25 25	3.50 3.50	UF UF	8/21/19 8/21/19	6/09/41 6/09/41	1,366,967 1,368,764	52,514 52,583	
UBNSAQ1119	1,000,000	23	3.50	UF	7/11/22	11/01/42	1,111,983	42,719	
UBNSAQ1119	200,000	23	3.50	UF	7/15/22	11/01/42	220.930	8.487	
UBNSAQ1119	350,000	23	3.50	UF	7/15/22	11/01/42	386,628	14,853	
UBNSAQ1119	550,000	23	3.50	UF	7/15/22	11/01/42	607,558	23,340	
UBNSAQ1119	1,900,000	23	3.50	UF	7/15/22	11/01/42	2.098.838	80,630	
UBNSAA0822	70,000	23	2.80	UF	10/16/23	8/01/45	61,776	2,373	
UBNSAA0822	30,000	23	2.80	UF	10/16/23	8/01/45	26,194	1,006	
UBNSAA0822	70,000	23	2.80	UF	10/16/23	8/01/45	62,080	2,385	
UBNSAA0822	150,000	23	2.80	UF	10/16/23	8/01/45	133,028	5,111	
UBNSAA0822	500,000	23	2.80	UF	10/16/23	8/01/45	443,427	17,035	
UBNSAA0822	20,000	23	2.80	UF	10/17/23	8/01/45	17,737	681	
UBNSAB0822	30,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	25,554	982	
UBNSAB0822	170,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	147,131	5,652	
UBNSAB0822	25,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	21,637	831	
UBNSAB0822	75,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	64,911	2,494	
UBNSAB0822	400,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	346,191	13,300	
UBNSAB0822	1,000,000	21	2.80	UF	11/09/23	8/01/43	865,478	33,249	
UBNSAB0822	300,000	21	2.80	UF	11/16/23	8/01/43	265,692	10,207	
UBNSAA0822	60,000	23	2.80	UF	11/27/23	8/01/45	53,289	2,047	
UBNSAA0822	700,000	23	2.80	UF	11/27/23	8/01/45	621,709	23,885	
UBNSAA0822	700,000	23	2.80	UF	11/27/23	8/01/45	621,709	23,885	
UBNSAA0822	700,000	23	2.80	UF	11/27/23	8/01/45	621,709	23,885	
UBNSAB0822	300,000	21 21	2.80	UF UF	12/06/23 12/06/23	8/01/43 8/01/43	269,333	10,348	
UBNSAB0822 UBNSAB0822	400,000 300,000	21	2.80 2.80	UF	12/06/23	8/01/43	359,111 269,333	13,796 10,347	
UBNSAC0823	500,000	23	4.00	UF	7/23/24	8/01/43	532,845	20,470	
UBNSAC0823	200,000	23	4.00	UF	7/24/24	8/01/46	214,344	8,234	
UBNSAC0823	75,000	23	4.00	UF	7/24/24	8/01/46	80,379	3,088	
	70,000		1.00		1/21/27	5,51170	Total	1,257,573	



d) The detail of the bonds with no fixed maturity date is as follows:

Bonds with no fixed term of maturity Year ended June 30, 2025									
Amount in issue currency	Issue date	Currency	Balance due in the currency of issue	Equivalent balance owed in MCh\$					
700,000,000	11/26/24	6.94	USD	700,000,000	651,966				

Note 24 Provisions for contingencies

a) The detail of this line item is as follows:

	6/30/2025	12/31/2024
	MCh\$	MCh\$
Provisions for employee benefit obligations	43,756	32,158
Provisions for trials and litigation	7,085	7,067
Provisions for operational risk	519	601
Contract contingency provision (*)	779	842
Other provisions due to other contingencies	3,129	3,032
Total	55,268	43,700

^(*) Relates to the provision for methodical savings contracts of the subsidiary Scotia Azul Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A. and the Bank's lease contract transactions.

b) The detail of provisions is as follows:

	Provisions due to employee benefit obligations	Provisions of a foreign bank branch for remittances of profits to its parent company	Provisions due to restructuring plans	Provisions due to trials and litigation	Provisions due to customer loyalty program obligations	Provisions due to operational risk	Other provisions for other contingencies	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Balance as at January 1, 2025	32,158	-	-	7,067	_	601	3,874	43,700
Provisions constituted	45,684	-	-	167	-	-	227	46,078
Provision application	(34,086)	-	-	(149)	-	(82)	(193)	(34,510)
Provisions releases	<u>-</u>	-	-		-			<u> </u>
Balance as at June 30, 2025	43,756	-		7,085	-	519	3,908	55,268
	Provisions due to employee	Provisions of a foreign bank branch for remittances of	Provisions due to	Provisions due to trials	Provisions due to customer	Provisions due to	Other provisions for	Total

	Provisions due to employee benefit obligations	foreign bank branch for remittances of profits to its parent company	Provisions due to restructuring plans	Provisions due to trials and litigation	Provisions due to customer loyalty program obligations	Provisions due to operational risk	Other provisions for other contingencies	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Balance as at January 1, 2024	35,565	-	5,221	10,574	_	_	3,914	55,274
Provisions constituted	82,796	-	-	212	-	601	69	83,678
Provision application	(86,203)	-	(5,221)	(3,719)	-	-	(109)	(95,252)
Provisions releases	-	-	-	-	-	_	· -	-
Balance as at December 31, 2024	32,158	-	-	7,067	-	601	3,874	43,700



c) Details of provisions for employee benefits and salaries:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Provision of short-term employee benefits	39,295	28,796
Provision of benefits to employees post-employment	-	-
Provision of long-term employee benefits (*)	3,581	2,487
Provision of benefits to employees for termination of employment contract (**)	880	875
Provision for payments to employees based on shares or equity instruments	-	-
Provision obligations post-employment plans on defined contribution	-	-
Provision of defined benefit post-employment plan obligations	-	-
Provision for other staff obligations	-	-
Total	43,756	32,158

^(*) As at June 30, 2025, a provision of MCh\$2,208 has been recorded to cover long-term benefits other than those subject to actuarial calculation (MCh\$1,131 as at December 31, 2024). Provisions subject to actuarial calculation are described in letter d).

d) Movements in provisions for employee benefits subject to actuarial calculation

	As at June		As at December 31, 2024			
	Provision of long- term employee benefits MCh\$	Provision of benefits to employees for termination of employment contract MCh\$	Provision of long- term employee benefits MCh\$	Provision of benefits to employees for termination of employment contract MCh\$		
Balance as at January 1	1,356	781	1,223	611		
Included in the result of the period						
Cost of present service	58	19	119	34		
Costs of past services	-	-	37	12		
Interest cost	39	22	121	63		
Result from actuarial measurements	-	-	48	-		
Unprovisioned paid benefits		-				
Subtotal	97	41	325	109		
Included in other comprehensive income						
Result from actuarial measurements		-		227		
Subtotal				227		
Other:						
Payment of benefits	(80)		(192)	(166)		
Subtotal	(80)	-	(192)	(166)		
Total	1,373	822	1,356	781		

^(**) As at June 30, 2025, a provision of MCh\$58 has been recorded to cover severance indemnity payments other than those subject to actuarial calculation (MCh\$94 as at December 31, 2024). Provisions subject to actuarial calculation are described in letter d).



e) Actuarial assumptions for employee benefits

The main weighted average assumptions to determine the employee benefit obligations at the end of the period are detailed as follows:

		of long-term e benefits	Provision of benefits to employees for termination of employment contract				
	6/30/2025	12/31/2024	6/30/2025	12/31/2024			
Discount rate	7.00%	6.50%	7.00%	6.50%			
Salary increase rate	N/A	N/A	6.50%	6.00%			
Rate of inflation	4.50%	4.00%	4.50%	4.00%			

The main weighted average assumptions to determine the cost of the defined benefit are:

		of long-term e benefits	Provision of benefits to employees for termination of employment contract			
	6/30/2025	12/31/2024	6/30/2025	12/31/2024		
Discount rate	6.50%	6.50%	6.50%	6.50%		
Salary increase rate	N/A	N/A	6.00%	6.00%		
Rate of inflation	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%	4.00%		

The main demographic assumptions used for both benefits are shown in the table below.

			As at Ju	ıne 30, 20	25		As at December 31, 2024						
	Mortality Rotation		Retire	Retirement		Mortality		Rotation		Retire	ment		
Years	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women		Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women
20	0.06%	0.02%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%		0.06%	0.02%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%
25	0.08%	0.02%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%		0.08%	0.02%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%
30	0.08%	0.02%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%		0.08%	0.02%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%
35	0.10%	0.03%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%		0.10%	0.03%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%
40	0.13%	0.04%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%		0.13%	0.04%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%
45	0.19%	0.07%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%		0.19%	0.07%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%
50	0.28%	0.12%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%		0.28%	0.12%	13.87%	13.87%	0.00%	0.00%
55	0.43%	0.19%	14.53%	14.53%	0.00%	0.00%		0.43%	0.19%	14.53%	14.53%	0.00%	0.00%
60	0.73%	0.33%	14.53%	14.53%	0.00%	0.00%		0.73%	0.33%	14.53%	14.53%	0.00%	0.00%
65 and more	1.13%	0.54%	14.53%	14.53%	100.00%	100.00%		1.13%	0.54%	14.53%	14.53%	100.00%	100.00%

Sensitivity analysis

	Allowances of long-term employee benefits				Allowance for employee severance indemnity									
	As a	t June 30,	2025	As at D	As at December 31, 2024			As a	t June 30,	2025	As at D	As at December 31, 2024		
	-100BP	Original	+100BP	-100BP	Original	+100BP		-100BP	Original	+100BP	-100BP	Original	+100BP	
Discount rate	1,403	1,373	1,343	1,385	1,356	1,326		847	822	797	804	781	756	
sensitivity	30	-	(30)	30	-	(29)		26	-	(25)	24	-	(24)	
	-50BP	Original	+50BP	-50BP	Original	+50BP		-50BP	Original	+50BP	-50BP	Original	+50BP	
Salary	N/A	1,373	N/A	N/A	1,356	N/A		802	822	841	761	781	798	
sensitivity	-	-	-	-	-	-		(19)	-	19	(18)	-	18	



Note 25 Provisions for dividends, interest payments and repricing of issued regulatory capital financial instruments

a) The detail of this line item is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Provisions for dividends		
Provision for payment of common shares dividends	66,107	129,884
Provision for payment of preferred shares dividends	-	-
Provision for payment of interest on bonds without a fixed maturity term	3,535	3,775
Provision for reappreciation of bonds with no fixed term to maturity	-	-
Total	69,642	133,659

b) The detail of provisions is as follows:

	Payment of interest and repricing of regulatory capital financial instruments issued MCh\$	Provision for payment of common shares dividends MCh\$	Provision for payment of dividends on preferred shares MCh\$	Provision for payment of interest on bonds with no fixed term of maturity MCh\$	Provision for repricing of bonds with no fixed term of maturity MCh\$	Total MCh\$
Opening balances as at January 1, 2025		129,884	-	3,775	-	133,659
Provisions constituted		152,695	-	23,566		176,261
Provision application		(216,472)	-	(23,566)		(240,038)
Provisions releases		. ` -	-	` -		_
Exchange rate effect on allowances	-	-	-	(240)		(240)
Balance as at June 30, 2025		- 66,107	-	3,535	-	69,642

	Payment of interest and repricing of regulatory capital financial instruments issued	Provision for payment of common shares dividends	Provision for payment of dividends on preferred shares	Provision for payment of interest on bonds with no fixed term of maturity	Provision for repricing of bonds with no fixed term of maturity	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Opening balances as at January 1, 2024		- 122,388	-	-	-	122,388
Provisions constituted Provision application Provisions releases	-	- (122,388)	- - -	3,775 - -	- - -	133,659 (122,388)



Note 26 Special allowances for credit losses

a) The detail of this line item is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Allowances due to credit risk for contingent loans	45.787	25.617
Allowances due to country risk on operations with debtors domiciled abroad	1,766	2,472
Special allowances due to loans abroad	· -	· <u>-</u>
Additional allowances due to commercial loans	87,691	87,715
Additional allowances due to mortgage loans	7,594	23,562
Additional allowances due to consumer loans	5,745	52,971
Allowances due to adjustments to the minimum provision required for normal portfolio with individual evaluation	-	_
Allowances constituted for credit risk as a result of complementary prudential requirements	-	_
Total	148,583	192,337

b) The detail of these allowances is as follows:

	Allowances due to credit risk for contingent loan	Allowances due to country risk on operations with debtors domiciled abroad	Special allowances due to loans abroad	Additional allowances for loans	Allowances for adjustments to the minimum provision required for normal portfolio with individual evaluation	Allowances constituted for credit risk as a result of complementary prudential requirements	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Balance as at January 1, 2025	25,617	2,472		164,248	_	-	192,337
Provisions constituted	23,714	152			-	-	23,866
Provision application	-	-	-		-	-	-
Provisions releases	(2,534)	(858)	-	(63,218)	-	-	(66,610)
Exchange rate effect on allowances	(1,010)	-		<u> </u>	-	-	(1,010)
Balance as at June 30, 2025	45,787	1,766		101,030	-	-	148,583

	Allowances due to credit risk for contingent loan	Allowances due to country risk on operations with debtors domiciled abroad	Special allowances due to loans abroad	Additional allowances for loans	Allowances for adjustments to the minimum provision required for normal portfolio with individual evaluation	Allowances constituted for credit risk as a result of complementary prudential requirements	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Balance as at January 1, 2024 Provisions constituted	27,205 8,582	1,681 1,181		, =	-	-	193,134 9,763
Provision application Provisions releases	(11,627)	(390)			-	-	(12,017)
Exchange rate effect on allowances	1,457			<u>-</u>		-	1,457
Balance as at December 31, 2024	25,617	2,472		164,248	-	-	192,337

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 27 Other liabilities

The detail of other liabilities is as follows:

Concept	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Cash guarantees received due to derivative financial operations	641,500	710,898
Creditors due to intermediation of financial instruments	-	-
Accounts payable to third parties	151,209	176,960
Accounts payable by bank subsidiaries (applies only at the individual level of the bank subsidiary)	-	-
Agreed dividends payable	418	232
Valuation adjustments for macro hedges	-	-
Liability for income from regular activities due to contracts with customers	69,240	75,402
VAT fiscal debit payable	10,523	12,094
Other cash guarantees received	17	17
Outstanding operations	4,441	5,203
Other liabilities	3,492	1,707
Total other liabilities	880,840	982,513

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 28 Equity

a) Distribution of shares

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Bank's authorized capital is composed of 12,244,885,748 registered, single series shares with no par value, all of them subscribed and fully-paid.

	As at 6/30/2025	As at 12/31/2024
Number of shares Issuance of paid shares	12,244,885,748 -	12,244,885,748
Issuance of subscribed and unpaid shares	-	-
Issued shares	12,244,885,748	12,244,885,748

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Bank or subsidiaries included in consolidation do not hold treasury shares.

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the distribution of shares is as follows:

Name of shareholder or Company	As at June	30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024		
name	Number of shares	Ownership %	Number of shares	Ownership %	
Nova Scotia Inversiones Ltda.	12,219,875,618	99.80%	12,219,875,618	99.80%	
Other minority shareholders	25,010,130	0.20%	25,010,130	0.20%	
Total	12,244,885,748	100.00%	12,244,885,748	100.00%	

b) Capital increases

During the period between January 1 and June 30, 2025 and January 1 and December 31, 2024, there were no capital increases.

c) Dividends paid and reserves

At the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of Scotiabank Chile held on April 24, 2025, the shareholders agreed to distribute 50% of the profit for 2024 totaling Ch\$216,471,947,563 equivalent to a dividend of Ch\$17.67856 per share, and allocate the remainder to the reserve fund for undistributed profits.

At the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting of Scotiabank Chile held on March 28, 2024, the shareholders agreed to distribute 30% of the profit for 2023 totaling MCh\$122,388 equivalent to a dividend of Ch\$9.99505 per share and allocate the remainder to the reserve fund for undistributed profits.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



d) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share:

It is calculated by dividing the profit or loss for the year, less preference shares, by the weighted average number of ordinary and investment shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share:

Dilution is the reduction in earnings per share or increase in loss per share resulting from the assumption that convertible instruments will be converted, that options or warrants will be exercised or that ordinary shares will be issued, if the expected conditions are met.

As at June 30, 2025 and 2024, the detail of diluted earnings and basic earnings is as follows:

	Balance as at 6/30/2025	Balance as at 6/30/2024
Result attributable to the owners of the Bank (MCh\$)	220,358	232,406
Weighted average number of shares	12,244,885,748	12,244,885,748
Earning per share (in Chilean pesos)	18.00	18.98

As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Bank does not have instruments generating dilutive effects.

e) Provision for payment of interest of bonds with no fixed maturity date

The Bank records the accrual of interest on bonds with no fixed maturity period in the provisions for dividends, payment of interest and reappreciation of regulatory capital financial instruments issued, in accordance with the instructions issued by the CMF for this type of instruments. As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the equity effect on this item amounts to MCh\$3,393 and MCh\$3,624, respectively.



f) Other comprehensive income:

The detail of other comprehensive income is as follows:

Items that will not be reclassified in income					Items that can be reclassified in income							
Sources of changes in Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (MCh\$)	New measurements of the liability (asset) for net defined benefits and actuarial results for other employee benefit plans	Net changes in fair value of equity instruments designated at fair value with changes in other comprehensive income	Income Tax	Subtotal	Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value with changes in other comprehensive income	Translation differences by entities abroad	Accounting hedging of net investments in entities abroad	Cash flow accounting hedge	Participation in other comprehensiv e income of entities registered under equity method	Other	Income Tax	Subtotal
			1		(22.22)		т т					(======)
Opening balances as at January 1, 2025	(282)	5,425	76	5,219	(82,673)	-	-	(21,237)	(33)	(26)	27,891	(76,078)
Income (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the period	-	1,324	-	1,324	20,517	-	-	(24,997)	-	(78)	1,184	(3,374)
Closing balances as at June 30, 2025	(282)	6,749	76	6,543	(62,156)	-	-	(46,234)	(33)	(104)	29,075	(79,452)
												-
Opening balances as at January 1, 2024	(55)	5,084	15	5,044	(116,742)	-	-	60,666	(33)	(72)	14,988	(41,193)
Income (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other comprehensive income for the period	(51)	(784)	14	(821)	6,808	-	-	(10,850)	-	(221)	1,007	(3,256)
Closing balances as at June 30, 2024	(106)	4,300	29	4,223	(109,934)	-	-	49,816	(33)	(293)	15,995	(44,449)



g) Accounting equity

Accounting equity is detailed as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Capital	=	
Paid-in capital Surcharge paid for shares	1,246,706 121,715	1,246,706 121,715
Shares acquired by the Bank	121,715	121,715
onaics acquired by the bank		
Reserves		
Reserves not related to earnings	17,019	17,019
Reserves from earnings	364,386	364,386
Reserves for depreciation of bonds without a fixed maturity term Reserves for expiration of bonds without a fixed maturity term	-	-
Reserves for expiration of bonds without a fixed maturity term	-	-
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income		
Items that will not be reclassified in results		
New measurements of the liability (asset) for net defined benefits and actuarial results for	(282)	(282)
other employee benefit plans	, ,	,
Net changes in the fair value of equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	6,749	5,425
Changes in the fair value of financial liabilities designated at fair value with changes in profit or		
loss attributable to changes in the credit risk of the financial liability	-	-
Participation in other comprehensive income of entities registered under equity method	_	-
Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale	-	-
Other	76	76
Items that can be reclassified in results		
Fair value changes of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(45,108)	(60,060)
Translation differences by entities abroad	-	-
Accounting hedge of net investments in foreign operations	-	-
Cash flow hedge accounting	(34,201)	(15,953)
Elements not designated of accounting hedge instruments	-	-
Participation in other comprehensive income of entities registered under equity method	(33)	(33)
Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale	(106)	- (20)
Other	(106)	(28)
Retained earnings from previous periods	1,919,452	1,722,476
Profit (loss) for the period	220,358	432,944
Provision for minimum dividends, payment of interest and revaluation of issued regulatory capital financial instruments	(69,287)	(132,784)
Provision of a foreign bank branch for remittances of profits to its parent company		
Owner's equity	3,747,444	3,701,607
From Non-controlling interest	119,160	145,734
Total Equity	3,866,604	3,847,341
-		

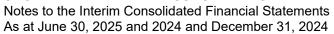


h) Non-controlling interests

Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries composed of the following entities:

As at June 30, 2025	Non- controlling interest %	Non- controlling interest MCh\$	Results attributable to non- controlling interest MCh\$	Payment of dividends to non-controlling interest MCh\$
CAT Administradora de Tarjetas S.A.	49.00%	99,894	(26,685)	(3,117)
CAT Corredores de Seguros y Servicios S.A.	49.00%	7,553	2,017	(675)
Servicios Integrales S.A.	49.00%	1,173	109	(111)
Administradora y Procesos S.A.	49.00%	9,381	2,728	(940)
Scotia Corredora de Bolsa Chile Limitada	0.01%	10	1	-
Bandesarrollo Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.	0.09%	11	-	-
Scotia Asesorías Financieras Ltda.	1.26%	178	58	-
Scotia Azul Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.	2.51%	960	41	-
Total	_	119,160	(21,731)	(4,843)

As at December 31, 2024	Non- controlling interest %	Non- controlling interest MCh\$	Results attributable to non- controlling interest MCh\$	Payment of dividends to non-controlling interest MCh\$
CAT Administradora de Tarjetas S.A.	49.00%	129,696	15,586	(515)
CAT Corredores de Seguros y Servicios S.A.	49.00%	6,211	3,373	(8,117)
Servicios Integrales S.A.	49.00%	1,175	555	(1,686)
Administradora y Procesos S.A.	49.00%	7,593	4,702	(7,069)
Scotia Corredora de Bolsa Chile Limitada	0.01%	10	1	-
Bandesarrollo Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.	0.09%	11	-	-
Scotia Asesorías Financieras Ltda.	1.26%	120	88	(79)
Scotia Azul Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.	2.51%	918	74	` _
Total	-	145,734	24,379	(17,466)





The summary of the financial information of the Bank's subsidiaries with significant non-controlling interest is as follows:

As at June 30, 2025	Income (loss) for the period MCh\$	Total assets	Total liabilities MCh\$
CAT Administradora de Tarjetas S.A.	(54,458)	2,005,199	1,801,333
CAT Corredores de Seguros y Servicios S.A.	4,114	32,204	18,436
Servicios Integrales S.A.	223	4,436	2,131
Administradora y Procesos S.A	5,569	23,622	6,703
Bandesarrollo Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.	146	13,287	1,645
Scotia Asesorías Financieras Ltda	4,578	16,139	1,976
Scotia Azul Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.	1,651	45,704	7,945

As at December 31, 2024	Income (loss) for the period MCh\$	Total assets	Total liabilities MCh\$
CAT Advainint vade va de Tavietos C A	•	•	•
CAT Administradora de Tarjetas S.A.	31,809	2,007,721	1,755,759
CAT Corredores de Seguros y Servicios S.A.	6,884	38,721	28,799
Administradora y Procesos S.A	1,133	4,363	2,418
Servicios Integrales S.A.	9,595	20,760	9,102
Bandesarrollo Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.	207	16,362	4,884
Scotia Azul Asesorías Financieras S.A.	6,961	12,071	2,497
Scotia Azul Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.	2,950	43,955	8,236



Note 29 Contingencies and commitments

a) Contingent loans

The following table shows the amounts of contingent loans assumed by the Bank:

	Contingent I	oans as at
Amount for different contingent loans	6/30/2025	12/31/2024
	MCh\$	MCh\$
Guarantees and sureties		
Guarantees and sureties in domestic currency	199,242	207,581
Guarantees and sureties in foreign currency	313,358	387,943
Letters of credit for merchandise circulation operations	136,742	213,120
Debt purchase commitments in local currency abroad	-	-
Transactions related to contingent events		
Transactions related to contingent events in Chilean currency	434,421	556,304
Transactions related to contingent events in foreign currency	220,848	270,104
Unrestricted lines of credit for immediate payment		
Available balance line of credit and agreed overdraft in checking account- commercial portfolio	827,163	786,417
Available balance line of credit on credit card – commercial portfolio	76,952	70,376
Available balance line of credit and agreed overdraft in checking account - consumer portfolio	388,661	388,185
Available balance line of credit on credit card – consumer portfolio	5,358,522	5,198,889
Available balance of line of credit and agreed overdraft in checking account – portfolio owed by banks	-	-
Free disposal lines of credit		
Available balance line of credit and agreed overdraft in checking account – commercial portfolio	-	-
Available balance line of credit in credit card – commercial portfolio	-	-
Available balance line of credit and agreed overdraft in checking account – consumer portfolio	-	-
Available balance line of credit in credit card – consumer portfolio	-	-
Available balance line of credit and agreed overdraft in checking account – portfolio owed by banks	-	-
Other credit commitments		
Credit for senior studies Law No. 20027 (CAE)	7,731	10,869
Other irrevocable credit commitments	134,349	69,217
Other contingent credits	-	-

b) Contingencies

As at the date of issuance of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements there are legal actions filed against the Bank and its subsidiaries regarding operations inherent to the business. As at June 30, 2025, provisions for legal contingencies amounted to MCh\$7,604 (MCh\$7,067 as at December 31, 2024), which are part of item "Provisions for contingencies" in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position.

Regarding the legal actions filed against the Bank and its subsidiaries, Management believes, as reported by its Attorney's Office on the basis of the status and background available to date of such legal actions, that sufficient provisions have been made for contingencies arising from litigation against the Bank and its subsidiaries and as such from the group of cases, there will be no significant losses not considered in these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements.

c) Covenants

The Bank has four current financing contracts entered into with Export Development Canada on July 28, 2021 (MUS\$100), July 13, 2022 (MUS\$250), August 9, 2023 (MUS\$300) and June 5, 2024 (MUS\$200). These contracts establish the Bank's compliance with covenants related mainly to the provision of financial and non-financial information, regulatory compliance and compliance with certain obligations such as: compliance with the laws and authorizations necessary to perform its business and operations in general, perform all aspects necessary to preserve, renew and maintain its legal existence in full force and effect. Note that these financing agreements do not require compliance with specific financial ratios. As at June 30, 2025, the Bank has fully complied with each of the obligations arising from the aforementioned contracts.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



d) Responsibilities

The Bank and its subsidiaries have the following responsibilities arising from the normal course of their businesses:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Documents in collection	69,837	70,904
Transferred financial assets managed by the Bank	1,142,679	1,248,488
Securities in custody	7,124,448	6,650,082
Assets in guarantee	3,565,036	3,703,718
Total	11,902,000	11,673,192

e) Guarantees due to operations

i) At Scotia Corredora de Bolsa Chile Limitada

For purposes of complying with the provisions of articles No. 30 and No. 31 of Law No.18045, the Company engaged an insurance policy No. 330-25-00039861 from MAPFRE Seguros Generales S.A. equivalent to UF20,000, to secure the proper and full compliance with its obligations as a Stockbroker, covering the period from April 22, 2025 through April 22, 2026.

In order to comply with the requirements of the Stock Exchanges, in terms of comprehensive insurance, the subsidiary engaged from Zurich Chile Seguros Generales S.A., a policy No. 0359292 for an insured amount of US\$1,000,000 covering the period from May 31, 2025 through May 31, 2026.

To guarantee the operations of the gross settlement compensation system, collateral securities were delivered to the Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago for MCh\$9,482 (collateral securities amounting to MCh\$9,214 as at December 31, 2024).

In accordance with the internal regulations of the Stock Exchange, in order to guarantee the proper performance of and compliance with the operations of Stockbrokers, as at June 30, 2025, guarantees were constituted on securities of MCh\$2,766 in favor of the Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago. In favor of the Bolsa Electronica de Chile guarantees were established on securities of MCh\$790 (as at December 31, 2024, guarantees were constituted on securities of MCh\$2,687 in favor of Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago, and guarantees were constituted on securities in favor of Bolsa Electronica de Chile of MCh\$768).

As at June 30, 2025, no cash guarantees have been provided for share loans operations to Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago or Bolsa Electronica de Chile (as at December 31, 2024, cash of MCh\$1,540 was provided to Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago).

As at June 30, 2025, the Company holds collateral for simultaneous transactions of MCh\$3,018 in Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago and of MCh\$5,164 in the Bolsa Electronica de Chile. (As at December 31, 2024, the Company holds collateral for simultaneous transactions of MCh\$3,027 in the Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago and of MCh\$3,977 in the Bolsa Electrónica de Chile, which are held in the Custody Department of Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago or Bolsa Electrónica de Chile).

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



ii) At Scotia Administradora General de Fondos Chile S.A.

Scotia Administradora General de Fondos Chile S.A. has guarantees until January 10, 2026 for each of the managed funds, in accordance with the provisions of Article 13 of Law No.20712 of Administration of third-party funds and individual portfolios. The guarantees constituted by the funds managed through performance bonds with Scotiabank Chile correspond to a total amounting to UF 1,226,997.33.

i) At Scotia Corredora de Seguros Chile Limitada

In accordance with the provisions of Article No. 58, letter D of DFL 251, as at June 30, 2025, the Company maintains insurance policies that protect it from possible damages that could affect it as a result of breaches of law, regulations and complementary standards that regulate insurance brokers, and especially when the breach arises from acts, errors and omissions of the broker, its representatives, attorneys-in-fact or dependents that participate in the intermediation.

Series A : N°1508686-1 Amount : UF60,000 In favor of : Scotiabank Chile

Purpose : To cover in accordance with the general terms of the professional civil liability for

insurance brokers, registered with the policy record under POL120130969 of CMF.

Term : Up to April 14, 2026

Series A : N°1508688-1 Amount : UF500

In favor of : Scotiabank Chile

Purpose : To guarantee the correct fulfillment of the obligations that the insurance broker,

identified in this policy as the insured, has reason for its operations as an intermediary in the contracting of insurance in accordance with the standards established in Circular No. 1584 dated December 21 January 2002 of the CMF, under the code POL120130965.

Term : Up to April 14, 2026

Additionally, the Company holds three guarantee certificates in favor of Scotiabank Chile to comply with its obligations as an intermediary of the fire and earthquake insurance portfolio.

Series A : N°N°420002283947

Amount : UF10,000 In favor of : Scotiabank Chile

Purpose : To ensure the faithful and timely fulfillment of the obligations of Scotia Corredora de

Seguros Chile Limitada that arise from its performance as an intermediary for fire, earthquake and additional coverage insurance awarded in the public bidding process for collective fire, earthquake and additional coverage insurance policies of Scotiabank

Chile.

Term : Up to July 31, 2026

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Series A : N°420002283955

Amount : UF100

In favor of : Scotiabank Chile

Purpose : To ensure the faithful and timely fulfillment of the obligations of Scotia Corredora de

Seguros Chile Limitada which arise from its performance as an intermediary for the fire and earthquake insurance awarded in the public bidding process for the collective fire and earthquake insurance policy for the lease contracts with an option to purchase of

Bandesarrollo Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.

Term : Up to July 31, 2026

Series A : N°N°420002283982

Amount : UF100

In favor of : Scotiabank Chile

Purpose : To ensure the faithful and timely fulfillment of the obligations of Scotia Corredora de

Seguros Chile Limitada which arise from its performance as an intermediary for the fire and earthquake insurance awarded in the public bidding process for the collective fire and earthquake insurance policy for the lease contracts with an option to purchase of

Scotia Azul Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A.

Term : Up to July 31, 2026

f) At CAT Corredores de Seguros y Servicios S.A.

In accordance with the provisions of Article No. 58, letter D of DFL 251, which states that "Insurance Brokers, to perform their activities, must comply with the requirement to engage insurance policies as determined by the CMF, for the proper and full compliance with the obligations arising from their activities and especially of the damages that may be caused to the insured who contract through it", is that as at June 30, 2025, the Company maintains contracts with the Compañía de Seguros Generales Consorcio Nacional de Seguros S.A., the following policies, whose validity begins on April 15, 2025 and expires on April 14, 2026, which protect it from possible damages that could affect it as a result of breaches of law, regulations and complementary standards that regulate insurance brokers, and especially when the breach that arises from acts, errors and omissions of the broker, their representatives, attorneys-in-fact or dependents entities that participate in the intermediation.

The related documents are the following:

Policy No.	Insured /Contracting	Insured Item	Amount UF
120130965	CAT Corredores de Seguros y Servicios S.A.	Brokers guarantee	500
120130969	CAT Corredores de Seguros y Servicios S.A.	Civil Liability	60,000

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



g) Guarantees on real estate lease operations

As established in contracts of "Administration of Housing Lease Contracts with Purchase Promise" held by Bandesarrollo Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A. with Securitizadora Bice S.A., where the former assumes in favor of the Separate Equities identified below, the obligation to acquire the housing units that are part of the related Separate Equities, when the related lease contract with purchase promise ends early, either by agreement by the parties or by enforceable judicial resolution.

The price at which Bandesarrollo Sociedad de Leasing Inmobiliario S.A. must acquire these housing units is detailed below:

Entity		% of the property value	Definition on property value
Securitizadora Bice S.A.			
Separated equity BBICS L	No.6	85	Current commercial value
Separated equity BBICS F	No.12	80	Promised price of the original contract
Separated equity BBICS U	No.21	80	Promised price of the original contract
Separated equity BBICS	No.22	60	Promised price of the original contract



Note 30 Interest income and expenses

a) Summary of Interest income and expenses

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Interest income	1,063,136	1,198,048	535,071	571,895
Interest expense	(548,955)	(716,870)	(272,897)	(342,682)
Subtotal net interest income	514,181	481,178	262,174	229,213
Net result of accounting hedges due to interest rate risk	(41,269)	(19,994)	(19,970)	17,695
Total net interest income	472,912	461,184	242,204	246,908

b) Detail of Interest income:

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Interest income:				
Financial assets at amortized cost:				
Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements	7,264	10,320	3,317	5,055
Financial debt securities	1,128	40,498	478	6,129
Loans and advances to banks	3,103	5,832	2,262	2,931
Commercial loans	394,480	484,078	197,270	232,137
Mortgage loans	243,124	233,320	121,664	117,441
Consumer loans	359,620	358,005	181,935	180,336
Other financial instruments	22,361	26,652	11,390	13,387
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			-	
Financials debt securities	32,056	39,343	16,755	14,479
Other financial instruments			-	
Total	1,063,136	1,198,048	535,071	571,895



c) Detail of Interest expenses:

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Interest expense:				
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:				
Deposits and other on-demand liabilities	(13,486)	(14,212)	(6,751)	(6,230)
Term and other on-demand deposits	(341,470)	(486,346)	(171,062)	(229,960)
Liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending	(8,847)	(6,740)	(3,219)	(2,937)
Bank borrowings	(60,912)	(86,051)	(28,952)	(41,163)
Debt financial instruments issued	(99,486)	(99,458)	(50,474)	(50,272)
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	(2,236)	(2,174)	(1,111)	(1,113)
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	(22,518)	(21,889)	(11,328)	(11,007)
Total	(548,955)	(716,870)	(272,897)	(342,682)

d) Detail of gain or loss from accounting hedge for the interest rate risk:

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Interest income:				
Result of accounting hedges due to interest rate risk:				
Gain from financial derivative contracts for accounting hedge	9,177	65,660	4,403	37,620
Loss from financial derivative contracts for accounting hedge	(65,606)	(102,320)	(31,975)	(31,801)
Results from adjustments of hedged financial assets	8,987	(8,909)	6,109	(2,487)
Interest expense:				
Result of accounting hedges of interest rate risk:				
Gain from financial derivative contracts for accounting hedge	32,978	31,961	13,959	19,863
Loss from financial derivative contracts for accounting hedge	(21,399)	(8,402)	(11,246)	(7,400)
Results from adjustments of hedged financial liabilities	(5,406)	2,016	(1,220)	1,900
Net result of accounting hedges on risk due to interest rate risk	(41,269)	(19,994)	(19,970)	17,695



e) Detail of interest on loans subject to suspension of income recognition on an accrual basis:

The following is a detail of interest on receivables with suspension of income recognition on an accrual basis recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income because they have been effectively received.

	6-month period 6-i ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$		3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	
Advances to bank	-	-	-	-	
Commercial loans	5,252	3,266	2,493	2,564	
Mortgage loans	4,299	3,836	3,622	2,367	
Consumer loans	12,995	9,518	5,561	5,373	
Total	22,546	16,620	11,676	10,304	

Interest that was not recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income because recognition on an accrual basis was suspended is detailed below.

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Advances to bank	-	-
Commercial loans	14,838	14,118
Mortgage loans	12,383	11,429
Consumer loans	1,148	973
Total	28,369	26,520

Note 31 Indexation income and expenses

a) Summary of Indexation income and expenses:

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Income due to UF adjustments	415,368	387,032	182,909	235,812
Expenses due to UF adjustments	(190,578)	(188,461)	(82,622)	(114,448)
Subtotal net income due to UF adjustments	224,790	198,571	100,287	121,364
Net result of accounting hedges of risk due to UF adjustments	(47,405)	(8,346)	(10,821)	(43,003)
Total net income due to adjustments	177,385	190,225	89,466	78,361

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



b) Detail of Indexation income:

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Income due to UF adjustments				
Financial assets at amortized cost				
Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements	-	-	-	-
Financial debt securities	-	-	-	-
Loans and advances to banks	-	-	-	-
Commercial loans	99,759	92,959	42,975	57,316
Mortgage loans	305,590	285,323	134,992	173,507
Consumer loans	206	248	89	150
Other financial instruments	2,176	1,619	1,081	1,038
Financial assets at fair value through in other comprehensive				
income				
Financials debt securities	7,637	6,883	3,772	3,801
Other financial instruments	-	-	-	-
Total	415,368	387,032	182,909	235,812

c) Detail of Indexation expenses:

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Expenses due to UF adjustments				
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:				
Deposits and other on-demand obligations	-	-	-	-
Deposits and other time deposits	(10,940)	(14,031)	(4,752)	(8,898)
Obligations due to repurchase agreements and securities lending	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
Obligations with banks	-	-	-	-
Debt financial instruments issued	(152,134)	(150,006)	(65,832)	(90,252)
Other financial obligations	-	-	-	-
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued:				
Subordinated bonds	(27,504)	(24,424)	(12,038)	(15,298)
Bonds with no fixed term maturity	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Total	(190,578)	(188,461)	(82,622)	(114,448)



d) Detail of gain or loss from accounting hedge for indexation of UF:

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Income due to adjustments:				
Result of accounting hedges due to risk in UF adjustments				
Gain from financial derivative contracts for accounting hedges	38,115	1,447,510	336	43,206
Loss from financial derivative contracts for accounting hedges	(96,469)	(1,412,587)	(17,885)	(57,065)
Results from adjustments of hedged financial assets	3,912	5,381	2,249	(60)
Adjustment expenses:				
Result of accounting hedges due to risk in UF adjustments				
Gain from financial derivative contracts for accounting hedges	26,366	110,814	17,287	(18,030)
Loss from financial derivative contracts for accounting hedges	(15,055)	(166,400)	(11,119)	(13,388)
Results from adjustment of hedged financial liabilities	(4,274)	6,936	(1,689)	2,334
Net result of accounting hedges on risk due to UF adjustment	(47,405)	(8,346)	(10,821)	(43,003)

e) Detail of indexation on loans subject to suspension of income recognition on an accrual basis:

Below is a detail of the indexation on loans subject to suspension of income recognition on an accrual basis recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income for the Period for having been effectively received.

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Advances to bank	-	-	-	-
Commercial loans	1,128	1,109	604	384
Mortgage loans	502	622	290	(123)
Consumer loans	-	-	-	(3)
Total	1,630	1,731	894	258

The detail of the indexation that was not recognized in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income for the year as its recognition was suspended on an accrual basis is provided below.

	6/30/2025 12/31/2024 MCh\$ MCh\$	
Advances to bank	-	-
Commercial loans	9,827	9,484
Mortgage loans	47,186	41,923
Consumer loans	14	15
Total	57,027	51,422

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 32 Fee and commission income and expenses

Fee and commission income and expenses are included in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income include the following:

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Commissions due to credits prepayment	4.501	2.238	2.514	1.106
Commissions due to loans with letters of credit	590	715	294	358
Commissions due to credit lines and overdrafts in checking accounts	368	602	176	184
Commissions due to guarantees and letters of credit	8.719	7.982	4.471	4.365
Credit card transactions commissions	50.128	47.912	25.525	24.425
Commissions due to accounts management	10.937	11.258	5.494	5.638
Commissions due to collections and payments	33.767	33.784	15.796	17.803
Commissions due to brokerage and securities handling (Stock Brokers and/or Securities Agency)	1.018	884	530	481
Remuneration for administration of mutual funds, investment funds or others	11.346	8.113	5.843	4.223
Insurance related to the granting of credits to natural persons	19.436	18.882	9.657	10.137
Insurance not related to the granting of credits to natural persons	8.267	7.238	4.138	3.713
Insurance related to the granting of credits to legal entities	1.012	374	426	202
Insurance not related to the granting of credits to legal entities	301	211	117	105
Commissions due to services on factoring operations	36	31	20	17
Commissions due to services in financial lease operations	775	570	340	305
Commissions due to deposit and custody of securities	4	4	2	2
Commissions due to financial advise	6.568	4.316	5.022	2.422
Other commissions earned			-	
Foreign currency exchange	3	2	1	1
Issuance of on-demand vouchers	156	138	79	72
Issuance of guaranteed bills	374	308	157	115
Student loan administration	4.763	5.486	2.340	2.768
Other remuneration for services rendered	6.545	4.358	3.315	1.645
Total income due to commissions and services rendered	169.614	155.406	86.257	80.087
Commissions for card operations	(24.222)	(21.667)	(12.295)	(10.789)
Fees for licensing the use of card brands	(1.128)	(1.146)	(553)	(590)
Other commissions for services related to the credit card system and payment cards with provision of funds as a means of payment	-	-	-	-
Expenses due to obligations on loyalty programs and merits for cardholders	(14.815)	(15.093)	(7.379)	(7.535)
Securities trading commissions	(2.447)	(2.582)	(1.227)	(1.371)
Other commissions for services received Commissions by correspondent banks in the country and abroad	(54)	(59)	(25)	(40)
Commissions for electronic fund transfer services	(6.262)	(8.884)	(2.164)	(4.358)
Other subsidiary commissions	(1.020)	(2.096)	(351)	(980)
Other	(2.094)	(2.080)	(1.091)	(964)
Total expenses due to commissions and services rendered	(52.042)	(53.607)	(25.085)	(26.627)
Total net income due to commissions	117.572	101.799	61.172	53.460

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 33 Net financial result

The detail of this line item is as follows:

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Income from financial assets to be traded at fair value through profit or loss				
Financial derivative contracts	1,938,251	4,086,118	1,049,899	767,816
Debt financial instruments	17,060	10,306	7,803	3,947
Other financial instruments:			-	-
Investments in mutual funds	1,417	2,134	659	893
Equity instruments	1,021	(329)	126	(338)
Credits originated and acquired by the entity	-	-	-	-
Other	(7)	-	(7)	-
Result from financial liabilities to be traded at fair value through profit or loss	(4.000.007)	(0.000.004)	(4.007.070)	(700 404)
Financial derivative contracts Other financial instruments:	(1,990,637)	(3,928,991)	(1,067,379)	(788,131)
Subtotal	(32,895)	169,238	(8,899)	(15,813)
-	(32,095)	109,230	(0,033)	(15,013)
Financial result for financial assets not intended for trading mandatorily valued at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-
Financial result for financial assets and liabilities designated at fair value through profit or				
loss	-	-	-	-
Financial result from derecognising financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost and financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Financial assets at amortized cost	(27)	(39)	3	17
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(2,387)	(509)	(2,436)	276
Subtotal	(2,414)	(548)	(2,433)	293
Financial results for changes readjustments and accounting hedging of foreign currency				
Foreign currency exchange result	172,874	(133,307)	47,880	114,410
Results for adjustments on exchange rate		, ,		
Financial assets at amortized cost	(8,752)	9,093	(1,503)	(4,575)
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	(150)	-	(150)	-
Net result of derivatives in accounting hedges of foreign currency risk	(49,255)	11,168	(1,114)	(84,073)
Subtotal	114,717	(113,046)	45,113	25,762
Financial result from reclassifications of financial assets due to a change in business model	-	-	_	
Other financial result from changes in financial assets and liabilities	-	-	-	
Other result from ineffective cash flow accounting hedges				
Result from ineffective cash flow accounting hedges	(984)	(918)	(455)	(620)
Other financial result from other types of accounting hedges	-	-	-	(
Subtotal	(984)	(918)	(455)	(620)
Net financial result	78,424	54,726	33,326	9,622

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 34 Gain or loss from investments in companies

The detail of gain or loss from investments in companies is as follows:

		6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Companies with significant influence in the country			
Transbank S.A.	Chile	1,791	2,243
Subtotal	-	1,791	2,243
Minority investments in other local companies			
Holding Bursátil Chilena S.A.	Chile	-	-
Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago	Chile	276	-
Sociedad de Infraestructura de Mercado S.A.	Chile	-	55
Bolsa Electrónica de Chile	Chile	12	15
Sociedad Interbancaria de Depósitos de Valores S.A	Chile	-	97
Sociedad Servicios de Infraestructura y de Mercado OTC S.A	Chile	112	-
Redbanc S.A.	Chile	-	-
Combanc S.A.	Chile	29	17
Subtotal	- -	429	184
Minority investments in other companies abroad			
Banco Latinoamericano de Comercio Exterior S.A. (Bladex)	Panama	10	9
Subtotal	-	10	9



Note 35 Gain or loss from non-current assets and disposal groups not qualifying as discontinued operations

Non-current assets result detail is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Result from assets received in lieu of payment or legally adjudicated		
Result from the sale of assets received in payment or legally awarded with related third	_	_
parties	_	_
Result from the sale of goods received in payment or awarded in judicial auction to unrelated third parties	1,510	1,709
Other income from assets received in payment or legally awarded through auctions	-	100
Provisions for adjustments to the net realizable value of assets received in payment or legally adjudicated through auctions	(1,447)	(1,244)
Write-offs of assets received in payment or adjudicated in legal auctions	(817)	(2,216)
Expenses for maintenance of assets received in payment or awarded in legal auctions	(513)	(475)
Non-current assets held for sale		
Investments in companies	-	-
Intangible assets	-	-
Property, equipment	1,216	475
Assets from the recovery of assets transferred in financial leasing operations	-	-
Other assets	-	-
Disposal groups available head for sale		
Total	(51)	(1,651)



Note 36 Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and expenses shown in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income include the following:

	6/30/2025	6/30/2024
	MCh\$	MCh\$
Other operating income		
Compensation from insurance companies for claims other than operational risk events	-	-
Net income from investment properties	-	-
Income received from credit card brands (VISA, MC etc.)	1,473	2,458
Income from correspondent banks	-	-
Income other than interest and commissions from lease contracts	375	95
Income due to reimbursements of expenses	5,099	5,311
Other income		
Various income from leasing operations	419	257
Lease received	-	13
Income from consultancies		-
Recovery of expenses	89	27
Sundry income from subsidiaries	1,327	1,670
Compensation received	12,863	19,566
Reimbursements of expenses of prior year	-	-
Other operating income	1,049	3,232
Total other operating income	22,694	32,629
Other operating expenses		
Expenditure of insurance premiums to cover operational risk events		
·	-	(024)
Gross loss expense due to operational risk events	-	(834)
Recoveries of expenses due to operational risk events	2,114	1,514
Expense of provisions for unearned insurance brokerage commissions	-	-
Expense of provisions for unearned insurance premium collection commissions	-	-
Provisions for restructuring plans	- (57)	- (4.40)
Provisions from trials and litigation	(57)	(442)
Other provisions for other contingencies	(15)	5
Expenses for credit operations of financial leasing	(227)	(354)
Expenses for factoring credit operations	(14)	(18)
Expenses for administration, maintenance and support of automatic teller machines (ATM)	-	-
Expenses for adoption of new card technologies	- (0.000)	-
Expenses for issuance of financial instruments of regulatory capital	(2,089)	-
Other operating expenses	(2.222)	((-)
Expenses for provisions of securitized bonds	(3,390)	(3,046)
Operational risk expenses	(5,629)	(4,415)
Write-offs due to business decisions	(1,105)	(971)
Correspondent bank expenses	(1,290)	(1,054)
Clearing Chamber Services	(1,369)	(1,067)
Expenses for legal advents	(243)	(402)
Other operating expenses Subsidiaries	(3,441)	(4,835)
Other operating expenses	(1,892)	(1,184)
Total other operating expenses	(18,647)	(17,103)
Total	4,047	15,526

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 37 Expenses for employee benefit obligations

Expenses for employee benefit obligations shown in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income include the following:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Expenses due to short-term benefits to employees	144,723	143,707
Expenses due to long-term benefits to employees	1,501	1,578
Expenses for employee benefits due to termination of employment contract	4,729	5,341
Other staff expenses	509	609
Total expenses due to obligations on benefits to employees	151,462	151,235



Note 38 Administrative expenses

Administrative expenses shown in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income include the following:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Administration overheads	MON	ΙΝΙΟΤΙΨ
Expenses for short-term lease contracts	3,844	2,766
Expenses for low-value leases	-	2,700
Other expenses of obligations for lease contracts	173	151
Maintenance and repair of property and equipment	3,758	3,180
Insurance premiums except to cover operational risk events	1,795	1,901
Office supplies	626	791
IT and communication expenses	28,598	27,909
Electricity, heating and other services	1,635	1,373
•		1,597
Security patrol and security transport services	1,796 855	636
Personnel representation and travel expenses		
Legal and notary expenses	6,093 531	6,322 766
Fees for review and audit of the financial statements by the external auditor		
Fees for advice and consultancies carried out by the external auditor	27	43
Fees for advice and consultancies carried out by other audit firms	-	-
Title Classification Fees	-	-
Fees for other technical reports	1,270	1,436
Fines applied by CMF	-	-
Fines applied by other organizations	37	106
Other administration overhead expenses		
Common expenses buildings	1,856	1,933
Contribution Banks Association	87	31
External consultancies	21,439	21,657
Bolsa de Comercio de Santiago Services	622	558
Telemarketing services	4,355	3,986
Card distribution servicing	106	298
External consultancies Subsidiaries	-	-
Other general administrative expenses	5,339	2,580
Outsourced services		
Data processing	615	734
Technological development, certification and technological testing service	20	25
External service for the administration of human resources and supply of outsourced personnel	908	937
Appraisal service	-	-
Call Center service for sales, marketing, quality control, customer service	1,432	1,351
Outsourced collection service	7,711	7,690
Outsourced ATM administration and maintenance service	514	456
Outsourced cleaning service, casino, custody of files and documents, storage of furniture and equipment	1,750	1,681
Product sales and distribution services	-	_
Outsourced credit evaluation service	-	_
Other outsourced		
IT and communications expense	7,646	8,473
Other Services subcontracted by Subsidiaries	5,954	9,342
Other/Scotia Servicios Corporativos SpA	548	513
Other outsourced service	1,415	1,455
Board expenses	500	412
Advertising	7,142	7,010
Taxes, contributions and other legal charges	8,209	8,490
Total administrative expenses	129,206	128,589
•		-,

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 39 Depreciation and amortization

The detail of this line item is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Amortization of intangible assets	mont.	mont.
Other intangible assets arising from business combinations	4,614	4,614
Other intangible assets arising independently	21,762	18,230
Depreciation of Property and Equipment		
Building and Land	746	805
Other fixed assets	4,468	5,397
Amortization and depreciation of right-of-use asset under lease		
Building and Land		
Building	5,708	5,810
Other fixed assets	-	-
Depreciation for improvements in leased real estate as assets for the right to use leased property	1,059	1,129
Amortization for the right to use other intangible assets under lease	-	-
Depreciation of other assets for investment properties	-	-
Amortization of other assets per revenue asset from regular activities from contracts with customers	-	-
Total depreciation and amortization	38,357	35,985

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 40 Impairment of non-financial assets

The detail of this line item is as follows:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Impairment of investments in companies	-	-
Impairment of intangible assets	-	338
Impairment of Property and Equipment	-	-
Impairment of assets for the right to use leased assets	-	-
Impairment of assets for investment properties	-	-
Impairment of revenue assets due to regular activities arising from contracts with customers	-	-
Gain from an acquisition through a highly advantageous business combination		<u> </u>
Total impairment of non-financial assets	-	338

Note 41 Credit loss expense

The result corresponding to allowances for credit risk reported in the Interim Consolidated Statements of Income is explained as follows:

a) Credit loss expense

	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Expenses on allowances due to credit risk on loans	(377,398)	(258,210)	(124,142)	(119,418)
Expense on special allowances due to credit risk	42,744	6,164	(588)	865
Recovery of written-off loans	39,517	41,872	20,084	22,917
Impairment due to credit risk of other financial assets at amortized cost	432	(94)	32	(52)
Impairment due to credit risk of financial assets at fair value with changes in other comprehensive income	92	259	224	289
Total	(294,613)	(210,009)	(104,390)	(95,399)



b) Expense for allowances for credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans

Summary of expense on allowances due to								
credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period	Regular p	oortfolio	Substandard portfolio	Default p	ortfolio		Deductible guarantees	
6-month period ended 6/30/2025	Evalua	ation	Evaluation	Evalua	ation	Subtotal	FOGAPE	Total
(MCh\$)	Individual	group	Individual	Individual	group		Covid-19	
Advances to banks	I							
Constitution de provisions	(174)	_	_	_	_	(174)		
Release of allowances	150					150		
Subtotal	(24)	-	-	-	-	(24)	-	(24
Commercial loans	(= -/)					(/		,— ·
Constitution de provisions	(76,324)	(9,603)	(25,345)	(50,992)	(43, 162)	(205,426)	(17)	(205,443
Release of allowances	73,383	8,736	27,810	17,130	18,355	145,414	1,751	147,16
Subtotal	(2,941)	(867)	2,465	(33,862)	(24,807)	(60,012)	1,734	(58,278
Mortgage loans								
Constitution de provisions	-	(4,804)	-	-	(9,375)	(14,179)		
Release of allowances	-	7,007	-	-	5,064	12,071		
Subtotal	-	2,203	-	-	(4,311)	(2,108)	-	(2,108
Consumer loans		(404 400)		1	(005 000)	(400.000)		
Constitution de provisions	-	(124,429)	-	-	(305,203)	(429,632)		
Release of allowances	-	71,108	-	-	41,536	112,644	<u> </u>	(240.000
Subtotal	-	(53,321)	-	-	(263,667)	(316,988)	-	(316,988
Expense of allowances constituted for loan credit risk	(2,965)	(51,985)	2,465	(33,862)	(292,785)	(379,132)	1,734	(377,398)
Recoveries of written-off loans								
Advances to banks								
Commercial loans								9,839
Mortgage loans								2,03
								27,647
Consumer loans							L	21,041
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans			Expense of a	allowances du	e to loans in	the period		39,517
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on	Regular p	portfolio	Substandard	allowances du Default p		the period	Deductible	39,517
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period			Substandard portfolio	Default p	ortfolio	the period	guarantees	39,517 (337,881)
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024	Evalua	ation	Substandard portfolio Evaluation	Default p	ortfolio ation		guarantees FOGAPE	39,517 (337,881)
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period			Substandard portfolio	Default p	ortfolio		guarantees	39,517 (337,881)
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024	Evalua	ation	Substandard portfolio Evaluation	Default p	ortfolio ation		guarantees FOGAPE	39,517 (337,881
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$)	Evalua Individual	ation	Substandard portfolio Evaluation	Default p	ortfolio ation		guarantees FOGAPE	39,517 (337,881
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances	Evalua Individual (78)	ation	Substandard portfolio Evaluation	Default p	ortfolio ation	(78) 86	guarantees FOGAPE	39,517 (337,881
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal	Evalua Individual	ation	Substandard portfolio Evaluation	Default p	ortfolio ation	Subtotal (78)	guarantees FOGAPE	39,517 (337,881
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans	Evalua Individual (78) 86 8	ation group - - -	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p Evalua Individual	ortfolio ation group - - -	(78) 86 8	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881 Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions	(80,104)	group (8,550)	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p Evalua Individual (45,245)	ortfolio ation group	(78) 86 8 (212,019)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881 Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances	(78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301	- - - - - (8,550) 11,424	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p	ortfolio ation group - - - - (42,842) 15,210	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881 Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal	(80,104)	group (8,550)	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p Evalua Individual (45,245)	ortfolio ation group	(78) 86 8 (212,019)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881 Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans	(78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301	(8,550) 11,424 2,874	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p	- (42,842) 15,210 (27,632)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions	(78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301	(8,550) 11,424 2,874	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p	- (42,842) 15,210 (27,632)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances	(78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301	(8,550) 11,424 2,874 (6,274) 8,121	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p	- (42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal	(78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301	(8,550) 11,424 2,874	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p	- (42,842) 15,210 (27,632)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans	(78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301	(6,274) (8,121) (1,847)	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal	(78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301	(8,550) 11,424 2,874 (6,274) 8,121 1,847	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203) (280,862)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions	(78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301	(6,274) (8,121) (1,847)	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881 Total
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances constituted for loan	(78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301	(8,550) 11,424 2,874 (6,274) 8,121 1,847 (46,262) 47,393	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050) (234,600) 36,435	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203) (280,862) 83,828	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total (212,162) 155,181 (56,981) (4,203)
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances	(78) (78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301 197	(8,550) 11,424 2,874 (6,274) 8,121 1,847 (46,262) 47,393 1,131	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p Evaluation Individual (45,245) 12,475 (32,770)	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050) (234,600) 36,435 (198,165)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203) (280,862) 83,828 (197,034)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total (212,162) 155,181 (56,981) (4,203)
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances constituted for loan credit risk Recoveries of written-off loans	(78) (78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301 197	(8,550) 11,424 2,874 (6,274) 8,121 1,847 (46,262) 47,393 1,131	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p Evaluation Individual (45,245) 12,475 (32,770)	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050) (234,600) 36,435 (198,165)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203) (280,862) 83,828 (197,034)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total Total (212,162 155,181 (56,981) (4,203)
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal	(78) (78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301 197	(8,550) 11,424 2,874 (6,274) 8,121 1,847 (46,262) 47,393 1,131	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p Evaluation Individual (45,245) 12,475 (32,770)	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050) (234,600) 36,435 (198,165)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203) (280,862) 83,828 (197,034)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total (212,162 155,187 (56,981) (4,203 (197,034) (258,210)
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal	(78) (78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301 197	(8,550) 11,424 2,874 (6,274) 8,121 1,847 (46,262) 47,393 1,131	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p Evaluation Individual (45,245) 12,475 (32,770)	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050) (234,600) 36,435 (198,165)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203) (280,862) 83,828 (197,034)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881 Total (212,162 155,18 (56,981 (4,203 (197,034 (258,210
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances constituted for loan credit risk Recoveries of written-off loans Advances to banks Commercial loans	(78) (78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301 197	(8,550) 11,424 2,874 (6,274) 8,121 1,847 (46,262) 47,393 1,131	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p Evaluation Individual (45,245) 12,475 (32,770)	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050) (234,600) 36,435 (198,165)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203) (280,862) 83,828 (197,034)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881) Total [212,162] 155,181 (56,981) (4,203) (197,034) (258,210) 12,735 4,037
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Constituted for loan Credit risk Recoveries of written-off loans Advances to banks Commercial loans Mortgage loans Consumer loans	(78) (78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301 197	(8,550) 11,424 2,874 (6,274) 8,121 1,847 (46,262) 47,393 1,131	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p Evaluation Individual (45,245) 12,475 (32,770)	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050) (234,600) 36,435 (198,165)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203) (280,862) 83,828 (197,034)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,517 (337,881)
Subtotal Expense due to credit loss on loans Summary of expense on allowances due to credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period 6-month period ended 6/30/2024 (MCh\$) Advances to banks Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Commercial loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Mortgage loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Consumer loans Constitution de provisions Release of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances Subtotal Expense of allowances constituted for loan credit risk Recoveries of written-off loans Advances to banks Commercial loans Mortgage loans	(78) (78) 86 8 (80,104) 80,301 197	(8,550) 11,424 2,874 (6,274) 8,121 1,847 (46,262) 47,393 1,131	Substandard portfolio Evaluation Individual	Default p Evaluation Individual (45,245) 12,475 (32,770)	(42,842) 15,210 (27,632) (9,418) 3,368 (6,050) (234,600) 36,435 (198,165)	(78) 86 8 (212,019) 151,012 (61,007) (15,692) 11,489 (4,203) (280,862) 83,828 (197,034)	guarantees FOGAPE Covid-19	39,5 (337,81) Total (212,11) 155,1 (56,91) (4,21) (258,2)

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Summary of expense on allowances due to	Expense of allowances due to loans in the period							
credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period	Regular portfolio Evaluation		Substandard portfolio	Default p	ortfolio		Deductible guarantees	Total
3-month period ended 6/30/2025			Evaluation	Evalua	ition	Subtotal	FOGAPE	
(MCh\$)	Individual	group	Individual	Individual	group		Covid-19	
Advances to banks								
Constitution de provisions	(169)	-	-	-	-	(169)		
Release of allowances	149	_	_	_	-	149		
Subtotal	(20)	-	_	_	-	(20)	-	(20
Commercial loans	(=-)					(=-/		,
Constitution de provisions	(37,985)	(5,003)	(13,231)	(25,056)	(22,073)	(103,348)	(8)	(103,356
Release of allowances	39,133	4,589	13,221	7,149	8,469	72,561	910	73.47
Subtotal	1,148	(414)	(10)	(17,907)	(13,604)	(30,787)	902	(29,885
Mortgage loans	,	, ,,	, ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,		· · ·
Constitution de provisions	-	(2,418)	-	-	(4,357)	(6,775)		
Release of allowances	-	3,400	-	-	2,305	5,705		
Subtotal	-	982	-	-	(2,052)	(1,070)	-	(1,070
Consumer loans	1			1	())	, , , ,		. ,
Constitution de provisions	-	(33,958)	-	-	(117,895)	(151,853)		
Release of allowances	-	37,365	-	-	21,321	58,686		
Subtotal	-	3,407	-	-	(96,574)	(93,167)	-	(93,167
Expense of allowances constituted for loan								
credit risk	1,128	3,975	(10)	(17,907)	(112,230)	(125,044)	902	(124,142
Recoveries of written-off loans								
Advances to banks								
Commercial loans							-	5,12
Mortgage loans								85
Consumer loans								14,10
Subtotal								20,08
Expense due to credit loss on loans								(104,058
Expense due to credit 1055 on 104115								(104,050

Summary of expense on allowances due to			Expense of a	allowances du	e to loans in	the period		
credit risk and expense for credit losses on loans in the period	Regular portfolio		Substandard portfolio	Default p		Subtotal	Deductible guarantees	Total
3-month period ended 6/30/2024	Evalua	tion	Evaluation	Evalua	ation		FOGAPE	
(MCh\$)	Individual	group	Individual	Individual	group		Covid-19	
Advances to banks								
Constitution de provisions	(44)	-	-	-	-	(44)		
Release of allowances	71	-	-	-	-	71		
Subtotal	27	-	-	-	-	27	-	27
Commercial loans	'			1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Constitution de provisions	(31,019)	(4,447)	(11,519)	(22,015)	(22,833)	(91,833)	(131)	(91,964)
Release of allowances	34,676	4,836	8,216	9,383	8,246	65,357	3,790	69,147
Subtotal	3,657	389	(3,303)	(12,632)	(14,587)	(26,476)	3,659	(22,817)
Mortgage loans	, <u>'</u>	•	(, , , ,	, , ,	, , ,	, , ,		, , ,
Constitution de provisions	-	(1,966)	-	-	(4,096)	(6,062)		
Release of allowances	-	3,964	-	-	2,063	6,027		
Subtotal	-	1,998	-	-	(2,033)	(35)	-	(35)
Consumer loans	'		'	'		, ,	<u>'</u>	` '
Constitution de provisions	-	(22,757)	-	-	(118,631)	(141,388)		
Release of allowances	-	24,399	-	-	20,396	44,795		
Subtotal	-	1,642	-	-	(98,235)	(96,593)	-	(96,593)
Expense of allowances constituted for loan	3,684	4,029	(3,303)	(12,632)	(114,855)	(123,077)	3,659	(119,418)
credit risk			, , ,	, , ,	, , ,			
Recoveries of written-off loans								
Advances to banks								
Commercial loans	1							7,126
Mortgage loans	1							2,110
Consumer loans								13,681
Subtotal								22,917
Expense due to credit loss on loans								(96,501)



c) Expense for credit risk special allowances

Summary of expenses due to credit risk special allowances in the period	6-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	6-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2025 MCh\$	3-month period ended 6/30/2024 MCh\$
Allowances expense due to contingent loans	(21,180)	6,076	(1,193)	918
Advances to banks Commercial loans Consumer loans	(368) (20,812)	1,842 4,234	(753) (440)	- 405 513
Allowances expense due to country risk for operations with debtors domiciled abroad	706	88	605	(53)
Expense due to special allowances for credits abroad	-	-	-	-
Expense due to additional allowances for credits	63,218	-	-	-
Commercial loans	23	-	-	-
Mortgage loans	15,968	=	-	-
Consumer loans	47,227	-	-	-
Expense due to adjustment allowances to minimum allowances required for regular portfolio with individual evaluation	-	-	-	-
Expense due to other special allowances constituted for credit risk	-	-	-	-
Total expenses due to credit risk special allowances	42,744	6,164	(588)	865

Note 42 Gain or loss from discontinued operations

As at June 30, 2025 and 2024, the Bank does not have this type of operations.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 43 Related party disclosures

As established in Chapter 12-4 if the RAN, related parties are persons or entities that, directly or through third parties, hold an interest in the Bank's ownership when such interest exceeds 1 % of the shares, as well as persons who, without holding an interest in the Bank's ownership, have authority and responsibility in the planning, management and control of activities of the Bank or its subsidiaries. Persons or entities related to the Bank holding, directly, through third parties or both, a share higher than 5% are also considered related parties or where they act as director, general manager or other equivalent position.

Article 89 of the Law on Public Companies, also applied to banks, establishes that any transaction with a related party should be performed in fair conditions, similar to the ones commonly prevailing in the market.

On the other hand, article 84 of the General Banking Law establishes the limits for the loans that can be granted to related parties and the prohibition to grant loans to the directors, managers or general representatives of the Bank.

a) Assets and liabilities for transactions with related parties

Type of current assets and liabilities with related parties according to IAS24			Type of related p	arty	
As at June 30, 2025 (in MCh\$)	Parent	Other legal entity	Key staff of the Consolidated Bank	Other related parties	Total
ASSETS					
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss:					
Derivative Instruments	1,988,307	-	-	549	1,988,856
Financial debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets not held for trading mandatorily measured at fair value					
through profit or loss	-	-	-	- 1	-
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	84,530	-	-	-	84,530
Financial assets at amortized cost:					
Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements	-	-	-	-	-
Financial debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial loans	-	-	4,304	397,289	401,593
Mortgage loans	-	-	21,156	115,212	136,367
Consumer loans	-	-	3,739	21,370	25,109
Allowances constituted - loans	-	-	(231)	(4,185)	(4,416)
Other assets	-	-	-	-	-
Contingent loans	7,329	29,998	8,382	38,868	84,577
LIABILITIES					
Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss:					
Derivative Instruments	1,475,673	-	-	-	1,475,673
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss					-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	229,116	-	-	-	229,116
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:	-	-	-	-	
Deposits and other on-demand liabilities	1,280	718	8,055	211,774	221,827
Term and other on-demand deposits	-	5,024	19,544	50,991	75,558
Liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending	-	-	-	-	-
Bank borrowing	-	-	-	-	-
Debt financial instruments issued	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liabilities	-	-	-	670	670
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	-	-	-	-	-
Provisions for dividends, interest payments and repricing of issued					_]
regulatory capital financial instruments	[_	_	-	-
Other liabilities	5,354	-	-	117	5,471



Type of current assets and liabilities with related parties according to IAS24	to Type of related party				
As at December 31, 2024		Other	Key staff of the	Other related	
(in MCh\$)	Parent	legal entity	Consolidated Bank	parties	Total
ASSETS					
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss:					
Derivative Instruments	2,176,351	-	-	140	2,176,491
Financial debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets not held for trading mandatorily measured at fair value	_	_	_	_	_
through profit or loss	_	-	_	_	_
Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	103,271	-	-	-	103,271
Financial assets at amortized cost:					
Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements	-	-	-	-	-
Financial debt securities	-	-	-	-	-
Commercial loans	-	-	4,017	421,783	425,800
Mortgage loans	-	-	23,311	113,412	136,723
Consumer loans	-	-	3,724	20,288	24,012
Allowances constituted - loans	-	-	(156)	(4,140)	(4,296)
Other assets	441	-	-	-	441
Contingent loans	4,387	29,997	8,968	38,048	81,400
LIABILITIES					
Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss:					
Derivative Instruments	1,738,288	-	-	3,676	1,741,964
Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	_	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	200,963	-	-	_	200,963
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:					
Deposits and other on-demand liabilities	_	-	7,084	72,843	79,927
Term and other on-demand deposits	1,217	587	1,973	53,078	56,855
Liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending		-	-	_	_
Bank borrowing	_	_	_	724,533	724,533
Debt financial instruments issued	_	_	_	_	-
Other financial liabilities	_	_	-	_	-
Lease liabilities	_	_	_	697	697
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	_	_	_	696,318	696,318
Provisions for dividends, interest payments and repricing of issued				•	
regulatory capital financial instruments	-	-	-	3,775	3,775
Other liabilities	5,753		-	144	5,897



b) Income and expenses for transactions with related parties

Type of income and expenses from transactions with related parties according to IAS24	Type of related party								
As at June 30, 2025 (in MCh\$)	Parent	Other legal entity	Key staff of the Consolidated Bank	Other related parties	Total				
Interest income	-	-	432	11,823	12,255				
Indexation income	_	-	546	10,288	10,834				
Commission Income	-	-	59	1,612	1,671				
Net financial income	64,095	-	-	(2,822)	61,273				
Other income	-	-	3	19	22				
Total income	64,095	-	1,040	20,920	86,055				
Interest expenses	-	(655)	(123)	(3,378)	(4,156)				
Indexation expenses	_	-	(28)	(80)	(108)				
Commission expenses	_	-	(27)	(2,435)	(2,462)				
Credit loss expense	-	-	(355)	(102)	(457)				
Expenses for employee benefit obligations	-	-	(8,788)	-	(8,788)				
Administration expenses	(23,892)	(99)	-	(718)	(24,709)				
Other expenses				(3,948)	(3,948)				
Total expenses	(23,892)	(754)	(9,321)	(10,662)	(44,629)				

Type of income and expenses from transactions with related parties according to IAS24	Type of related party								
As at June 30, 2024 (in MCh\$)	Parent	Other legal entity	Key staff of the Consolidated Bank	Other related parties	Total				
Interest income	-	2	324	10,163	10,489				
Indexation income	-	-	463	8,052	8,515				
Commission Income	-	-	42	1,019	1,061				
Net financial income	147,000	-	-	(5,224)	141,776				
Other income	148	-	3	25	176				
Total income	147,148	2	832	14,035	162,017				
Interest expenses	_	_	(278)	(3,205)	(3,483)				
Indexation expenses	-	-	(22)	(46)	(68)				
Commission expenses	(1)	(4,342)	(24)	(3,382)	(7,749)				
Credit loss expense	-		(58)	(2,979)	(3,037)				
Expenses for employee benefit obligations	(148)	-	(7,879)	(75)	(8,102)				
Administration expenses	(27,155)	-	-	(2,504)	(29,659)				
Other expenses		-	-	(364)	(364)				
Total expenses	(27,304)	(4,342)	(8,261)	(12,555)	(52,462)				

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



c) Individual transactions with related parties

The Bank has the following individual transactions exceeding UF2,000 with related parties that are legal entities which do not correspond to regular business operations in general performed with customers.

							As at June 30, 2025			
Company name	Nature of Transaction of relationship		· ec		Transactions in conditions of equivalence to those transactions with	Amount	Effect on income statement		Effect in Statement o Financial Position	
Company name	with the bank	Type of service	Term Renewal conditions		mutual independence between the parties		Income	Expenses	Accounts Receivable	Accounts Payable
						MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Inmobiliaria Mall Viña del Mar S.A	Other related parties	Lease of property from branch	6 years	Automatic renewal for 5 years	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	85	-	35	-	-
Sociedad Operadora de la Cámara de Compensación de Pagos de Alto Valor S.A	Other related parties	Compensation service on discharged operations	Undefined	Automatic renewal	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	491	-	491	-	-
Redbanc S.A.	Other related parties	Money dispensing services and delivery of information and data through ATMs	5 years	Automatic renewal for 3 years	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	2,415	-	2,415	-	-
Operadora de Tarjetas de Crédito Nexus S.A.	Other legal entity	Credit Card operation service	2 years	Automatic renewal	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	308	-	308	-	-
Scotia Servicios Corporativos SpA	Other related parties	Consulting services, technological support and projects	10 years	Automatic renewal	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	3,425	-	2,962	-	-
Transbank S.A.	Other legal entity	Credit Card operation service	2 years	Automatic renewal	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	20,479	12,822	7,642	-	15
The Bank of Nova Scotia	Parent Company	Commissions for referred customers	Undefined	Undefined	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	3,764	3,764		-	-
The Bank of Nova Scotia	Parent Company	Technology and project services	1 year	Annual review, if there are no changes, automatic renewal applies	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	14,854	-	14,075	-	109

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Company name	Nature of Transaction description e Company name relationship with the bank Type of service Term Renewal conditions		·		Transactions in conditions of equivalence to those transactions with	Amount	As at Decembe Effect on income statement		Effect in Statement of Financial Position	
Company name			mutual independence between the parties				Accounts Receivable	Accounts Payable		
						MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Azurian Tecnología Limitada	Other related parties	Facial Biometrics Service	1 year	Automatic renewal	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	331	-	331	-	-
Sociedad Operadora de la Cámara de Compensación de Pagos de Alto Valor S.A	Other related parties	Compensation service on discharged operations	Undefined	Automatic renewal	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	169	-	169	-	-
Redbanc S.A.	Other related parties	Money dispensing services and delivery of information and data through ATMs	5 years	Automatic renewal for 3 years	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	1,052	-	1,052	-	-
Nexus Payment Systems SpA	Other related parties	Credit Card operation service	2 years	Automatic renewal	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	2,008	-	1,793	-	-
Servicios Regionales Tecnología Scotiabank Ltda.	Other related parties	Consulting services, technological support and projects	1 year	Annual review, if there are no changes, automatic renewal applies	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	783	-	419	-	-
Scotia Servicios Corporativos SpA	Other related parties	Consulting services, technological support and projects	10 years	Automatic renewal	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	322	-	322	-	-
Transbank S.A.	Other legal entity	Credit Card operation service	2 years	Automatic renewal	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	4,355	-	4,342	-	-
The Bank of Nova Scotia	Parent	Commissions for referred customers	Undefined	Undefined	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	1,480	1,480	-	-	-
The Bank of Nova Scotia	Parent	Technology and project services	1 year	Annual review, if there are no changes, automatic renewal applies	Conditions equivalent to the market on the date these were made	6,291	-	6,291	-	-



d) Payments to the Board and key management personnel of the Bank and its subsidiaries

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	6/30/2024 MCh\$
Board:		
Payment of remunerations and allowances of the Board of Directors - Bank and Bank subsidiaries	500	412
Subtotal _	500	412
Key personnel of the Bank's Management and Subsidiaries:		
Short-term payment for employee benefits	8,165	7,736
Payment of post-employment benefits to employees	-	-
Long-term payment for employee benefits	-	-
Payments for benefits to employees for contract termination	123	143
Payment to employees based on shares or equity instruments	-	-
Payment for obligations for defined contribution post-employment plans	-	-
Payment for obligations for post-employment defined benefit plans	-	-
Payment for other staff obligations	<u> </u>	
Subtotal	8,288	7,879
Total	8,788	8,291

e) Composition of the Board of Directors and key management personnel of the Bank and its subsidiaries

	No. of E	Executive
	6/30/2025	6/30/2024
Board		
Directors - Bank and Bank's Subsidiaries	8	8
Key personnel of the Bank's Management and Subsidiaries		
General Manager - Bank	1	1
General Managers - Bank's subsidiaries	10	10
Division/Area Managers - Bank	79	74
Division/Area Managers - Bank's Subsidiaries	12	17
7	Total 110	110



Note 44 Fair Value of financial assets and liabilities

Determination of the fair value of financial instruments

A comparison between the carrying amount at which the Bank's financial assets and liabilities are recorded and their related fair value as at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 is detailed as follows:

	Note	Recorded amount 6/30/2025 MCh\$	Estimated fair value 6/30/2025 MCh\$
ASSETS			
Cash and deposits in banks	7	1,007,411	1,007,411
Transactions pending settlement	7	527,771	527,771
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss			
Derivative instruments	8	5,143,863	5,143,863
Financial debt securities	8	344,934	344,934
Other	8	13,844	13,843
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Financial debt securities	11	1,641,359	1,641,359
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	12	248,145	248,145
Financial assets at amortized cost			
Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreement	13	190,985	189,697
Financial debt securities	13	20,807	19,282
Advances to banks	13	50,840	50,840
Loans and accounts receivable from customers - Commercial	13	13,239,603	13,467,296
Loans and accounts receivable from customers - Mortgage	13	14,371,727	12,697,225
Loans and accounts receivable from customers - Consumer	13	4,055,936	4,081,136
Securitized bonds		12,504	12,636
LIABILITIES			
Transactions pending settlement	7	463,472	463,472
Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss		,	,
Derivative instruments	21	4,442,307	4,442,307
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	12	1,565,653	1,565,653
Financial liabilities at amortized cost		, ,	, ,
Deposits and other on-demand liabilities	22	5,639,745	5,639,398
Term and other on-demand deposits	22	12,697,841	12,817,164
Liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending	22	298,366	298,235
Bank borrowings	22	2,243,882	2,260,863
Debt financial instruments issued	22	8,148,108	7,978,790
Other financial liabilities	22	161,985	161,985
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	23	1,923,041	1,930,765



	Note	Recorded amount 12/31/2024 MCh\$	Estimated fair value 12/31/2024 MCh\$
ASSETS			
Cash and deposits in banks	7	866,475	866,475
Transactions pending settlement	7	604,970	604,970
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss			
Derivative instruments	8	6,153,446	6,153,446
Financial debt securities	8	618,883	618,883
Other	8	22,878	22,878
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income			
Financial debt securities	11	1,889,506	1,889,506
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	12	330,263	330,263
Financial assets at amortized cost			
Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreement	13	262,360	261,895
Financial debt securities	13	25,767	23,786
Advances to banks	13	1,564	1,564
Loans and accounts receivable from customers - Commercial	13	13,804,771	13,998,771
Loans and accounts receivable from customers - Mortgage	13	14,111,555	12,924,819
Loans and accounts receivable from customers - Consumer	13	4,038,882	3,912,616
Securitized bonds		12,737	13,063
LIABILITIES			
Transactions pending settlement	7	455,278	455,278
Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss			
Derivative instruments	21	5,214,340	5,214,340
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	12	1,554,070	1,554,070
Financial liabilities at amortized cost			
Deposits and other on-demand liabilities	22	5,605,991	5,605,033
Term and other on-demand deposits	22	13,130,590	13,319,646
Liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending	22	501,243	500,972
Bank borrowings	22	2,455,157	2,492,091
Debt financial instruments issued	22	8,110,081	7,874,842
Other financial liabilities	22	199,572	199,572
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	23	1,953,891	1,990,316

The fair value presented above does not attempt to estimate the value of the Bank's profit generated by its business, or future business activities, and accordingly, does not represent the value of the Bank as a going concern.

Analysis and explanation of calculations

For assets recorded at amortized cost, to determine their fair value, the market curve of each currency was used plus an estimate of the spread of each of the main types of products As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. The greatest differences occur in the values of the mortgage portfolio and the bonds issued, due to the fact that these are long-term. This has an influence on two key aspects:

- There are old loans/issues made at rates which are different from current rates.
- Value is more sensitive to rate fluctuations.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Fair value measurement and hierarchy

The Bank establishes a fair value hierarchy, which segregates the inputs and/or assumptions of the valuation techniques used in measuring the fair value of financial instruments. The hierarchy assigns the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets, for identical assets or liabilities (level 1), and the lowest priority to measures involving significant unobservable inputs (level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- Level 1: inputs correspond to quoted prices without adjustment or with a defined quote frequency that allows
 the reasonableness of the fair value of the instrument at all times. Instruments and criteria defined are the
 following:
 - a) Local sovereign debt securities issued by Banco Central de Chile or the Chilean Treasury, which meet the following two criteria:
 - The instrument has been traded during 15 days of the last month.
 - The instrument has been traded during 2 of the last 3 days prior to the date of generation of the report.
 - b) Domestic equity securities traded in a stock exchange.
 - c) Local mutual funds with unit values published daily by the regulator (CMF).
 - d) Treasury Bonds and Treasury Bills.

For shares and Government bonds, prices are observed directly in the Stock Exchange, Bloomberg or Riskamerica (provider of financial information on the local market).

For Treasury, the information is directly observed in Bloomberg. For domestic mutual funds, the information can be noted on the page of the local regulator (CMF).

- Level 2: These are financial instruments whose fair value is realized with variables other than the prices quoted in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). In this category, instruments are measured through the discount of contractual cash flows based on a zero-coupon curve determined through the prices of instruments with similar features and issuer risk. Instruments and criteria defined are the following:
 - a) Local Government debt securities that do not meet the requirements defined for Level 1.
 - b) Corporate debt securities.
 - c) Domestic equity securities not complying with the requirement of being traded in the stock market defined by Bolsa de Santiago.

For shares and Government bonds, prices are observed directly in the Stock Exchange, Bloomberg or Riskamerica (provider of financial information on the local market).

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



- Level 3: the fair value is based on models which use significant inputs that are not based on observable inputs. It is used when the necessary prices, inputs are not observable, directly or indirectly, for similar instruments for the asset or liability at the measurement date. These fair value measurement models are subjective in nature. Accordingly, they base their price estimates on a number of assumptions that are widely accepted by the market. Instruments and criteria defined are the following:
 - a) Housing lease bonds (BVL).
 - b) Local and foreign investment funds.
 - c) Domestic equity securities of private companies (limited liability companies).

The level in the hierarchy into which a measurement is classified is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. The table below presents the assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis As at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

		Fair value measures				
As at June 30, 2025	Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3		
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$		
Assets						
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	5,502,641	13,844	5,488,796	-		
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,641,359	-	1,641,359	-		
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	248,145	-	248,145	-		
Securitized bonds	12,503	-		12,636		
Total assets	7,404,648	13,844	7,378,300	12,636		
Liabilities						
Derivate instruments	4,442,307	-	4,442,307	-		
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	1,565,653	-	1,565,653	-		
Total liabilities	6,007,960	-	6,007,960	-		

		Fair value		
As at December 31, 2024	Carrying amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Assets				
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	6,795,207	22,878	6,772,329	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	1,889,506	-	1,889,506	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	330,263	-	330,263	-
Securitized bonds	12,737	-	-	13,063
Total assets	9,027,713	22,878	8,992,098	13,063
Liabilities				
Derivate instruments	5,214,340	-	5,214,340	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	1,554,070	-	1,554,070	-
Total liabilities	6,768,410	-	6,768,410	-

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Sensitivity analysis for financial instruments under Level 3

The table below provides information about significant unobservable inputs used in measuring financial instruments classified as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy.

As at June 30, 2025	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable data	Range of estimates for unobservable data	Changes in fair value from reasonably possible alternatives(in MCh\$)
Other assets				
Securitized bonds	Comparable in the market	Market TIR	+1%	(154)
Secaritized borids	Comparable in the market	Widikot III	-1%	159

As at December 31, 2024	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable data	Range of estimates for unobservable data	Changes in fair value from reasonably possible alternatives(in MCh\$)
Other assets				
Securitized bonds	Comparable in the market	Market TIR	+1% -1%	(336) 352



Note 45 Maturity per remaining balances of financial assets and liabilities

The detail of this line item is as follows:

As at June 30, 2025	Note	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 months up to 1 year	More than 1 up 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
		MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Cash and deposits in banks	7	1,007,411	_	_	_	_	_	_	1,007,411
Transactions pending settlement	7	527,771	_	-	-	_	_	-	527,771
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss		,							- ,
Derivative instruments (*)	8	11,806	118,472	198,578	839,793	1,327,487	1,183,177	1,464,550	5,143,863
Financial debt securities (**)	8	· -	68,446	12,858	83,866	26,554	26,977	126,233	344,934
Other	8	8,746	5,098	-	· <u>-</u>	· <u>-</u>	-	-	13,844
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income									
Financial debt securities (**)	11	-	-	14	86,712	602	387,624	1,166,407	1,641,359
Other	11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge (*)	12	-	1,031	3,510	5,299	158,471	20,557	59,277	248,145
Financial assets at amortized cost									
Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements	13	-	90,793	40,542	59,650	-	-	-	190,985
Financial debt securities	13	-	-	-	-	-	20,807	-	20,807
Advances to bank	13	1,986	30,754	18,050	50	-	-	-	50,840
Loans and accounts receivable from customers (***)	13	2,038,602	1,614,350	1,691,340	4,438,801	6,879,575	3,458,249	12,447,962	32,568,879
Total financial assets		3,596,322	1,928,944	1,964,892	5,514,171	8,392,689	5,097,391	15,264,429	41,758,838
Transactions pending settlement	7	463,472	-	-	-	-	-	_	463,472
Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss									
Derivative instruments (*)	21	4,032	135,772	219,996	666,394	1,225,991	946,262	1,243,860	4,442,307
Other	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge (*)	12	-	47,505	10,371	259,609	614,921	281,920	351,327	1,565,653
Financial liabilities at amortized cost									
Deposits and other on-demand liabilities	22	5,623,375	16,370	-	-	-	-	-	5,639,745
Term and other on-demand deposits	22	860,216	5,574,202	1,590,231	4,042,819	541,039	89,308	26	12,697,841
Liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending	22	-	294,683	3,683	-	-	-	-	298,366
Bank borrowings	22	106,912	15,259	40,429	1,056,764	558,828	465,690	-	2,243,882
Debt financial instruments issued	22	816	152,253	171	898,305	2,121,542	1,361,512	3,613,509	8,148,108
Other financial liabilities	22	58,000	41,773	32,314	29,764	134	-	-	161,985
Lease liabilities	17	-	908	2,616	8,338	22,942	21,662	77,524	133,990
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	23		-	146	-	44,616	15,624	1,862,655	1,923,041
Total financial liabilities		7,116,823	6,278,725	1,899,957	6,961,993	5,130,013	3,181,978	7,148,901	37,718,390
Net financial position		(3,520,501)	(4,349,781)	64,935	(1,447,822)	3,262,676	1,915,413	8,115,528	4,040,448

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



As at December 31, 2024	Note	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 months up to 1 year	More than 1 up 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
		MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Cash and deposits in banks	7	866,475	_	_	_	_	_	_	866,475
Transactions pending settlement	7	604,970	_	_	_	_	_	_	604,970
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss		,							,
Derivative instruments (*)	8	94	229,179	343,334	929,154	1,674,175	1,295,348	1,682,162	6,153,446
Financial debt securities (**)	8	_	36,211	11,195	153,040	78,763	23,643	316,031	618,883
Other	8	19,546	3,332	-	-	-	· -	-	22,878
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income									
Financial debt securities (**)	11	-	-	499,327	108	151,596	328,084	910,391	1,889,506
Other	11	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge (*)	12	-	92	1,590	27,792	163,384	82,023	55,382	330,263
Financial assets at amortized cost									
Rights under resale agreements and securities lending agreements	13	-	255,222	6,216	922	-	-	-	262,360
Financial debt securities	13	-	-	-	-	-	25,767	-	25,767
Advances to bank	13	1,564	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,564
Loans and accounts receivable from customers (***)	13	1,927,696	1,720,104	1,944,065	4,842,640	6,524,203	3,453,673	12,304,991	32,717,372
Total financial assets		3,420,345	2,244,140	2,805,727	5,953,656	8,592,121	5,208,538	15,268,957	43,493,484
Transactions pending settlement	7	455,278	-	-	-	-	-	-	455,278
Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss									
Derivative instruments (*)	21	-	241,923	282,830	713,277	1,546,945	982,285	1,447,080	5,214,340
Other	21	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge (*)	12	6,618	9,442	14,665	228,362	704,496	239,855	350,632	1,554,070
Financial liabilities at amortized cost									
Deposits and other on-demand liabilities	22	5,579,616	26,375	-	-	-	-	-	5,605,991
Term and other on-demand deposits	22	619,967	5,705,863	2,117,225	3,280,916	1,406,572	21	26	13,130,590
Liabilities under repurchase agreements and securities lending	22	-	501,243	-	-	-	-	-	501,243
Bank borrowings	22	214	123,426	95,848	1,345,402	397,896	492,371	-	2,455,157
Debt financial instruments issued	22	880	-	201	1,078,294	2,192,025	1,228,885	3,609,796	8,110,081
Other financial liabilities	22	56,697	48,723	45,911	48,078	163	-	-	199,572
Lease liabilities	17	-	923	2,596	8,255	22,800	22,862	80,772	138,208
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	23		-	-	279	52,425	16,738	1,884,449	1,953,891
Total financial liabilities		6,719,270	6,657,918	2,559,276	6,702,863	6,323,322	2,983,017	7,372,755	39,318,421
Net financial position		(3,298,925)	(4,413,778)	246,451	(749,207)	2,268,799	2,225,521	7,896,202	4,175,063

^(*) The amounts of the maturities were determined based on the fair values (MTM) of the financial instruments.

^(**) The amounts of the maturities were determined based on the nominal values of the financial instruments.

^(***) Gross loans, without considering provisions for credit risk.



Note 46 Financial and non-financial assets and liabilities by currency

a) The detail of financial assets and liabilities is as follows:

	As at June 30, 2025 (*)												
Financial Assets-Liabilities	Note	Ch\$	UF	Adjustable Exchange Rate	US\$	СОР	GBP	EUR	CHF	JPY	CNY	Other MX	Total
	No.	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Cash and deposits in banks	7	744,833	-	-	220,486	-	956	32,915	1,199	239	931	5,852	1,007,411
Transactions pending settlement	7	291,954	-	-	208,310	-	2,797	9,030	12	18		15,650	527,771
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	8	5,343,142	145,413	-	14,086	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,502,641
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	11	1,102,206	475,353	-	41,476	-	-	22,324	-	-	-	-	1,641,359
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	12	245,972	-	-	2,173	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	248,145
Financial assets at amortized cost	13	8,352,758	18,984,219	142,012	4,379,601	-	-	46,921	-	18,031	6,356	-	31,929,898
Total financial assets		16,080,865	19,604,985	142,012	4,866,132	-	3,753	######	1,211	18,288	7,287	21,502	40,857,225
Transactions pending settlement	7	261,639	_	_	182,919	_	2,416	1,148	164	_	-	15,186	463,472
Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	21	4,442,307	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,442,307
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	12	1,565,653	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,565,653
Financial liabilities at amortized cost	22	14,681,081	7,245,116	-	6,540,516	-	185	44,541	455,655	165,960	6,470	50,403	29,189,927
Lease liabilities	17	4	-	-	133,986	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133,990
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	23	-	1,271,075	-	651,966	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,923,041
Total financial liabilities		20,950,684	8,516,191	-	7,509,387	-	2,601	45,689	455,819	165,960	6,470	65,589	37,718,390
Net financial position		(4,869,819)	11,088,794	142,012	(2,643,255)	-	1,152	65,501	(454,608)	(147,672)	817	(44,087)	3,138,835

	As at December 31, 2024 (*)												
Financial Assets-Liabilities	Note	Ch\$	UF	Adjustable Exchange Rate	US\$	СОР	GBP	EUR	CHF	JPY	CNY	Other MX	Total
	No.	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Cash and deposits in banks	7	516,742	-	-	320,047	-	943	11,782	1,710	238	977	14,036	866,475
Transactions pending settlement	7	313,408	-	-	273,499	-	1,868	11,243	264	-	-	4,688	604,970
Financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	8	6,502,805	279,559	-	12,843	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,795,207
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	11	1,544,414	305,465	-	14,510	-	-	25,117	-	-	-	-	1,889,506
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	12	329,557	-	-	706	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	330,263
Financial assets at amortized cost	13	8,351,328	19,000,752	152,529	4,644,777	-	-	44,147	-	24,391	26,975	-	32,244,899
Total financial assets		17,558,254	19,585,776	152,529	5,266,382	-	2,811	92,289	1,974	24,629	27,952	18,724	42,731,320
Transactions pending settlement	7	345.420	_	_	92,206	_	1.868	10,916	263	_	_	4,605	455,278
Financial liabilities held for trading at fair value through profit or loss	21	5,214,340	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,214,340
Derivative instruments for accounting hedge	12	1.554.070	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	1,554,070
Financial liabilities at amortized cost	22	15,093,460	7,329,892	_	6,869,376	_	151	34.114	422,939	169,106	27,455	56,141	30,002,634
Lease liabilities	17	5	138,203	-	-	-	-	· -	-	· -	· -	· -	138,208
Regulatory capital financial instruments issued	23	_	1,257,573	-	696,318	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,953,891
Total financial liabilities		22,207,295	8,725,668	-	7,657,900	-	2,019	45,030	423,202	169,106	27,455	60,746	39,318,421
Net financial position		(4,649,041)	10,860,108	152,529	(2,391,518)	-	792	47,259	(421,228)	(144,477)	497	(42,022)	3,412,899

^(*) Ch\$ = Chilean pesos / UF = Chilean inflation-adjusted units / US\$ = United States dollars / COP = Colombian pesos / GBP = Pound Sterling / EUR = Euros / CHF = Swiss francs / JPY = Japanese yens / CNY = Chinese renn



b) The detail of non-financial assets and liabilities is as follows:

						As at	June 30,	2025 (*)					
Non-Financial Assets-Liabilities	Note	Ch\$	UF	Adjustable Exchange Rate	US\$	СОР	GBP	EUR	CHF	JPY	CNY	Other MX	Total
	No.	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Investment in companies	14	41,871	-	-	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	-	41,883
Intangible assets	15	242,780	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	242,780
Property and equipment	16	71,180	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71,180
Right-of-use assets under lease contracts	17	139,385	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	139,385
Current taxes	18	-	5,031	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,031
Deferred tax assests	18	452,030	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	452,030
Other assets	19	262,233	19,051	-	650,287	-	-	1,501	-	-	-	211	933,283
Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale	20	26,224	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,224
Total non-financial assets		1,235,703	24,082	-	650,287	-	-	1,513	-	-	-	211	1,911,796
Provisions for contingencies	24	55,220	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	48	55,268
Provisions for dividends, interest payment and repricing of issued regulatory capital financial instruments	25	66,107	-	-	3,535	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	69,642
Special allowances for credit loss	26	131,595	-	-	16,929	17	35	-	-	7	-	-	148,583
Current taxes	18	28,922	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,922
Deferred tax liabilities	18	772	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	772
Other liabilities	27	179,944	30,625	-	660,395	814	13	-	-	5	-	9,044	880,840
Total non-financial liabilities		462,560	30,625	-	680,859	831	48	-	-	12	-	9,092	1,184,027
Net non-financial position		773,143	(6,543)	-	(30,572)	(831)	(48)	1,513	-	(12)	-	(8,881)	727,769

						As at De	cember :	31, 2024 (*))				
Non-Financial Assets-Liabilities	Note	Ch\$	UF	Adjustable Exchange Rate	US\$	СОР	GBP	EUR	CHF	JPY	CNY	Other MX	Total
	No.	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Investment in companies	14	38,745	-	-	-	-	-	11	-	-	-	-	38,756
Intangible assets	15	255,606	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	255,606
Property and equipment	16	74,715	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	74,715
Right-of-use assets under lease contracts	17	145,143	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	145,143
Current taxes	18	-	3,832	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,832
Deferred tax assests	18	403,213	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	403,213
Other assets	19	236,860	22,497	-	586,784	-	-	1,331	-	-	-	582	848,054
Non-current assets and disposal groups held for sale	20	20,735	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,735
Total non-financial assets		1,175,017	26,329	-	586,784	-		1,342	-	-	-	582	1,790,054
Provisions for contingencies	24	43,621	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	79	43,700
Provisions for dividends, interest payment and repricing of issued regulatory capital financial instruments	25	129,884	-	-	3,775	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	133,659
Special allowances for credit loss	26	182,847	-	-	9,376	17	-	34	-	28	35	-	192,337
Current taxes	18	2,567	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,567
Deferred tax liabilities	18	836	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	836
Other liabilities	27	212,608	35,263	-	725,012	420	12	2	-	7		9,189	982,513
Total non-financial liabilities		572,363	35,263	-	738,163	437	12	36	-	35	35	9,268	1,355,612
Net non-financial position		602,654	(8,934)	-	(151,379)	(437)	(12)	1,306	-	(35)	(35)	(8,686)	434,442

^(*) Ch\$ = Chilean pesos / UF = Chilean inflation-adjusted units / US\$ = United States dollars / COP = Colombian pesos / GBP = Pound Sterling / EUR = Euros / CHF = Swiss francs / JPY = Japanese yens / CNY = Chinese renn

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 47 Risk management and reporting

1) Introduction

The Bank and its subsidiaries operate in a highly technological, regulated and competitive market exposed to a number of risks, which can have a negative impact on the organization both in financial terms and in corporate image. These risks need to be managed through the use of structures and methodologies consistent with the volumes, complexity of the transactions and levels of automation, in order to ensure that such risks are managed within levels consistent with the risk appetite defined by Management and in accordance with the strategy defined by Corporate Governance. This allows the Bank and its subsidiaries to establish a balance between risks and benefits in order to maximize value for the shareholders.

Principles

The activities that involve assuming and managing risks in the Bank are guided by the following principles:

- Risk and benefit balance Business and risk decisions are consistent with strategies and risk appetite.
- Understanding risks All material risks to which the Bank is exposed, including financial and non-financial risks, are identified and managed.
- Progressive thinking Emerging risks and potential vulnerabilities are proactively identified and managed.
- Shared responsibility All employees are responsible for managing risk.
- Focus on customers Understanding our customers and their needs is essential to all business and risk decision-making.
- Protect our brand All risk-taking activities must be aligned with the Bank's risk appetite, the code of conduct, the values and principles of policies.
- Controls Maintain a robust and efficient control environment to protect our stakeholders.
- Resilience Be operationally and financially prepared to respond in a timely manner to negative events.
- Compensation Performance and compensation structures reinforce the Bank's values and promote
 effective risk-taking behaviors considering the regulatory environment related to compensation.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



2) Risk management structure

Board of Directors

Being the highest part of the Bank's risk management structure, it provides supervision, either directly or through its support committees, to ensure that decision-making is consistent with strategies and risk appetite. The Board of Directors receives regular updates on the main risks of the Bank, including a summary of the Bank's risk profile, main and emerging risks together with the performance of the portfolio with respect to the defined limits, and approves the key risk policies, the limits and the risk appetite framework.

Decision-making is centralized in several committees related to risk management, among which the following stand out:

Risk committee

Corresponds to a support committee, which helps the Bank's Board of Directors of in the supervision of risk management, which includes institutional risk, credit risk, market risk and operational risk faced by the Bank, to facilitate its monitoring and supervision. Likewise, it provides the Board of Directors with updated information on the Bank's risk management.

Assets and liabilities committee, (ALCO)

The mission of this Committee is to deliver strategic guidelines that allow for the proper management of the Bank's financial structure, in accordance with the objectives set by the Board of Directors and the Bank's policies. This committee is made up of members of the senior management, whose responsibility is to supervise the evolution of the balance sheet and long-term strategies, becoming a focus for discussion and resolution of the several issues concerning growth, funding, products, pricing, risks and Bank's profit or loss.

Model committee

The model committee is a body created to define and approve the preparation, application, monitoring, validation and implementation of the models and strategies defined in the risk management policy, as well as their modifications and relevant changes.

• Capital management and profitability committee

The Capital Management and Profitability Committee's mission is to provide strategic guidelines to maximize the Bank's profitability within the internal and regulatory risk appetite, in accordance with the objectives set by the Board of Directors and the policies of Scotiabank Chile (SBC).

Committee for the prevention of money laundering and financing of terrorism of the Bank and its subsidiaries

Promotes and facilitates in the Bank and subsidiaries the observance of regulations and best practices to prevent, detect and report unusual operations that could be linked to money laundering.

Consequence Management Committee

The Consequence Management Committee is intended to oversee the management of conduct risk in the Bank, through general direction and guidance, promoting the consistent and collaborative application of the guiding principles contained in the Code of Conduct throughout the Bank, being responsible for the governance and oversight of local conduct risk. In line with this, it is responsible for ensuring effective conduct risk management that ensures clear and permanent communication of the Bank's values and its global principles with respect to the required ethical conduct.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



External Suppliers Committee of Scotiabank Chile and Subsidiaries

It manages in a central and unified manner the issues related to the different aspects of outsourcing of the Bank and its Subsidiaries with external suppliers, or with other members of the Group.

• Liquidity contingency committee

The liquidity contingency committee is the highest decision-making body within the institution during a liquidity stress event, being the point of contact and consultation for the different areas of the Bank. The committee may be convened and activated by the Executive Vice President-Country Head, in his/her capacity as Chairman and Officer in charge, or in his/her absence by the Regional Vice President Treasurer or by resolution of ALCO. Activation can be based on the evaluation of early warnings of a potential liquidity stress event, contemplated in the liquidity policy and on all available information. When the liquidity situation does not allow waiting until the next ALCO meeting, the Chairman and Officer in Charge of the Committee, or in his/her absence the Regional Vice President Treasurer, has the authority to convene and activate the liquidity contingency plan.

• Non-financial risk management committee of the Bank and subsidiaries

Provide high-level supervision of non-financial risks (operational risks, information security, business continuity, risks in outsourced services, new products and initiatives, compliance, regulatory and reputational reports), providing a strategic approach and coordinating the development of local internal control programs.

Audit committee

Corresponds to a support committee for the Bank's Board of Directors, which is in charge of the different aspects that involve efficiency, maintenance, application and operation of the internal control systems of the Bank and its subsidiaries; carefully monitor compliance with the regulatory standards and procedures that govern their practice; have a clear understanding of the risks that the business performed may mean for the institution; reinforce and support the function of the Comptroller's Office, as well as its independence from management and serve as a link and coordinator of tasks between the internal audit and the external auditors, also acting as a link between them and the Bank's Board of Directors.

Risk division

This Division supports the Bank's objectives and must maintain an efficient and ongoing management framework at all the Bank's levels. The risk division is responsible for providing reasonable assurance to senior management, the Board of Directors and Shareholders that risks are actively identified, managed and communicated to all key stakeholders. This is achieved by presenting information in an effective and timely manner. The mission of the risk division is to ensure that the results of risk-taking activities are consistent with the Bank's risk appetite and strategies, and that there is an appropriate balance between risk and reward in order to maximize value for the shareholders.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Certain key tasks in risk management performed by the risk units are, but are not limited to:

Retail credit management

- Evaluation of credit risk, exceptions and other credit operations of the different service channels, for Consumer Finance, Persons, Retail Finance, Micro-enterprises and SMEs.
- Carry out comprehensive strategic collection management hand in hand and aligned with the Bank's
 policy compliance and lead projects related to automation or improvements in collection systems.

Wholesale credit management

 Evaluate loans, exceptions and other operations of the different service channels for the business, large business, wholesale, corporate and real estate portfolios.

Risk data engineering and reporting

- Centralize the areas of engineering and risk data management in order to homogenize, standardize, streamline and reduce the risk of data processing and reporting (including regulatory provisions).
- Coordinate within risk the tasks related to Basel III, generating EESAR (Effective Equity Self-Assessment Report) and stress tests.
- Model risk is one that produces adverse financial results (for example, capital, losses, income) and reputation, arising from poor specifications, incorrect assumptions, computation errors, lack of controls, among other things, in the design, development, implementation and/or use of models.

Standardization companies and BRP

Manages debtors transferred from the commercial areas (corporate, large companies, wholesale, real
estate and companies) including the lease operations and factoring transactions portfolio, which present
problems in meeting their obligations with the bank or show impairment in their economic or financial
position. It should be noted that this management is also responsible for administering and managing
the sale of assets awarded and received in lieu of payment.

Market risk management

- Correctly measure and report to Senior Management the risks incurred by Scotiabank Group in Chile
 due to changes in prices and liquidity, so that these are managed in accordance with the Bank's risk
 appetite and expectations complying with local and the Parent's regulations.
- In view of the announcement issued by the Financial Conduct Authority (FCA), regarding that LIBOR rates would no longer be published, the Chilean market assessed the replacement with new benchmark rates such as SOFR, ESTR and SONIA.
- The Bank adopted the required actions to comply with the standard "Interest Rate Benchmark Reform Stage 2", identifying all transactions affected by the change in the benchmark rate, implementing the necessary IT developments to support the new rate model, drafting the legal language to be included in the contracts and promissory notes, both for those transactions maturing after the end of the publication of LIBOR rates, and for those transactions performed using the new benchmark rate, adhered to not providing loans under LIBOR from January 2022, only providing financing to third parties at SOFR and made valuation price changes at SOFR curves.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Enterprise risk management

Develop and implement methods to identify, assess, measure, and monitor the operational, cybersecurity and technological, data, business continuity risks, perform a challenge to the first line of defense, and report the results to Senior Management and the Board of Directors.

- Business continuity management is the process that consists of developing, in advance, and having the
 necessary capacities to avoid or mitigate the impact of an event that causes a disruption of operations
 in one or more business units.
- Information technology (IT) risk relates to the risk of financial loss, disruption or reputational damage due to a failure in IT systems.
- Cybersecurity risk is the risk of loss of confidentiality, integrity or availability of information, data or
 information systems, and reflects the potential adverse impacts on the organization's operations and
 assets, customers and other stakeholders.
- Data risk is the exposure to adverse financial or non-financial consequences due to mismanagement, misinterpretation or misuse of the Bank's data assets. This risk can arise from poor data quality; inadequate data management or data architecture; and/or unethical use of data.
- Operational risk is the risk of loss derived from people, from inadequate processes and systems or their failures or from external events. Operational risk includes risk management with third parties and legal risk but excludes strategic risk and reputational risk.
- Implement the risk management framework and the risk appetite framework as the monitoring of risk
 appetite metrics, responsible for the risk culture, the crisis recovery plan as well as determining the
 Bank's risk profile.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Compliance

- Support management through the application of the compliance program and in implementation of the
 rules issued by regulatory bodies and corporate procedures of Scotiabank Chile and its subsidiaries;
 monitor and advise on the application of the Bank's code of conduct; and support senior management
 in the identification and management of the risk of non-compliance.
- Collaborate with Management to establish a crime prevention model as required by Law No.20393, on criminal liability of legal entities and ensure its effective implementation and application.

Prevention of money laundering and financing of terrorism

Keep a program to prevent the use of the products of the Bank and its subsidiaries for the commission
of crimes associated with money laundering and terrorist financing, reducing the associated regulatory
and reputational risk.

3) Loss risk

Relates to the risk of financial loss faced by the Bank if a customer or counterparty in a financial instrument does not comply with its contractual obligations. It originates mainly from accounts receivable from customers and investment instruments.

The Bank manages credit loss through a number of tools that include procedures, models, validation, controls, behavioral monitoring, etc. This is part of a global strategy. Different limits and models are established based on the features of the customers and the environment in which they operate.

The process by which the Bank operates its policies and controls includes the following features and instances:

- Centralized loan process, where all powers are based on the credit committees.
- Clearly established discretionary credit limits.
- Credit committees specialized by business segments.
- Credit committees specialized by sectors of economic activity.

The main controls established by the Bank include:

- Control and monitoring of credit limits authorized by sector of economic activity.
- Generation of credit management reports.
- · Early warnings of the commercial portfolio.
- · Calculation and monthly control of allowances.
- Monitoring of impaired portfolio.
- Control of write-offs and loan recoveries.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



The Bank also has differentiated models to establish the appropriate amount of potential losses, based on the following models based on individual and collective analysis of debtors:

Individual assessment:

Debtors having the characteristics described in Note 2 "Significant accounting policies", letter (aa) "Special allowances for credit losses" are considered as individually evaluated commercial portfolio.

In accordance with Chapter B-1 of the CNC for Banks issued by the CMF, the individual assessment considers the following segments:

- a) Regular portfolio: Includes those customers whose payment capacity allows them to meet their financial obligations and ranges from category A1 to A6.
- b) Substandard portfolio: Includes debtors with financial problems or who have been in arrears for more than 30 days. It ranges from category B1 to B4.
- c) Portfolio in default: Includes debtors with insufficient payment capacity in foreseeable situations. The categories used range from C1 to C6.

Collective assessment - Collective expected loss models:

The Bank has an adequate structure for the administration of credit loss models, with independence of functions in accordance with good practices and local regulations.

In addition, a model committee exists to which the development of the models, their validation and their follow-up are presented for approval, both from the performance and sufficiency of allowances standpoint, which allows for adequate control of collective allowances. The aforementioned validation is performed by an internal area different from the area developing such models, carrying out an objective review and without conflicts of interest.

There is a model risk management policy (MRMP) that follows the Risk Management's internal guidelines that allow developments to show a standard defined by the Bank, regardless of the team that performs the work. The guidelines cover different stages in the model life cycle such as: collective models methodology, monitoring and control, data validation, model validation and model development, and adequacy of allowances.

In addition, in order to have adequate support and analysis, there are technical notes that cover relevant points in the development of models, such as, for example, the recessive period to be considered or the discount rate that should be used in the calculation of the parameter of loss given default.

All models have a risk rating based on their use, maturity, typology, materiality and complexity.

Thus, the allowance models are integrated with the management of account administration, collections and account origination.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



The different collective credit risk models are presented below according to the Bank's portfolios:

Non-retail group commercial model

This Model is applied to single customers, small businesses, separating customers belonging to commercial loan portfolio from customers belonging to retail portfolio (customers with loans other than commercial loans). Commercial customers with sales above MUS\$1 or debt above MCh\$500 are evaluated individually.

Customers are evaluated at Taxpayer ID level, which are grouped as follows: renegotiated customers, and non-renegotiated customers.

In addition, the commercial portfolio has a standard model published by CMF that is divided into three submatrices: lease, student and other commercial. These matrices are generally double-entry where an expected loss (EL) assigned according to the delinquency tranche and guarantee coverage must be applied. The model providing the greatest allowances between the internal or standard model is then applied.

Retail group commercial model

This Model is applied to single customers (natural persons) or micro-enterprises with some classified commercial credit as defined by CMF. There are various business models for the retail segment and these are applied to each account as appropriate to calculate the probability of default (PD) and are: CAE Education, CORFO Education, Micro-enterprises (for new and old customers), general purpose mortgage loan and model for renegotiated customers.

In addition, the commercial portfolio has a standard model published by CMF that is divided into three sub-matrices: lease, student and other commercial. These matrices are generally double-entry where an EL assigned according to the delinquency tranche and guarantee coverage must be applied. The model providing the greatest allowances between the internal or standard model is then applied.

Mortgage model

Mortgage model is applicable to customers with an operation classified as mortgage loans (for new and old customers). Customers are evaluated at Taxpayer ID No. level. In addition, has a standard model determined by CMF in a double-entry matrix where an EL must be applied by tranches of default and tranches of loan to value (LTV). The model that calculates the highest expected losses is then applied.

Consumer Model

This model applies to costumers with any operation categorized as consumer loans. Several consumption models exist, and they are applied to each account as appropriate, seeking the lowest rating at the customer level for the calculation of PD (Probability of Default). The models are: installment consumption (for new and existing customers), revolving consumption, renegotiated consumption (at customer level), and agreements. Additionally, there is a standard model determined by the CMF (Financial Market Commission) in a double-entry matrix where an EL (Expected Loss) must be applied by level of delinquency (bank and financial system) and holding of Mortgage Loan. The Bank applies the model that calculates the highest expected losses.



CAT subsidiary allowance model

The model used for subsidiary CAT uses the same formulation as for the collective consumption model, based on a statistical model with probability of default (PD) and a loss given default (LGD). Models are integrated with the management of the customer; e.g., for non-payment of obligations, considering the different CAT recovery and collection strategies.

In addition, a standard model established by the CMF is used, based on a double-entry matrix in which an expected loss (EL) must be applied according to delinquency level (bank and financial system) and whether a mortgage loan is held. The model that results in the highest expected losses is applied.

Credit quality by class of financial asset - Individual assessment

For individual evaluation, credit quality is presented (A1 to C6), tabulating loans according to the class of financial asset.

	As at June 30, 2025							
Individual evaluation	Advances to bank	Commercial loans	Commercial leasing	Factoring	Consumer loans	Mortgage Ioans	Contingent loans	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
A1	37,721	93,890	-	-	-	-	- 163,787	295,398
A2	13,143	2,803,753	31,168	6,848	-	-	625,671	3,480,583
A3	-	1,509,630	177,048	18,152	-	-	148,656	1,853,486
A4	-	2,125,129	354,161	79,036	-		- 225,757	2,784,083
A5	-	1,416,813	176,066	60,224	-		- 34,852	1,687,955
A6	-	1,286,735	80,378	143,676	-		- 22,328	1,533,117
B1	-	271,587	17,914	15,660	-		- 1,831	306,992
B2	-	143,699	8,250	4,135	-		5,025	161,109
B3	-	171,774	6,037	624	-		7,908	186,343
B4	-	211,711	3,304	-	-		1,545	216,560
C1	-	86,672	3,004	2,077	-		1,545	93,298
C2	-	126,762	4,499	-	-		2,959	134,220
C3	-	51,306	2,389	-	_		- 13	53,708
C4	-	62,648	845	-	-		- 35	63,528
C5	-	79,488	128	-	-		418	80,034
C6	-	57,113	609	23	-		3,149	60,894
Total	50,864	10,498,710	865,800	330,455	-		- 1,245,479	12,991,308

As at December 31, 2024								
Individual evaluation	Advances to bank	Commercial loans	Commercial leasing	Factoring	Consumer loans	Mortgage Ioans	Contingent loans	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
A1	1,305	123,229	-	-	-	-	130,343	254,877
A2	260	3,024,450	39,208	12,956	-	-	788,521	3,865,395
A3	-	1,679,845	159,346	31,658	-	-	81,704	1,952,553
A4	-	2,032,618	349,189	57,862	-	-	158,434	2,598,103
A5	-	1,823,266	187,913	70,062	-	-	66,981	2,148,222
A6	-	1,156,035	72,908	84,361	-	-	51,210	1,364,514
B1	-	211,299	19,098	569	-	=	3,189	234,155
B2	-	205,805	7,266	-	-	-	5,461	218,532
B3	-	192,861	8,889	5,130	-	-	9,922	216,802
B4	-	183,389	3,857	-	-	-	2,402	189,648
C1	-	109,833	4,103	2,077	-	-	1,513	117,526
C2	-	152,952	4,854	-	-	-	367	158,173
C3	-	69,864	551	-	-	-	13	70,428
C4	-	39,566	479	-	-	-	60	40,105
C5	-	68,481	1,258	-	-	-	131	69,870
C6		50,381	4	283	-	-	3,006	53,674
Total	1,565	11,123,874	858,923	264,958	-	-	1,303,257	13,552,577



Credit quality by class of financial asset - Group evaluation

For collective assessment, credit quality is presented (regular or in default), tabulating loans according to the class of financial asset.

			As	at June 30, 2	2025			
Group evaluation	Advances to bank	Commercial loans	Commercial leasing	Factoring	Consumer loans	Mortgage loans	Contingent loans	Total
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Regular	-	1,651,285	29,064	437	4,056,398	13,851,493	581,515	20,170,192
Default		250,062	2,118	-	466,673	566,384	25,077	1,310,314
Total	-	1,901,347	31,182	437	4,523,071	14,417,877	606,592	21,480,506

	As at December 31, 2024								
Group evaluation	Advances to bank	Commercial loans	Commercial leasing	Factoring	Consumer loans	Mortgage loans	Contingent loans	Total	
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	
Regular	-	1,646,782	28,401	718	3,912,986	13,630,490	564,898	19,784,275	
Default		255,773	2,406	22	463,770	528,269	25,268	1,275,508	
Total	-	1,902,555	30,807	740	4,376,756	14,158,759	590,166	21,059,783	

Financial assets at amortized cost

The following stages are defined for individual and group evaluation:

Stage	Description	Individual	Group
Stage 1	Assets without a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition	A1 to A6	Regular
Stage 2	Assets with a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition but without credit impairment	B1 to B4	Substandard
Stage 3	Credit-impaired assets	C1 to C6	Default

The classification of financial assets at amortized cost and contingent loans in these stages is as follows:

As at June 30, 2025	Stage 1 MCh\$	Stage 2 MCh\$	Stage 3 MCh\$	Total MCh\$
Individual	11,694,965	308,890		
Advances to bank	-	-	-	-
Loans and accounts receivable	-	-	485,682	485,682
Group				
Advances to bank	-	-	-	-
Loans and accounts receivable	20,170,192		1,310,314	21,480,506
Total	20,170,192		1,795,996	21,966,188
	1,942,591	75,675		
As at December 31, 2024	2,841,971	202,941	Stage 3	Total
As at December 31, 2024	14,390,561	45,691	MCh\$	MCh\$
Individual				
Advances to bank	1,565	-	-	1,565
Loans and accounts receivable	12,182,099	859,137	509,776	13,551,012
Group				
Advances to bank	-	-	-	-
Loans and accounts receivable	19,784,277		1,275,506	21,059,783
Total	31,967,941	859,137	1,785,282	34,612,360



Collateral

Collateral accepted by the Bank comply with the requirements established in Chapter 12-3 of the RAN, which establishes that for the purposes of the individual credit limit, all sureties constituted on real or personal property are collateral. Collateral (co-debtors or sureties), as well as those constituted on bills of exchange, commercial promissory notes, shares and, in general, all those that do not affect tangible property, will not be considered for these purposes, except for certain specific documents indicated in the regulations and that comply with the conditions indicated therein. Having guarantees reduces the risk for the Bank.

For the group and individual evaluation, the collateral limitation amount for customers with secured transactions is classified into the following categories:

	As	at June 30, 20	25	As at December 31, 2024			
Individual	Loans MCh\$	Guarantee MCh\$	Allowance MCh\$	Loans MCh\$	Guarantee MCh\$	Allowance MCh\$	
Commercial loans	11,694,965	4,187,773	308,890	12,247,755	4,214,194	299,060	
Consumer loans Mortgage loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	
0 0	11,694,965	4,187,773	308,890	12,247,755	4,214,194	299,060	

	As a	As at June 30, 2025			As at December 31, 2024			
Group (*)	Loans	Guarantee	Allowance	Loans	Guarantee	Allowance		
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$		
Commercial loans	1,942,591	2,740,600	75,675	1,943,024	2,677,092	72,435		
Consumer loans	2,841,971	-	202,941	2,766,726	-	143,214		
Mortgage loans	14,390,561	26,087,428	45,691	14,128,682	25,314,272	46,716		
	19,175,123	28,828,028	324,307	18,838,432	27,991,364	262,365		

^(*) Subsidiaries are not considered for the group portfolio.

Individual portfolio risk profile by probability of default

The table below shows a tabulated breakdown by probability of default (PD) of the Bank's individual portfolio of secured and unsecured debt.

Transhee for	As at June	30, 2025	As at December 31, 2024			
Tranches for probability of default	Secured MCh\$	Unsecured MCh\$	Secured MCh\$	Unsecured MCh\$		
0.0 - 0.1	198,682	5,152,980	123,880	5,549,348		
0.11 - 0.4	446,171	1,407,315	462,043	1,490,809		
1.01 - 3.0	1,092,280	1,691,803	1,114,936	1,483,167		
3.01 - 6.0	675,365	1,012,590	736,479	1,411,741		
6.01 - 11.0	782,082	751,034	780,456	584,059		
11.01 - 17.0	219,375	87,617	181,759	52,397		
17.01 - 25.0	125,885	35,223	137,974	80,558		
25.01 - 50.0	325,997	76,907	323,906	82,544		
50.01 +	349,284	136,399	377,343	132,432		
Total	4,215,121	10,351,868	4,238,776	10,867,055		

The information does not consider guarantees for substitution purposes.

As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Risk profile of the collective portfolio by probability of default

The table below shows a tabulated breakdown by probability of default (PD) of the Bank's different collective portfolio banking.

Tranches for	6/30/2025	12/31/2024
probability of default	MCh\$	MCh\$
Commercial		
0.84 - 3.81	842,929	843,448
3.81 - 8	373,301	355,946
8 - 12.41	165,013	160,652
12.41 - 12.722	105,571	120,546
12.722 - 25.27	70,789	59,826
25.27 +	384,988	402,606
Total commercial	1,942,591	1,943,024
Mortgage		
0.14 - 0.37	8,802,898	8,699,420
0.37 - 1.79	2,610,473	2,560,132
1.79 - 4.5	1,292,783	1,245,755
4.5 - 16.8	13,416	17,778
16.8 - 23.04	1,107,588	1,079,874
23.04 +	563,403	525,723
Total mortgage	14,390,561	14,128,682
Consumer		
0.82 - 2.36	790,347	802,727
2.36 - 5.61	760,585	727,305
5.61 - 9.94	475,710	436,128
9.94 - 15.59	226,111	217,865
15.59 - 40.58	299,541	280,245
40.58 +	289,677	302,456
Total consumer	2,841,971	2,766,726
Total	19,175,123	18,838,432



Offset of financial assets and liabilities

For accounting purposes, Scotiabank does not offset derivatives.

Credit limits to related groups

For groups related to Scotiabank, the total of their obligations may not exceed 5% of the Bank's effective equity, this limit increases to 25% only if that exceeding 5% corresponds to obligations with collateral (article 84, number 2 of the General Banking Law).

All groups related to Scotiabank are within the regulatory limits, detailed as follows:

As at June 30, 2025

7.6 4.7 64.110 66, 2026	Total obligations	% Effective equity	
	MCh\$	Secured	Unsecured
BNS Group	519,386	7.3%	2.2%
Said Group	310,819	4.3%	1.4%
Generic Management-assigned group	187,052	2.8%	0.7%
Karen Ergas Group	49,373	0.4%	0.6%
Business Support Group	30,000	0.0%	0.6%
Salvador Said Group	23,445	0.0%	0.4%
Emilio Deik Group	11,046	0.1%	0.2%
Diego Masola Group	36	0.0%	0.0%
Other related groups	57,093	0.9%	0.2%
Total main debtors	1,188,250		
	Regulatory limits	25.0%	5.0%

As at December 31, 2024

, in the second second	Total obligations	% Effective	equity
	MCh\$	Secured	Unsecured
BNS Group	498,844	8.4%	0.6%
Said Group	320,839	2.8%	3.0%
Generic Management-assigned group	176,250	2.5%	0.7%
Karen Ergas Group	48,935	0.3%	0.5%
Business Support Group	45,236	0.0%	0.8%
Salvador Said Group	30,000	0.0%	0.5%
Víctor Carpio Group	22,443	0.3%	0.2%
Emilio Deik Group	11,425	0.1%	0.2%
Diego Masola Group	38	0.0%	0.0%
Other related groups	57,730	0.8%	0.3%
Total main debtors	1,211,740		
	Regulatory limits	25.0%	5.0%

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Concentration by industries

See information on concentration by industry in letter e) "Gross loans and allowances made grouped by type of economic activity of debtors and concentration of credit risk" in Note 13 "Financial assets at amortized cost."

Total allowances on loans

The total level of allowances on loans reached MCh\$901,613 as at June 30, 2025, which implies an increase of approximately 18.30% compared to the stock of allowances as at December 31, 2024, which reached MCh\$762,164. Accordingly, and considering an increase in total loans (an increase of 1.90% in the same period), the percentage of allowances on total loans was up from 2.33% in December 2024 to 2.77% in June 2025.

Risk rates and allowances	6/30/2025	12/31/2024	
rtion ratios and anomarioso	MCh\$	MCh\$	
Total allowances on loans	901,613	762,164	
Total loans	32,568,879	32,717,372	
Allowance / loan percentage	2.77%	2.33%	

The increase in allowances for credit losses for the period between December 2024 and June 2025 occurs mainly in retail and CAT Administradora de Tarjetas S.A. due to the implementation of the new standard consumption allowances matrix.

4) Market risk

Refers to the risk of losses arising from adverse movements in market prices. It is associated with the volatility of the financial market and reflects the uncertainty faced by a financial institution in the face of possible adverse effects on the risk factors (market interest rates, exchange rates and prices) on the value of its assets, liabilities and equity. Market risks are classified as follows:

Interest rate risk

Risk of losses due to adverse movements in the intertemporal structure of the interest rate. This is caused by upward or downward movements of the yield curve.

Spread – Base risk

Spread risk is the risk of losses related to adverse changes in spreads existing in the yield of different financial assets and liabilities. These may reflect particular liquidity conditions of assets, credit and/or specific prepayment clauses whose exercise may result in a deterioration on the ability to generate future margin.

Exchange rate risk

Risk of losses due to adverse movements in exchange rates. This risk originates from financial mismatches between assets and liabilities, both effective and contingent.

Option volatility risk

Risk of financial losses associated with positions in explicit or implicit options, whether purchased or delivered, such as those contained in mortgage loans and education loans.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Balance sheet management

The Bank's assets are mainly made up of mortgage loans (mainly denominated at a fixed rate), commercial loans (including those used to finance foreign trade operations), loans for education and consumption.

The Bank manages its balance sheet with the purpose of maximizing its net income from interest and adjustments, maintaining a high proportion of demand deposits for which interest is not paid and of short-term deposits, granting loans for longer periods allowing to take advantage in this way, the slope of the yield curve within an agreed financial risk management context.

The main risks of the Balance Sheet are due to the interest rate risk produced by long-term assets financed with short-term liabilities, and the risk of inflation, where the Bank lends in UF and is funded in Chilean pesos. To mitigate balance risks, the Bank has short-term interest and inflation risk limits, as well as long-term interest risk limits to maintain the level of risk desired by the institution.

The Bank also manages a portfolio of non-derivative financial instruments in order to take advantage of the differences in the yield curve, and at the same time maintain positions in liquid instruments in order to meet eventual resource needs.

Additionally, the Bank performs hedging derivatives to manage risks arising from its mortgage portfolio, its deposit portfolio and specific cases

The portfolio of financial assets held for trading at fair value through profit or loss of the Individual Bank, is detailed as follows:

As at June 30, 2025	(Individual bank	()			
	Purchase value	Purchase TIR	Market value	Market TIR	Unrecognized gain (loss)
	MCh\$	%	MCh\$	%	MCh\$
Papers Ch\$	1,156,240	4.03	1,115,261	5.40	(40,979)
PDBC	-	-	-	-	-
BCP	-	-	-	-	-
BTP	1,156,240	4.03	1,115,261	5.40	(40,979)
Term deposits Ch\$	-	-	-	-	-
Papers UF	447,338	2.25	446,750	2.46	(588)
BCU	-	-	-	-	-
BTU	447,338	2.25	446,750	2.46	(588)
Term deposits UF	-	-	-	-	-
Securitized bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Papers US\$	59,749	4.10	63,905	6.55	4,156
Term deposits US\$	59,749	4.10	63,905	6.55	4,156
Total	1,663,327	4.03	1,625,916	4.96	(37,411)

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



5.23

(61,599)

As at December 31, 2024	(Individual bank)				
	Purchase value	Purchase TIR	Market value	Market TIR	Unrecognized gain (loss)
	MCh\$	%	MCh\$	%	MCh\$
Papers Ch\$	1,629,211	3.76	1,559,408	5.71	(69,803)
PDBC	-	-	-	-	-
BCP	-	-	-	-	_
BTP	1,629,211	3.76	1,559,408	5.71	(69,803)
Term deposits Ch\$	-	-	-	-	-
Papers UF	298,171	1.60	295,535	2.38	(2,636)
BCU	-	-	-	-	-
BTU	298,171	1.60	295,535	2.38	(2,636)
Term deposits UF	-	-	-	-	-
Securitized bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Papers US\$	34,453	3.85	45,293	6.30	10,840
Term deposits US\$	34,453	3.85	45,293	6.30	10,840

1,961,835

Trading activities/customers

The Bank has a Trading area responsible for the active trading of highly liquid instruments, whether these are Banco Central de Chile, bank and/or corporate paper, interest rate and/or currency derivatives (including UF). This area is responsible for finding profit opportunities in a short-term horizon, taking advantage of transitory no arbitrations in prices and differentials in the yield curve (base and spread), but is also responsible for providing financial solutions to our customers.

3.43

1,900,236

Value at risk

Total

The Bank uses value-at-risk (VaR) tools to quantify the risk associated with the trading portfolio positions. This includes papers and derivatives classified in the trading portfolio, as well as the exchange risk of mismatches in foreign currency derived from operations with customers and proprietary positions (directional) in currencies.

In line with our Head Office, market risk management uses the historical simulation method with a confidence level: 99% and 300 days of observations.

Complementarily, the market risks department extensively uses comparison tests in order to establish the predictive quality of its value at risk model (excess frequency test).

As at June 30, 2025, the total VaR (includes rate and currency) reached a value of MCh\$2,096 (MCh\$4,194 as at December 31, 2024).



The impact by the risk factor on the VaR at each closing date is shown below:

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$	
Bonds in UF	(7)	(14)	
Derivatives UF	(1,016)	(280)	
Bonds in Ch\$	(299)	(1,645)	
Derivatives in Ch\$	(591)	(1,103)	
Derivatives in US\$	(90)	(1,132)	
Basis US\$/Ch\$	(240)	26	
Basis L3L6	-	-	
Other	-	-	
FX	147	(46)	
Total	(2,096)	(4,194)	

Where others, corresponds to the diversification effect, product of having books with different risk measurements.

Interest rate flow sensitivity

Structural interest rate risk is measured using a metric that sensitizes the flows of asset and liability positions.

The metric considers financial assets, liabilities and derivatives not belonging to the trading portfolio. Items, or a portion thereof, that are previously designated as not sensitive to changes in interest rates are excluded, such as:

- · Cash.
- · Other assets and liabilities.
- Past due portfolio.
- · Allowances.
- · Capital and reserves.

Interest rate mismatches are built as follows:

- a) Cash flows are determined by the maturity of fixed rate transactions and by the revaluation period in variable rate transactions.
- b) Assets, liabilities and derivatives used in balance management should be grouped according to their currency of accrual: Chilean pesos (Ch\$), Unidad de Fomento (UF), U.S. dollars (US\$) and other foreign currencies combined.
- c) Flows consider only principal of transactions.
- d) Interest rate curves do not consider the spread between assets and liabilities.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



f) Adjustments:

To properly calculate the sensitivity of assets and liabilities to changes in interest rates, the flows of financial products having particular characteristics must be modified:

- i) The balance in chequing accounts is distributed in terms of up to 8 years for the local report and up to 5 years for regulatory report. Both as obtained in the stability models of demand accounts with no maturity.
- ii) The ability of customers to prepay loans modifies the risk profile of the balance sheet, as actual maturities differ from the contractual maturities.
- iii) For education loans, the expected flow should be estimated according to the factors that determine the maturity profile of this portfolio. In addition, all disbursements and resales that will be accounted for in the current year, related to those students who are pursuing their studies and that the Bank has committed to deliver the necessary funds, must be entered.

Short-term sensitivity (Net interest income sensitivity)

Quantifies the impact of an adverse change in interest rates in the short term. This impact discloses the deviation that the budgeted financial margin may experience at a year-end.

The interest rate shock is weighted by the residual term of each time band, i.e., a 100 bp shock is applied to the overnight band until it is gradually reduced to 8.33 bp in the eleventh month.

The calculation is made for each currency, then the individual results are aggregated to obtain the overall risk exposure.

St = ABS (
$$\Sigma$$
 Spm)

Where:

St: Short-term sensitivity to a change in interest rates.

Sp: Sensitivity of a change in interest rate (100 bps) weighted by the annual residual term.

m: The currencies of each book measured: Ch\$, UF, US\$, MX.

Long-term sensitivity (Economic value sensitivity)

Quantifies the impact of an adverse change in interest rates on the Bank's equity, or in other words, represents the variation that the value of the share would experience in the event of a movement in the yield curve.

This impact is obtained by comparing the market value of the balance sheet structure with the present value of the mismatches discounted at market rates modified by a sensitivity factor equivalent to +/- 100bp.

Stl = ABS (min (
$$\Sigma$$
 St+m , Σ St-m))

Where:

Stl: Long-term sensitivity to a change in interest rates.

St: Sensitivity to an increase (+) and drop (-) in interest rates.

m: The currencies of each book measured: Ch\$, UF, US\$, MX.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Inflation position sensitivity

The sensitivity of the inflation position results from applying a 100 bp shock to the difference between assets and liabilities denominated in Unidad de Fomento (UF). The mismatch considers on and off-balance sheet transactions, except for those of the trading portfolio. Derivatives the maturity date of which falls within the known UF term are excluded from the measurement.

Where:

If: Inflation sensitivity Pi: Inflation position

The Bank uses long-term sensitivity (EvE), short-term sensitivity (NII) and sensitivity to inflation risk to quantify the interest rate risk of the balance sheet book (banking book). These measures include all assets and liabilities, except for trading portfolios.

The impact on present value per currency of a parallel movement of 100 points is illustrated below.

As at June 30, 2025

,	VPN	VPN + 1%	VPN - 1%
Ch\$	1,578,422	(28,087)	26,696
UF	3,080,441	(240,216)	175,106
US\$	(449,377)	10,075	(10,803)
MX	93,002	(2,209)	2,353
Usage	(260,437)		

As at December 31, 2024

	VPN	VPN + 1%	VPN - 1%
Ch\$	1,560,606	(44,549)	43,458
UF	2,584,489	(214,141)	150,996
US\$	(190,743)	5,154	(5,487)
MX	44,826	(1,369)	1,445
		, ,	
Usage	(254,905)		



The impact on the financial margin by currency of a parallel movement of 100 points is illustrated below:

As at June 30, 2025

As at suite s	70, 2020							
		Net preser	nt value			Financial	margin	
	Ch\$ MCh\$	UF MCh\$	US\$ MCh\$	MX MCh\$	Ch\$ MCh\$	UF MCh\$	US\$ MCh\$	MX MCh\$
	MCHA	MCHA	MCHA	MCHA	MCHA	MCHA	MCHA	MICHA
1 Month	(165,575)	200,098	441,075	18,394	1,587	(1,965)	(4,227)	(176)
2 Months	(245,316)	248,132	(883,950)	(5,436)	2,146	(2,214)	7,734	48
3 Months	286,155	268,791	(684,977)	6,523	(2,265)	(2,167)	5,423	(52)
4 Months	372,043	(62,898)	530,677	4,460	(2,635)	413	(3,759)	(32)
5 Months	604,032	204,596	309,175	5,303	(3,775)	(1,308)	(1,932)	(33)
6 Months	628,940	266,183	322,799	4,140	(3,407)	(1,466)	(1,748)	(22)
7 Months	358,980	(120,302)	80,025	341	(1,645)	532	(367)	(2)
8 Months	(184,422)	247,740	(635)	307	692	(946)	2	(1)
9 Months	(102,026)	(125,789)	103,125	443	298	355	(301)	(1)
10 Months	(104,853)	174,448	(51,259)	(540)	218	(372)	107	1
11 Months	223,526	(89,405)	30,796	5,239	(279)	107	(38)	(7)
12 Months	18,126	(78,071)	(31,873)	921_	(9)	31	13	
				Total	(9,074)	(9,000)	907	(277)

Exposure to inflation Usage 32,024

14,580

As at December 31, 2024

As at Decen	nber 31, 2024							
		Net prese	nt value			Financial	margin	
	Ch\$ MCh\$	UF MCh\$	US\$ MCh\$	MX MCh\$	Ch\$ MCh\$	UF MCh\$	US\$ MCh\$	MX MCh\$
1 Month	(589,544)	4,051	902,914	8,880	5,650	(86)	(8,653)	(86)
2 Months	(92,090)	60,160	(1,157,519)	(26,333)	806	(568)	10,128	231
3 Months	355,265	178,483	(232,269)	1,482	(2,813)	(1,451)	1,839	(12)
4 Months	(27,303)	263,427	111,867	8,493	193	(1,898)	(792)	(60)
5 Months	78,729	13,891	434,881	2,937	(492)	(114)	(2,718)	(18)
6 Months	503,159	331,936	15,148	3,844	(2,725)	(1,822)	(82)	(22)
7 Months	16,301	(833)	43,985	2,703	(75)	(15)	(201)	(12)
8 Months	(21,822)	229,522	11,870	3,589	82	(877)	(45)	(13)
9 Months	43,605	231,699	13,293	45	(127)	(687)	(39)	` -
10 Months	71,910	(174,518)	61,439	-	(150)	355	(128)	_
11 Months	353,966	110,910	(12,978)	429	(442)	(144)	` 16	-
12 Months	329,091	(47,816)	45,308	1,824	(137)	` 18́	(19)	(1)
	•	. , ,	,	Total	(230)	(7.289)	(694)	7

Exposure to inflation Usage 21,692

13,486

Net present value, equivalent to the net present value of asset and liability flows.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Accounting hedges

Transactions under the accounting hedging modality are governed by the technical and procedure specifications described in the Accounting Hedging Policy, managed by the Finance Division. This policy indicates the strategies for hedging with derivatives, specific risk being hedged, effectiveness testing, accounting for hedging relationships and general descriptions related to this product.

As a general concept, a derivative position, which is hedging a certain financial instrument, that arises in the ALM book continues to belong to that book in the event that the hedged item has, for instance, been sold. This translates into no effect on the related regulatory reports and follows the logical determination to separate products and instruments from the trading book and the banking book, as established in Chapter 21-7 of the RAN.

The Market Risk Management Department supervises the deals entered under this modality in the peak system, reviewing concepts such as type of strategy, type of product entered, currency, term and counterparty, making an effective comparison between the system and the confirmation forms received from the back office area, in order to subsequently provide its final approval.

Additionally, for the management process, on a monthly basis it compares the amounts of results that were entered on a daily basis and the final results received from the Parent, making the related adjustments should differences exist.

Stress tests

The market risk management develops and reports to ALCO and local Board regularly stress exercises, which include parallel and non-parallel movements of the yield curve, volatility shocks and historical scenarios.

Detail of exposures

Currency risk

The Bank is exposed to the volatility in exchange rates in which its financial positions and cash flows are expressed or indexed. On an annual basis, the limits for the levels of net exposure by currencies and the total positions during the day and closing are reviewed at ALCO and Headquarters, which are monitored daily by the market risk management.

The Bank actively takes positions in US\$, in addition to having operations in other currencies due to products required by customers.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



The following tables show the exposures to the different currencies, whether of banking products or derivatives in their equivalent in local currency:

	As	at June 30, 202	5	As a	t December 31, 2	024
	Assets	Liabilities	Net	Assets	Liabilities	Net
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
US\$	74,020,508	73,959,473	61,035	67,535,732	67,483,625	52,107
CAD	13,944	21,451	(7,507)	21,072	25,045	(3,973)
BRL	16,413	13,802	2,611	40,539	38,309	2,230
PEN	4	-	4	5	-	5
AUD	213,964	214,659	(695)	215,574	217,539	(1,965)
CNY	123,661	122,892	769	113,953	113,245	708
DKK	-	-	-	-	-	-
JPY	679,096	678,054	1,042	592,083	590,058	2,025
CHF	471,426	461,854	9,572	429,837	429,963	(126)
NOK	2,246	2,244	2	5,052	5,053	(1)
NZD	76	-	76	172	104	68
GBP	119,246	119,146	100	176,890	176,909	(19)
SEK	8,524	8,526	(2)	12,873	12,902	(29)
HKD	3	8	(5)	7	9	(2)
ZAR	32	-	32	33	-	33
COP	64,054	65,192	(1,138)	47,726	48,318	(592)
MXN	149,059	149,969	(910)	157,216	162,214	(4,998)
EUR	1,228,761	1,217,134	11,627	1,283,311	1,270,671	12,640
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	1	(1)

Balance book interest rate risk

The Bank is exposed to the volatility in the structure of market interest rates over its structural exposures. As a result of the changes in interest rates, margins can increase, but these can also be reduced and even cause losses in the event of adverse movements.

The Board of Directors sets limits for the effects of mismatches in banking book (which includes all those positions that are not for trading) on the financial margin and on the economic value of its equity, compliance with which this must be reported monthly to CMF.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



The following chart shows the structural exposure by interest rate of assets and liabilities, considering the terms of change or renewal of rates; otherwise, the expiration dates of the transactions are considered

			e 30, 2025 due to term		As at December 31, 2024 Mismatch due to term			
Range of days	Ch\$	UF	US\$	MX (*)	Ch\$	UF	US\$	MX (*)
00002-00030	(967,011)	13,439	186,466	18,394	(1,501,048)	(167,556)	708,802	8,880
00031-00060	(370,969)	247,153	(899,834)	(5,436)	(208,550)	59,159	(1,180,885)	(26,334)
00061-00090	196,232	267,812	(692,843)	6,523	271,446	177,482	(238,128)	1,482
00091-00120	299,653	(63,877)	524,526	4,459	(94,970)	262,426	107,141	8,492
00121-00150	526,016	203,613	303,041	5,302	8,474	12,886	430,086	2,936
00151-00180	573,288	265,202	318,008	4,139	453,288	330,933	10,791	3,844
00181-00210	301,037	(121,289)	75,766	341	(40,429)	(1,843)	40,107	2,702
00211-00240	(249,491)	246,747	(6,622)	307	(80,664)	228,505	6,424	3,589
00241-00270	(175,686)	(126,768)	98,951	443	(26,239)	230,697	9,494	45
00271-00300	(165,035)	173,469	(56,060)	(540)	15,237	(175,520)	57,060	-
00301-00330	163,825	(90,425)	23,637	5,238	296,542	109,867	(19,482)	429
00331-00360	(25,707)	(79,070)	(36,002)	920	287,829	(48,837)	41,551	1,823
00361-00720	1,130,689	(66,326)	(31,747)	19,788	1,829,489	(807,612)	(14,818)	20,161
00721-01080	592,103	376,115	(51,294)	1,121	759,430	375,195	(44,667)	1,123
01081-01440	(534,790)	217,958	(48,283)	1,126	(263,011)	456,940	(42,432)	1,181
01441-01800	(254,004)	(147,202)	(43,840)	1,126	(410,864)	(130,279)	(48,868)	1,186
01801-02160	1,322,946	(1,004,285)	(46,128)	1,361	428,590	291,441	(39,314)	1,304
02161-02520	(275,006)	(8,172)	(52,612)	37,575	399,122	(758,407)	(45,443)	51,478
02521-02880	(404,907)	(384,802)	(97,521)	-	(386,207)	(372,722)	(43,311)	(12,908)
02881-03240	(30,193)	537,644	43,033	-	5,310	20,260	(3,758)	-
03241-03600	55,510	526,758	-	-	5,404	611,598	-	-
03601-05400	636	3,068,586	-	-	51,984	2,842,664	-	-
05401-07200	8	(252,163)	-	-	9	(224,335)	-	-
07201-09000	4	(129,835)	-	-	4	(172,784)	-	-
09001-10800	6	3,044	-	-	6	1,979	-	-
10800->>>	72	27	-	-	72	15	-	-
NRS	(919,985)	52,612	(788,395)	-	(1,052,950)	48,021	(620,783)	-

^(*) MX Any foreign currency other than the US dollar



Regulatory limits

The following table shows the regulatory measurement of interest rate risk and indexation of banking book for the short and long-term.

	Amount 6/30/2025 MCh\$	Amount 12/31/2024 MCh\$
Short-term (margin)		
Short-term interest rate risk	59,911	45,570
Indexation risk	47,343	49,124
Lower income due to commissions sens.	<u> </u>	-
Total short-term risk	107,254	94,694
Short-term risk limit (35% of the margin)	393,285	393,618
Short-term usage limit percentage	27.27%	24.06%
Long-term (value)		
Long-term interest rate risk	544,537	539,320
Interest rate optionality risk	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total long-term risk	544,537	539,320
Long-term limit	858,373	862,150
Long-term limit usage percentage	63.44%	62.56%

Balance book exposure (Bank)

Market risks arise from exposures to interest rate and price risks on trading positions and currency risk on its global positions.

The Banco Central de Chile establishes a regulatory limit for the sum of interest rate risks in trading positions (including derivatives) and currency risk. The Bank, at an individual level, must permanently observe these limits and report weekly to the CMF on its positions at risk and compliance with these limits. It must also report monthly to the CMF on the positions at risk consolidated with the subsidiaries and branches abroad. The regulatory limit establishes that the effective equity must be sufficient to cover the sum of 8% of the credit risk and market risk weighted assets.



The following tables show the regulatory measure of risks on the trading book:

	Amount 6/30/2025 MCh\$	Amount 12/31/2024 MCh\$
Interest rate risk	298,977	267,482
Currency risk	7,056	5,676
Shares risk	1,361	2,003
Currency optionality risk	26	4
Consolidated risk-weighted assets	31,871,730	32,021,770
Credit risk regulatory capital (8% CRWA)	2,012,728	2,047,286
Market risk regulatory capital (8% MRWA)	307,419	275,165
Operational risk regulatory capital (8% ORWA)	229,591	239,290
Total regulatory capital	2,549,738	2,561,741
Consolidated effective equity	5,472,421	5,541,100
Consumption % (including CR and MR)	46.59%	46.23%
Basel ratio (including market risk)	17.17%	17.30%

5) Risk data engineering and reporting

Risk data engineering and reporting includes the management of provisions and regulatory limits, quality assurance, risk reporting and model risk management.

Model risk management

Model risk is that type of risk that produces adverse financial results (e.g., capital, loss, income) and reputational consequences arising from the design, development, implementation or use of models. This can originate from inadequate specifications, incorrect parameter assumptions, false assumptions or presumptions, mathematical computation errors, inaccurate, inadequate, or missing information, improper use, and lack of monitoring or controls. The model risk management department is in charge of managing model risk within the Bank and presenting it to the non-financial risk committees and the models committee.

The Bank's model risk management policy describes the general principles, policies and procedures that provide the framework for managing model risk. All models, whether produced by the Bank or supplied by vendors, that meet the Bank's definition of a model, are within the scope of this policy. Likewise, it clearly defines the roles and responsibilities of the key stakeholders involved in the risk management cycle of the models. The organizational units involved in model's risk management cycle have procedures at the unit level, where appropriate, which regulate the stages of the cycle for which they are responsible. The models committee, the non-financial risk committee and the Board of Directors supervise the Bank's reference framework for model risk management and approve the policy.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



6) Enterprise risk management (operational risk, data risk, cybersecurity & IT risk, business continuity and risk management)

The Bank recognizes cybersecurity & IT, data, operational, continuity risks as the main risks for the Bank. Within Enterprise risk management are the cybersecurity & IT, data risk, business continuity, operational risk management and lastly the Enterprise risk management governance management, which is in charge of managing all the risks that the Bank defined as main risks.

Cybersecurity & IT risk

Information technology risk relates to the risk of financial loss, disruption or reputational damage due to a failure in IT systems.

Cybersecurity risk is the risk of loss of confidentiality, integrity, or availability of information, data, or information systems, and reflects potential adverse impacts on the organization's operations (i.e., mission, duties, image, or reputation) and assets, customers, and other stakeholders.

Cybersecurity risk is addressed within the cybersecurity strategy, which is the adoption of the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST). Within this strategy, the functions of identify, detect, protect, respond and recover have been implemented. These functions contain a series of controls that manage cybersecurity risk and indicators have been established to measure it, one of them is the Security Risk Index (SRI) – Protect, that measures the risk of exposure of all technology platforms. Activities and action plans are constantly developed when the level of risk is outside the threshold.

Operational risk

Operational risk is the risk of loss derived from people, from inadequate processes and systems or their failures or from external events. Operational risk includes risk management with third parties and legal risk but excludes strategic risk and reputational risk.

Operational Risk exists, in a certain way, in each of the business and support activities of the Bank and its subsidiaries, and could give rise to financial losses, regulatory sanctions or damage to the reputation of the institution.

Operational risk management is a continuous process that goes across the organization, carried out by people at all levels of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

The process is designed to identify, evaluate, monitor and report risks and events, current and potential, mitigate the effects, as well as to provide reasonable assurance to the Board of Directors and senior management, on the status of exposure and management of operational risk of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

The Bank and its subsidiaries adopted the three lines of defense model, consistent with the risk management framework, which establishes the related responsibilities for managing operational risk.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



The Bank manages its operational risks with a governance structure made up of the Board of Directors in its highest-ranking role in approving strategies and risk management, the enterprise risk management department, the non-financial risk management committee, the risks and control areas (second lines). In addition, the Bank has policies, processes and evaluation methodologies to ensure that operational risk is properly identified and managed through effective controls.

As at June 30, 2025, the Bank and its subsidiaries have recognized MCh\$6,418 for operational risk events (MCh\$13,585 as at December 31, 2024).

Net loss expense, gross loss and expense recoveries from operational	6/30/2025	12/31/2024
risk events	MCh\$	MCh\$
Internal fraud	(563)	(1,574)
External fraud	(7,580)	(13,569)
Labor practices and safety in the business	(32)	(155)
Customers, products and business practices	(31)	(45)
Damage to physical assets	(43)	(34)
Business interruption and system failures	(56)	(84)
Execution, delivery and process management	(600)	(1,949)
Gross loss in the period due to operational risk events	(8,905)	(17,410)
Internal fraud	1	15
External fraud	2,273	2,587
Labor practices and safety in the business	-	-
Customers, products and business practices	-	16
Damage to physical assets	13	-
Business interruption and system failures	-	9
Execution, delivery and process management	200	1,198
Gross loss recoveries in the period due to operational risk events	2,487	3,825
Net loss in the period due to operational risk events	(6,418)	(13,585)

Operational incident management

The management on operational incidents begins with the identification of an incident by one of the operational risk coordinators present in each division of the Bank, they will be responsible for consolidating, preparing and communicating the related background information. Each incident is subject to an impact analysis and the need to generate an action plan to mitigate the impact and/or frequency of the incident and prevent its future occurrence. Operational incidents are reported to the related instances as appropriate with their related status and action plans and according to Chapter 20-8 of the RAN.

Data risk

Data risk is the exposure to adverse financial and non-financial consequences (e.g., loss of revenue, reputational risk, regulatory risk, suboptimal management decisions) caused by mismanagement, misinterpretation, or misuse of the Bank's data assets. This risk can arise from poor data quality; inadequate data management or data architecture; and/or unethical use of data.

The Data Risk Management Framework (DRMF) describes the general guiding principles of data risk management and defines the governance structure of the institutional data risk management program. The Data Risk Management Policy (DRMP) categorizes and explains data-related risks and describes the interaction model and the duties and responsibilities of the key stakeholders involved in data risk management within the organization.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Self-assessment program on risks and controls

The Bank and its subsidiaries have a process map that considers the existing business and support functions within the entity, which is subject to an annual criticality assessment using qualitative variables.

The definition of the processes for which risk assessments and specific controls will be carried out each year, are prioritized according to such criticality, which is reviewed and approved by the non-financial risk committee. Notwithstanding the foregoing, this committee may suggest and approve changes to the defined annual program depending on relevant situations that have impacted processes, systems, people or external events during said period, such as regulatory changes, materialization of incidents, operational losses, among other aspects that said committee determines, which will imply an update of evaluation of risks and controls of one or more specific processes.

The Risk and Control Self-Assessment (RCSA) program forms an integral element of the Bank's operational risk management framework and policy.

The purpose of the RCSA program is to identify, document and assess relevant operational risks in a significant process, entity or business unit. The risk and control self-assessment process provides a systematic approach to identify risks and related internal controls, as well as deficiencies that affect the achievement of defined business objectives. Likewise, this process is a mean for supervising the actions of management to eliminate deficiencies identified and measure efficiency of the measures.

Cloud computing

In compliance with the CISO Directive (Chief information security officer) on Cloud Outsourcing, TPRM (Third party risk management) has adopted the definition of Cloud Computing published in the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) "NIST Definition of Cloud Computing - special publication No. 800-145".

Cloud computing refers to the practice of using a network of remote servers hosted on the Internet to store, manage, and process data, rather than a local server or personal computer. Cloud computing is a model for enabling convenient, on-demand network access to a shared pool of configurable computing resources (for example, networks, servers, storage, applications, and services) that can be rapidly supplied and released with minimal management effort and interaction by the service provider.

Outsourcing of strategic and non-strategic services

A service is strategic for the Bank when it has the greater potential to impact or have a significant influence (either quantitative or qualitative) on the Bank's operations or reputation. Services that are not classified in the previous category correspond to non-strategic services.

Business continuity

The Bank is committed to take reasonably necessary steps to ensure business continuity during conditions that could disrupt the operations of the workplace or its environment. To achieve this, all business units must incorporate business continuity management practices to create resilient, alternative and/or redundant mechanisms to guarantee the continuity of operations based on the criticality rating established by the business unit itself.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



7) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk refers to the impossibility for:

- Comply in a timely manner with contractual obligations and adjusted behavior, if applicable.
- Liquidate positions without significant losses caused by abnormal trading volumes.
- Avoid regulatory sanctions for non-compliance with regulatory indices.
- Competitively finance commercial and treasury activities.

Two sources of risk are distinguished:

- (i) Endogenous: risk situations derived from controllable corporate decisions.
 - High liquidity achieved by a reduced base of liquid assets or mismatches of significant assets and liabilities.
 - Low diversification or high concentration of financial and commercial assets in terms of issuers, terms and risk factors.
 - Deficient management of value hedges, cash flows or credit in terms of hedge efficiency, correlation of changes in value, sensitivity ratios of the item hedged and the derivative, among others.
 - Adverse corporate reputational effects that translate into non-competitive access to financing or lack thereof.
- (ii) Exogenous: Risk situations resulting from uncontrollable financial market movements.
 - Extreme movements or unexpected corrections /events in the international and local markets.
 - Regulatory changes, interventions by the monetary authority, among others.

Liquidity risk management for the Bank and its subsidiaries is the process that aims to identify, measure, limit and control this risk, based on a policy framework that sets the criteria, defines the metrics, organizes activities and imposes procedures that the institution must follow to achieve an effective management.

The Bank's Board of Directors approves this liquidity management policy and supervises its compliance through the Bank's Audit division. Likewise, is responsible for defining the appetite for liquidity risk and periodically reviewing the Institution's liquidity strategy.

The CEO, as the main person responsible for managing the Bank's liquidity risk, must conduct the business within the current legal framework and in accordance with established policies, limits and procedures. He/She chairs the assets and liabilities committee, a body in which he/she actively participates in liquidity risk management. The CEO delegates authority to manage liquidity risk to other members of the senior management, committees and appropriate departments.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Daily management of liquidity is the responsibility of the treasury unit, particularly, ALM management, which is in charge of implementing efficient investment and financing strategies compared to our significant competitors. For such purpose, it must adjust the liability maturity profile considering revenue, capital and liquidity recorded in the current and forecasted scenarios, minimizing the risk caused by an excessive mismatch or high concentration of liabilities.

The tools used to measure and control liquidity risk are:

- a) Accumulated mismatches at different terms.
- b) Proportion of liquid assets/enforceable liabilities.
- c) Concentration of depositors.
- d) Liquidity stress tests.
- e) Measurement of liquidity ratios such as the liquidity coverage ratio and net stable financing.

Finally, and based on continuous monitoring, the Bank reviews all aspects of the liquidity management process considering the potential risks to which it is exposed in this matter. Liquidity contingency planning is a critical component of this review, and its objective is to provide a framework to establish appropriate actions in the face of liquidity crisis events. For such purpose, the Bank has a "liquidity contingency plan" that is reviewed and approved on an annual basis by the local Board of Directors and is recommended by our Headquarters.

In order to become aware of and quantify the risk profile, Management focuses on the maturity flows, the concentration of financing, the maintenance of sufficient liquid assets, the quantification of assets committed and liquidity stress tests. The development, implementation and quantification of metrics is performed by the market risk management with A&C of global risk management market risk management (GRM MRM).

As at June 30, 2025	Local systemic GAP		Global syst	temic GAP	ldiosyncr	tic GAP Combine		ed GAP
All currencies	30 days	90 days	30 days	90 days	30 days	90 days	30 days	90 days
Liquidity gap	(957,411)	(1,015,036)	(1,020,745)	(1,097,358)	(1,238,158)	(1,317,999)	(1,362,130)	(1,484,845)
Liquid asset hedge	2,653,455	2,653,455	2,653,455	2,653,455	2,659,686	2,659,686	2,659,686	2,659,686
Liquidity need / excess	1,696,044	1,638,419	1,632,710	1,556,097	1,421,528	1,341,687	1,297,556	1,174,841

As at December 31, 2024	Local systemic GAP		Global syst	temic GAP	Idiosyncr	atic GAP	Combin	Combined GAP	
All currencies	30 days	90 days	30 days	90 days	30 days	90 days	30 days	90 days	
Liquidity gap	(1,228,054)	(1,336,940)	(1,299,941)	(1,415,477)	(1,482,298)	(1,620,774)	(1,633,672)	(1,829,125)	
Liquid asset hedge	2,846,860	2,846,860	2,846,860	2,846,860	2,851,058	2,851,058	2,851,058	2,851,058	
Liquidity need / excess	1,618,806	1,509,920	1,546,919	1,431,383	1,368,760	1,230,284	1,217,386	1,021,933	

The established limit structure and its daily control ensure that liquidity management falls within the margins established by ALCO and approved by the Board of Directors. This is strengthened by the proper segregation of duties, accountability and control by opposition defined in the Bank's organizational structure and its subsidiaries, allowing liquidity management to be performed without conflict of interest.

Supplementing the liquidity management, liquidity stress tests are performed. Indeed, such tests estimate the impact that the different internal, systemic and global liquidity scenarios have on the financing of the Bank and its subsidiaries, through the analysis of liquidity gaps, coverage of liquid assets, amount of additional financing (liquidity excess), horizon of survival, state of internal and regulatory limits.

Scotiabank Chile controls its exposure to liquidity risks at the individual and consolidated level through a tight term mismatch approach, which is complemented by the measurement of liquid assets, concentration and liquidity ratios.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



In addition, it has complementary tools that allow managing the concentration of assets and liabilities compared to sources, counterparties, terms and currencies.

Regarding the measurement of adjusted term mismatches, the Bank separates its exposures into two large groups of currencies.

- **Local currency**: includes operations designated in domestic currency, including revalued currencies under local indexation units.
- Foreign currency: refers to operations designated in some foreign currency or whose settlement is in foreign currency.

These measurements report mismatches up to a horizon of 90 days, including the flows from operations with financial derivatives. Additionally, the institution projects the movements of income and expense flows for the next 10 days.

As at June 30, 2025		Misma	itches			Availa	able Margin	
	7 days	15 days	30 days	90 days	7 days	15 days	30 days	90 days
Consolidated Bank	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Domestic currency								
Expenses	(4,364,037)	(5,432,158)	(6,480,219)	(9,896,246)				
Income	3,383,788	4,249,836	5,015,009	6,736,471				
Mismatch	(980,249)	(1,182,322)	(1,465,210)	(3,159,775)			-	-
Foreign currency								
Expenses	(1,064,349)	(1,550,150)	(1,840,669)	(2,510,854)				
Income	594,407	649,464	853,397	1,386,482				
Mismatch	(469,942)	(900,686)	(987,272)	(1,124,372)		-	2,609,271	-
Consolidated currencies								
Expenses	(5,428,387)	(6,982,308)	(8,320,889)	(12,407,099)				
Income	3,978,196	4,899,300	5,868,406	8,122,952				
Mismatch	(1,450,191)	(2,083,008)	(2,452,483)	(4,284,147)			1,144,060	2,908,939

Basic capital 3,596,543 2 Basic capital 7,193,086 File C46 limit "Liquidity position"

As at December 31, 2024		Misma	itches	Availal			able Margin	
Consolidated Bank	7 days MCh\$	15 days MCh\$	30 days MCh\$	90 days MCh\$	7 days MCh\$	15 days MCh\$	30 days MCh\$	90 days MCh\$
Domestic currency								
Expenses	(4,038,244)	(5,216,241)	(6,651,704)	(10,573,240)				
Income	2,640,064	3,998,148	4,898,400	6,682,803				
Mismatch	(1,398,180)	(1,218,093)	(1,753,304)	(3,890,437)	_		-	-
Foreign currency								
Expenses	(794,205)	(1,176,724)	(1,426,670)	(2,284,140)				
Income	683,391	746,199	981,650	1,549,725				
Mismatch	(110,814)	(430,525)	(445,020)	(734,415)			3,250,572	-
Consolidated currencies								
Expenses	(4,832,449)	(6,392,964)	(8,078,373)	(12,857,379)				
Income	3,323,455	4,744,347	5,880,050	8,232,528				
Mismatch	(1,508,994)	(1,648,617)	(2,198,323)	(4,624,851)	-	-	1,497,269	2,766,333

Basic capital 3,695,592 2 Basic capital 7,391,184 File C46 limit "Liquidity position" Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024

Volume and composition of liquid assets

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Available funds	649,640	490,303
Sight deposits and Overnight in Banco Central de Chile	152,714	86,874
Financial investments	1,844,428	2,256,050
Total liquid assets	2,646,782	2,833,227

Composition of main sources of financing

	6/30/2025 MCh\$	12/31/2024 MCh\$
Deposits and other on-demand obligations	5,688,640	5,666,138
Deposits and term loans	12,814,122	13,237,921
Obligations with banks	2,288,036	2,527,222
Debt instruments issued	10,072,242	9,369,382
Other financial obligations	7,680,378	8,601,297
Total	38,543,418	39,401,960

Maturities of assets and liabilities reported as at June 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are detailed as follows:

As at June 30, 2025	On-demand	Up to 1 month	More than 1 up to 3 months	More than 3 up to 1 year	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Cash	1,007,411	-	-	-	-	-	_
Effective loans-cash loans	260,384	1,039,510	1,299,372	3,740,271	31,248,731	95,267	246,855
Loans in Adjustable Mortgage Letters of Credit	45	1,311	2,443	8,698	60,444	-	-
Leased contracts	-	36,186	63,766	267,018	592,249	76,958	70,446
Covenants	71,295	24,305	36,734	58,628	-	-	-
Financial investments	277,027	1,542,347	15,195	13,220	20,975	34,005	51,518
Other asset accounts	743,696	_		-	-	-	420,353
TOTAL ASSET	2,359,858	2,643,659	1,417,510	4,087,835	31,922,399	206,230	789,172
On-demand obligations	(1,972,127)	(414,162)	(661,912)	(1,751,411)	(875,706)	-	-
Term deposits, bonds and other	(479,416)	(3,365,152)	(2,825,502)	(6,913,260)	(3,202,420)	(2,469,539)	(5,421,043)
Covenants	(198,577)	(97,995)	(1,404)	-	-	-	-
Obligations due to Adjustable Mortgage Letters of Credit	(3,934)	-	(201)	(11,286)	(22,107)	(17,327)	(29,787)
Obligations in Chile	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Obligations abroad	(1,043)	(29,517)	(116,732)	(1,193,950)	(648,002)	(483,683)	-
Other liability accounts	(691,714)	(436)	(54,445)	-	-	-	(437,637)
TOTAL LIABILITIES	(3,346,811)	(3,907,262)	(3,660,196)	(9,869,907)	(4,748,235)	(2,970,549)	(5,888,467)

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



As at December 31, 2024	On-demand	Up to 1 month MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 months MCh\$	More than 3 up to 1 year MCh\$	More than 1 up to 3 years	More than 3 up to 5 years	More than 5 years MCh\$
Cash	845,145	_	_	_	_	_	
Effective loans-cash loans	209,508	1,025,862	1,482,242	3,573,096	31,517,263	92,490	257,117
Loans in Adjustable Mortgage Letters of Credit	49	1,352	2,467	, ,	65,753	,	-
Leased contracts	-	33,522	63,589	261,300	587,628	86,800	69,725
Covenants	38,856	223,432	-	-	-	-	-
Financial investments	10,986	2,038,612	100,740	73,110	26,148	15,515	84,193
Other asset accounts	814,850	-	-	-	=	-	428,743
TOTAL ASSET	1,919,394	3,322,780	1,649,038	3,917,824	32,196,792	194,805	839,778
On-demand obligations	(1,999,685)	(400,030)	(662,424)	(1,735,308)	(867,654)	-	-
Term deposits, bonds and other	(135,980)	(3,560,300)	(3,350,337)	(6,189,083)	(4,169,739)	(2,487,891)	(5,272,087)
Covenants	-	(362,871)	-	-	-	-	-
Obligations due to Adjustable Mortgage Letters of Credit	-	(4,557)	(237)	(12,150)	(23,869)	(17,742)	(33,156)
Obligations in Chile	-	(100,042)	-	-	-	-	-
Obligations abroad	(156)	(26,663)	(109,348)	(1,421,663)	(453,177)	(624,250)	-
Other liability accounts	(662,840)	(101)	(118,344)	-	-	-	(506,666)
TOTAL LIABILITIES	(2,798,661)	(4,454,564)	(4,240,690)	(9,358,204)	(5,514,439)	(3,129,883)	(5,811,909)

The following table provides the detail of changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including those changes that represent cash flows and non-cash changes, for the period ended June 30, 2025.

				C
Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities:	Opening balance 12/31/2024	Cash Flow	Acquisition/ (Disposals)	Foreign currency movement
	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$	MCh\$
Current bonds	8,033,742	(208,219)	-	3,567
Subordinated bonds	1,257,573	(36,501)	-	-
Bonds with no fixed maturity	696,318	(23,566)	-	(44,352)
Dividends paid - Owners	-	(216,472)	152,695	-
Dividends paid - Non-controlling interest	-	(4,843)	-	-
Lease contract obligations	138,208	(7,403)	949	-
Total liabilities from financing activities	10,125,841	(497,004)	153,644	(40,785)

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



8) Counterparty risk

As a result of the activity with customers, the Bank has counterparty exposures due to the probability that its debtors could not comply with payments generated due to financial derivative contracts. The Bank limits credit risk levels by setting exposure limits in terms of individual debtors, which in turn are aggregated into groups of debtors, industry segments and countries. Such risks are permanently monitored by the risk division and the limits by debtor, debtor groups, products, industry and country are reviewed at least once a year and approved by the Board of Directors and the senior risk committee.

Exposure to credit risks is managed through regular analysis on the capacity of debtors and potential debtors to meet payments in accordance with the contractual terms of the loans and is mitigated by obtaining admissible guarantees.

The Bank controls its positions in derivative contracts with its counterparties. This exposure to credit risk is managed as part of the limits on loans to customers, together with potential exposures due to market fluctuations. Likewise, it adjusts the valuation of the contracts according to the credit quality of the counterparty and the expected credit risk exposure given the current contracts.

6/30/2025	Asset fair value	Credit risk adjustment		
	MCh\$	MCh\$		
Total	(603,425)	12,037		

12/31/2024	Asset fair value MCh\$	Credit risk adjustment MCh\$
Total	(273,938)	10,574

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 48 Disclosure on regulatory capital and capital adequacy ratios

In accordance with the definitions in Chapter C-1 of the compendium of accounting standards, and paragraphs 134 to 136 of IAS1, the main processes that the Bank performs to manage capital and regulatory requirements are described.

Capital management

The Bank's capital management objective is to maintain adequate equity strength and ensure capital adequacy, complying with internal objectives and regulatory capital adequacy requirements, which allows the Bank to sustain its business strategy and face possible adverse scenarios that may materialize in the short and medium-term, meeting its solvency and credit rating objectives. Note that in accordance with adequate capital planning, the Bank has maintained solvency levels higher than those required by current regulations, maintaining sufficient headroom to face adverse scenarios and the regulatory implementation of Basel III.

The Capital management and profitability committee's objective is to provide strategic guidelines to maximize the Bank's profitability within the internal and regulatory risk appetite, in line with the objectives set by the Board of Directors and the policies defined for such purposes. The Bank has a Capital Management Unit, reporting to the Chief Financial Officer, responsible for the regular monitoring and control of capital adequacy. This unit is responsible for ensuring capital levels that allow the sustained and profitable growth of the business units, and the monitoring of early warnings defined in the risk appetite framework that both such committee and the Board of Directors have approved as part of the corporate governance structure for capital matters. Note that during 2024 none of the defined alerts have been activated and the capital is within the parameters defined in the capital planning.

All significant aspects of capital management are contained in the capital management policy, which includes an internal process of permanent evaluation of capital adequacy, definition of standards for performing stress tests and calculation of regulatory capital and internal capital, as well as the definition of the ICO (internal capital objective) higher than the minimum regulatory requirements, which are evaluated annually in the self-assessment report of effective equity (IAPE) that is performed in accordance with the regulatory requirements contained in Chapter 21-13 of the RAN on the evaluation of the adequacy of banks' effective equity.

Implementation of Basel III

In 2019, the CMF initiated the regulatory process for the implementation of Basel III standards in Chile, in accordance with the provisions of Law No.21.130 modernizing banking legislation. Through the present date, the CMF enacted the different standards to adapt the Basel III standard to local banks, which are applicable beginning on December 1, 2021. These regulations describe requirements and conditions applicable to: equity definition and calculations of risk-weighted assets (Pillar 1), the issuance of hybrid capital instruments and subordinated bonds, the criteria for determining additional equity requirements for banks with deficiencies identified in the supervisory process (Pillar 2), requirements on disclosures to the market (Pillar 3), and definitions for the determination of capital buffers (countercyclical and conservation), and additional requirements to which banks defined as systemically important (systemic buffer) may be subject, among others.

As at December 1, 2021, in accordance with the implementation schedule of the CMF and the regulatory convergence process towards the Basel III standards, the new determination of the calculation of Risk-Weighted Assets (RWA) became effective, as described in the following regulations; Chapter 21-6 of the RAN for Credit Risk Weighted Assets, Chapter 21-7 of the RAN for Market Risk Weighted Assets and Chapter 21-8 of the RAN for Operational Risk Weighted Assets.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



In March 2025, the second annual Pillar 3 report was issued, , which is published on the Bank's website, in accordance with the requirements of Chapter 21-20 of the RAN, which refers to market discipline and financial transparency through disclosing significant and timely information, which allows keeping the different market players informed and allows information users to perform a better assessment of each entity's position, by being aware of the risk profile of the different local banking institutions, their position and capital structure in a unique format, thereby decreasing information mismatch.

Additionally, in April 2025, the IAPE was delivered, such report is intended to perform a self-assessment process (Pillar 2), which ensures that banks keep a capital level that is in accordance with their risk profile and foster development and use of appropriate processes for monitoring and managing the risks they face.

Capital requirements

In accordance with the General Banking Law, the Bank must maintain minimum effective equity to risk-weighted consolidated assets ratio of 8%, net of allowances required, and a minimum basic capital ratio of 4.5% over risk-weighted assets, 6% of basic capital plus AT1 bonds, and 3% on total consolidated assets, net of allowances required. In addition, and in accordance with the regulatory implementation schedule for such law, capital buffers such as the conservation buffer, the systemically important buffer, the countercyclical buffer and/or Pillar 2 capital charges must be complied with.

For these purposes, the Bank has applied the provisions of Chapter 21-1 of the RAN "Equity for legal and regulatory purposes" of the Updated Compilation of Standards (RAN). Accordingly, effective equity is determined based on capital and reserves or basic capital with the following adjustments:

- a) Adding bonds with no maturity and/or preference shares that meet the requirements and conditions contained in Chapter 21-2 of the RAN, if any.
- b) Adding subordinated bonds that meet the requirements established in Chapter 21-3 of the RAN with a limit of 50% of the Basic Capital.
- c) Additional allowances are added with a limit of 1.25% of credit risk weighted assets.

Note that, with respect to the equity adjustments described in Chapter 21-1 of the RAN, in December 2024, the percentage of recognition of adjustments was increased to 65%, in accordance with the standard's implementation schedule.

In March 2025, the CMF reported that Scotiabank maintains its rating as a systemically important bank, confirming the 1.25% systemic buffer already required from the Bank (as at June 2025 75% of such systemic buffer is required).

Following the supervisory review and evaluation process conducted by the CMF, Scotiabank Chile was informed of the resolution adopted by the Board regarding additional minimum regulatory capital requirements. On January 17, 2025, the Pillar II requirement at the consolidated level was reduced from 1% (as required in 2024) to 0.25%. At least 56.3% of this requirement must be met with Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1) capital, with the remainder to be covered by other capital instruments (AT1 or Tier 2). This additional requirement will be assessed annually through the supervisory review process. It should be noted that this decision is based on the evolution of the regulatory Δ EVE metric, which reflects, and on other hand, a decrease in the level of risk and a strengthening of the capital base since 2024, and on the other hand, a prudential approach aimed at ensuring stability in the application of capital requirements.



Minimum capital requirements of the Bank as at June 30, 2025 under the Basel III guidelines

As at June 2025 in accordance with the transitional provisions applicable to the systemic charge, and the conservation buffer, 0.25% of the Pillar II charge, and 0.5% of countercyclical buffer, the minimum required level of regulatory capital for the Bank is 12.19%.

Concept	CET 1	AT1	Level 1 Capital	T2	Regulatory capital
Pillar I	4.50%	1.50%	6.00%	2.00%	8.00%
Pillar II	0.14%	0.00%	0.14%	0.11%	0.25%
Systemic Charge	0.94%	0.00%	0.94%	0.00%	0.94%
Conservation buffer	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%	0.00%	2.50%
Countercyclical Buffer	0.50%	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.50%
Total	8.58%	1.50%	10.08%	2.11%	12.19%

For comparative purposes, the Bank's minimum capital requirements as at June 30, 2024 under the Basel III guidelines were the following:

Concept	CET 1	AT1	Level 1 Capital	T2	Regulatory capital
Pillar I	4.50%	1.50%	6.00%	2.00%	8.00%
Pillar II	0.14%	0.00%	0.14%	0.11%	0.25%
Systemic Charge	0.63%	0.00%	0.63%	0.00%	0.63%
Conservation buffer	1.88%	0.00%	1.88%	0.00%	1.88%
Countercyclical Buffer	0.50%	0.00%	0.50%	0.00%	0.50%
Total	7.64%	1.50%	9.14%	2.11%	11.25%



Basic capital and effective equity levels at each closing date are detailed as follows:

Total assets, risk-weighted assets and effective equity components under Basel III	Note	Local consolidated 6/30/2025 MCh\$	Local consolidated 12/31/2024 MCh\$
Total assets as per statement of financial position		42,769,021	44.521.374
Investment in subsidiaries not subject to consolidation	а	_	-
Assets discounted from regulatory capital, other than item 2	b	(336,412)	(307,103)
Credit equivalent	С	(3,208,076)	(4,137,077)
Contingent loans	d	1,649,300	1,766,437
Assets generated by the intermediation of financial instruments	е		· · ·
Total assets for regulatory purposes		40,873,833	41,843,631
Credit risk weighted assets, estimated under standard methodologies (CRWA)	f	25,159,100	25,591,077
Credit risk weighted assets, estimated under internal methodologies (CRWA)	f	-	-
Market risk weighted assets (MRWA)	g	3,842,738	3,439,564
Operational risk weighted assets (ORWA)	h	2,869,892	2,991,129
Risk weighted assets (RWA)		31,871,730	32,021,770
Risk weighted assets, after applying output floor (RWA)		31,871,730	32,021,770
Owners' equity		3,747,444	3,701,607
Non-controlling interest	i	119,160	145,734
Goodwill	i	-	-
Excess of minority investments	k	-	-
Common Equity Tier 1 equivalent (CET1)		3,866,604	3,847,341
Additional deductions from common equity tier 1, other than Tier 2	1		(232,908)
Common Equity Tier 1 (CET1)		3,866,604	3,614,433
Voluntary (additional) provisions allocated as Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1)	m	-	-
Subordinated bonds allocated as Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1)	m	-	-
Preference shares allocated to Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1)		-	-
Bonds with no maturity allocated to Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1)		651,966	696,318
Discounts on AT1	1	-	-
Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1)		651,966	696,318
Tier 1 Capital		4,518,570	4,310,751
Voluntary (additional) provisions allocated as Additional Tier 2 Capital (AT2)	n	101,030	164,248
Subordinated bonds allocated as Tier 2 Capital (AT2)	n	1,079,524	1,066,101
Tier 2 Capital equivalent (T2)		1,180,554	1,230,349
Discounts on AT2	1	-	-
Tier Capital level 2(T2)		1,180,554	1,230,349
Effective equity		5,472,420	5,541,100
Additional basic capital required to constitute a conservation buffer	р	796,793	800,544
Additional basic capital required to constitute a countercyclical buffer	q	159,359	160,109
Additional basic capital required from systemically important banks	r	298,797	300,204
Additional capital required to assess the adequacy of effective equity (Pillar 2)	s	79,679	80,054

Notes:

- a) Relates to the value of the investment in subsidiaries that are not consolidated. Applies only in local consolidation when the Bank has subsidiaries abroad, fully deducting its value in assets and CET1.
- b) Relates to the value of the asset items that are discounted from regulatory capital, in accordance with that provided in letter a) of title No.3 of Chapter 21-30 of the RAN.
- c) Relates to the credit equivalents of derivative instruments in accordance with letter b) of title No.3 of Chapter 21-30 of the RAN.
- d) Relates to contingent exposures as provided in letter c) of title No. 3 of Chapter 21-30 of the RAN.
- e) Relates to the assets of the intermediation of financial instruments on its own on behalf of third parties, which are within the Bank's consolidation perimeter, as provided in letter d) of title No.3 of Chapter 21-30 of the RAN.
- f) Relates to credit risk weighted assets, estimated in accordance with Chapter 21-6 of the RAN. If the Bank does not have authorization to apply internal methodologies, it must report field 8.b with zero and add 8.a to field 11.a. If it has an authorization, it must add 8.b in 11.a.
- Relates to market risk weighted assets, estimated in accordance with Chapter 21-7 of the RAN.
- h) Relates to operational risk weighted assets, estimated in accordance with Chapter 21-8 of the RAN.
- i) Relates to the non-controlling interest, depending on the level of consolidation, for up to 20% of owners' equity.
- j) Assets related to goodwill.
- k) Relates to the balances of the investment assets in the different business support companies that are not included in consolidation, above 5% of owners' equity.
- For CET1 and T2, banks must estimate the equivalent value for each level of capital, as well as that obtained by fully applying Chapter 21-1 of the RAN. Then, the difference between the equivalent value and the full application value must be weighted by the discount factor in force at the reporting date in accordance with the transitional provisions of Chapter 21-1 of the RAN, and reported in this row. For AT1, discounts are applied directly, if any.
- m) Provisions and subordinated bonds allocated to additional tier 1 capital (AT1), as established in Chapter 21-2 of the RAN.
- n) Provisions and subordinated bonds allocated to the equivalent definition of tier 2 capital (T2), as established in Chapter 21-1 of the RAN.
- o) In accordance with the transitional provisions, as at December 1, 2022, solvency requirements will also be made at the local consolidated level, reporting the figures at this level in this column. Banks with no subsidiaries abroad should not fill out these details.
- p) Relates to the additional basic capital (CET1) for the constitution of the conservation buffer, as established in Chapter 21-12 of the RAN.
- q) Relates to the additional basic capital (CET1) for the constitution of the countercyclical buffer, as established in Chapter 21-12 of the RAN.
- r) Relates to the additional basic capital (CET1) for banks qualified as systemic banks, as established in Chapter 21-11 of the RAN.
- s) Relates to the additional capital for the evaluation of the Bank's adequacy of effective equity (Pillar 2), as established in Chapter 21-13 of the RAN.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Information on regulatory capital and capital adequacy indicators

Item No.	Solvency ratios and regulatory compliance ratios under Basel III (as % including two decimals)	Note	Local consolidated 6/30/2025 %	Local consolidated 12/31/2024 %
1	Leverage ratio (T1_I18/T1_I7)		8.91%	8.64%
1.a	Leverage ratio to be complied with by the Bank, considering minimum requirements	а	3.00%	3.00%
2	Basic capital ratio (T1_I18/T1_11.b)		11.42%	11.29%
2.a	Basic capital ratio to be complied with by the Bank, considering minimum requirements	а	5.58%	5.58%
2.b	Deficit in capital buffers	b	0.00%	0.00%
3	Tier 1 capital ratio (T1_I25/T1_I11.b)		13.47%	13.46%
3a	Tier 1 capital ratio to be complied with by the Bank, considering minimum requirements	а	7.08%	7.08%
4	Effective equity ratio (T1_I31/T1_I11.b)		17.17%	17.30%
4.a	Effective equity ration to be complied with by the Bank, considering minimum requirements	а	9.19%	9.19%
4.b	Effective equity ratio to be complied with by the Bank, considering the charge per Article 35bis, if applicable	С	-	-
4.c	Effective equity ratio to be complied with by the Bank, considering minimum requirements, conservation buffer and countercyclical buffer	b	12.19%	12.19%
5	Solvency rating	d	Α	Α
	Solvency regulatory compliance ratios			
	Voluntary (additional) provisions associated with CRWA allocated to Tier 2 Capital (T2)	_	0.400/	0.040/
6	(T1_I26/(T1_I8.a or 8.b))	е	0.40%	0.64%
7	Subordinated bonds allocated to Tier 2 Capital (T2) associated with Common Equity	f	29.66%	29.50%
•	Tier 1 (CET1)		47.040/	0.000/
8	Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1) associated with basic capital (T1_I24/T1_I18)	g	17.91%	0.00%
9	Voluntary (additional provisions) and subordinated bonds associated with RWA allocated to Additional Tier 1 Capital (AT1) ((T1_I19+T1_I20)/T1_I11.b)	h	2.05%	2.17%

Notes:

- a) For leverage, the minimum level is 3% without prejudice to the additional requirements for systemic banks that could be established in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 21-30 of the RAN. For core capital, the Bank must consider a cap of 4.5% of risk-weighted assets (RWA). In addition, and where applicable, the Bank must add the current systemic charge in accordance with the transitional provisions and the Pillar 2 requirement that was defined in this capital level. For new banks that have not paid in capital at UF 400,000, they must add 2% to their minimum requirement in accordance with article 51 of the General Banking Law. This value decreases to 1% if the paid-up capital is above UF 600,000 but less than UF 800,000. For Tier 1 capital, the Bank must consider as minimum requirement a value of 6% and the charge for Pillar 2 that has been defined in this capital level. Lastly, at effective equity level, the Bank must consider 8% of the RWA as minimum requirement. Additional charges for Pillar 2, systemic bank and those indicated in article 51 of the General Banking Law for new banks must be added to this value.
- b) The capital buffer deficit must be estimated in accordance with the provisions of Chapter 21-12 of the RAN. This value defines the restriction on the distribution of dividends if it were positive, in accordance with the provisions of the aforementioned Chapter. For effective equity, the value of the conservation and counter-cyclical buffer in force in accordance with the transitional provisions at the date of the report must be added, the value defined in note a), even when there is a requirement per article 35 bis of the General Banking Law.
- c) If the Bank has an effective equity requirement in force per article 35 bis of the General Banking Law, it must report its value in this cell in accordance with the transitional provisions.
- d) Relates to the solvency rating established in article 61 of the General Banking Law.
- e) Cap of 1.25%, if the bank uses standard methodologies (field T1_8a), or 0.625% if the bank uses internal methodologies (field T1_8b), in estimating the CRWA.
- f) Subordinated bonds allocated to Tier 2 capital must not exceed 50% of common equity tier 1 (CET1), considering the discounts applied to these instruments in accordance with Chapter 21-1 of the RAN.
- g) Additional Tier 1 (AT1) capital cannot exceed 1/3 of Tier 1 common equity tier (CET1).
- h) Additional provisions and subordinated bonds allocated to AT1 cannot exceed 0.5% of the RWA beginning on December 1, 2022, in accordance with the transitional provisions of Chapter 21-2 of the RAN.
- In accordance with the transitional provisions, beginning on December 1, 2022, solvency requirements are also made at the local consolidated level, reporting the figures at this level in this column. Banks with no subsidiaries abroad should not fill out these details.

Notes to the Interim Consolidated Financial Statements As at June 30, 2025 and 2024 and December 31, 2024



Note 49 Subsequent events

The Interim Consolidated Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors of Scotiabank Chile on July 31, 2025.

In the view of the Bank's Management and its subsidiaries, between July 1, 2025 and the date of issuance of these Interim Consolidated Financial Statements, no subsequent events have occurred that could have a significant effect on the figures presented herein or on the economic and financial position of the Bank and its subsidiaries.

OMAR ABUSADA G. Chief Accountant	LUIS ALVAREZ P. Finance Division Manager
	IEGO MASOLA